"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Generally fair to-day and to-morrow; slowly rising temperature; light, variable winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,480. * * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

LENIENCY TO DUVEEN DEFENDED BY JUDGE

Prison for the Wealthy Art Smuggler Would Have Meant Death Sentence, He Declares.

COMPETITORS SUFFERED, TOO

High Values Put on Their Goods When Duveens Were Called In as Experts—Bank Forced Restitution.

Judge Martin of the United States Circuit Court told a TIMES reporter last evening that the only reason he did not send Henry J. Duveen, head of the art importing firm of Duveen Brothers and confessed smuggler of art treasures, to jail was because it would mean Duveen's death in prison in a few months at most.

The Judge, expressing himself forcibly, said he had made up his mind not to kill a man for smuggling or undervaluing importations, and as he became convinced, not from the physician employed by Duveen's counsel, but by the physician brought into the case by District Attorney Wise himself, that a prison term for Duveen meant nothing less than a sentence of death, he determined, no matter what the criticism, to give him the maximum penalty in fine and let him off with that.

Of course, the case of Benjamin Duveen, which is pending, could not be discussed with the Judge. When Benjamin Duveen was brought before the Judge yesterday morning for sentence his attorney, John B. Stanchfield, asked that sentence be postponed indefinitely, in order that he might examine the papers introduced as evidence against his client by District Attorney Wise on the day before. The contents of these papers were known to the court and to the District Attorney, Mr. Stanchfield said, but not to himself, and he was entitled to look them over before making his plea for sentence.

Judge Martin agreed to the postponement, and the case will probably not be taken up before Fall. Meantime young Duveen, the nephew, is out under $50,000 cash bail, having withdrawn his plea of guilty in order to obtain bail. District Attorney Wise said yesterday that, while no one could force Duveen to renew his plea of guilty, if he didn't renew it sufficient evidence would be brought forward to have drawn against him a far broader and stronger indictment than that which now lies against him.

Judge Defends His Action.

A TIMES reporter sought Judge Martin in his chambers late yesterday, after he had come off the bench in another hearing, and asked him if he would amplify in any respect his statement from the bench on Wednesday in sentencing Henry Duveen to pay a fine of $15,000. The report had already spread among the Judge's friends that he had said he acted as he did because he didn't choose to be the direct cause of the man's death. He was asked if this was the case.

"That is it exactly," he said. "This case of Henry Duveen was peculiar. The history of the New York customs service divides itself into two periods: one where the officials were lax in their duty, resulting in much undervaluation and considerable smuggling, and a recent period where the service has been efficient and watchful and violations less frequent.

"Now, the case of the Duveens is covered by the first period, and not in all my observation as a District Attorney and a Judge have I known of a man's being sent to jail for undervaluation in a period of lax administration of the customs service where restitution was made as the result of a civil suit. This was the situation as to the Duveens as far as the undervaluation was concerned. They had paid $1,200,000 to the Government. But there was the element of smuggling. For that crime I would have imposed a prison sentence had I not been informed by the affidavit of Dr. Walter B. James, whom the District Attorney employed, as well as by the Duveen family physician, that the accused man was in a dying condition. I understand that not only would a prison term, the disease being greatly aggravated by worry, have much shortened his life, but that even out of jail he cannot live long. The restitution by the Duveens had been ample, the Government had lost nothing, and I did not feel like condemning a man to death under these circumstances.

"Because worry is such a factor in hastening Bright's disease, the doctors were even trying to keep all knowledge that he had it from him, and for that reason I refrained from stating from the bench in his presence the contents of the doctors' affidavits, but I understand the papers printed this morning that he had Bright's disease, so I suppose he knows it now.

"I see THE TIMES prints also this morning a list of cases where smugglers were sent to jail. But those cases are not analagous to that of Henry Duveen at all. In none of these cases was civil action begun, or if begun, did it result in the Government being paid what was due it. Besides, those cases occurred in a period when there was a strict enforcement of the customs laws and the people had warning."

Pulling thoughtfully at his cigar, Judge Martin explained that he had come into the Duveen case, with no idea that it would put upon him the grave responsibility that it has.

"When I was down here earlier," said the Judge, who is from the Vermont circuit, "they asked me to sit in the cases of Louis J. and Joseph Duveen, who had come over here from England to plead guilty. It was all agreed that only a fine should be imposed, and the District Attorney was satisfied with a fine of $10,000 each, which I imposed and they paid.

"Again I am here for another trial, and I consent to cut into that trial, thinking that this case was similar to the other, that is, that every one had agreed on what was wanted. But when the case is called into court the Dirtrict Attorney makes a fight to send Henry Duveen to jail."

District Attorney Wise said plainly a few moments before this interview, that he wasn't satisfied at all with a fine for Henry Duveen.

"I wanted real punishment," he said, "no matter what his condition, and the only punishment for him would be a term in prison."

Judge Martin, Mr. Wise added, had already told him the inside reason for omitting the prison sentence, saying he didn't want the man's death at his door, no matter what the criticism of him was.

London Bank Forced Restitution.

Collector Loeb also made an illuminating statement to a TIMES reporter regarding the Duveen case, declaring that the Duveens' settlement with the Government was a purely financial transaction, brought to pass by Parr's Bank of London for its own accommodation.

"What actually brought about the payment by the Duveens of $1,200,000 to the Government," said Mr. Loeb yesterday afternoon, "was this:

"The Duveens had a great deal of paper with Parr's Bank, and at the same time the art importers had about $4,000,000 due them from customers in this country. Not a cent of this money could they get, though they had delivered the goods in most cases, because the purchasers did not know where they stood, following our raid on the Duveen place in Fifth Avenue last October. They did not know whether or not the very tapestries, rugs, and other art objects which they had bought had been smuggled, and when we might swoop down upon them and

Continued on Page 2.

ADMIRAL BADGER'S SLIP.

Proposes Toast to German Navy at Supper in Copenhagen.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, May 25.—At a naval supper to-night in honor of the officers of the Second Division of the United States Atlantic fleet, which arrived to-day, Rear Admiral Badger, commanding the American squadron, by mistake proposed a toast to the German Navy.

The American officer's slip was greeted with sarcastic laughter. It caused much surprise.

COPENHAGEN, May 25.—Copenhagen turned out to-day to greet the second division of the United States Atlantic Fleet, under the command of Rear-Admiral Badger, which arrived this morning for a week's visit.

Great crowds cheered enthusiastically as the Kansas, New Hampshire, and South Carolina, headed by the flagship Louisiana, moved up the Sound to Elsinore. It is estimated that 100,000 persons went out along the Langelinie, the famous coast road, where they could obtain a fine view of the ships, while an hourly service of excursion steamers, crowded to their capacity, was maintained around the anchored squadron.

Premier Berntsen, together with other Government officials and Maurice F. Egan, the American Minister, boarded the Louisiana this afternoon and returned the calls made earlier by Admiral Badger.

King Frederick will receive in audience Admiral Badger and the Captains of the American warships, and will give a grand official dinner. A naval ball will be given by the Minister of the Navy. Festivities lasting two days are to be held in the famous Tivoli Park, concluding with a dinner presided over by the Minister of the Navy, to the petty officers and crews.

Entertainments at the clubs, athletic contests, and excursions have also been arranged in honor of the American visitors. The Crown Prince and Crown Princess have accepted invitations to attend the ball which is to be given on board the flagship on May 30.

American and Danish flags are lavishly displayed in the capital.

DROPPED HER GARTER-PURSE

Vision in Pale Blue Unconsciously Started a Race at Waldorf.

During the after-dinner concert at the Waldorf-Astoria last night the attention of some of the guests was attracted by a blond symphony in pale-blue costume with a large picture hat of the same delicate tint. As she tripped along the alley a pink silk garter fell to the floor. To it was attached a tiny gold chain purse.

The article had scarcely touched the rug when a rush was made by Assistant Manager John Hobby, the Hon. Robert Seton Beresford, also an American insurance agent with a sprained ankle, and James Humphreys, a tea taster from Foochow, China. Hobby, on account of his early footbal experience, was the first to clutch the article and hand it back to the fair owner, who was standing at the door of the restaurant, apparently oblivious of her loss. She smiled and thanked him, while the three other competitors in the short race glared with envy.

SEEK MASTER IN MELLON SUIT

John F. Cox May Get a Trip Abroad to Get Evidence.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 25.—James H. Beal, one of the attorneys for Andrew W. Mellon, filed to-day in Common Pleas Court a petition for the appointment of a Master in the Mellon divorce suit, and specified the allegations of indiscretions committed by Mrs. Mellon. The bill is returnable one week from the approaching Saturday, June 3.

It is believed that John F. Cox, the Speaker of Pennsylvania's House of Representatives, will be appointed the Master in the case, if Mellon's petition finds favor with the Judge. This, it is stated, will come as his reward for forcing the bill through the Legislature and in guarding so well the secrecy with which that passage was effected. The appointment carries with it, according to the petition, a very pleasant Summer tour this Summer through England and the Continent at the public expense, taking testimony in Pittsburg, New York, London, Paris, and other European cities.

Attorney Paul S. Ache, acting for Mrs. Mellon, has denied each allegation specifically, and is making a vigorous fight to prevent the appointment of a Master and the taking of privat etestimony.

WOMEN WIN AT THE POLLS.

Carry Rockefeller Improvement Plan at Tarrytown Election.

William Rockefeller and the Women's Civic League won a big victory in North Tarrytown yesterday when the proposal to raise $144,000 for street improvements was carried by a vote of 200 to 89. The news was telephoned to Mr. Rockefeller at Rockwood Hall, and he expressed great satisfaction at the result.

Mr. Rockefeller had agreed to give $10,000 toward paving Broadway, Tarrytown, and also to spend $15,000 for a Washington Irving memorial bridge if the improvements were voted.

Much of the credit of the victory belongs to the women, for they polled seventy-five votes. The Civic League workers were busy going after votes all day in automobiles furnished by Mrs. E. F. Giberson and Mrs. A. E. Chase. When Mrs. Matthew Meacie learned that one of her neighbors was working against the proposition she went out and brought twelve women to the polls.

Village President Wirth and the Board of Trustees worked hard for the measure, but they say Mr. Rockefeller's help carried the day.

SHOT IN HOTEL BAR.

A St. Louis Balloonist Dies of Wounds Inflicted by New York Agent.

DENVER, Col., May 25.—S. L. ("Tony") von Phul of St. Louis, who was shot three times by F. Harold Henwood in the bar room of the Brown Palace Hotel last night, following a quarrel over a woman, died at St. Luke's Hospital to-day. A charge of murder will now be made against Henwood, who is in jail.

Henwood is an agent of the Globe Blow Gas Company of New York, while von Puhl is a wine agent and well known as a balloonist.

J. W. Atkinson of Colorado Springs, a wealthy contractor, and G. E. Copeland, a mining man, of Victor, Col., were also shot. They were bystanders and had no part in the quarrel.

According to Henwood, he and Von Puhl met only yesterday. The latter has been in Denver several days, endeavoring to arrange for a balloon flight across the Rockies. He holds a number of balloon records, including the speed record for long flights, having made the distance from St. Louis to Charleston, S. C., 690 miles, in fifteen hours.

If your complaint is want of appetite, try tablespoon glass Angostura Bitters before meals.—Adv.

CUSTOMS MEN CALL LADY DUFF-GORDON

After Arresting Manager of Her Shop on Charge of Undervaluing Imported Gowns.

WANT HER AS WITNESS

Only Employe, Not President, of Lucile, Limited, Now, It Is Said—Secretary Also Accused.

United States Marshel Henkel and several of his men descended late yesterday afternoon upon the offices of Lucile, Limited, 17 West Thirty-sixth Street, a fashionable international dressmaking establishment of London, Paris, and New York, founded two years ago, with Lady Duff-Gordon as its President. The Marshal had with him warrants issued by United States Commissioner Shields for the arrest of Thomas J. Duggan, manager of the concern, and Abraham Merritt, formerly its secretary, on charges of conspiracy to defraud the Government by false invoices and undervaluation of shipments of imported women's apparel.

Mr. Merritt was not in the establishment at the time, but Mr. Duggan was, and the Marshal placed him under arrest. He was allowed to wait for the arrival of his attorney, and then taken down to the Federal Building, where he was released on $5,000 bail by Commissioner Shields for examination on June 6.

The Marshal also served a warrant of duces tecum on Lady Duff-Gordon, who is stopping at the Ritz-Carlton, ordering her to produce books and papers covering the transactions, and importations on the basis of which the warrants were issued.

Just how much the alleged undervaluations amounted to the Marshal was unwilling to state yesterday, but it is understood that the action was taken on secret information that many undervaluations to the amount of 50 per cent. had been made by the Lucile, Limited. The complaint dates the conspiracy to defraud as far back as 1910.

Charge Filing of False Invoices.

The complaint on which the warrants were issued yesterday was made by Customs Inspector John M. Williams, on information and belief, charging both Duggan and Merritt with conspiring on Dec. 16, 1910, "to defraud the United States by means of importing goods from a foreign country, namely England, merchandise consisting of women's wearing apparel, which was dutiable by law, and part of said conspiracy was to import said merchandise and effect an entry into the commerce of the United States at less than the true dutiable value.

"It was further a part of the conspiracy," the complaint continues, "to effect said importations by means of filing at the Custom House with the Collector false and fraudulent consular invoices purporting to cover the merchandise so imported, and in pursuance of said conspiracy and in order to effect the object thereof, the said Abraham Merritt did on March 29, 1911, make and file with the Collector of Customs a paper known as a 'Declaration of Owner in Case Where Merchandise Has Actually Been Purchased,' which declaration was false and known by said Abraham Merritt to be false."

In this declaration, according to the complaint, Merritt stated that the Consular invoice covering the merchandise was the only invoice thereof in existence, "whereas there was in fact at that time, to the knowledge of said Merritt, a private invoice for a larger amount than the consular invoice on file in the office of Lucile, Limited, at 17 West Thirty-sixth Street, New York City."

The complaint adds that the sources of the deponent's information and the grounds for his belief are "records in the Custom House of New York, documents showing the true dutiable value of the merchandise imported, and statements made by a person having knowledge of the facts, whose name cannot be here disclosed for the reason that such disclosure would prejudice the interests of the United States and the ends of justice."

None of the books or stock at the office of Lucile, Limited, was disturbed by the Marshal, and Mr. Duggan, after a brief sojourn at the Federal Building was released on bail of $5,000, although United States District Attorney Wemple explained that the alleged new customs frauds were extensive, and asked the imposing of $10,000 bail. Marshal Henkel said that the second arrest was expected this morning. He was unwilling until then to make any statement as to the amount of alleged undervaluations involved.

Secrecy About the Firm.

At the office of Lucile, Limited, a four-story brownstone dwelling converted for business purposes, it was difficult to learn anything about the officers of the concern. One young man, who introduced himself as Johnson Rampling, was not one of the officers, exactly, he said, but a "sort of roving official," who had nothing to do with importations of goods, and knew nothing about the case in point.

"I go to London and to Paris, don't you know," he said, "and then, as recently, I come over here just to look things over for the home firm in London and to boost 'em a bit over here. I know nothing of the present case and was surprised to learn of Mr. Duggan's arrest."

The roving official was unable, he said, to state who the officials of the company are. He knew that Mr. Duggan was the manager of the local house, he said, and asked reporters especially to believe that Lady Duff-Gordon was no longer a member of the firm.

"She is merely engaged to create gowns, as an artist and designer," he said.

At the office in the basement of Lucile, Limited, reporters found Mr. Merritt. He knew nothing about the case, he said, and nothing about the officers of the company. He admitted that he himself had until recently been Secretary of the company, but insisted that at present he chanced to be in the office merely in the capacity of a friend of Lady Duff-Gordon, who, he hastened to inform the reporters, was out of town.

"Lady Duff-Gordon started the company about a year and a half ago," he said, "but about six months ago the company was reorganized, and at present Lady Duff-Gordon is employed only in the capacity of an artist and designer for the company here and at London and Paris. I do not know who has taken her place as President or who the other officers are.

"I remember only, and hazily, that one declaration came to me at my office from the attorneys of the firm and that apparently it seemed to be all right. I don't recall whether or not I signed it, but I sent it back to the attorneys, and it may be this to which the complaint refers. I have no recollection whatever as to the nature or value of the shipment in question."

Mr. Merritt added that the firm dealt in both imported and domestic fabrics and dresses—in fact, mostly American goods.

"It was chiefly the models that were imported," he said. He added that he was speaking only in his personal capacity, being in no way connected with Lucile, Limited, now, and said that all information in the case must come from Eugene V. Daly, the attorney of the company, and of Lady Duff-Gordon.

When Mr. Merritt learned that a warrant had been issued for him as well as for Mr. Duggan, he seemed genuinely surprised. Last night, after he had conferred with Mr. Daly, he announced that he had no official knowledge that any warrant had been issued for his arrest, and that there was therefore nothing for him to do.

Antediluvian Whiskey is medicinally pure. Its rich mellowness appeals to discriminating users. Luyties Brothers, N. Y.—Adv.

THE BLACK BALL A SOCIAL POLICEMAN.
How Kings have been defied by its use against undesirable candidates for membership in leading clubs. Read of it in
Next Sunday's Times.

SUIT OVER REJECTED BUST OF PRESIDENT

Mrs. Matthews Was the Sculptor and Her Husband Declares She Died of a Broken Heart.

SEEKS HER VINDICATION NOW

Seth Low and Bishop Greer on Committee to Obtain the Bust for Yale Club—Daniel C. French Criticised.

Robert E. Matthews, whose wife, Elizabeth St. John Matthews, the sculptor, died in Hahnemann Hospital on April 27, intends to bring suit against the officers of a committee which, he contends, had made a contract for the purchase of a bust of President Taft to be presented to the Yale Club. The papers have been prepared, he said last night, and will probably be filed to-day. It will be an action for specific performance and the defendants to be named are W. H. Taylor of 17 Battery Place, Chairman of the committee; Ely Rosenberg, an attorney, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and William H. Hancock, Secretary of both committees.

The committe numbered thirty or forty, among whom were Seth Low, Isaac N. Seligman, Bishop David H. Greer, Marcus M. Marks, Postmaster Edward M. Morgan, James Talcott, Lispenard Stewart, and James L. Wandling. Dr. John Franklin Crowell is Treasurer, but will not be made a party to the suit, as only the three named were signers of the contract.

The committee undertook to raise a subscription of $5,000 to purchase the bust. The purpose was to honor the President, and the Yale Club was selected as the repository of the work when completed in bronze because Mr. Taft was the first Yale man to be elected President of the United States. The committee was not made up of Yale men, as it was intended that the fund should be raised by popular subscription. All the Yale Club had to do with it was that it agreed to accept the bust if it proved satisfactory when finished.

Mrs. Matthews made the measurements of President Taft in July, 1908, and had the work well under way when the contract was made last Fall. In December the bust, then in plaster form, was rejected. Mrs. Matthews was subject to heart trouble, and she grieved so much over the rejection of the bust that when she became seriously ill last month her physician, Dr. William H. Van den Burg, declared that her sickness was due directly to her disappointment. She died two days after being taken to the hospital, of a broken heart, her husband says.

Mr. Matthews is a dealer in paintings and sculpture at 145 West Forty-fifth Street and lives at the Melrose, 73 West Ninety-fourth Street.

"My purpose in bringing the suit," he said last night, "is to vindicate the professional standing of Mrs. Matthews. The Taft bust was praised in the strongest terms by such men as George Grey Barnard and Charles Keck. Mr. Barnard said in a letter that it was the first time he had ever written in approbation of the work of any sculptor. The bust is a little more than life size, and represents President Taft with great dignity, seriousness, and strength of character.

"One of the committee that rejected it was Daniel C. French. There is no gainsaying his high standing in his profession, but he had a personal animus against my wife. They were both members of the International Jury of Awards at the St. Louis Exposition. Mr. French wanted to limit the number of awards closely and Mrs. Matthews contended for a more liberal number.

"All the foreign representatives agreed with her and French was overruled. He had been supreme at Chicago and other expositions, and his defeat, especially at the hands of a woman, never ceased to rankle. Seth Low is a close friend of Mr. French's, and I understand he is the only member of the general committee who insisted on the rejection of the bust.

"Another thing that entered into it was the fact that the officers of the committee did not seem to impress the officers of the Yale Club. Frank H. Platt, Chairman of the Library Committee, which had the matter in charge, told me that if the bust had been offered by Mr. Seligman, Mr. Low, and George W. Perkins it would have been accepted. George E. Ide, President of the club, also led me to believe that it would have been accepted under other circumstances."

Neither Mr. Taylor, Chairman, nor Dr. Crowell, Treasurer of the General Committee, would discuss the matter last night, but this was obtained from another member:

"The contract for the purchase of Mrs. Matthews's bust was conditional. It provided that the work must be approved first in plaster and later in bronze by a committee of three artists to be named by us. The committee consisted of Mr. French, Jonathan S. Hartley, and Herbert Adams, all sculptors of the highest standing. They were not only accepted by Mr. Matthews, but were suggested by him in the first place. He gave us a list of names and these three headed his list. If there was any feeling between Mr. French and Mrs. Matthews we knew nothing of it, and it would seem that Mr. Matthews knew nothing of it at the time.

"We at once ceased raising subscriptions and the money already in hands was returned to the givers. The fund is no longer in existence." M. Stephen Maon, of 170 Broadway is Mr. Matthews's attorney. He said last night the suit would be started to-day.

Mrs. Matthews was about 35 years old at the time of her death. Among her works is one of the three martyred Presidents in the palace of Prince Henry of Prussia at Kiel, a bas-relief portrait of McKinley in the public library at Burlington, Vt., and a heroic figure of the Rev. John Healy Haywood, placed beside the pulpit in the Church of the Messiah in Louisville, Ky.

CLUE TO MISSING CASHIER.

E. D. Hamilton Traced to Springfield, Whence Trail Leads to Hartford.

GREENFIELD, Mass., May 25.—After a day of fruitless search for Ernest D. Hamilton, missing Cashier of the Southbridge National Bank, four of Hamilton's friends left to-night for Hartford, Conn., on a clue from Springfield. Hamilton left Southbridge last Tuesday, and his friends believe that while suffering from a recurrence of mental trouble he became lost.

Beyond the fact that he checked a traveling bag at the Union Station in Springfield at 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon practically nothing is known of the Cashier's movements after he left the bank. The bank officials say to-night that they are practically sure that there are no irregularities in the Cashier's accounts. He drew $200 from his personal account at the bank on Tuesday, but, as he had planned to move his family from Greenfield to Southbridge this week, the withdrawal is not regarded as having any bearing upon his disappearance.

DEWEY'S PURE CLARET WINES A great aid to digestion, with meals. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.—Adv.

GET BLACK HAND MEN IN A BRIDGE CHASE

Capture Was Complicated by Uniformed Police, Who Wanted to Seize Detectives.

SHOTS FROM ALL AROUND

Detectives Fired at Grocer's Blackmailers, and the Uniformed Men Shot at Detectives—Nobody Hit.

Half way up the tower of the Willis Avenue Bridge Detectives Michelli and Cavane of the Italian Bureau at Police Headquarters hid last night at 11 o'clock in a small room used to operate the bridge machinery. In a sentry booth on the bridge, Detective Digilio, in the uniform of a car conductor, posed as a railroad employe. Alone on the span of the bridge stood Angelo Sparzallo, a grocer, of 307 East Forty-fifth Street.

Until March 2 last Sparzallo received many letters demanding $2,000 on pain of having his store blown up. He paid no attention to them. On the night of March 2 the threat was fulfilled. Then the letters began again.

This time the grocer went to Lieut. Vachris, head of the Italian Bureau at Headquarters. By his advice Sparzallo made an appointment for 11 o'clock last night on the Willis Avenue Bridge. Before he arrived detectives had taken positions in hiding there.

Presently they saw a man accost Sparzallo and then leave the bridge. It was not until 1 o'clock this morning, however, that two more men approached the grocer. The detectives saw Sparzallo pass one of the men a parcel, and then the trio started off the bridge toward the Bronx.

Digilio sprang from the sentry box, and, followed by Michelli and Cavane, climbed down from the tower and joined the pursuit. Digilio, nearer than the others, when the strangers interviewed Sparzallo, had seen one of the men exhibit a revolver to the frightened grocer, and, knowing that the men would not hesitate to use it, he jumped for them quickly, hoping to take them by surprise. He clasped one about the body, but the man with the gun fled.

Michelli and Cavane took up the chase until at 133d Street and Lincoln Avenue Michelli drew his revolver and fired three times into the air to frighten the fugitive.

An instant afterward the detectives realised that some one was shooting at them. Several shots flew over their heads and behind them they saw two policemen in uniform running toward them revolvers in hand and shouting to them to halt.

"I'll get this chap," called Michelli to Cavane, "you stop those blame fools."

Cavane waited for the policemen to come up. They grabbed him, but the detective wrenched himself away.

"I'm a cop, you fat heads," he shouted angrily, but the policemen laughed.

"Don't give us that kind of a string," exclaimed one of them, but the angry Cavane finally got his police shield out of his pocket.

"That ought to satisfy you," declared the detective. "If that Blackhander gets away you'll be to blame."

But the fugitive already was in the grasp of Michelli, a block away, and presently the detective led him back, picking up a revolver and a roll of $19 in marked bills from the sidewalk, where they had been thrown. Digilio had his man quieted, and the detectives took their prisoners to Headquarters.

There Digilio's prisoner said he was Anthony Lique, a grocer of 306 East 107th Street. The second man said he was Salvatore Romano of 305 East 71st Street. He said he was a grocer also. Both were locked up, charged with attempted blackmail.

KILLED AT HIS WEDDING.

Bridegroom Accidentally Shoots Himself While Playing with a Pistol.

Special to The New York Times.

GROVE CITY, Penn., May 25.—James Richardson of this place, 30 years old, to-night accidentally shot and killed himself, less than two hours after he had been married to Miss Anna Phillips, daughter of Daniel Phillips, a wealthy cattleman.

The tragedy occurred at the bride's home, where the bridal party had gathered for the wedding supper. The young widow is distracted and it is feared she cannot survive the shock.

Richardson and the young woman have for several years been leaders among the younger society folk of Grove City. Their wedding at 7 o'clock this evening was attended by many prominent persons from Pittsburg, Grove City, and other points. After the wedding in the church the bridal party went to the home of Daniel Phillips, the bride's father, where a wedding supper awaited them. A crowd stood without, serenading the couple with a brass band. While the party was seated at the supper table the bridegroom picked up his wife's little brother, Edwin, who showed him a pistol he had found.

"Look," said Edwin, "it has a cartridge in it that won't explode."

Richardson tried to dislodge the cartridge. Failing in his effort he jokingly remarked, "Well, here I go. I'm going to shoot myself."

All at the table laughed at his remarks. He pulled the trigger. There was a loud report rang out and Richardson dropped from his chair to the floor dead.

A physician was summoned and said that death was instantaneous. The bullet had plowed through his brain. The guests at the supper table became panicstricken and ran from the house. The young widow fell over the body of her husband in a faint. Richardson had just before received one thousand dollars as a wedding gift from his mother and father.

MRS. J. W. SNEED'S SUICIDE.

Husband Says She Jumped Overboard While Despondent.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 25.—J. W. Sneed of New York City, manager of the British-American Tobacco Company, and his four children arrived here from Shanghai to-day on the Tamba Maru, from which ship while little less than 200 miles from the China shore Mrs. Sneed was drowned early on the morning of May 1. Mr. Sneed gave further details of Mrs. Sneed's death, saying:

"Shortly after midnight on the 1st, my wife complained that the air in her stateroom was oppressive, and she left it to go on deck. Of course she may have fallen overboard, but I cannot credit that as the sea was unusually calm that night. The generally accepted theory on the boat was that my wife in a momentary fit of despondency committed suicide. I know of no reason why she should take her life, because we were particularly happy, and with our children were returning to our New York home."

FLORIDA—ATLANTA—BIRMINGHAM. Florida-Cuba Special 12:38 P. M. Atlanta-Birmingham Special 3:08 P. M. from Penna. Sta. via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Through electric lighted steel sleepers. Inq. 1184 B'way. Phone 6445 Mad.—Adv.

COST OF THE BORDER ARMY.

Great Saving in Maintenance of Troops in Camp Over Garrison Life.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—From the reports thus far sent in to the War Department from accounting officers with the manoeuvre division at San Antonio, President Taft is encouraged to believe that the most of the mobilisation of the division on the Mexican frontier may be entirely paid from the savings by reason of the difference in cost of maintenance of troops in camp and garrison. The War Department has reports coming down to May 15.

The principal item of cost in the movement of the manoeuvre division was transportation, and this was all told $784,846. A large part of this will be saved by keeping in the United States the three infantry regiments that were slated to be sent to the Philippines, and keeping in the Philippines the three regiments that were to be relieved. The railroad transportation of the six regiments in the United States would cost in round numbers $300,000. There is also a considerable saving in the difference between moving small bodies of troops in the usual way throughout the year, and moving them all in one general movement. The Quartermaster General expects to transport the manoeuvre division back to the respective posts of the various organizations in it at a less cost than was undergone in the movement to Texas.

The President has decided to keep the division in Texas until Fall, probably till November, as that course seems wise in view of the unsettled condition of affairs in Mexico, and the economy of camp life over that of garrison.

With the saving in transportation there is also a large saving in fuel and light for officers and men. In the matter of rations there is no difference, except that in the average, where such a large amount of supplies can be shipped into one point, there is a saving of freight over the average of freight to widely separated army posts. The excessive freight expense at some of our Western posts has furnished an argument for their abandonment. There is no saving in clothing in the field over garrison.

Practically all the officers of the manoeuvre division left their families in their quarters at their posts, and the upkeep of water, heat, and light plants at many posts is not saved by having the troops in the field.

BALLOON FALLS IN LAKE.

More Than One Person Seen in the Basket by Sandusky Spectators.

Special to The New York Times.

SANDUSKY, Ohio, May 25.—About 5 o'clock this afternoon a balloon was seen drifting over Lake Erie, apparently in distress. It was swaying back and forth, and at times would rise high in the air and then drop within a few hundred feet of the water. The balloon was drifting westward. Suddenly it appeared to collapse and dropped into the water somewhere between Put-in-Bay and Port Clinton.

Hundreds of people swarmed to the docks and witnessed the antics of the huge gas bag. Powerful field glasses were brought into use, and many distinguished more than one person in the basket. As soon as the balloon dropped, rescue parties were sent out from here in launches, but owing to the darkness which overtook them before they arrived at the supposed spot where the balloon fell, were unable to find any trace of it.

BISHOP DOANE FAINTS.

Collapses While Celebrating Communion in All Saints' Cathedral, Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 25.—The Right Rev. William Croswell Doane, Episcopal Bishop of the Albany Diocese, who has been in poor health for some time, fainted while celebrating communion in All Saints' Cathedral this morning. It was reported by Dr. Van Rensselaer, his physician, this evening that the Bishop was resing comfortably and that his condition was not considered serious. Bishop Doane was born in Boston, March 2, 1832, and was consecrated Bishop of Albany Feb. 2, 1869.

SIXTY PASSENGERS DROWNED

Steamer Taboga Sunk Off Panama Coast—Details Lacking.

PANAMA, May 25.—The National Steamship Line steamer Taboga struck a rock off Cape Panama on Tuesday and sank a short time afterward.

Of the 100 passengers on board only 40 are known to have been saved.

The Taboga had a cargo of cattle and was on her regular coastwise trip.

The scene of the accident is about 100 miles from the nearest telegraph station, which makes it difficult to obtain details of the accident.

The United States gunboat Yorktown left here to-day for the scene of the disaster.

WOMEN SAVE DROWNING BOY.

Wade In After Him, After He Falls Into Flushing Bay, Then Disappear.

Two women saved sixteen-year-old Tony Dalio of 123 Cleveland Street, Corona, from drowning last evening when he tumbled into Flushing Bay at the foot of the Bay Shore Road, East Elmhurst, Queens Borough.

The boy could not swim, and the women waded in after him and brought him safely to shore. While a doctor was at work over him the women disappeared and no one knew who they were. Dalio was taken to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City.

NO BRITISH FEDERATION YET.

Conference in London Rejects the Proposal of Sir Joseph Ward.

LONDON, May 25.—The Imperial Conference, which is holding its sessions at the Foreign Office, to-day rejected the proposal of Sir Joseph Ward, the Premier of New Zealand, favoring the constitution of an Imperial Council of State, with representatives of all the self-governing British dominions, to act in an advisory capacity to the Imperial Goverment.

Sir Joseph's proposal met with no support and was withdrawn after a debate lasting two days. The first step in the direction of the federation of the British Empire was thus postponed.

DIX WON'T GIVE UP POWERS.

Vetoes Bill Giving Controller the Right to Appoint Fund Commissioners.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 25.—Gov. Dix to-day vetoed Assemblyman A. E. Smith's bill providing for the appointment of commissioners for loaning United States deposit funds by the State Controller instead of by the Governor. This change has been advocated by various Controllers the last few years.

In his veto message Gov. Dix says that while a change in the system in investing these funds may be advisable the bill does not provide a change, and he can see "no good reason for changing the appointing power."

Saturday Express to Pittsfield, Mass., Leaves New York 1:35 P. M. via N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Buffet Parlor car and coaches.—Adv.

DIAZ RESIGNS; DE LA BARRA IN; RIOTERS SHOT

Mexican Capital Wild with Joy When President, Denying Faults, Surrenders Power.

MADERO TROOPS SUMMONED

All Military Forces in City Ordered to Obey Agent of Revolutionary Leader.

HE ASKS CROWDS FOR ORDER

Police Fire on Some Demonstrators, but No Serious Rioting Marks the Parading.

NO ANTI-AMERICAN FEELING

Our Ambassador Cheered by Maderistas — Corral and Diaz Cabinet Join in the Resignations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—President Porfirio Diaz and Vice President Ramon Corral presented their resignations to the Chamber of Deputies at 4.25 o'clock this afternoon, and after some debate they were accepted unanimously.

Francisco L. de la Barra, who as Foreign Minister was eligible for the succession was chosen provisional President pending new elections, and was sworn into office this afternoon.

The Deputy who presented the resignation of Gen. Diaz said: "President Diaz is dead! Long live Citizen Diaz!" The shout in the chamber at these words was taken up by the crowds outside the National Palace, and the first vivas for the aged warrior in many days were heard.

The city is now in the hands of the crowds, who are conducting demonstrations of joy over the fall of the Government. The city is patroled by the police and troops, and there have been clashes with some of the crowds in which the police have charged. Two persons are reported to have been killed and many wounded.

Rebel troops who had approached close to the city have been called inside to help in restoring and keeping order. This action has the approval of President de la Barra and Gen. Diaz.

END OF THE DIAZ REGIME.

Deputies Unanimously Accept Resignations—Wild Scenes in Streets.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—President Porfirio Diaz, in a letter read by the President of the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon, resigned the Presidency of the Republic of Mexico, and at 4:54 o'clock the acceptance of the resignation by the Deputies was announced. Vice President Ramon Corral's resignation was also accepted and Minister of Foreign Affairs Francisco de la Barra was chosen Provisional President to serve until a general election can be held.

Everyone had expected an uproar when the announcements should be made, but within the chamber the words announcing the event were followed with silence. The Deputies seemed awed by what had taken place.

In the streets, black with people, the news that Diaz was no longer the President was the signal for wild shouting and manifestations.

On the motion to accept the President's resignation, 167 Deputies voted aye, while no expression was made by Benito Juarez, a descendant of President Juarez, and Concepcion Del Valle. As their names were called, all other legislators arose and bowed their affirmation. In similar fashion the resignation of Vice President Corral, now in France, was unanimously accepted, and similarly Señor de la Barra was chosen.

Of scarcely less popular interest than the resignation was the assumption of military control of the Federal district by Alfredo Robles Dominguez, Madero's personal representative, insuring the handling of popular demonstrations by a leader of the new régime. Personally, Dominguez commands only a small body of local rebels, but the Federal Garrison is under orders to make no move whatsoever without his approval. He said he could bring 5,000 organized rebel troops within the city in three hours. Horses are aboard trains furnished by the Government at Cuernavaca, Pachuca, and Tlalnepantla. Dominguez to-night, however, said that the troops would remain at their present stations until they should be needed to control the situation.

Diaz Hopes for Better Judgment.

President Diaz's letter of resignation reads:

Sir: The Mexican people, who generously covered me with honors, who proclaimed me as their leader during the international war, who patriotically assisted me in all works undertaken to develop the industry and the commerce of the republic, establish its credit, gain for it the respect of the world and obtain for it an honorable position in the concert of nations; that same people, Sir, has revolted in armed military bands, stating that my presence in the exercise of the supreme executive power is the cause of this insurrection.

I do not know of any fact imputable to me which could have caused this social phenomenon, but permitting, though not admitting, that I may be unwittingly culpable, such a possibility makes me the least able to reason out and decide my own culpability. Therefore, respecting as I have always respected the will of the people, and in accordance with Article 82 of the Federal Constitution, I come before the supreme representatives of the nation in order to resign unreservedly the office of Constitutional President of the Republic, with which the national vote honored me, which I do with all the more reason since in order to continue in office it would be necessary to shed Mexican blood, endangering the credit of the country, dissipating its wealth, exhausting its resources, and exposing its policy to international complications.

I hope, gentlemen, that when the passions which are inherent to all revolutions have been calmed a more conscientious and justified study will bring out in the national mind a correct acknowledgment, which will allow me to die, carrying engraved in my soul a just impression of the estimation of my life, which throughout I have devoted and will devote to my countrymen.

With all respect,
PORFIRIO DIAZ.

Corral Still Loyal to Diaz.

Vice President Corral's letter of resignation reads:

> Sir: On the two occasions that the national conventions advanced my candidacy as Vice President for the republic to figure in the elections with Gen. Diaz as President, I stated that I was prepared to occupy any office in which compatriots considered that I could be of use, and that if the public vote conferred upon me a post so far above my merits, then my intention would be to second in all respects Gen. Diaz's policy in order to cooperate with him as far as it lay in my power toward the aggrandizement of the nation, which had developed so notably under his administration.
>
> Those who concern themselves with public affairs and have observed their progress during the last few years will be able to say whether I have complied with my intention.
>
> For my part I can say that I have never endeavored to bring about the least obstacle either in the President's policy or his manner of carrying it out, even at the cost of sacrificing my convictions, both because this was the basis of my programme and because this corresponded to my position and to my loyalty, as well as that I did not seek any prestige in the office of Vice President, so useful in the United States and so discredited in Latin countries.
>
> In the events which have shaken the country during these latter months, the President has been brought to feel that it is patriotic to resign from the high office which the almost unanimous vote of Mexicans conferred on him in the last election, and that it is advisable at the same time in the interests of the country that the Vice President do likewise, so that new men and new energies should continue forwarding the prosperity of the nation; and, following my programme of seconding Gen. Diaz's policy, I join my resignation with his and in the present note I retire from the office of Vice President of the republic, begging the Chamber to accept the same at the same time as that of the President's.
>
> I beg of you, gentlemen, to inform yourselves of the above, which I submit with the protestations of my highest consideration.
>
> Liberty and the Constitution.
> RAMON CORRAL.
>
> Paris, May 4, 1911.
> To the Secretary of the Chamber of Deputies, Mexico.

The one dramatic speech of the day was made by Deputy José Aspe. In introducing the President's letter of resignation he made a brilliant oratorical effort. His voice was repeatedly drowned by applause, and the floor fairly shook with the demonstration that followed his peroration.

"President Porfirio Diaz is dead! Long live Citizen Porfirio Diaz!"

The speaker admitted that Gen. Diaz had been called to account for his errors by a people who had progressed faster than the author of thier progress had realized, but he declared the good that Gen. Diaz had done his country would live forever in history and outweigh his mistakes.

A long address on the constitutional points involved in the change of government was delivered by Deputy Melgarego.

Maderest Parades After Change.

Every entrance to the chamber and all street approches were guarded by heavily armed, mounted police. Only those who came hours ahead of time got within this cordon. They were quiet and well behaved.

Outside the line of police the throng cheered itself hoarse, but gave the police no trouble. Street cars running near the chamber were compelled to stop by the density of the crowd, and car roofs swarmed with eager spectators. Every car running over these routes was commandeered by men and boys many blocks before the centre of interest was reached, and finally the lines were blocked.

To the city generally the acceptance of the resignation of the President was announced by the clang of the bells of the cathedral and two discharges of cannon. For many blocks on either side of the chamber the streets were black with people. Great crowds were scattered over the Zocalo or Plaza of the Constitution when the triumph of the revolution was thus announced. With one accord they rushed toward the chamber, but their progress was halted by the multitude ahead of them.

As the crowds melted away after the session by hundreds and by thousands they fell into irregular marching clubs. The marchers carried flags and banners of the National green, white, and red; lithographs of Madero, laurel wreaths, brooms, apparently symbolic of the clean sweep for the rebellion, while hundreds of them shouldered staves and poles like soldiers with rifles.

All business was suspended. Everywhere windows were shuttered. On every balcony in the city women and children and those too infirm to be in the street came out to see the celebration. Many of them tossed flowers and confetti on the marching thousands.

A heavy guard of mounted police was maintained in front of the National palace, near which seven persons were killed and thirty-six wounded last night when the mob was fired on. The guard moved in a long oval. An incident illustrating the temper of the people and the effect of their success against the Government occurred when one of the marching clubs came swinging down the Zocalo. The last two guards on horses were swinging about on their oval route when the marchers reached them. It was a case of one get out of the way of the other. The marchers moved straight on. The riders wheeled as if to ride into the crowd in the old-fashioned way, then gave way, spurring back into line as best they could.

Maderist Leader Addresses Crowds.

It was at a confernce between Alfredo Robles Dominguez, the personal representative of Francisco I. Madero, and President de la Barra, that the agreement to place the Maderist troops at the disposition of the Government, in the name of tranquillity was reached. It was agreed that only in case the Federal troops proved unable to control the situation should the former rebel soldiers be brought into the city.

Dominguez, who is now the ranking Maderist in the capital, went into the streets this afternoon, accompanied by his staff. All wore on their hats the tri-color used by the rebels in the field. Dominguez was on a mission of peace, following the issuance by him of a manifesto in which he had appealed to the people to refrain from disorder and to disperse. Riding from one group of manifestants to another, he exhorted them to remember the dignity of their cause and not to disgrace themselves and their leader by rioting.

The crowds did not disperse, but there was a marked improvement in their behavior. In this work Dominguez had the assistance of Lieutenants whom he had sent on similar errands, and of members of the White Cross, who from an automobile addressed the enthusiastic men and boys. Loudly the paraders cheered Dominguez and his aides, and solemnly they assured them that they would not indulge in acts of violence, but to promise to go home without indulging in the novelty of free speech was too much.

In their wildest moments the members of the various crowds never failed to exhibit their love for the national flag. Repeatedly during the hours the crowd waited in front of the chamber for the news of Diaz's resignation the colors were waved by them, and every appearance of the flag was the signal for applause and lifted hats.

It is the first time in thirty years that the people of Mexico have had the opportunity to shout with impunity the name of their choice for the Presidency. Unused as they are to freedom from restraint, the older men of the country regard it as remarkable that the thousands who have been parading the streets almost constantly for more than twenty-four hours, were not guilty of worse acts of violence than the few outbreaks reported. Few acts of ruffianism were committed to-day, and yet the police endured more than they have been asked to suffer from citizens in a generation. Their orders were not to fire except under desperate circumstances.

Not even when a young officer was pulled from his horse and struck in the face by an angry marcher did the officer in command of the troops order his men to shoot. The assailant of the officer was arrested.

The shooting of a parade leader this forenoon in front of the Foreign Office by an officer of police and his subsequent command to his men to fire, followed an insulting reply made by the crowd. The officer had precedent for his action, but precedents of that class were not followed generally to-day. The people own the city to-night and the soldiery is a tenant.

De la Barra Gives a Pledge.

Provisional President-elect de la Barra acknowledged his elevation to that office in an open letter to the Mexican people to-night. He said:

> Though there has not yet been approved by the respective State Legislatures the constitutional reform relating to no re-election, I consider it my duty to declare as a guarantee of my purpose that, under no circumstances, will I accept the candidacy for the Presidency or the Vice Presidency in the approaching election. The happiest day of my public career will be that on which, in the shortest time allowed by the electoral law and the situation prevailing in the country, I can transfer the office I have to-day received to the citizens the republic elects.
>
> The Mexican Government, respectful for the rights of the other nations, and zealously defending her own, will spare no effort by means of its open and fair policy, as it has done in the past, in order that these relations may become more friendly every day with mutual advantages, and in accordance with the principles of international law.

The entire Cabinet resigned this afternoon, a mere corollary to the retirement of Gen. Diaz, and its withdrawal excited little interest.

DE LA BARRA WIDELY KNOWN.

Has Served His Country in Many Important Diplomatic Posts.

The rise of Francisco Leon de la Barra, provisional President of Mexico, has filled many diplomatic posts, but there is probably no man in Mexico to-day with a more thorough knowledge of its internal affairs. As Ambassador to Washington he made many friends in this country.

Señor de la Barra was born June 16, 1863. He received his academic and special education at the College of the City of Mexico. Upon the completion of his studies he took up law and was admitted to the bar. He made a specialty of international law, and entered the Foreign Affairs Office. His first important work came when he was appointed to negotiate various treaties with foreign powers. Among those arranged by him was one of commerce and navigation with Holland and extradition with Italy.

He gained a seat in the Federal Congress in 1891, and remained there until 1896. He was sent by his Government as delegate of the Academy of Legislation and Jurisprudence to the Ibero-American Congress in Madrid in 1892. As President of the International Law Committee of the Pan-American Congress, which met in Mexico City in 1901, he took a prominent part in its doings and was leading advocate of the measure for the compulsory adjustment of pecuniary claims.

The Mexican Government sent him to the Pan-American Congress held in Rio Janeiro in 1906. There he met the delegates of the United States, including Elihu Root, then Secretary of State, and other men who have taken their part in the direction of afairs in this country. A year later he was sent to the Peace Conference at The Hague.

It was perhaps as envoy to all the republics on the Atlantic Coast of South America that he best grasped the Latin-American situation. He lived some time in the various capitals of the east coast, particularly Rio Janeiro and Buenos Aires. His nuext assignment was as representative of his country to Belgium and The Netherlands. He came to Washington in 1909 as Mexican Ambassador. He remained there until the latter part of March, when he was called home to become Minister of Foreign Affairs in President Diaz's cabinet.

He returned to the troubled capital of his country declaring his faith in the loyalty and common sense of his countrymen as a whole, and confident that peace would soon be restored. Señor de la Barra's ability as an international lawyer is recognized, not only by his own Government but by other Governments. He is a man of pleasing address and cordiality of manner, speaking English and French as fluently as he does his own language.

MOB FORCES GOVERNOR OUT.

Killing of Rioters in Guadalajara Brings a Quick Change.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, May 24, (via Mexico City, May 25.)—As a result of State rurales firing on a mob in front of the Government Palace last night, killing five men, and in the hope of preventing further bloodshed, Gov. Manuel Cuesta Gallardo of the State of Jalisco to-day resigned. The Legislature convened and hurriedly received and accepted the Governor's resignation. David Gutierez Allende was appointed Provisional Governor. Jefe Politico Jose Anaya also resigned.

Early morning crowds gathered in the streets, announcing the intention of avenging the deaths of those killed by the rurales. The crowds soon developed into a mob, which proceeded to the centre of the town, crying "Death to Gallardo!" "Death to the rurales!" The mob congregated in front of the palace, shouting demands for the resignation of Gallardo. Federal troops were called to reinforce the rurales, but Gallardo hastily consulted friends and decided to quit.

The announcement of the appointment of a Provisional Governor was received with wild cheers. When the new Executive left the palace the horses were taken from his carriage by cheering hundreds, who dragged the vehicle through the streets. The change of Governors was announced by the ringing of church bells. Banks and most of the stores closed.

Gallardo was inaugurated last March.

ZACATECAS, Mexico, May 25.—Four persons were killed and a large number were wounded yesterday by soldiers in a riot, which developed when the residents of Zacatecas gathered to celebrate the signing of the peace pact. After terrorizing the town the rioters attacked the arsenal. The soldiers fired into the mob. José Peres Gastro, known as the silk-stocking rebel chief, of Mexico City, entered Zacatecas to-day with a part of his band of 200 men.

Low Rates to the
Pacific Coast

Excursion tickets to the principal cities of the Pacific Coast with liberal return limits will be sold June 9 to 21 and June 26 to July 4 at considerable reductions from regular tariff rates.

For exact fares, conditions and stop-over privileges, consult Ticket Agents.

Pennsylvania R. R.

AMERICANS CHEERED IN MEXICAN PARADES

Ovations to Ambassador Wilson When the Demonstration Is Made Against Diaz.

REBELS LOOK FOR OFFICIALS

Want to Capture Limantour and Others and Force Them to Give Up Fortunes.

BY STEPHEN BONSAL,
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

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MEXICO CITY, May 25.—One thing that stood out in the Maderist demonstration of yesterday and last night in this city was that it was not anti-foreign or anti-Gringo. It was the uncontrolled outburst of a hot-blooded people who had or thought they had been deceived and played with beyond the limits of endurance.

As soon as it was evident that President Diaz and Vice President Corral would not send their resignations in yesterday the Liberal and Progressive newspapers issued little handbills reading, "Gen. Diaz will not resign to-day. Look out for great news to-morrow!" These undoubtedly had something to do with stirring up the excitement. Some of the newspapers, at the request of the police, withdrew these handbills, but the movement, menacing to the life of Diaz and to the peace of the city, was then in motion.

Immediately official explanations were in the street, but they were received with skepticism, which is not surprising in view of the recent popular experience with utterances from this quarter. Minister de la Barra was reported to have said that President Diaz, who was in bed with his face still swollen and very painful, knew there was great excitement among the people, but felt it was not right, in view of the circumstances, to expect him to occupy himself with the resignations. Officials at the President's house at Cadena Street, however, continued to try to impress all who called with the fact that Diaz feared that his resignation would be followed by grave disorders.

Reports of these utterances caused an almost unanimous impression that Diaz did not intend to resign as long as he lived. All manner of sensational stories were in circulation as to his plans. It was said that he was organizing his forces for a desperate resistance. This, of course, was all nonsense, as even the personal guards of Diaz are said to be tired of his boundless duplicity and obstinacy.

Rebel Leaders Checked Disorders.

So far as I can judge the revolutionary leaders did everything in their power to check disorder. It was largely due to their efforts that the demonstrators were kept in a good mood for hours, and so avoided a clash with the guards until well into the evening. Even when the police and troops had fired into the crowd near the municipal palace, when the situation looked most serious, the revolutionary junta distributed circulars and handbills assuring the people that Diaz had resigned, and the paper would be presented to Congress to-day. These bills asked all in the name of Madero to go home and not play into the hands of the enemy.

An interview I had with Minister de la Barra, now provisional President, yesterday afternoon probably explains the delay in presenting the resignations to Congress. Señor de la Barra assured me that the resignation of Diaz had been received by him several days ago in Diaz's own handwriting. He immediately telegraphed the text of the resignation to Madero at Juarez, asking if it was satisfactory. A reply was received from Madero yesterday morning, in which he said that the resignation as a whole was satisfactory, but suggested certain verbal changes. He told me that he had read these suggested changes to Diaz, and the President had offered no objection to them, and said he would make them later in the day. As I have with reason and justification, I think, criticised de la Barra under other circumstances, I wish now to put in evidence my unreserved belief in his good faith. If Diaz and the inner circle of grafters have been playing a game in the recent negotiations, de la Barra has been their cat's-paw, not their accomplice.

Americans Popular With Mob.

While the demonstration was at its height last evening extra guards were stationed in the streets leading to the American Embassy. There was really no need for them, however, for in spite of the rumors of anti-American feeling the American Ambassador was one of the most popular men in the city yesterday and last evening. He had an appointment of some days' standing with President Diaz yesterday afternoon and at 5 o'clock, despite the fact that the mob was in full swing, he drove to his destination in his motor car. The mob or procession, what you will, opened before Mr. Wilson as though by magic, with shouts of "Long live the American Ambassador!" and "Long live the United States!"

At the Diaz home Mr. Wilson received word from the President that he was too ill to keep the appointment, and the Ambassador drove back through the mob. He received another great ovation. Other Americans who were known received similar treatment from the crowd.

Ambassador Wilson met Señora Diaz on his visit to the Cadena Street house, and is loud in his praise of her fortitude under the trying circumstances.

The crowd which gathered outside the National Palace in the evening was composed in large part of well-dressed, middle class people, and there were, too, not a few who came from the higher social scale, gente fina, in fact, and these substantial citizens exerted a restraining influence on the excited people. At least a third of the demonstrators were women, and they seemed by far more excited and more vehement than the men, whom they urged on to acts of violence. Almost everybody had Madero medals or pictures, and had provided themselves with sticks or stones. Hotheads urged an attack on the President's house, about which were concentrated large forces of troops and artillery, while others urged the people to go home and await the developments of another day. Many in the crowd were provided with food and blankets, prepared to camp out all night if necessary.

Would Make Officials Disgorge.

One feature of the day was a panic among officials belonging to the Cientifico Party, of which Vice President Corral was one of the leaders. Many of these wealthy, in fact, extremely wealthy, officials yesterday morning were browbeating railroad officials for extra trains and other unusual accommodations for their exodus to a safer place, and at night were loping out of the city on muleback and blessing the mules for the chance. I am sorry to say that the recent cutting of the cable, which has twice occurred, and the cutting of the Mexican Railway on the way to Vera Cruz, has been due to the determination of some of the minor revolutionary chiefs that Señors Limantour, Pindo, Pinablo, Macedo, and other wealthy leaders of the Government party shall not get away alive, or, at least, until they have disgorged their wealth, which the revolutionists consider in large measure ill-gotten. Of course efforts will be made to defeat these plans on every side.

MADERO UTTERS A WARNING.

Coahuila Legislature Must Elect the Rebel Choice for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 25.—Francisco I. Madero, Jr., by two actions to-day asserted his determination to control the situation in Mexico until the elections which President de la Barra is to call shall have been held. He took measures to compel the Legislature of Coahuila to elect his choice for Governor, and to put down the Socialist rebellion in Lower California.

The Coahuila situation arises out of the verbal agreement made between Mr. Madero and the Diaz Government for the control of certain States by the Maderistas through the election of men of their choice for Governors. Under the constitution the power of election lies with the Legislature, and the Government refused to enter into a formal agreement, but privately undertook to see that the plan should be carried out. Orders were sent to the Coahuila Legislature to elect Venustiano Carranza, a loyal Maderist. Word has been received, however, that the Legislature has stood on its constitutional rights and rejected Mr. Carranza, and Mr. Madero has instructed his representatives near Saltillo to take measures to compel it to obey orders.

In explaining his determination to violate the letter of the Constitution in this manner, Mr. Madero said to-day:

"The members of the Legislatures, though they should be elected by the people, really never have been, and they have constituted heretofore merely a machinery by which Gen. Diaz has put his Governors in charge. We will change all this in time, but for the present we must put in power the provisional Governors of our party.

"Señor Carranza is the popular choice of the people. Two years ago he was the candidate for Governor, and had we had free elections he surely would have been elected. I have given orders to our troops near Saltillo to march on the city if necessary, but I am sure that the Federal Government will co-operate with us in making the Legislature respond to the real will of the people."

Should the Legislature continue to resist the demands of Madero, the procedure would be the entry of the insurrecto army, probably with the permission of the Federals, and the arrest of the members of the Legislature. Señor Carranza would then be declared Provisional Governor.

In Chihuahua, Sonora, and Sinaloa, where the rebels have named provisional Governors, Mr. Madero said there was no trouble as he had received assurances from the Legislatures that the Governors appointed by the revolutionists would be inducted into office at the earliest possible opportunity.

A matter that Mr. Madero has taken up is the crushing of the rebellion in Lower California, led by the Socialist Ricardo Flores Magon, who refused to abide by the peace agreement. Mr. Madero has offered the command of the troops to send into that State to Gen. B. J. Viljoen, the ex-Boer officer, and Gen. Viljoen has accepted. If present plans do not miscarry he expects to start with between 1,000 and 2,000 troops for Lower California next Sunday or Monday. The Federal troops now fighting the Magonistas, will operate with the Madero forces.

Mr. Madero received the announcement of Gen. Diaz's resignation at 7:15 to-night, and made this statement:

"I am glad indeed to receive this good news. The first great thing for which the revolution was started has been achieved. A great burden has been removed from the backs of the Mexican people, and I, in common with all of our people, rejoice. Too much importance cannot be attached to the resignation of Señor Diaz. His retirement shows conclusively that the Federal Government is acting in good faith with us and means to make good its promises. The way is now open for negotiations which will lead to peace throughout the republic and prosperity for all of its people. I shall not retire from the Provisional Presidency until I reach Mexico City and confer with Señor de la Barra, who, I understand, has assumed the reins of government."

Mr. Madero was asked for an expression about the riots in Mexico City last night.

"That was an instance of a people," he said, "tasting for the first time the joys of free speech and I hardly think they are to be blamed for celebrating such a great event in Mexican history. The firing on them was in accordance with the Diaz way of doing things. That the people made the demonstration a very positive one and that they resented the failure of Diaz and Corral to resign yesterday is but natural when you remember how often they have been fooled before this."

Another matter touched on was the reported killing of more than 200 Chinamen in the City of Torreon following the capture of that place by the insurrectos.

"If those Chinamen are blameless in that matter," Mr. Madero said, "those who killed them will be held responsible and punished. However, I think the report may be incorrect as to the number killed, for I hardly think there were so many in the city. On the other hand if it is proved that the Chinamen were the aggressors and fired first, that too will have to be taken into consideration."

Mr. Madero was asked as to his journey to the capital. He replied that his plans still were unsettled. He said that he was anxious to go by the Mexican Central, as he wanted to meet and talk to the people of the States of Chihuahua, Coahuila, Zacatecas, and Aguas Calientes. He wants to tell them that their property rights will be upheld and to assure any who may have doubts that the peace agreement is a bona fide document, that the reforms promised by the revolutionists will be carried out. The Mexican Central is being repaired as rapidly as possible, and officials of the road say they expect to have the line in operation in about one week.

WOMAN MUST PAY $1,933 FINE

Mrs. Shapiro Otherwise Will Be Sent to Jail for Contempt.

The largest fine ever inflicted for contempt of court in the City Court, and the largest fine ever imposed on a woman for that offense in New York County, was imposed yesterday on Mrs. Sophie Shapiro by Judge Schmuck in the City Court. Judge Schmuck ordered Mrs. Shapiro, wife of Isaac Shapiro, a real estate dealer, and judgment creditor for $1,423, to pay a fine of $1,933 within thirty days or go to jail.

Mrs. Shapiro was fined for failing to obey a summons to appear and testify in supplementary proceedings brought against her husband on a judgment in favor of Whitley P. Westvelt. She and several witnesses testified that the summons was not served on her, and that she was absent from home on the occasion on which the process server said he had given her the paper. The date was Friday, May 13, 1910. Judge Schmuck ruled that there was no good ground for believing that Mrs. Shapiro and her witnesses were right in fixing on that as the date of her absence from home.

Mother of Eight Children Needs Aid.

A woman whose husband died last Wednesday is left with eight children, and no means of support save the joint earnings, $13, of the two eldest, who are office boys. The eldest is 14 years old, the youngest 3 months old. The mother has to pay an extra rent because of the number and age of the children. An appeal is made to any one who owns a building with two or three living rooms to offer them to this woman at a rental of $10 a month. The husband and one boy were out of work five and seven weeks, respectively, prior to the former's death, and the small savings were used up during that time.

BLIND MAN FALLS TO DEATH.

Left Alone by His Niece, Who Attended Him, He Gets to a Window.

On her deathbed, eight years ago, Mrs. Thomas Fry obtained a promise from Mrs. Susan Boyd, her niece, that as long as Mr. Fry lived she would care for him. So, after his wife's death, Fry, then 84 years old, went to live with Mrs. Boyd at 212 St. Nicholas Avenue. Mrs. Boyd, herself 52 years old, was a widow without children, and the two persons lived alone in Mrs. Boyd's apartment.

Until Mr. Fry became blind, three years ago, Mrs. Boyd had little trouble in keeping her promise to her aunt to care for the old man. He went each day to Morningside Park to get the sun and air, and was able, despite his advanced age, to take care of himself.

In the last three years, however, Mrs. Boyd found it more difficult to look after the old man. After his sight left him he wanted always to sit beside an open window breathing the fresh air and dreaming of former scenes which the sounds from the street conjured up in his mind. It was in vain that Mrs. Boyd cautioned the old man against sitting too close to an open window; whenever her back was turned he would feel his way across the room and take the seat for which he always longed.

Yesterday Mrs. Boyd had to go to market. Usually she took Mr. Fry with her, as much to see that no accident befell him as to give him the benefit of the air and the exercise. But recently the old man had a spell of grip and was still too weak to go abroad. He was reclining on a lounge in his room when Mrs. Boyd left the house, and with a final caution not to go near a window she started on her marketing.

It was after her usual time when Mrs. Boyd returned, for there had been crowds in all the stores, and she hurried homeward, anxious to arrive before her uncle should rouse himself from his nap and perhaps seek his seat by the window. As she turned the corner of 121st Street she saw a crowd on the sidewalk. At the curbstone was an ambulance, and some one told her that the old man had fallen from a window.

Mrs. Boyd was almost crazed with grief, blaming herself for having left the old man alone and for having allowed herself to be delayed in returning home. In her distraction she started for Bellevue Hospital, believing the old man would be taken there. It took her more than an hour to make the trip, and then she learned that she should have gone to Harlem Hospital. She reached Harlem Hospital just before 5 o'clock.

An attendant listened to her request for information of Mr. Fry and then he called a nurse. The girl came, and as gently as she could told Mrs. Boyd that her uncle had died a few moments before. Had she gone direct to Harlem Hospital instead of to Bellevue she would have arrived in time. Her only consolation was that the old man would not have known her anyway, for the fall from the fourth-story window had fractured his skull and he never regained his senses.

LENIENCY TO DUVEEN DEFENDED BY JUDGE

Continued from Page 1.

take these articles to the Appraiser's Stores. The result was that they would not make any payments to the Duveens until the atmosphere cleared.

"In order to get the money due it from the Duveens, Parr's Bank saw it was necessary for the art importers to be able to make collections over here. This could only be done by a release by the Government on all claims to these purchases. To bring this about, then, Parr's Bank caused the settlement to be negotiated with the American Government, and put up the money with which restitution was made."

Reference was made to the statement by Judge Martin that the Duveen undervaluations and smuggling had gone on in previous administrations of the customs service, though not in Mr. Loeb's, and that Judge Martin had explicitly stated from the bench yesterday morning that he did not refer to Mr. Loeb's administration. Mr. Loeb was then asked what had become of those Appraisers who permitted the Duveen smuggling and undervaluation.

Duveens Not Easy on Competitors.

"The Judges and the District Attorney know, and I think the public knows, that it has been my administration which has dumped all these smugglers and violators into the District Attorney's office," he said. "As for the guilty or negligent appraisers, the new Appraiser of the Port, Mr. Bird, has discharged quite a large number of those found to be either crooked or incompetent, and I don't think he is through housecleaning yet.

"But the Duveens imposed on the honest appraisers more than other importers could have done. The Duveens were regarded as at the head of their business here and their standing for uprightness was unquestioned. In the cases of many of the finest Duveen importations the appraisers, who were less expert than they, were willing to rely in a large measure on the valuation fixed by the Duveens themselves. Not only so, but the appraisers' office frequently invited one of the Duveen brothers to pass expert judgment on importations brought in by other art dealers. In such cases, the appraisers noticed, the Duveens always put the value above that given in the certification, and the appraisers concluded from this that the Duveens must be honest and anxious to protect the Government."

Mr. Loeb smiled broadly as he said this, indicating how this once famous art firm had made money both ways, undervaluing or smuggling in their own goods and forcing their competitors to pay big, round sums of duty, thus making dangerous competition with them impossible.

Mr. Loeb also explained how the Government was protected from loss by the payment of $1,200,000.

"Half of this amount," he said, "was for duties due the Government and the other half the penalty for failure to pay those duties. This is more than the Government could probably collect by civil suits and probably all that the firm owed the Government if the duties had been paid in full without penalty, because the true valuation is what was paid for the art objects in Europe, not what they are estimated to be worth here, which is 60 per cent. plus their purchase price."

Frauds Continued Up to Time of Raid.

According to Mr. Loeb, the Duveens smuggled or undervalued up to the day of the raid, and that was the reason, he said, Henry Duveen was arrested on shipboard when he was returning from Europe.

"We learned from our chief source of information," said Mr. Loeb, "that he was bringing in an undervalued antique rug on the very ship which brought him, and had papers on him to prove it. We got those papers, and we found that he had this rug invoiced at $1,500. The rug was sent to the Appraiser's Stores, and the head of one of the largest art galleries of the city was sent down there to take a look at the rug.

"'Certainly, I know that rug,' said he as soon as he saw it. He described it as a quarter section of the rug which was taken from the tomb of a Sultan of the fourteenth or fifteenth century. 'It is worth at least $15,000,' declared the expert, and yet Duveen was preparing to get it by the Appraisers at a valuation of one-tenth that sum."

When Mr. Stanchfield, Duveen's attorney, was informed of Mr. Loeb's statement that the payment to the Government was no restitution at all, but a financial transaction to save money to a London banking house, the lawyer replied:

"I will not say that that is not true, but it is true that Messrs. Duveen united in the movement to repay the Government."

He did not care to make any further comment on the case.

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LORIMER'S EXPULSION SAID TO BE CERTAIN

New Evidence Connecting Senator with Corruption Plan Gives Excuse for Vote Changes.

TO PROBE JACKPOT FUND

Republicans Will Accept Democratic Resolution Ordering a Reopening of the Lorimer Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Republican leaders of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections have decided to accept the Democratic resolution ordering a reopening of the Lorimer investigation, and when the vote is reached, probably to-morrow, Senator Dillingham, the Chairman, will simply not present his proposed substitute to the La Follette plan for a special committee, and let the Democratic substitute be adopted with the support of the regular Republican vote. This means that the full committee will be instructed to proceed to the further probing of the corruption charged against the election of Senator Lorimer.

This decision on the part of the Republicans destroys what little chance the La Follette resolution ever had, with its unprecedented attempt to refer the election case to a special committee namd in the resolution to consist of five Senators serving their first term in the Senate. The La Follette plans was as distasteful to the old Democrats as it was to the members of the committee who felt that the resolution taking the election case out of their hands was a direct slap at the integrity of the committee, but at a conference of the minority Senators this morning it developed that four or five Democrats would bolt the Democratic plan and support Mr. La Follette.

Though the vote in the Democratic conference was overwhelmingly in support of the resolution drafted by the steering committee and introduced by Mr. Martin, the meeting was not a peaceful one.

A speech by Mr. Bailey urging the four or five dissenting Senators to accept the voice of the majority of their party raised a sharp protest from Mr. Martine of New Jersey, a new and quite radical Senator, and the debate following was short and sharp. In spite of this, however, the party will present a nearly solid front and the passage of the pending Democratic resolution is assured.

This plan is not fundamentally distasteful to Mr. La Follette himself, and he is understood to have expressed an intention of voting for it, once his own plan is defeated. Mr. Dillingham in offering his resolution for an investigation by sub-committee was actuated chiefly by a desire to vindicate his committee to the Senate. The Democratic plan does this fully to his satisfaction, and as the only difference is that the full committee is directed to investigate and specifically directed to look into the "jack pot" fund he is glad to accept the Democratic plan as the easiest way to defeat the La Follette resolution.

The feeling in the Senate now is that the ultimate expulsion of Mr. Lorimer is certain. An influential member of the Committee on Privileges and Elections who last session voted for Mr. Lorimer talked to-day in a way that made it plain that the new evidence brought out in Illinois had convinced him that he had made a mistake. Mr. La Follette has already announced his purpose of definitely connecting Mr. Lorimer personally with the corruption used in his behalf, and in the opinion of some of the men who formerly voted for Mr. Lorimer that connection has already been established. The new investigation and the new testimony will give ample excuse to Senators for changing their votes over to the anti-Lorimer column, and many of them are eager for the chance.

Mr. La Follette did not get an opportunity to conclude his speech to-day, but he is expected to do so to-morrow. Then Mr. Dillingham will make a brief statement and the voting will begin.

MASONS AT ST. MICHAEL'S.

Attend Ascension Day Service in a Body—Bishop Burch Preaches.

Ascension Day was celebrated in St. Michael's Episcopal Church, Ninety-ninth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, last night with a Masonic service, conducted by the Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch. The programme began with Mendelssohn's "War March of the Priests," after which the Masons entered, led by Grand Master Robert Judson Kenworthy and his staff.

Among the clergymen present were the Revs. C. A. Brown, Caleb Stetson, P. Bingler, W. German, L. Ashmead, Archdeacon Fred. B. Van Kleeck, and the Revs. Dr. McCready anad W. R. Watson.

Bishop Burch in his sermon said that Masonry should stand for the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. He said the reason why this does not show itself more frequently is because each man does not realize that he has a sense of brotherhood to others.

"All should live spiritual lives," he added. "A spiritual motive should be back of everything we do and think. If this is followed the friction between the masses and the clashes between employes and employers will disappear."

The closing prayers and benediction were pronounced by Archdeacon Van Kleeck.

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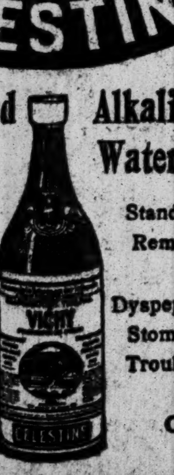

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WOULD HAVE POLICE WEAR A RED CROSS

John Kingsbury Tells the Mayors to Make Officers Skillful in First Aid to the Injured.

GOV. DIX IN ATTENDANCE

Conference Hears Municipal Suggestions by Edwin A. Fisher of Rochester and Lawson Purdy of New York.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 25.—One of the interesting events of the Mayors' conference being held here, was the presence to-day of Gov. John A. Dix, who reached here with his staff on the Central train stopping at 1:35 P. M. The Governor spoke on "The Attitude of the State Toward Municipality."

At the close of his address the convention adjourned, and the Governor, Mayors, and delegates boarded the steamer Hendrick Hudson and sailed to West Point, where the Governor was received with military honors by the post officials and cadets. Mrs. Dix accompanied the Governor to Poughkeepsie and was entertained by Mrs. James W. Hinckley at her home, Eden Hill.

This afternoon Mayor Charles Duryee of Schenectady presided at the convention. Edwin A. Fisher, City Engineer of Rochester, N. Y., in an address on "Paving and the Care of the Streets," urged the Mayors, as the responsible actual managers of their municipalities, to emulate the example of successful public service corporation Managers and not only permit, but insist, that heads of departments become active members of societies dealing with matters pertaining to their several departments and bureaus.

Mr. Fisher advocated a model ordinance calling for a twenty-six-foot roadway in streets without car tracks; in residence streets where there are double tracks the minimum width should be fifty feet. Guarantees for standard pavements he thought should be limited to material and workmanship for a period of five years; for resurfaced streets and sidewalks three years are sufficient.

In a paper read by John Kingsbury, General Agent of the New York Association for Improving Conditions of the Poor, attention was given to the numerous ways the police force can be made socially useful. He suggested that if a policeman must carry a club in his hand he would have him wear a red cross on his arm and be thoroughly skilled in the principles of first aid to the injured. More service such as that of the Traffic Squad would cause the uniform he wears to become as welcome and as highly respected as the white cap and gown of the nurse with the red cross on her sleeve. The social usefulness of the police simply means taking him out of politics and putting him into social work.

Mayor Otto Pfaff of Oneida presided at the convention session to-night. The speakers included Edward L. Heydecker, Assistant Tax Commissioner, and Lawson Purdy, President of the Department of Taxation and Assessment of New York City, and United States Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, whose subject was "Commission Government."

O'REILLY BREAKS DOWN.

Inquires Sorrowfully for His Wife and Children Upon Meeting Brother.

For the first time since his conviction Daniel O'Reilly, the lawyer, who was found guilty of receiving stolen property in connection with the robbery of $87,000 worth of securities from Aaron Brancroft, showed the mental strain he had been under yesterday when he broke down upon seeing his brother, Joseph O'Reilly, who is a court attendant in Special Sessions.

Daniel O'Reilly spent a restless night in the Tombs, and the first word he uttered upon seeing his brother yesterday was in regard to his wife, for whom he inquired in a broken voice, saying:

"For God's sake, Joe, how is she and how are the kiddies?"

The two brothers talked together for a long time. Joseph O'Reilly went out and bought some cigars for his brother, and telephoned to Dan's wife, who is said to be ill.

Abraham Levy, counsel for O'Reilly, said that after his client had been sentenced he would apply for a certificate of reasonable doubt as a preliminary step for an appeal of the case.

When O'Reilly is arraigned to-day before Justice Davis he will not be sentenced, as it has been decided to postpone sentence until next week.

There is a peculiar provision in the law which provides a maximum term of five years in Sing Sing or a fine of $250 or both, while the same section also provides a sentence of six months in the penitentiary. It is believed that O'Reilly will receive a prison sentence.

Strike on New Municipal Building.

The 200 drivers employed in hauling material to the new municipal building went on strike yesterday to force the discharge of nine alleged non-union men employed in the hauling of granite to the building. The strike was ordered by the New York District Council of the Teamsters' Unions. The men had made one trip when the walking delegate representing the District Council appeared and called them out.

NEW POLICE HEAD MAKES NIGHT TOUR

Waldo Swings Through Five Boroughs to Get Acquainted with the Commanders.

NOT A SPOTTING EXPEDITION

Has Busy Day at Headquarters and Walks the Bridge with Gaynor, Discussing Changes.

Police Commissioner Waldo, accompanied by Chief Inspector Max Schmittberger and Inspector Russell, head of the Detective Bureau, made an automobile tour of the city last night, visiting a dozen or more police station, inspecting the men on duty, and questioning Captains and Lieutenants as to conditions. All five boroughs were visited by the new Commissioner and his escort, and when the trip ended, about 1 o'clock this morning, at the Tenderloin station in West Thirtieth Street, Commissioner Waldo expressed himself as satisfied with what he had seen.

It was the first time Mr. Waldo had visited the station houses since his appointment on Tuesday by Mayor Gaynor. It was also the first time a Police Commissioner, since the days of Col. Roosevelt, had covered so large a part of the city in a night inspection tour. About fifty miles were traveled, and during the trip there was a relay of automobiles. The tour ended a strenuous day for the new Police Commissioner.

The appearance of the Commissioner and the two Inspectors was a surprise to the officers and men at every station visited. There was no tip, "the Commissioner is coming," as in the old days.

Leaving Police Headquarters at 9 o'clock last night the party proceeded to the Old Slip Station, which is in charge of Capt. William Hogan. There the reserves were called out for inspection. Commissioner Waldo went through the station, chatted with the officers in charge, said a few words to the men, and then went to the Harbor Station, at Pier A, which is in command of Acting Capt. Frederick J. Mott. There the same inspection was made.

Leaving there, the police officials boarded a Staten Island ferryboat in their automobile and were soon at the Stapleton (S. I.) Police Station. There they were greeted by Capt. Edward C. Barnett. Next the police boat Patrol carried the inspection party to the Government Pier in Brooklyn, which is not far from the Fort Hamilton Police Station. There they were met by Commissioner Waldo's own automobile. After a hasty inspection of the Fort Hamilton Police Station, they proceeded to the Butler Street Station, Flatbush, in command of Capt. John Dulfer, and then went on to the Brownsville Station at 2 Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn. They were greeted there by Capt. Isaac Frank, who showed them through the station.

Into Queens Borough the inspection party next went, and visited the Long Island City Station, where Lieut. W. Frank Peabody, at one time a leading light in the Detective Bureau, is now stationed. Crossing the Queensboro Bridge, Commissioner Waldo and the two inspectors proceeded to the East 126th Street Station, in charge of Capt. Thomas W. Walsh.

The Alexander Avenue Station in the Bronx was also visited, as well as the West 125th Street Station. When the Commissioner arrived at the Tenderloin Station he was tired out.

"Last night's expedition was not a 'spotting' tour in any sense of the word, Commissioner Waldo explained. It was merely to enable him to get a better grasp on the police situation and to familiarize himself with the precincts and the precinct commanders. Several years have elapsed since Mr. Waldo was a Deputy Police Commissioner, and there have been many changes in the precincts.

Commissioner Waldo, after a busy day at Headquarters, walked across Brooklyn Bridge with Mayor Gaynor late in the afternoon and discussed several changes to be made in the department. One is reported to be the appointment of a new First Deputy Commissioner in place of Clement J. Driscoll. The Mayor, it is understood, has left this matter entirely to the new Commissioner.

The three-platoon system was also discussed during the walk across the bridge. Commissioner Waldo is on record as being favorably impressed with this plan, in place of the five-platoon system inaugurated by Gen. Bingham.

One change already made is the abolition of numbers on the Police Lieutenants' badges. The Lieutenants have long objected to being numbered as are the policemen, but Commissioner Cropsey ignored repeated requests for removal of the figures.

One definite policy of the new Commissioner has already been made known to the men. It is that the men under him need expect no "coddling," that he will deal with violators of the rules with a firm hand, and that the old system of light fines for small offenses will be abandoned.

Commissioner Waldo appeared unexpectedly in the trialroom at Headquarters yesterday, where thirty-eight policemen were under charges. He took the place of Third Deputy Commissioner Walsh for a short time, and heard cases himself. In nearly every instance Commissioner Waldo's comment was that he did not like the excuses offered by the policemen, and imposed fines of ten to fifteen days' pay.

Policeman William F. Gatewood of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station was the first to be heard by the Commissioner. He was charged with being off post from 8:30 to 9:30 o'clock on the morning of May 9. Sergt. Cashel was the complainant. Gatewood insisted that he was on post all the time. He had Engineer John Cusak of 56 Fire Engine Company as a witness. Cusak said he remembered seeing Gatewood pass the engine house during the time he was charged with being off post.

"I don't like the excuse," said Commissioner Waldo. "I fine you ten days' pay."

Policeman Peter F. Brady of the East Eightieth Street Station was charged with being off post, and with leaving a restaurant at 2:10 o'clock in the morning. Brady insisted that he had been called into the restaurant to quell a disturbance. Commissioner Waldo said he didn't take much stock in the excuse, and fined Brady fifteen days' pay.

Policeman Joseph F. Brown of the West Forty-seventh Street Station was accused of being absent from reserve call at 2 P. M. on May 9, and of not reporting until May 12. He said he had sent a messenger to the station, and thought that he had been officially reported ill. Commissioner Waldo made no comment, but imposed a fine of ten days' pay.

Policeman William J. Wynn of the Madison Street Station was fined ten days' pay for being absent from an outgoing roll call on May 13. A charge of insolence to a superior officer was lodged against Policeman Bernard McLaughlin of the Health Squad. He was also charged with being late at roll call. McLaughlin said he could not help being late, and that he was not insolent. He was fined ten days' pay.

The last case heard by the Commissioner was that of Policeman Daniel N. Neutte of the Highbridge Station. He was charged with being late for the outgoing roll call. His excuse was that his clock was slow. He was fined five days' pay.

It was learned last night that one of Commissioner Waldo's first official acts was to send a squad of ten men out to drive the professional mendicants off the streets. The Mendicant Squad started out Wednesday night and arrested a dozen or more men in Fifth and Sixth Avenues. Last night they were out again and arrested several beggars. These mendicants and others who insult persons who refuse to help them were complained of by Magistrate Corrigan before the Crime Grand Jury a few weeks ago.

O'BRIEN WON'T BE TRIED.

Indictment Against Dismissed Inspector Quashed in Court.

Ex-Police Inspector John J. O'Brien will not be called upon to stand trial for neglect of duty because he has been dismissed from the force. On motion of District Attorney Clarke yesterday the indictment against O'Brien was quashed by Judge Fawcett in the County Court, Brooklyn. Like charges against eleven other policemen who were indicted with O'Brien were also dismissed.

"On the hearing of the charges against O'Brien," said the District Attorney, "there were 3,750 pages of testimony taken. The trial of O'Brien on this charge would occupy a month, and as he has been dismissed from the force I do not believe conditions require a trial of this case against him. I therefore recommend the dismissal of the indictments.

"I do not believe there is sufficient evidence against the other defendants to justify a conviction of neglect of duty."

The indictment of O'Brien and the others followed an investigation of conditions at Coney Island made last Summer by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick. O'Brien was tried by the Police Commissioner in October on charges of neglect of duty. Commissioner Cropsey waited until the last hour of his stay in the Police Department before dismissing O'Brien.

O'Brien is said to be preparing to fight in the courts against the ruling of the Commissioner. He continues to report daily for duty at Police Headquarters.

ACCUSE POLICEMAN OF THEFT

He Is Arrested on a Charge of Pilfering a Bottle of Cream.

Leonard S. Stephenson, a patrolman of the Classon Avenue Station, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday afternoon at his home, 67 North Oxford Street, Brooklyn, on a warrant issued by Magistrate Harris of the Gates Avenue Police Court. In it Benjamin Gittens, janitor of the apartment house at 360 Franklin Avenue, accused the policeman of stealing a bottle of cream.

Gittens told Magistrate Harris in applying for the warrant that on Monday morning his son, Lester, had seen Stephenson take the cream from the steps of the house, and that he had protested and called his father. Gittens said he argued with the policeman, who, after threatening to beat him, finally handed the cream to the boy, saying he had taken it as a joke.

Stephenson made no statement to Magistrate Harris but pleaded not guilty to the charge, and was paroled for a hearing this morning. His is the second case in a week of a policeman in Brooklyn being accused of stealing milk.

Police Auto Strikes a Child.

Deputy Police Commissioner Clement J. Driscoll was in a department automobile operated by Policeman William Finnegan which yesterday struck 12-year-old Angelina Rocco of 111 Mulberry Street. Driscoll took the child in the car to the Elizabeth Street Station, where an ambulance was called from the Hudson Street Hospital. The child's right hand was cut. She went home after the wound was dressed.

200 STUDENTS IN COURT.

Appear in Defense of a Columbia Instructor Arrested at a Celebration.

Nearly 200 students of Columbia University were in the Night Court early yesterday when the case of Rudolf Altrocchi, an Italian instructor at the university, came up. The instructor had been arrested at Amsterdam Avenue and 115th Street about midnight by Patrolman Kelleher of the West 125th Street Station because, the policeman alleged, he had been guilty of disorderly conduct and refused to move on when ordered to do so.

Kelleher told Magistrate Kernochan that he found a huge bonfire on the avenue, and that a hundred enthusiastic young men were feeding the flames with barrels, old furniture, and everything inflammable. The windows of the dormitories, Livingston and Hartley Halls, were thronged with students, who threw "incandescent balls" at him and cheered the fire feeders. When he arrived at the scene a ring was formed and fifty or sixty students danced around him, singing and jeering. He said he ordered them to desist, and all moved away but Altrocchi.

Altrocchi explained that he was standing in the doorway of Livingston Hall watching the celebration, and did not interfere until Kelleher drew his revolver.

"Then I went up to him, and, taking out pencil and paper, asked for his number. Then he locked me up," said the prisoner.

The Magistrate discharged Altrocchi. The cause of the bonfire and cheering was a smoker held in Hartley Hall. Three Trustees and many graduates were there to celebrate the victory of the crew over the Navy on May 13.

BOY DESCRIBES A KILLING.

Makes It Appear Mrs. Pignatelli Slew Antorino to Save Her Own Life.

Ten-year-old Michael Pignatelli testified yesterday in behalf of his mother, who is on trial for the murder of Antonio Antorino in the Court of Oyer and Terminer in Newark. The boy said that his mother had sent him to Antorino to get $2.40 belonging to his father. Antorino said that he would bring it himself. Michael and Antorino went together to Mrs. Pignatelli's house. They entered by the rear door and found her caring for her little ones, one of which was in her arms.

Antorino caught his mother by the throat and forced her into a chair. She placed the baby in a crib, but as soon as she was free Antorino caught her again and forced her back over a table, while he held a knife over her and said that he would kill her. The boy declared that Antorino threatened to take his life if he made an outcry.

In the struggle the boy said he saw his mother grasp a knife from the table and stab Antorino.

Mrs. Pignatelli, testifying in her own behalf, told of the occurrences immediately preceding her killing of Antorino, sticking closely to the story of the alleged struggle between herself and the man she killed and of his desperate attempt to kill her.

DEATH STOPS A TRIAL.

Mrs. Hagney Goes to Prosecute, Learns Her Husband Is Dead.

Emil Hagney, a butcher living in 14 Franklin Street, Long Island City, did not appear when his case was called by Magistrate Gilroy in the Long Island City Court yesterday morning. He had died last Saturday in St. John's Hospital and had been buried in Potter's Field.

On complaint of his wife, Lena Hagney, he had been arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct. Mrs. Hagney who did not know of his death was on hand to take the witness stand. Three times the court clerk called for Hagney but there was no response, and a moment later an attendant told the court that a man named Hagney had died in St. John's Hospital. Inquiry at the hospital confirmed the report and Mrs. Hagney collapsed when she learned he was dead and buried.

When first arraigned on his wife's complaint, Hagney was released on parole but was arrested later and sent to jail by Magistrate Smith. There he became ill and was removed on May 17 to the hospital where he died.

HELD AS OPIUM SMUGGLERS.

Railroad Employes Suspected of Selling Drug to Chinese Dives Here.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—With the arrest of two employes of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, who gave their names as Stevens and Funk, customs officials think they have part of a band which has been supplying opium to Chinese dives in New York.

It is said that since the importation of smoking opium was prohibited by law last year its price has risen from $6 to $50 a pound, and that smuggling is on the increase.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:01—122 West 77th St.; B. McGovern	$25
12:45—261 East 149th St.; L. McGowan	$500
8:55—330 East 65th St.; Max Weiss	$50
9:35—243 Stanton St.; Samuel Greiber	$10
10:30—86 West 98th St.; Theresa Morgan	Slight
10:45—1,521 Fulton Av.; Jacob Brosky	$20
11:55—1,339 5th Av.; Israel Mofchowsky	$30
P. M.	
12:01—55 Delancey St.; Sadie Fox	$10
12:15—Opposite 85th St. and 6th Av.; Interborough Railroad Company	$10
1:05—626 East 11th St.; Mrs. T. Adler	Trifling
1:40—205 East 7th St.; J. Josephorwitz	$100
1:50—545 West 50th St.; Sarah Kehoe	Trifling
3:10—158 Allen St.; Hattie Nettish	$600
4:05—202 Broome St.; Michael Folemack	Trifling
7:15—1,827 Washington Av.; J. Panbles	$10
8:25—45 Ludlow St.; Harry Robisch	$50
8:35—442 East 86th St.; L. M. Reiss	$25
8:40—162 East Houston St.; J. Germansky	$5
8:50—236 West 67th St.; James Fagen	Trifling
9:15—52d St. and 10th Av.; unknown	Trifling

LEADER McGUIRE RESIGNS

But Bronx Democrats Ask Him to Reconsider and Stick.

Eugene J. McGuire, Democratic leader of the Thirty-second Assembly District, south side, the Bronx, tendered his resignation last night to the General Committee of the district. By unanimous vote it was determined to ask Mr. McGuire to reconsider his resignation, and a committee of eleven was named to convey this request to him and to express to him the complete confidence and indorsement of his constituents.

In his letter of resignation Mr. McGuire pleaded private business reasons and adverse political conditions.

Doctor's Son, in Auto, Kills a Child.

Two-year-old Michael Powers was struck by an automobile and killed instantly yesterday in sight of his mother, at Second and Cole Streets, Jersey City. Roy, a son of Dr. John Mooney of 128 Kensington Avenue, was driving the car, which struck the child just as it turned into Second Street. Mooney was arrested.

Men's Needs for Decoration Day—at Saks'

¶ You may be going coastwards for the ozone and to renew the pleasures of a dip; you may contemplate a restful day or two on a farm, there to browse on fiction and eggs; you may be affectionately assembling your golf sticks and picturing that you are going to make Travis look like a child with a ball of yarn; you may be arranging your fishing tackle and lying about a mythical catch; you may own a car or have a friend who owns one for you and be planning to forsake the vitiated atmosphere of the city for the dust of country roads—but whatever your plans for a holiday trip, make a mental note of this—

Whether for walking or riding or driving or motoring or fishing or golfing or shooting or traveling or swimming or sleeping or dining, we carry the sartorial equipment.

In the Men's Hat Department

¶ Blum & Koch straws in a profusion of shapes,
in Milans, splits, sennits, Mackinaws and Italian Leghorns............3.00 to 6.00

¶ The Rainproof Straw is another specialty of ours.
It takes to water like a duck. And a damp cloth will renovate it when soiled..3.00

¶ English Sennits, with famous "Ivy Sweatband," which allows for ventilation. Easiest fitting hat in the world. *Not permanently oval, no such restriction having been placed upon it.* Will adjust itself to a nicety, whether your head is oval, round, square, oblong, or hexagonal. And we defy a hurricane to blow it off..................3.00

¶ A complete line of splits, sennits and Mackinaws, in a splendid assortment of shapes, for the man who considers two dollars enough for the privilege of being in style.

Siamese Bangkoks,......value 5.00.......now 3.50
Panamas all the way from............5.00 to 25.00

Sale of Men's Combination Suits

Friday and Saturday

¶ This sale nets you a saving of half a dollar on every garment you buy. And if this ratio of saving obtained in all your expenditures, you would be able to save about half of your income. The fact that such economy is exceptional and not general is therefore the best reason in the world why you should avail yourself of it when opportunity offers. Notably in this instance.

¶ Athletic Combination Suits, made of fine count white nainsook,
of large check design. Elastic shoulders and back...Value 1.50 Special at 1.00

¶ Ribbed Combination Suits, very elastic, made of fine combed lisle,
in white or ecru, and with long or short sleeves.....Value 1.75 Special at 1.25

Sale of Men's Negligee Shirts at 1.45

Values 2.00 and 2.50—Friday and Saturday

¶ Made of soft mercerized silk and linen or imported Madras, in plain or pleated bosoms, all coat style, with double or single cuffs.

¶ Some of these shirts have collars to match. Colors are plain blue, tan, helio, grey or white. All sizes, all sleeve lengths and innumerable patterns.

¶ Sold on our Main Floor, they are literally and figuratively "ground floor" values! The excellence of the fabrics and designs, the quality of the workmanship and the economy in price, make this shirt offering one of the best ever announced.

¶ If you cannot call now, 'phone us to select and set aside half a dozen of the most attractive designs before the other fellow gets them.

How about a Bathing Suit?

¶ Full fashioned, all worsted bathing suits in light or dark Oxford or navy blue. Stripes at sleeves and knees to show where you begin and the suit leaves off. 2.50

¶ French knit bathing suits in light or dark Oxford, black or navy, plain or with stripes. Also circumferential stripes to imitate the college yells! 5.00

¶ Bathing Suits made in the new rack stitch which is designed to shed water quickly. Light or dark Oxford. Breast pocket. Fancy heather stripes or plain. 5.50

The Saks Travel Department

¶ Whether you are going away for a day or a week or a month or a year, Saks' is conceded to be the store above all others for travel requisites. Prove it for yourself!

London made Kit Bags	13.50 to 21.50
Sole Leather Suit Cases	5.00 to 95.00
Indestructo Trunks	26.50 and 27.50
Saks Special Trunks	15.50 to 75.00
Auto Trunks	8.50 to 60.00

Saks-Made Clothes, 15.00 to 25.00

¶ Excellence in Saks-made clothes takes no account of price. You cannot get inferior workmanship from high-class labor any more than you can get duck eggs from a hen!

¶ A Saks garment at fifteen dollars and one at forty dollars are uniform in quality of workmanship, perfection of finish and the individuality of their lines. This, of course, is unusual and attributable solely to the fact that we are makers of clothes and not clothes-handlers.

¶ The average fifteen dollar garment carries the earmark of price. It can never live down the stigma of inferior origin. It is all economy and no style, which is extravagance without reason.

¶ On the other hand, a Saks-made garment at fifteen dollars, designed, cut, tailored and finished by the same labor that makes our higher priced clothes, exhibits all the niceties of style and confines economy to the lining and the fabric.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

TAFT PRAISED FOR PEACE INITIATIVE

Ex-Secretary Foster, at Lake Mohonk, Says That Roosevelt Will "Fall in Line."

CANADA'S FERVENT PRAYER

Senator Dandurand Prophesies France's Early Adhesion—Plans for Treaty of Ghent Celebration.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., May 25.—At to-day's session of the International Peace Conference the topics of discussion were "An International Court," "Unlimited Anglo-American Arbitration," and "A Century of Anglo-American Peace." Among the speakers were Thomas Raeburn White of Philadelphia, Prof. Paul D. Reinsch of the University of Wisconsin, Senator Raoul Dandurand of Montreal, John W. Foster, ex-Secretary of State; William Dudley Foulke of Indiana, Sir William Mullock, Chief Justice of Ontario; Gov. A. C. Eberhart of Minnesota, and Dr. James L. Tryon of Boston. President Taft was praised for his initiative in behalf of universal peace.

The National Committee on Celebrating the Signing of the Treaty of Ghent reported, through its Secretary, Andrew B. Humphrey, that its organization was now complete with ex-President Roosevelt as Honorary Chairman, ex-Vice Presidents Morton, Stevenson, and Fairbanks, and all the Governors and many of the ex-Governors of States, and many Ambassadors and Ministers as Honorary Vice Chairmen, and Mr. Carnegie as National Chairman, and some 800 distinguished men as members, including William J. Bryan, Alton B. Parker, Dean Rogers of Yale, James, Cardinal Gibbons; ex-Ambassador Straus, now a member of The Hague Court; John Barrett, head of Bureau of Latin Republics; Associate Justices Day and Lurton, Messrs. Wilson, MacVeagh, and Wickersham of the President's Cabinet; ex-Secretary Foster, Samuel Gompers, Gens. Miles and Grant, Theodore Harburg, Chairman American Peace Congress; William B. Howland, Bernard H. Baker, and John Hays Hammond, who will represent the committee in England after the coronation ceremonies. A monumet will be erected at Ghent and an international free toll bridge is suggested across the gorge at Niagara Falls. The Fourth American Peace Congress has been invited to meet in Buffalo in 1913 to inaugurate the ceremonies, and the fifth congress will be invited to meet in San Francisco in connection with the Panama Exposition of 1915. Other services will be held for historic reasons in Baltimore, New Orleans, and other cities. It is proposed also to hold an international conference in New York next Winter to perfect international plans, including a world peace congress to be held in 1914 or 1915.

Severe criticism of Theodore Roosevelt's recent public utterances regarding international arbitration marked the speech of John W. Foster. "At the same time," said Mr. Foster, "notwithstanding Mr. Roosevelt's early declaration in opposition to arbitration in general, he has done more than any other living man to advance this cause. Judging the future by the past, in the course of time, after he has played to his heart's content with his favorite terms, 'hypocrisy,' 'cowardice,' 'bad faith,' &c., we may expect this erratic but patriotic citizen to fall in line with the onward march toward international peace and give his support to the great measure which most ennobles the Administration of his successor."

Of the Anglo-American treaty of arbitration now being negotiated Mr. Foster declared that opposition to it in the Senate ought not to be entertained as a serious possibility. The treaty, he said, would place the two Governments on the same footing as each of them has placed its citizens, and would result in similar treaties among other nations.

Senator Dandurand in his address spoke in the highest praise of President Taft's initiative in the negotiations for general arbitration treaties.

"Mr. Taft's offer," he said, "is the most important and serious step toward the goal of universal peace which has been made since creation. The acceptance of the suggestion by Great Britain's foremost representative men, Messrs. Asquith and Balfour, should insure the signing of the treaty.

"Canadians will hail with enthusiasm the conclusion of such a compact, because they will see in it the promise of immunity from ever-increasing armaments."

WANTS CANADA TO STAY BRITISH

Sends Telegram on Arbitration Treaty to the Church of Scotland Assembly.

EDINBURGH, May 25.—Loud and long applause welcomed a message from President Taft on the subject of Anglo-American arbitration, which was delivered to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland here to-day by Dr. J. A. MacDonald of Toronto.

President Taft's message voiced his enthusiasm in favor of a practically unlimited arbitration treaty, and added:

"Say to the Assembly that it is my one sincere desire that Canada shall continue to prosper, flying the British flag and sharing with us the responsibility for North American civilization."

A motion hailing with satisfaction the proposed arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain was adopted by declaration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Negotiations for the proposed arbitration treaty with France have begun.

M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, was at the State Department this morning and spent about an hour with Secretary Knox discussing the draft of a treaty which had been submitted to him by Mr. Knox some days ago. At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Knox said that their talk had been general, but that they had covered several points of the treaty.

The willingness of France to conclude such a convention having been expressed long ago, it is expected now that the final stage of the negotiations will soon be reached.

It was said at the State Department this morning that nothing had been heard from the British Government as yet since the submission of the American draft of the treaty to Ambassador Bryce a week ago.

Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, saw Secretary Knox this morning, but Mr. Knox would not disclose whether or not the Ambassador had brought any word from his Government as to its attitude toward arbitration. It is expected that some word will be received before long in response to the unofficial intimation given by Secretary Knox to the effect that this Government would be glad to conclude with Germany the same kind of treaty that it is negotiating with Great Britain and France.

President Taft is very hopeful of getting these treaties through promptly. He is especially pleased by the news dispatches from Tokio to the effect that there is a possibility that Japan will be willing to make that kind of treaty with the United States.

Thus far there has been no official communication of any sort between this Government and Japan on the subject. The President feels that the negotiation with Japan of a general arbitration treaty along the lines of the proposed conventions with Great Britain and France would be a tremendous step forward. It would have a greater effect than anything else could have in setting at rest once and for all the talk that has so constantly recurred about the possibility or probability of trouble between the two great Pacific powers.

As far as the United States is concerned, there is absolutely nothing in the way of such a treaty with Japan, and this Government would be greatly pleased at the prospect of being able to conclude it. And as far as this Government has had any indication, there is nothing to prevent Japan from taking that step. The attitude of the Japanese Government toward the United States has been most cordial and friendly, and there has been hearty co-operation in the adjustment of every question that has arisen. Thus it is hoped here that the way may be found for the negotiation of an arbitration treaty with Japan as well as with Great Britain and France.

THINKS HE IS AN OX.

Nude Man, Captured in the Bronx, Eats Grass on Way to Hospital.

Two young girls living in the Bronx were on their way to a party last night when their attention was called to a ghostly figure gamboling in a vacant lot at 166th Street and River Avenue. As they turned away it ran after them with a cry of "Wouff," "Wouff." They fled to the nearest building, a saloon.

George Lorenzo of 162 Girard Avenue and several other men who were in the saloon ran to the lot and found a crowd of boys throwing stones at a nude man who was swinging about at top speed in circles. They tried to catch him, but he proved too fleet of foot. Lorenzo called up the Morrisania Police Station and Bicycle Patrolman Flynn arrived. With his assistance the man was captured.

"Once I was a millionaire," he said in German, "now I am an ox. Everybody on earth is going to turn into oxen."

When he was put into a Lebanon Hospital ambulance he cried out loudly for grass. In order to pacify him, Lorenz and Flynn went into the vacant lot and pulled up several handfuls of grass, on which the man fed himself all the way to the hospital. The police have no clue to his identity.

PARIS-MADRID FLIER ATTACKED BY EAGLE

Great Bird Carries Off Gibert's Cap—He Shoots and Wounds It or Scares It Away.

ALL CONTESTANTS UNLUCKY

None Reaches the Spanish Capital, but Two of Them May Start Again To-day—Many Difficulties.

MADRID, May 25.—With the exception of the crossing of the Alps by Georges Chavez on Sept. 23, 1910, a feat which ended in his death, the third stage of the aviation race from Paris to Madrid for the Petit Parisien prize of $20,000, and $10,000 additional offered by the Spanish Aero Club, has proved to be the most severe test to which the aeroplane has yet been subjected, and at least one of the three contestants, it would now appear, has been forced to abandon the flight.

Gibert, Garros, and Vedrine began the third stage of their journey from San Sebastian at an early hour this morning, only a few minutes separating the men at the start. The 266 miles of the route are almost entirely over desolate ranges, the crags varying from 1,000 to 5,000 feet in height. A fall would mean certain death, and to make a fresh start would be impossible in the mountainous country.

The aviators were alternately dazzled and scorched by the rays of the southern sun, and drenched and blinded by the mountain mists.

One of them had also to contend against a feathered foe. Gibert fought the first recorded battle of the air.

A large, fierce eagle, espying a strange rival from his eyrie, swooped down to give battle to the airman. Manipulating the levers as best he could, Gibert with his left hand groped in his pocket for a revolver. He fired two shots at the king of the air, which dropped behind. Whether he was hit, outpaced, or scared off the aviator, thankful that the bird did not return to the fray, did not pause to see, but he thinks the eagle was wounded by one of his shots.

Gibert declares that it was one of the most exciting incidents of his life. The bird swooped down upon him viciously and struck at him with its powerful beak. It succeeded only in carrying off his cap. He then fired at it.

From an early hour King Alfonso and other members of the royal family, the rank and fashion of the capital, and 50,000 persons brought from all parts by special trains thronged the aerodrome at Getafe. They waited patiently throughout the long day, cheering impartially all announcements relating to the progress of the aviators, their breakdowns, and their attempts to reascend.

When finally, at sundown, it was learned that even the indomitable Vedrine had been temporarily beaten by the natural obstacles of the route and accidents to his machine, the spectators were too tired to express openly their deep disappointment, and dispersed after watching the evolutions of a military aeroplane.

From the latest dispatches reaching the committee in charge it appears that Vedrine passed over Quintanapalla and crossed the City of Burgos at a great height, but later was forced to descend. He telegraphed to the Aero Club here saying that he could not proceed for some hours, and the club authorized an extension of time for the completion of the race.

Vedrine was forced to stop by the breaking of a screw in the air valve of the cylinder. He succeeded in making repairs and is now ready to make an early start.

After leaving San Sebastian, Vedrine mounted to an altitude of 6,000 feet to avoid the fog. While at this height he almost dashed against a peak of the Sierra Pancorbo, and saved his life by bounding up higher just in time.

Gibert landed at Olazagutia, about forty miles from San Sebastian, but when he attempted to make a fresh start his machine was capsized and partly wrecked, although the aviator was not hurt.

Gibert returned to San Sebastian to seek mechanicians to repair his machine, the damage to which, contrary to the first statement, is not very serious and can be repaired in a few hours.

Garros is stalled in a mountainous spot near Andoain, six miles from San Sebastian. The nature of the ground makes a re-start practically impossible, and it is understood that Garros has abandoned the contest.

On landing Garros narrowly missed a collision with a dangerous electric cable of 5,000 volts. He returned to San Sebastian, intending to mount another machine and resume his flight. On being informed that he would be disqualified if he used a new machine the aviator returned by automobile at a terrific speed to the place where he had descended. He was accompanied by Alfred Le Blanc, who competed in the International Aviation Cup race at Belmont Park last October, and they made a determined effort to repair the motor.

King Alfonso expressed great enthusiasm over the race. To one of the members of the committee he said:

"It is magnificent and astounding. Never would I have believed that the frail monoplane could traverse Tolosa, Vitoria, and Burgos, and vanquish the obstacles which nature has placed in the way. The magnitude of the difficulties I am well acquainted with, and even yesterday I believed them insurmountable. I confess that I even thought the promoters of the race foolhardy."

7,252,963 LIVE IN LONDON.

Increase in Ten Years, 671,561—England and Wales Have 36,075,269.

LONDON, May 25.—Provisional figures returned by the census officers give the population of England and Wales this year as 36,075,269, compared with 32,527,848 in 1901. While most of the cities and counties show an increase, there are many cases, particularly in Wales, where decreases are recorded.

Greater London's population has increased to 7,252,963 from 6,581,402 in 1901. This increase is entirely in what is known as the outer ring, showing that the people are moving from the more crowded centres. In fact, many of the old metropolitan boroughs and the City of London proper have lost their population to the suburbs.

The County of London, including the City of London and the boroughs immediately about it, shows a decrease from 4,536,267 in 1901 to 4,522,961 in 1911.

FAVORS AMERICAN PROJECT.

Turkish Parliamentary Committee Approves Asia Minor Railway.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 25.—The Parliamentary Committee of Public Works to-day concluded its examination of the project for the construction of an extensive railway system in Asiatic Turkey by an American syndicate headed by Dr. Chester.

The committee has issued a report, recommending the adoption of the scheme as likely to be profitable to the country. Two members of the committee, however, dissent, pending negotiations for the modification of the American treaty, which has not yet been conceded. It has already been announced that one of the principal conditions fixed by the Porte in return for the grant of this concession is the renunciation of the American treaty right of trial by American Consular Courts of American citizens charged with criminal offenses.

AVIATION PUPIL KILLED.

Englishman's Aeroplane Capsizes While He Attempts a Turn.

LONDON, May 25.—An aviation pupil named Benson was killed at Hendon to-day.

An aeroplane, which he was piloting, capsized while he was imprudently attempting to voltplane.

ANOTHER BLOW AT FASHION.

Russian Duma Wants to Stop Trapping of Sables for Three Years.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 25.—The Duma has adopted a bill forbidding forever the hunting of river bears and aurochs.

The trapping of sables is forbidden for three years.

THANKS J. P. MORGAN FOR RETURN OF RELIC

French Government Grateful for Surrender of the Head of St. Martin.

TO BE PLACED IN LOUVRE

Morgan Suggests That the Village Whose Officials Sold It Is Not a Fit Place for the Treasure.

PARIS, May 25.—The French Government to-day sent to England Paul Leon, chief of the Division of Architecture, and Frantz Marcou, Inspector General of Historical Monuments, to bring back the religious relic known as St. Martin's Head, which J. Pierpont Morgan took to the French Embassy at London on Saturday and committed to the care of Ambassador Cambon as a gift to France.

M. Dujardin-Beaumetz, the Under Secretary for Fine Arts, called on Mr. Morgan in Paris to-day and thanked him for his gift. Mr. Morgan was asked by the Under Secretary whether he desired that the relic be returned to the Commune of Soudeille, from which it was stolen, or whether he wished it placed in the National Museum.

Mr. Morgan replied, according to the Temps, that in returning the relic to France he had only shown elementary courtesy. It was for the French Government to say what should be done with it. But, Mr. Morgan added, inasmuch as Soudeille was so badly guarded, the treasure perhaps should not be returned to that commune.

M. Dujardin-Beaumetz thereupon declared that the head would be placed in the Louvre.

This is the second time that J. Pierpont Morgan has returned to the country to which it belongs a historic treasure that he had bought, not knowing that it had been sold illegally. The first case was that of the famous Ascoli cope, the chief treasure of the cathedral of the little town of Ascoli, in Italy. This had been stolen from the treasury of the cathedral through a conspiracy in which certain ecclesiastics were involved, and its absence was not discovered until an art expert familiar with the cope was amazed to find it in the South Kensington Museum, London, to which Mr. Morgan had lent it.

When Mr. Morgan was satisfied that the cope had been stolen he returned it to the Italian Government, which had a medal struck in his honor and showed its gratitude in other ways. Ascoli's appeal to the Government for the renewed custody of the cope met with an immediate and definite refusal, it being considered that the treasure would be safer in a museum.

The case of the "Head of St. Martin," though similar in some respects, differs from that of the Ascoli cope in that its sale was not the result of an ordinary theft. Indeed, had Mr. Morgan taken the stand that the relic had changed hands in a legal manner it is not quite certain that the French courts would have declined to uphold this contention. The authorities of the village of Soudeille-sur-Ussel had long desired to sell the jeweled and enameled reliquary and to devote the funds thus obtaind to local improvements. The French Government forbade them to do this. The officials then had a clever imitation of the treasure made and sold the original to a dealer. Its subsequent history has not been told, but eventually it was purchased by Mr. Morgan in London.

Dinner to Banker Kaufman.

Frank R. Lawrence was host last night at a private dinner at the Lotos Club in honor of Louis G. Kaufman, President of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank. Among the guests were A. B. Hepburn, President of the Clearing House Association; John I. Waterbury, President of the American Exchange National Bank; R. W. Poor, President of the Garfield National Bank; Melville E. Stone, Henry F. Shoemaker, John Harsen Rhoades, Chester S. Lord, William Loeb, Jr., and ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien.

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By motor from Herald Sq. 30 min.
By boat from Wall St. 45 min.
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For the moderate income.
PLOTS $1,430.
Write for plans and maps.
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60 LIBERTY ST. NEW YORK CITY

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845
Thousands of Spring and Summer Suits 4.50 to 10.00 Underprice

The breaking of records, day by day, in the Smith Gray & Co. stores is but a just and natural tribute to the wonderful values, the excellence of tailoring, the distinctiveness of Smith Gray & Co. style and the exceptional assortment to be found in Smith Gray & Co. clothes.

Here are some of the records:

In less than a year and a half, the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant has almost trebled its capacity. In all that time there has never been a single idle day, there has never been a week but the organization has been compelled to work overtime. This, we believe, stands as a record in clothing history.

The growth of patronage in the Smith Gray & Co. stores has kept pace with the increased production to the extent that TODAY there are two wearers of Smith Gray & Co. clothes, where a short time ago there was but one.

Another record of most vital interest to you TODAY is the tremendous success of our wholesale special tailoring department. Organized less than a year ago, this department has attained such proportions that to satisfy the demand for Smith Gray & Co. clothes all over the United States, it became necessary some six weeks before Easter, to turn over the entire Smith Gray & Co. tailoring organization to the tailoring of clothes for this new department, with the result that thousands of Smith Gray & Co. suits, which should have been in our own retail stores several weeks ago, were held up and have only been coming in within the last week or ten days.

They are surplus garments and we have marked them at the prices you would expect to pay in August instead of in the very beginning of the season. The record breaking success of this department has made possible these record breaking values, which for the past ten days have smashed all previous Smith Gray & Co. selling records.

This sale started with six thousand suits—since then, over two thousand more suits have come in from our tailoring plant, and all have been marked the same low price that makes for immediate disposal.

COME IN TODAY—you may choose from over 300 fabric designs, nearly all exclusive styles—over sixteen distinctive two and three piece models, regular lapels, semi-soft English fronts and all soft English shoulders and lapels—in both two and three button designs for men, young men and boys.

Suits 15.50
Regular Values 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00

Here you may select from over one hundred styles of smart, high grade yarn dyed and serge worsteds, worsted cheviots, crashes, blue serges and homespuns in all the new grays, tans, browns and blues — hairline, pencil and fancy weave stripes and checks. Included are more than a dozen correct models in two and three piece suits for men and young men.

Our regular 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 standards.

Suits 18.50
Regular Values 22.50, 25.00 and 27.50

Here you will find in more than one hundred styles exclusive weave velours, fine worsteds, excellent worsted cheviots, cravenetted mohairs and blue serges of finest Australian wool. There are fancy weave and stripe weave blues, silk mixture stripes on black grounds, new club and pin check designs, in more than a dozen models, including the popular Norfolk, in two and three piece models for men and young men.

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 . . . 22.50

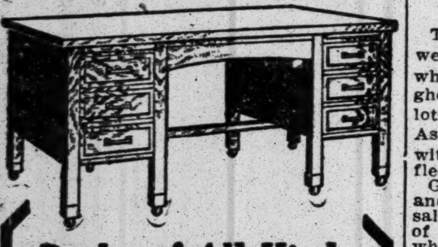
In the assortment are shown some seventy-five exclusive styles of velours, flannels, Saxony cassimeres, English and Scotch weave cheviots, clear and mill finished worsteds, from the world's famous weavers. Here, too, you will find new high brown shades, new hop sack weave blue Oxfords, new metal grays, new and exclusive olive and brick shades, neat grays, silk mixtures and fancy blues, in English soft roll and plain lapel models in a dozen distinctive styles for men and young men.

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 35.00 and 37.50 . . . . 27.50

Included are upwards of sixty of the finest foreign and domestic fabrics. There are silk mixtures and silk stripe designs on black grounds—handsome English worsteds in beautiful grays in Glenn checks, overplaid stripes and step weaves—also new brown stripe weaves of the finest unfinished worsteds and smart new diamond weaves of fancy blues. All in all, you have here the finest obtainable standard in ready-for-service tailoring at greater values than we have ever before been able to offer at this season of the year.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.



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Filing Cabinets in Wood and Steel
Prompt Service
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Want to save $5000 on cartage, $5000 on insurance, $3000 on labor and get RENT FREE?
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1788 1911
The oldest, the purest, the most palatable whiskey sold in New York. Try it.
Stewart Distilling Co.
Phila. New York. Balto.

CARPET CLEANSING
By Compressed Air in Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
T. M. STEWART
438-442 WEST 51st ST.
Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.
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CERTAINTY IS WHAT A MAN SEEKS IN EVERYTHING
The man who buys a
Model 10 Visible

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buys absolute certainty; a certainty of satisfaction guaranteed by the greatest typewriter makers in the world
Remington Typewriter Company
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WEDDING GIFTS
A GREAT VARIETY
Over Two Hundred articles in Sterling Silver are priced at less than Five Dollars.
Many more between Five and Ten Dollars.
Nearly a Thousand at Fifteen to Fifty Dollars.
Chests of Silver at $44. to $3000.
Gold Dinner Services up to $5000.
Diamonds and Gems of unlimited value.
BUT ONLY ONE QUALITY
REED & BARTON CO.
Fifth Avenue at 32d Street and 4 Maiden Lane

Double S. & H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6th AVE, 18th & 19th STS. NEW YORK.
Greenhut Building Everything for the Home
$25,000 Worth of Lamps and Lighting Fixtures to Be Sold for - - $15,000
Today We Begin the Biggest and Most Important Distribution Seen in a Decade or More.

The occasion includes portables with shades made of hundreds of pieces of vari-colored crystals. It would seem like exaggeration if we were to describe the radiant attractions in portable lights and ceiling pendant domes, whose scintillating waves of soft and brilliant colorings will delight your eyes and senses.

Equally indescribable, here, are the values and striking economies. Only personal inspection will reveal what broad avenues of opportunity each aisle and corridor of our Lamp Store will be today.

The long list of specials includes:
$19.50 Electric or Gas Portable Lamps at $12.50
$4.85 to $395 Electric Lamps at $2.95 to $135
$10.75 to $75 French Bronze Electroliers at $5.75 to $38.50
$4.50 to $18 Gas Lamps at $2.50 to $10.50
$8.50 to $261 Ceiling Domes at $6.95 to $99.50
$14.50 to $45 Electric Showers at $12.50 to $35
$2.95 to $18 Oil Lamps (no shades) at $1.95 to $10
$1.95 to $12.75 Art Glass Shades at $1.49 to $6.50
(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)
Other Sales in Our GREENHUT Building Today, Include
Refrigerators, Gas Ranges, Water-Coolers, "MANHATTAN" LAWN MOWERS,
FLY SCREENS, Summer Furniture, Summer Novelty Curtains, Porch Screens,
Inexpensive Pictures for June Gifts, Hundreds of Fancy China Pieces, choice at 69c, Summer Rugs and Oriental "Rug-Investment" Sale.
Main Building Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel
Ask for S. & H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

We believe in making advertising *hurry* reputation.
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HOT WEATHER SUITS
For PROFESSIONAL and BUSINESS MEN made from
Priestley's "Cravenette" English Mohairs
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COOL COMFORTABLE STYLISH DRESSY
There are no cloths offered to-day in any market in the world which are as suitable for hot weather suits, and they have "come to stay."
Your tailor can make you a suit to measure or you can buy the ready-to-wear garments from the leading clothiers.
This trade-mark is stamped on every piece of the cloth
This silk label is sewed at the collar or elsewhere.
Cravenette Priestley's Mohair
We will send you a booklet if you write us.
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TAFT IS SANGUINE ABOUT RECIPROCITY

Senate Leaders Assure Him That Canadian Agreement Will Be a Law Before Adjournment.

CHANCES OF FREE LIST BILL

Plan Hatching to Tack It on to Reciprocity, Thus Encompassing the Defeat of Both Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—In spite of gloomy forecasts at the Capitol, the White House is still optimistic as to the ultimate passage at this session of the Canadian reciprocity agreement. This attitude of the President has been recently encouraged by the Senate leaders who, while speaking dubiously of the protracted debate to come, and of the possibility of amendments to the measure, yet declare their belief that reciprocity will be passed and signed before adjournment.

Early in the session a poll of the Senate showed a safe majority for reciprocity, though many of the members admittedly did not favor it. To a certain extent confidence is still placed in that poll, but day by day the talk grows of the indefinite postponement of a vote and the consequent defeat of reciprocity by strategy. Even talk of a direct vote to kill the measure is heard. If this talk means, however, a direct vote on the reciprocity bill unamended, it is without foundation; but if it means that after the measure has been cumbered with various amendments the amended product may be defeated, there is danger of that forecast materializing.

What greatly interests the White House just now is the attitude of Democratic Senators. They are anxious to get one record vote on the Farmers' Free List bill, and they realize that the Finance Committee has not the least intention of letting the measure reach the floor of the Senate. The Democrats have accordingly told the President that, if other measures fail, they may be forced to offer the Free List bill as an amendment to the reciprocity measure, thereby insuring a vote at the cost of risking the safety of the whole measure.

Such a plan the President fears would be only too eagerly seized by the standpatters in the Senate—and the term standpatter in regard to reciprocity means both insurgents and regulars—as an indirect means for killing reciprocity without assuming full responsibility for its death. The tactics feared in such a case are that when the Democrats offer the free list amendment, enough of the regulars will have been instructed to vote for it to insure its incorporation into the Reciprocity bill. Such a vote on the Republican side will be mere strategyp, and the result of it will be that when the final ballot on the amended measure is taken the solid Republican vote would be cast against reciprocity and its free list rider.

The Democrats have been urged to content themselves with a record vote on a motion to discharge the Finance Committee from further consideration of the Free List bill, and there is a chance that such a vote will quiet them. However that may be, a determined band in the Snnate—including such stubborn persons as Mr. Heyburn of Idaho—are using every subterfuge for delaying action on the Macawber hope that something will turn up.

The end of next week is now the earliest prospect for the Reciprocity bill to be reported to the Senate, as hearings will probably last until Tuesday. It may be too much to say that these protracted hearings are aimed to delay matters, but it is certain that the delay is grateful to many Senators.

Whether the measure will be changed by the Reot and other amendments in committee, the leaders would not say, though they express the belief that the President's strong opposition to such a course is having weight. The upshot of the whole situation is that a safe majority of the Senate still stands committed to reciprocity. But a hard fight along indirect lines will be made to offer the reluctant supporters of the Administration escape from their pledge. The Administration meanwhile believes that in the end the agreement will be saved.

GEN. WOOD URGES CHANGES.

Abolishing Two Bureaus, He Would Transfer Officers to Line of Army.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—While approving the principle of the bill providing for the merging of the Department of the Adjutant General and Inspector General of the army into the General Staff Corps, Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff, has suggested a substitute to the House Military Committee which would materially change the measure.

Gen. Wood urges that in abolishing the two bureaus the officers now serving in them be transferred to the line of the army. Carrying out the idea of the organization of the General Staff, Gen. Wood recommends that the work of the two bureaus, after they have been consolidated with the General Staff, be performed by officers detailed by the Secretary of War.

Under the pending bill the Adjutant General and Inspector General Departments would be transferred to the General Staff as separate corps. It would permit the retirement of the Adjutant General as a Lieutenant General, and the promotion of other officers upon retirement.

Gen. Wood has informed the committee that his proposition would avoid increasing the number of high ranking officers on the retired list.

NAVY BUYS THREE AIRSHIPS.

Contracts Are for Two Curtiss Machines and One Wright.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The foundation of an aerial navy was laid to-day when Assistant Secretary Winthrop signed contracts aggregating $13,000 for the delivery at the Naval Academy by July 1, next, of three aeroplanes. These will represent the very latest developments in aeronautics, being capable of rising from and alighting upon the water or the deck of a ship; of carrying at least one passenger in addition to the aviator, and of being equipped with a 50-pound wireless outfit.

Two of the machines will be of the Curtiss type, one with eight cylinders and the other with four, and the other aeroplane will be furnished by the Wrights. Prices range from $2,700 to $5,500. Immediately upon the delivery of the machines a naval school of instruction for aviators will be established at Annapolis under the care of Capt. Chambers, who has made a specialty of aeronautics.

TO BALLOT ON DIRECT VOTE.

Senate Fixes June 12 to Pass Upon Amendment to Constitution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—By unanimous consent the Senate this afternoon agreed to vote on the resolution submitting to the States an amendment to the Constitution providing for the popular election of Senators with all proposed amendments to the resolution on June 12. Mr. Borah's success in obtaining the agreement came as a surprise, because it was thought that the unyielding opposition of his colleague, Mr. Heyburn, to the proposed change would make a vote impossible without a test of endurance.

In the course of a colloquy on the subject, however, it developed that Mr. Heyburn's great anxiety was to retard consideration of Canadian reciprocity, which is apt to reach the Senate next week. As he opposes both measures, filibustering against one is delaying to the other, but he is not in good physical condition, and realizes that single handed he could not long delay a vote on popular elections. He, therefore, consented to the date being fixed—as late as he could force his colleague to agree to—with the stipulation that the resolution still be kept before the Senate as unfinished business, so that he could discuss it regardless of other matters.

"In that case," said Mr. Stone, a Missouri Democrat, "it seems that reciprocity will be shelved indefinitely."

"And that is just what we want," replied Mr. Heyburn.

Mr. Heyburn's position, however, really changes matters but slightly. Speeches in the Senate are made on all subjects, regardless of the calendar, and they will be made on reciprocity and popular elections interchangeably, according to the whim of particular orators. Voting will not begin on reciprocity until long after June 12, so that really little time will be lost through Mr. Heyburn's tactics.

SENATORS SUMMON LAWYERS

Allen and Graham of New York Must Explain Anti-Reciprocity Fight.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Allen and Graham, New York lawyers who, it is said, have acted for the National Grange in opposition to the Canadian reciprocity agreement, will be summoned by the Senate Finance Committee to appear before the committee next Monday. This decision was reached by the committee to-day on motion of Senator Stone, who had previously stated a desire to find out "just who" was behind the 'fight on reciprocity.

When Senator Stone moved that Allen and Graham be subpoenaed to appear with all the literature and correspondence in their possession in connection with their promotion of opposition to the Reciprocity bill, Senator Gallinger objected, holding that any one who desired to do so had a right to oppose the passage of the bill.

Attention was called to the fact that N. P. Hull, Master of the Michigan State Grange, who recently appeared before the committee, had told the committee that Messrs. Allen and Graham would appear voluntarily. Senator Stone at that time withdrew the motion that they be subpoenaed, but renewed it to-day. Telegrams were sent to the lawyers.

Paper manufacturers from various parts of the country appeared to-day before the committee in opposition to reciprocity.

C. I. McNair of Oloquet, Minn., a manufacturer of news print paper, denied that many of the paper mills of the country are equipped with antiquated machinery because of the desire of the International Paper Company to keep production down and prices up. He also asserted that the paper marked was free and open.

Replying to a declaration by John Norris of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, that he had not been able to buy paper from certain concerns, E. R. Brown of Watertown, N. Y., said this was due to the fact that the mills had regular customers and could not afford to sell to anybody or everybody who sought to purchase.

On Trial for Defrauding Bank.

Arthur A. Dunphy, who is jointly indicted with Dr. Frank N. Moyer on a charge of defrauding the Anglo-South American Bank, at 69 Wall Street, out of $15,000 on a loan transaction, was put on trial before Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday. Harry MacKenzie, th agent of the bank through whom the loan was obtained, and Edward T. Rice, counsel for MacKenzie, testified. The trial goes on to-day.

Whet Your Appetite

As an appetizer before

lunch or with your dinner

Pabst Blue Ribbon

The Beer of Quality

has no equal in flavor and zest. It exhilarates without undue stimulation and is a splendid aid to digestion.

Order a case today.

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S BLUE-GRAY OXFORD SUITS. THE FABRIC IS A NEW WEAVE HOPSACKING OF EXTREMELY LIGHT-WEIGHT, LOOMED TO SPECIAL ORDER. TAILORED BY HAND, THEY FIT ACCURATELY AND RETAIN THEIR SHAPELINESS. COAT AND TROUSERS.......... $22.00

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TIMES SQUARE
Broadway at 44th Street

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

MEN'S CLOTHES AT MACY'S

Not To Be Confused With the "To-Be-Found-Everywhere" Sort

5th Fl.

People who have their clothes custom-made and pay an average of 33 per cent. more for the privilege are people who have not yet tried buying a suit at Macy's.

Usually they are people who have had disastrous experiences in ready-made clothes and who therefore condemn the whole ready-made system.

It will be a revelation to those men to learn that at Macy's every suit is made to particular specifications, and that in this way Macy's is able to give much of the advantage of custom-made clothing.

In fact, fewer alterations are necessary in the case of Macy's clothes than in the case of the average custom-made suit.

As to prices—we employ fabrics that are used by the **best** custom tailors and our prices will be found lowest in the city for the same grade, as in everything else. By buying clothes at Macy's you get the average $20.00 suit for **$14.75**; and the inexpressibly swell suit we sell for **$38.50**—our highest price—is elsewhere matched at $60.00.

Your suit is ready for you to try on, sir. In fact, there are a whole number of suits ready for you to try on, just as if you had been measured for them.

Suits Made of Cool Fabrics for Warm Weather

Blue Serge Suits that look cool and **are** cool, as well as being dressy. **$14.75 to $29.75**

Tweed and **Cheviot Suits,** open woven fabrics that find favor with many men. **$14.75 to $32.50**

Thin, smooth finished **Worsted Suits** that rest lightly on the shoulders and wear well. **$14.75 to $38.50**

Two-piece Suits, quarter lined and skeleton lined; made of homespuns, flannels, mohairs, silks and worsteds. **$14.75 to $23.75**

Outing Trousers, made of white and striped flannels, at **$4.75**

House and **Office Coats,** made of alpacas, mohairs, serges, sicilians, silks and sateens. **$1.29 to $7.75**

MEN'S BELTS

First Floor.

We are showing the largest assortment of Belts in all the best and newest leathers at the usual Macy saving in cost.

The **Tubular Belt** is, of course, the most popular, bridle leather, lined and stitched. The leathers are in black, tan, gray and white. Macy prices, **44c., 68c., 94c., $1.44.**

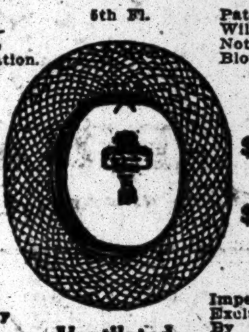
STRAW HATS

That Won't Blow Off

5th Fl.

Cushion Fitting—Positive Ventilation.

Patent—Will Not Blow Off.



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Economy in Ice Consumption

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SEVEN WALLS PROTECT THE ICE.

Wall No. 1—Exterior Case of Ash or Oak.
Wall No. 2—Dead Air Space.
Wall No. 3—Insulating Sheathing.
Wall No. 4—Granulated Cork.
Wall No. 5—More Insulated Sheathing.
Wall No. 6—Thickness of Lumber.
Wall No. 7—Lining of Iron or Zinc.

No wonder ice lasts longer in North Star Refrigerators than in any other.

Think of the qualifications of North Star Refrigerators and then try to name another Refrigerator to compare with them.

Ice Chamber Lined with Galvanized Steel—Improved Ice Tank—Ice Chamber Cannot Leak—Automatic Trap—Removable Beam Trough—Galvanized Steel Shelves—Lid Locks at Corners—Patent Casters That Cannot Drop Out—No Conduction, Hence Perfect Circulation of Air.

North Star Refrigerators cost $11.11 to $92.84

They pay for themselves in economy of ice consumption. Nature's deliquescent forces cannot get at the ice in North Star Refrigerators. They might get through one wall, they might get through two walls—they can't get through seven walls!

And the ice is there—a cold, hard fact to applaud your judgment in buying.

Apartment house Refrigerators **$12.59 to $20.69**

Ice Chests **$6.44 to $26.39**

Refrigerators for Club or Store Use
Oak or mahogany, piano finish, **$48.69 to $110.39.**

Nursery Refrigerators or Nonpareils,
(Galvanized lined) in white or oak finish, portable; two compartments; ice drain and faucet, **$3.38, $4.** [illegible] **$6.74.**

Water Coolers—
Natural stone water filters—
With ice chamber, **$3.47 to $8.46**; without, **$2.97 to $7.49.**

"DUPLEX" FIRELESS COOKERS

Save their price in two or three months by reducing your fuel bill

Basement.

Not only that, but you are freed from the irksome task of spending the best part of the day in a hot kitchen. As one owner of a "Duplex" enthusiastically explains it, "Prepare luncheon or dinner early in the day; as soon as it is hot, place in the 'Duplex' and then forget it—until needed." The food cannot burn or boil over. Its own heat finishes the cooking process, and you have a delicious meal that has been scarcely any trouble to prepare.

$3.96, $5.77, $11.89, $12.89, $15.89

BOOKS. BOOKS. BOOKS.

ON MAY 31st the lists of the first distribution of the new (11th) Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica will be closed, the present special offer will be withdrawn and there will be introduced a new schedule of prices $14.50 higher than those at which the work is now procurable.

Readers desirous of obtaining this indispensable book on the most favorable terms are therefore urged to make their application **NOW**, or, if they have not already done so, to write for details of the present concession, WITHOUT DELAY.

A Remarkable Result

On May 25, 27,064 sales had been recorded, and, with every prospect of the total applications exceeding 30,000 by the 31st instant, the issue of the new Britannica must be pronounced to be not only the most extensive but perhaps also the most successful enterprise in the history of publishing.

In view of the fact that the new 11th Edition is the largest book that has ever been in the press at one time—all works with which it is comparable in size having been produced volume by volume over a series of years—it was manifestly an impossibility to meet such a demand concurrently. Then there was the problem to be faced of purchasing and importing the hundreds of thousands of skins necessary to bind the volumes and the thousands of tons of India paper on which to print them without dislocating the world's market for these commodities. Earnest efforts are, however, being made to expedite the manufacture of the book in every way possible, and meanwhile, on the receipt of each application, the sender is protected by the assignment to him of a serial number which determines his position on the waiting list and secures him preferential treatment in the matter of delivery over every order subsequently received. *Therefore by subscribing at once the intending purchaser will not only acquire his set at the lowest possible price but will also have it delivered at the earliest possible moment.*

The Necessity of Investigation

Those who, for one reason or another, have not as yet given the present offer the attention they would perhaps have accorded an equally advantageous business opportunity of a more familiar kind should bear in mind that *on receipt of request every facility will be afforded them for deciding whether in their own particular case the acquisition of the world's greatest work of reference would be a business measure answering the test of business principles.* Unless this investigation is made the potential subscriber must inevitably have at best but a hazy idea of the reason why as a practical efficiency appliance the 11th Edition stands on a plane by itself. For *no adequate estimate of the purpose of the book can possibly be formed without a careful study of the prospectus*, which is not a mere brief in behalf of the new Britannica but an impartial scientific analysis of a pressing modern need made in the light of the experience gained in 140 years of continuous endeavor to meet it.

Some Interesting Facts About the Encyclopaedia Britannica

The first edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica was issued at Edinburgh in 1768-71 by "A Society of Gentlemen in Scotland."

Successive editions have appeared at an average interval of 14 years.

The last completely new edition was the 9th, in 25 vols., issued volume by volume between 1875 and 1889.

The new (11th) Edition has been edited and written as a complete whole.

All the volumes are of practically uniform date, all are being printed and will be issued at practically the same time.

The contributors, 1,500 in number, include the great scholars, the leading authorities and the best practical experts of all civilized countries.

The total expense of production has been £230,000 ($1,150,000), including editorial expenses of £163,000 ($815,000).

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HARLAN ATTACKS RULE OF REASON

Justice, in Revised Opinion, Says Oil Decision Usurps Legislative Functions.

FORSEES MUCH LITIGATION

And That Attempts to Distinguish Due and Undue Restraint of Trade Will Confuse Business.

THINKS OUTLOOK ALARMING

Many Rulings Cited to Show That the Court Has Overturned Its Own Precedents.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Dissatisfied with his oral dissent from the Supreme Court's decision in the Standard Oil case, as handed down by Chief Justice White, Associate Justice Harlan to-day filed with that tribunal a revised and amplified opinion, with his oral remarks as a framework.

The text of the final document put on record, containing about 8,000 words, reads:

A sense of duty constrains me to express the objections which I have to certain declarations in the opinion just delivered on behalf of the court. I concur in holding that the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and its subsidiary companies constitute a combination in restraint of inter-State commerce, and that they have attempted to monopolize and have monopolized parts of such commerce—all in violation of what is known as the Anti-Trust act of 1890, 26 Stat. 209, C. 647. The evidence in this case overwhelmingly sustained that view and led the Circuit Court, by its final decree, to order the dissolution of the New Jersey corporation and the discontinuance of the illegal combination between that corporation and its subsidiary companies.

In my judgment, the decree below should have been affirmed without qualification. But the court, while affirming the decree, directs some modifications in respect of what it characterizes as "minor matters." It is to be apprehended that those modifications may prove to be mischievous. In saying this, I have particularly in view the statement in the opinion that "it does not necessarily follow that because an illegal restraint of trade or an attempt to monopolize or a monopolization resulted from the combination and the transfer of the stocks of the subsidiary corporations to the New Jersey corporation, that a like restraint of trade or attempt to monopolize or monopolization would necessarily arise from agreements between one or more of the subsidiary corporations after the transfer of the stock by the New Jersey corporation."

Taking this language in connection with other parts of the opinion, the subsidiary companies are thus, in effect, informed—unwisely, I think—that although the New Jersey corporation, being an illegal corporation, must go out of existence, they may join in an agreement to restrain commerce against the States if such restraint be not "undue."

In order that my objections to certain points of the court's opinion may distinctly appear I must state the circumstances under which Congress passed the Anti-Trust act, and trace the course of judicial decisions as to its meaning and scope. This is the more necessary because the court, by its decision, when interpreted by the language of its opinion, has not only upset the long-settled interpretation of the act, but has usurped the constitutional functions of the legislative branch of the Government. With all due respect for the opinions of others, I feel bound to say that what the court has said may well cause some alarm for the integrity of our institutions. Let us see how the matter stands.

Genesis of Trust Act.

All who recall the condition of the country in 1890 will remember that there was everywhere, among the people generally, a deep feeling of unrest. The Nation had been rid of human slavery—fortunately, as all now feel—but the conviction was universal that the country was in real danger from another kind of slavery sought to be fastened upon the American people, namely, the slavery that would result from aggregations of capital in the hands of a few individuals and corporations controlling, for their own profit and advantage exclusively, the entire business of the country, including the production and sale of the necessaries of life. Such a danger was thought then to be imminent and all felt it must be met firmly and by such statutory regulations as would adequately protect the people against oppression and wrong. Congress therefore took up the matter, and gave the whole subject the fullest consideration. All agreed that the National Government could not, by legislation, regulate the domestic trade that was carried on wholly within the several States; for, power to regulate such trade remained with (because never surrendered by) the States. But, under authority expressly granted to it by the Constitution, Congress could regulate commerce among the several States and with foreign States. Its authority to regulate such commerce was, and is, paramount, due force being given to other provisions of the fundamental law devised by the fathers for the safety of the Government and for the protection and safety of the essential rights inhering in life, liberty, and property.

Guided by these considerations, and to the end that the people, so far as inter-State commerce was concerned, might not be dominated by vast combinations and monopolies, having power to advance their own selfish ends, regardless of the general interests and welfare, Congress passed the Anti-Trust act of 1890, in these words:

> 1—Every contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States or with foreign nations is hereby declared to be illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract or engage in any such combination or conspiracy shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court.
>
> 2—Every person who shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize or combine or conspire with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce among the several States or with foreign nations shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court.
>
> 3—Every contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce in any territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia, or in restraint of trade or commerce between any such territory and another, or between any such territory or territories and any State or States or the District of Columbia, or with foreign nations, or between the District of Columbia and any State or States or foreign nations, is hereby declared illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract or engage in any such combination or conspiracy shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court.—26, Stat. 209, C. 647.

The important inquiry in the present case is as to the meaning and scope of that act in its application to inter-State commerce.

The Trans-Missouri Freight Case.

In 1896 this court had occasion to determine the meaning and scope of the act in an important case known as the trans-Missouri freight case [166 U. S., 290.] The question there was as to the validity, under the Anti-Trust act, of a certain agreement between numerous railroad companies, whereby they formed an association for the purpose of establishing and maintaining rates, rules, and regulations in respect of freight traffic over specified routes. Two questions were involved—first, whether the act applied to railroad carriers; second, whether the agreement which was the basis of the suit which the United States brought to have the agreement annulled was illegal. The court held that railroad carriers were embraced by the act. In determining that question the court, among other things, said:

> The language of the act includes every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, conspiracy, or in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States or with foreign nations. So far as the very terms of the statute go, they apply to any contract of the nature described. A contract, therefore, that is in restraint of trade or commerce is, by the strict language of the act, prohibited, even though such contract is entered into between competing common carriers by railroad, and only for the purposes of thereby affecting traffic rates for the transportation of persons and property. If such an agreement restrains trade or commerce, it is prohibited by the statute, unless it can be said that an agreement, no matter what its terms, relating only to transportation, cannot restrain trade or commerce.
>
> We see no escape from the conclusion that if an agreement of such a nature does restrain it, the agreement is condemned by this act—nor is it for the substantial interests of the country that any one commodity should be within the sole power and subject to the sole will of one powerful combination of capital. Congress has, so far as its jurisdiction extends, prohibited all contracts or combinations in the form of trusts entered into for the purpose of restraining trade and commerce. While the statute prohibits all combinations in the form of trusts or otherwise, the limitation is not confined to that form alone. All combinations which are in restraint of trade or commerce are prohibited, whether in the form of trusts or in any other form whatever.—U. S. v. Freight Association, 166 U. S. 290, 312, 324, 326.

The court then proceeded to consider the second of the above questions, saying:

> The next question to be discussed is as to what is the true construction of the statute, assuming that it applies to common carriers by railroad. What is the meaning of the language as used in the statute, that "every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States or with foreign nations, is hereby declared to be illegal?" Is it confined to a contract or combination which is only in reasonable restraint of trade or commerce, or does it include what the language of the act plainly and in terms covers, namely, all contracts of that nature?
>
> It is now with much amplification of argument urged that the statute, in declaring illegal every combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce, does not mean what the language used therein plainly imports, but that it only means to declare illegal any such contract which is in unreasonable restraint of trade, while leaving all others unaffected by the provisions of the act; that the common law meaning of the term "contract in restraint of trade," includes only such contracts as are in unreasonable restraint of trade, and when that term is used in the Federal statute it is not intended to include all contracts in restraint of trade, but only those which are in unreasonable restraint thereof.
>
> By the simple use of the term "contract in restraint of trade," all contracts of that nature, whether valid or otherwise, would be included, and not alone that kind of contract which was invalid and unforceable as being in reasonable restraint of trade. When, therefore, the body of an act pronounces as illegal every "contract or combination in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States, &c.," the plain and ordinary meaning of such language is not limited to that kind of contract alone which is in unreasonable restraint of trade, but all contracts are included in such language, and no exception or limitation can be added without placing in the act that which has been omitted by Congress.
>
> If only that kind of contract which is in unreasonable restraint of trade be within the meaning of the statute and declared thereon to be illegal, it is at once apparent that the subject of what is a reasonable rate is attended with great uncertainty.
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> To say, therefore, that the act excludes agreements which are not in unreasonable restraint of trade, and which tend simply to keep up reasonable rates of transportation, is substantially to leave the question of unreasonableness to the companies themselves. But, assuming that agreements of this nature are not void at common law and that the various cases cited by the learned courts below show it, the answer to the statement of their validity now is to be found in the terms of the statute under consideration.

Congress' Intent.

> The arguments which have been addressed to us against the inclusion of all contracts in restraint of trade, as provided for by the language of the act, have been based upon the alleged presumption that Congress, notwithstanding the language of the act, could not have intended to embrace all contracts, but only such contracts as were in unreasonable restraint of trade. Under these circumstances we are, therefore, asked to hold that the act of Congress excepts contracts which are not in unreasonable restraint of trade, and which only keep rates up to a reasonable price, notwithstanding that the language of the act makes no such exception; in other words, we are asked to read into the act by way of judicial legislation an exception that is not placed there by the lawmaking branch of the Government, and this is to be done upon the theory that the impolicy of such legislation is so clear that it cannot be supposed Congress intended the natural import of the language to be used. This we can not and ought not to do.
>
> If the act ought to read as contended for by defendants, Congress is the body to amend it, and not this court by a process of judicial legislation wholly unjustifiable. Large numbers do not agree that the view taken by defendants is sound or true in substance, and Congress may and very probably did share in that belief in passing the act. The public policy of the Government is to be found in its statutes, and when they have not directly spoken, then in the decisions of the courts and the constant practice of the Government officials; but when the lawmaking power speaks upon a particular subject over which it has constitutional power to legislate public policy in such a case is what the statute enacts. If the law prohibits any contract or combination in restraint of trade or commerce a contract or combination made in violation of such law is void, whatever may have been heretofore decided by the courts to have been the public policy of the country on that subject. The conclusion which we have drawn from the examination above made into the question before us is that the anti-trust act applies to railroads, and that it renders illegal all agreements which are in restraint of trade or commerce, as we have above defined that expression, and the question then arises whether the agreement before us is of that nature.

I have made these extended extracts from the opinion of the courts in the trans-Missouri freight case in order to show beyond question that the point was there urged by counsel that the Anti-Trust act condemned only contracts, combinations, trusts, and conspiracies that were in unreasonable restraint of inter-State commerce, and that the court in clear and decisive language met that point. It adjudged that Congress had in unequivocal words declared that "every contract, combination, in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of commerce among the several States" shall be illegal, and that no distinction, so far as inter-State commerce was concerned, was to be tolerated between restraints of such commerce as were undue or unreasonable, and restraints that were due or reasonable. With full knowledge of the then condition of the country and of its business, Congress determined to meet, and did meet, the situation by an absolute statutory prohibition of "every contract, combination, in the form of trust or otherwise, in restraint of trade or commerce." Still more, in response to the suggestion by able counsel that Congress intended only to strike down such contracts, combinations and monopolies as unreasonably restrained inter-State commerce, this court, in words too clear to be misunderstood, said that to so hold was "to read into the act by way of judicial legislation, an exception not placed there by the lawmaking branch of the Government." "This," the court said, "as we have seen, we cannot and ought not to do."

It thus appears that fifteen years ago, when the purpose of Congress in passing the Anti-Trust act was fresh in the minds of courts, lawyers, statesmen, and the general public, this court expressly declined to indulge in judicial legislation, by inserting in the act the word "unreasonable," or any other word of like import.

It may be stated here that the country at large accepted this view of the act, and the Federal courts throughout the entire country enforced its provisions according to the interpretation given in the Freight Association case. What, then, was to be done by those who questioned the soundness of the interpretation placed on the act by this court in that case? As the court had decided that to insert the word "unreasonable" in the act would be "judicial legislation" on its part, which course it could not and would not pursue, the only alternative left to those who opposed the decision in that case was to induce Congress to so amend the act as to recognize the right to restrain inter-State commerce to a reasonable extent.

The public press, magazines, and law journals, the debates in Congress, the speeches and addresses by public men and jurists all contain abundant evidence of the general understanding that the meaning, extent, and scope of the Anti-Trust act had been judicially determined by this court, and that the only question remaining open for discussion was the wisdom of the policy declared by the act—a matter that was exclusively within the cognizance of Congress.

Congress Refused to Amend Act.

But at every session of Congress since the decision of 1896 the lawmaking branch of the Government, with full knowledge of that decision, has refused to change the policy it had declared or to so amend the act of 1890 as to except from its operation contracts, combinations, and trusts that did not unreasonably restrain inter-State commerce.

But those who were in combinations that were illegal did not despair. They at once set up the baseless claim that the decision of 1896 disturbed the "business interests of the country," and let it be known that they would never be content until the rule was established that would permit inter-State commerce to be subjected to reasonable restraints. Finally, an opportunity came again to raise the same question which this court had, upon full consideration, determined in 1896. I now allude to the case of United States vs. Joint Traffic Association, (171 U. S. 505,) decided in 1898.

What was that case? It was a suit by the United States against more than thirty railroad companies, to have the court declare illegal, under the Anti-Turst act, a certain agreement between these companies. The relief asked was denied in the subordinate Federal courts, and the Government brought the case here.

It is important to state the points urged in that case by the defendant companies charged with violating the Anti-Trust act and to show that the court promptly met them. To that end I make a copious extract from the opinion in the Joint Traffic case. Among other things, the court said:

> Upon comparing that agreement (the one in the Joint Traffic case, then under consideration, 171 U. S., 505) with the one set forth in the case of the United States vs. Trans-Missouri Freight Association, (166 U. S., 290,) the great similarity between them suggests that a similar result should be reached in the two cases. (Page 558.) Learned counsel in the Joint Traffic case urged a reconsideration of the question decided in the Trans-Missouri case, contending that "the decision in that case (the Trans-Missouri freight case) is quite plainly erroneous, and the consequences of such error are far reaching and disastrous, and clearly at war with justice and sound policy, and the construction placed upon the anti-trust statute has been received by the public with surprise and alarm." They suggested that the point made in the Joint Traffic case as to the meaning and scope of the act might have done, but was not, made, in the previous case. The court said (171 U. S., 559) that "the report of the Trans-Missouri case clearly show not only that the point now taken was there urged upon the attention of the court, but it was then intentionally and necessarily decided."

The question whether the court should again consider the point decided in the trans-Missouri case was disposed of in the most decisive language, as follows:

> Finally, we are asked to reconsider the question decided in the trans-Missouri case and to retrace the steps taken therein, because of the plain error contained in that decision and the widespread alarm with which it was regarded and the serious consequences which have resulted, or may soon result, from the law as interpreted in that case. It is proper to remark that an application for a reconsideration of a question but lately decided by this court is usually based upon a statement that some of the arguments employed on the original hearing of the question have been overlooked or misunderstood, or that some controlling authority has been either misapplied by the court or passed over without discussion or notice. While this is not strictly an application for a rehearing in the same case, yet in substance it is the same thing.
>
> The court is asked to reconsider a question, but just decided after a careful investigation of the matter involved. There have heretofore been in effect two arguments of precisely the same questions now before the court, and the same arguments were addressed to us on both those occasions. The report of the trans-Missouri case shows a dissenting opinion delivered in that case, and that the opinion was concurred in by three other members of the court. That opinion, it will be seen, gives with great force and ability the arguments against the decision which was finally arrived at by the court. It was after a full discussion of the questions involved, and with the knowledge of the views entertained by the minority, as expressed in the dissenting opinion, that the majority of the court came to the conclusion it did.
>
> Soon after the decision a petition for a rehearing of the case was made, supported by a printed argument in its favor, and pressed with an earnestness and vigor and at a length which were certainly commensurate with the importance of the case. This court, with care and deliberation and also with a full appreciation of their importance, again considered the questions involved in its former decision. A majority of the court once more arrived at the conclusion it had first announced, and accordingly it denied the application.
>
> And now for the third time the same arguments are employed and the court is again asked to recant its former opinion and to decide the same question in direct opposition to the conclusion arrived at in the trans-Missouri case. The learned counsel, while making the application, frankly confess that the argument in opposition to the decision in the case above named has been so fully, also clearly and so forcibly presented in the dissenting opinion of Mr. Justice White "in the freight case," that it is hardly possible to add to it, nor is it necessary to repeat it.
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> The fact that there was so close a division of opinion in this court when the matter was first under advisement, together with the different views taken by some of the Judges of the lower courts, led us to the most careful and scrutinizing examination of the arguments advanced by both sides, and it was after such an examination that the majority of the court came to the conclusion it did. It is not now alleged that the court on the former occasion overlooked any argument for the respondents or misapplied any controlling authority. It is simply insisted that the court, notwithstanding the arguments for an opposite view, arrived at an erroneous result which, for reasons already stated, ought to be reconsidered and reversed. As we have twice already deliberately and earnestly considered the same arguments which are now for a third time pressed upon our attention, it could hardly be expected that our opinion should now change from that already expressed.

Other Unqualified Rulings.

These utterances, taken in connection with what was previously said in the Trans-Missouri freight case, show too clearly and affirmatively to admit of doubt that this court, many years ago, upon the fullest consideration, interpreted the Anti-Trust act as prohibiting and making illegal not only every contract or combination, in whatever form, which was in restraint of inter-State commerce, without regard to its reasonableness or unreasonableness, but all monopolies or attempt to monopolize "any part" of such trade or commerce.

Let me refer to a few other cases: In Bement versus National Harrow Company, 186 U. S., 70, 92, the court said: "It is true that it has been held by this court that the act (Anti-Trust act) included any restraint of commerce whether reasonable or unreasonable"—citing United States versus Trans-Missouri Freight Association, 166 U. S., 290; United States versus Joint Traffic Association, 171 U. S., 505; Addyston Pipe and Steel Company versus United States, 175 U. S., 211. In Montague versus Lowry, 193 U. S., 38, 46, which involved the validity, under the Anti-Trust act, of a certain association formed for the sale of tiles, mantels, and grates, the court, referring to the contention that the sale of tiles in San Francisco was so small "as to be a negligible quantity," held that the association was nevertheless a "combination in restraint of inter-State trade or commerce in violation of the Anti-Trust act." In Loewe versus Lawlor, 208 U. S., 274, 297, all the members of this court concurred in saying that the Trans-Missouri, Joint Traffic, and Northern Securities cases "hold in effect that the anti-trust law has a broader application than the prohibition of restraints of trade unlawful at common law."

In Shawnee Compress Company versus Anderson, (1907,) 209 U. S., 423, 432, all the members of the court again concurred in declaring that "It has been decided that not only unreasonable, but all direct restraints of trade are prohibited, the law being thereby distinguished from the common law." In Chesapeake and Ohio Fuel Company versus United States, (1902,) 115 Fed. Rep., 610, 619, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit, after referring to the right of Congress to regulate inter-State commerce, thus interpreted the prior decisions of this court in the Trans-Missouri, the Joint Traffic, and the Addyston Pipe and Steel cases:

> In the exercise of this right Congress has seen fit to prohibit all contracts in restraint of trade. It has not left to the courts the consideration of the question whether such restraint is reasonable or unreasonable, or whether the contract would have been illegal at common law or not. The act leaves for consideration by judicial authority no question of this character, but all contracts and combinations are declared illegal if in restraint of trade or commerce among the States.

As far back as Robbins versus Shelby Taxing District, (120 U. S. 489, 497,) it was held that certain local regulations, subjecting drummers engaged in both inter-State and domestic trade, could not be sustained by reason of the fact that no discrimination was made among citizens of the different States. The court observed that this did not meet the difficulty, for the reason that "inter-State commerce cannot be taxed at all." Under this view Congress no doubt acted, when by the Anti-Trust act it forbade any restraint whatever upon inter-State commerce. It manifestly proceeded upon the theory that inter-State commerce could not be restrained at all by combinations, trusts, or monopolies, but must be allowed to flow in its accustomed channels, wholly unvexed and unobstructed by anything that would restrain its ordinary movement. (See also Minnesota versus Barber, 136 U. S. 313, 326; Brimmer versus Rebman, 138 U. S. 78, 82, 86.)

In the opinion delivered on behalf of the minority in the Northern Securities case, (193, U. S.,) our present Chief Justice referred to the contentions made by the defendants in the Freight Association case, one of which was that the agreement there involved did not unreasonably restrain inter-State commerce, and said: "Both these contentions were decided against the association, the court holding that the Anti-Trust act did embrace inter-State carriage by railroad corporations, and as that act prohibited any contract in restraint of inter-State commerce, it hence embraced all contracts of that character, whether they were reasonable or unreasonable."

One of the Justices who dissented in the Northern Securities case in a separate opinion concurred in by the minority thus referred to the Trans-Missouri freight and Joint Traffic cases: "For it cannot be too carefully remembered that that clause applies to 'every' contract of the forbidden kind—a consideration which was the turning point of the Trans-Missouri Freight Association case. Size has nothing to do with the matter. A monopoly of 'any part' of commerce among the States is unlawful."

In this connection it may be well to refer to the adverse report made in 1909, by Senator Nelson, on behalf of the Senate Judiciary Committee, in reference to a certain bill offered in the Senate and which proposed to amend the Anti-Trust act in various particulars. That report contains a full, careful, and able analysis of judicial decisions relating to combinations and monopolies in restraint of trade and commerce. Among other things said in it, which bear on the questions involved in the present case, are these:

> The Anti-Trust act makes it a criminal offense to violate the law, and provides a punishment both by fine and imprisonment. To inject into the act the question of whether an agreement or combination is reasonable or unreasonable would render the act as a criminal or penal statute indefinite and uncertain, and hence, to that extent, utterly nugatory and void, and would practically amount to a repeal of that part of the act.
>
> And while the same technical objection does not apply to civil prosecutions, the injection of the rule of reasonableness or unreasonableness would lead to the greatest variableness and uncertainty in the enforcement of the law. The defense of reasonable restraint would be made in every case, and there would be as many different rules of reasonableness as cases, courts, and juries. What one court or jury might deem unreasonable another court or jury might deem reasonable. A court or jury in Ohio might find a given agreement or combination reasonable, while a court and jury in Wisconsin might find the same agreement and combination unreasonable.
>
> In the case of the People vs. Sheldon, (139 N. Y., 264,) Chief Justice Andrews remarks: "If agreements and combinations to prevent competition in prices are or may be hurtful to trade, the only sure remedy is to prohibit all agreements of that character. If the validity of such an agreement was made to depend upon actual proof of public prejudice or injury, it would be very difficult in any case to establish the invalidity, although the moral evidence might be very convincing."
>
> To amend the Anti-Trust act as suggested by this bill would be to entirely emasculate it, and for all practical purposes render it nugatory as a remedial statute, criminal prosecutions would not lie, and civil remedies would labor under the greatest doubt and uncertainty.
>
> The act as it exists is clear, comprehensive, certain, and highly remedial. It practically covers the field of Federal jurisdiction, and is in every respect a model law. To destroy or undermine it at the present juncture, when combinations are on the increase, and appear to be as oblivious as ever of the rights of the public, would be a calamity.

The result was the indefinite postponement by the Senate of any further consideration of the proposed amendments of the Anti-Trust act.

After what this court has adjudged, upon full consideration, as to the meaning and scope of the Anti-Trust act, and in view of the usages of this court when attorneys for litigants have attempted to reopen questions that have been deliberately decided, I confess to no little surprise as to what has occurred in the present case. The court says that the previous cases above cited "cannot by any possible conception be treated as authoritative without the certitude that reason was resorted to for the purpose of deciding them," and its opinion is full of intimations that this court proceeded in those cases, so far as the present question is concerned, without being guided by the "rule of reason" or "the light of reason." It is more than once intimated, if not suggested, that if the Anti-Trust act is to be construed as prohibiting every contract or combination, of whatever nature, which is in fact in restraint of commerce, regardless of the reasonableness or unreasonableness of such restraint, that fact would show that the court had not proceeded, in its decision, according to "the light of reason," but had disregarded the "rule of reason."

If the court, in those cases, was wrong in its construction of the act, it is certain that it fully apprehended the views advanced by learned counsel in previous cases and pronounced them to be untenable. The published reports place this beyond all question. The opinion of the court was delivered by a Justice of wide experience as a judicial officer, and the court had before it the Attorney General of the United States and lawyers who were recognized, on all sides, as great leaders in their profession. The same eminent jurist who delivered the opinion in the Trans-Missouri case delivered the opinion in the Joint Traffic case, while the association in the latter case was represented by lawyers whose ability was universally recognized. Is it to be supposed that any point escaped notice in those cases when we think of the sagacity of the Justice who expressed the views of the court, or of the ability of the profound and astute lawyers, who sought such an interpretation of the act as would compel the court to insert words in the statute which Congress had not put there, and the insertion of which words would amount to "judicial legislation"?

Now this court is asked to do that which it has distinctly declared it could not and would not do, and has now done what it then said it could constitutionally do. It has by mere interpretation modified the acts of Congress and deprived it of practical value as a defensive measure against the evils to be remedied. On reading the opinion just delivered, the first inquiry will be that, as the court is unanimous in holding that the practical things done by the Standard Oil Company and its subsidiary companies in this case were illegal under the Anti-Trust act, whether those things were in reasonable or unreasonable restraint of inter-State commerce, why was it necessary to make an elaborate argument, as is done in the opinion, to show that according to the "rule of reason" the act as passed by Congress should be interpreted as if it contained the word "unreasonable" or the word "undue." The only answer which in frankness can be given to this question is that the court intends to decide that its deliberate judgment, fifteen years ago, to the effect that the act permitted no restraint whatever of inter-State commerce, whether reasonable or unreasonable, was not in accordance with the "rule of reason." In effect the court says that it will now, for the first time, bring the discussion under the "light of reason" and apply the "rule of reason" to the questions to be decided. I have the authority of this court for saying that such a course of proceeding on its part is "judicial legislation."

Still more, what is now done involves a serious departure from the settled usages of this court. Counsel have not ordinarily been allowed to discuss questions already settled by previous decisions. More than once at the present term that rule has been applied. In St. Louis, I. M. & S. Ry. Co. vs. Taylor, (210, U. S., 281,) the court had occasion to determine the meaning and scope of the original Safety Appliance act of Congress, passed for the protection of railroad employes and passengers on inter-State trains. 27 Stat. 531.

A particular construction of that act was insisted upon by the inter-State carrier which was sued under the Safety Appliance act; and the contention was that a different construction than the one insisted upon by the carrier would be a harsh one. After quoting the words of the act, Mr. Justice Moody said for the court:

> There is no escape from the meaning of these words. Explanation cannot clarify them, and ought not to be employed to confuse them or lessen their significance. The obvious purpose of the Legislature was to supplant the qualified duty of the common law with an absolute duty deemed by it more just. If the railroad does, in point of fact, use cars which do not comply with the standard, it violates the plain prohibitions of the law and there arises from that violation the liability to make compensation to one who is injured by it.
>
> It is urged that this is a harsh construction. To this we reply that, if it be a true construction, its harshness is no concern of the courts. They have no responsibility for the justice or wisdom of legislation, and no duty except to enforce the law as it is written, unless it is clearly beyond the constitutional power of the lawmaking body.
>
> It is quite conceivable that Congress, contemplating the inevitable hardship of such injuries, and hoping to diminish the economic loss to the community resulting from them, should deem it wise to impose their burdens upon those who are in the main helpless in that regard. Such a policy would be intelligible, and, to say the least, not so unreasonable as to require us to doubt that it was intended, and to seek some unnatural interpretation of common words. We see no error in this part of the case.

And at the present term of this court we were asked, in a case arising under the Safety Appliance act, to reconsider the question decided in the Taylor case. We declined to do so, saying in an opinion just now handed down:

> In view of these facts, we are unwilling to regard the question as to the meaning and scope of the Safety Appliance act, so far as it relates to automatic couplers on trains moving inter-State traffic, as open to further discussion here. If the court was wrong in the Taylor case the way is open for such an amendment of the statute as Congress may in its discretion deem proper. This court ought not now disturb what has been so widely accepted and acted upon by the courts as having been decided in that case. A contrary course would cause infinite uncertainty, if not mischief, in the administration of the law in the Federal courts. To avoid misapprehension it is appropriate to say that we are not to be understood as questioning the soundness of the interpretation heretofore placed by this court upon the Safety Appliance act. We only mean to say that until Congress by an amendment of the statute changes the rule announced in the Taylor case this court will adhere to and apply that rule.—C., B. & Q. Railway Company v. United States, 220.

What the Court Should Have Said.

When counsel in the present case insisted upon a reversal of the former rulings of this court and asked such an interpretation of the Anti-Trust act as would allow reasonable restraints of inter-State commerce, this court, in deference to established practice, should, I submit, have said to them:

"That question, according to our practice, is not open for further discussion here. This court long ago deliberately held:

"1. The act, interpreting its words in their ordinary acceptation, prohibits all restraints of inter-State commerce by combinations, in whatever form and whether reasonable or unreasonable.

"2. The question relates to matters of public policy in reference to commerce among the States and with foreign nations, and Congress alone can deal with the subject.

"3. This court would encroach upon the authority of Congress if, under the guise of construction, it should assume to determine a matter of public policy.

"4. The parties must go to Congress and obtain an amendment of the Anti-Trust act if they think this court was wrong in its former decisions.

"5. This court cannot and will not judicially legislate, since its function is to declare the law, while it belongs to the legislative department to make the law."

Such a course, I am sure, would not have offended the "rule of reason." But my brethren, in their wisdom, have deemed it best to pursue a different course. They have now said to those who condemn our former decisions and who object to all legislative prohibitions of contracts, combinations, and trusts in restraint of inter-State Commerce, "You may now restraint such commerce, provided you are reasonable about it; only take care that the restraint is not undue."

The disposition of the case under consideration, according to the views of the defendants, will, so it is claimed, quiet and give rest to "the business of the country." On the contrary, I have a strong conviction that it will throw the business of the country into confusion and invite widely extended and harassing litigation, the injurious effects of which will be felt for many years to come. When Congress prohibited every contract, combination, or monopoly in restraint of commerce it prescribed a simple, definite rule that all could understand and could be easily applied by every one wishing to obey the law and not to conduct their business in violation of law. But now, it is to be feared, we are to have, in cases without number, the constantly recurring inquiry—difficult to solve by proof—whether the particular contract, combination, or trust involved in each case is or is not an "unreasonable" or "undue" restraint of trade. Congress, in effect, said that there should be no restraint of trade in any form, and this court solemnly adjudged many years ago that Congress meant what it thus said in clear and explicit words, and that it could not add to the words of the act. But those who condemn the action of Congress are now, in effect, informed that the courts will allow such restraints of inter-State commerce as are shown not to be unreasonable or undue.

It remains for me to refer, more fully than I have heretofore done, to another, and, in my judgment—if we look to the future—the most important aspect of this case. That aspect concerns the usurpation by the judicial branch of the Government of the functions of the legislative department. The illustrious men who laid the foundations of our institutions deemed no part of the National Constitution of more consequence or more essential to the permanency of our form of government than the provisions under which were distributed the powers of government among three separate, equal, and co-ordinate departments—legislative, executive, and judicial.

This was at that time a new feature of Governmental regulation among the nations of the earth, and it is deemed by the people of every section of our country as most vital in the workings of a representative republic, whose Constitution was ordained and established in order to accomplish the objects stated in its preamble, by the means, but only by the means, provided either expressly or by necessary implication, by the instrument itself. No department of that Government can constitutionally exercise the powers committed strictly to another and separate department.

I said at the outset that the action of the court in this case might well alarm thoughtful men who revered the Constitution. I meant by this that many things are intimated and said in the court's opinion which will not be regarded otherwise than as sanctioning an invasion by the judiciary of the constitutional domain of Congress—an attempt by interpretation to soften or modify what some regard as a harsh public policy. This court, let me repeat, solemnly adjudged many years ago that it could not, except by "judicial legislation," read words into the Anti-Trust act not put there by Congress, and which, being inserted, give it a meaning which the words of the act as passed, if properly interpreted, would not justify. The court has decided that it could not thus change a public policy formulated and declared by Congress; that Congress has paramount authority to regulate inter-State commerce, and that it alone can change a policy once inaugurated by legislation.

The courts have nothing to do with the wisdom or policy of an act of Congress. Their duty is to ascertain the will of Congress, and if the statute embodying the expression of that will is constitutional the courts must respect it. They have no function to declare a public policy, nor to amend legislative enactments. "What is termed the policy of the Government with reference to any particular legislation," as this court has said, "is generally a very uncertain thing upon which all sorts of opinions, each variant from the other, may be formed by different persons. It is a ground much too unstable upon which to rest the judgment of the court in the interpretation of statutes." (Hadden vs. Collector, 5 Wall 107.)

Nevertheless, if I do not misapprehend its opinion, the court has now read into the act of Congress words which are not to be found there, and has thereby done that which it adjudged in 1896 and 1898 could not be done without violating the Constitution, namely, by interpretation of a statute changed a public policy declared by the legislative department.

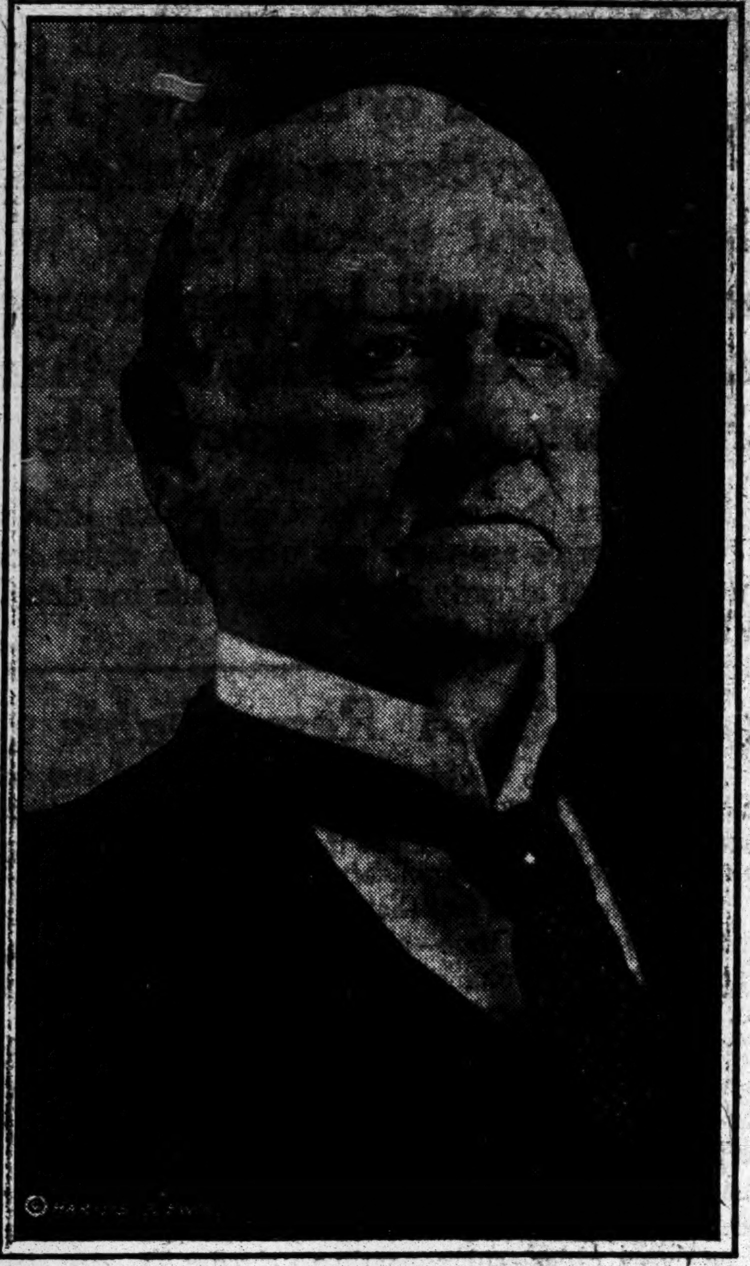
After many years of public service at the National capital, and after a somewhat close observation of the conduct of public affairs, I am compelled to say that there is abroad in our land a most harmful tendency to bring about the amending of Constitutions and legislative enactments by means alone of judicial construction. As a public policy has been declared by the legislative department in respect of inter-State commerce, over which Congress has entire control under the Constitution, all concerned must patiently submit to what has been lawfully done, until the people of the United States—the source of all National power—shall, in their own time, upon reflection and through the legislative department of the Government, require a change of that policy.

There are some who say that it is a part of one's liberty to conduct commerce among the States without being subject to governmental authority. But that would not be liberty regulated by law, and liberty which cannot be regulated by law is not to be desired. The supreme law of the land, which is binding alike upon all—upon Presidents, Congresses, the courts, and the people—gives to Congress, and to Congress alone, authority to regulate inter-State commerce, and when Congress forbids any restraint of such commerce, in any form, all must obey its mandate. To overreach the action of Congress merely by judicial construction, that is, by indirection, is a blow at the integrity of our governmental system, and in the end will prove most dangerous to all. Mr. Justice Bradley wisely said when on this bench that illegitimate and unconstitutional practices get their first footing by silent approaches and slight deviations from legal modes of legal procedure. (Boyd vs. U. S., 116 U. S., 616-635.) We shall do well to heed the warnings of that great jurist.

I do not stop to discuss the merits of the policy embodied in the Anti-Trust act of 1890, for, as has been often adjudged, the courts, under our constitutional system, have no rightful concern with the wisdom or policy of legislation enacted by that branch of the Government which alone can make laws.

For the reasons stated, while concurring in the general affirmance of the decree of the Circuit Court, I dissent from that part of the judgment of this court which directs the modification of the decree of the Circuit Court, as well as from those parts of the opinion which, in effect, assert authority in this court to insert words in the Anti-Trust act which Congress did not put there, and which, being inserted, Congress is made to declare as part of the public policy of the country what it has not chosen to declare.

Justice John M. Harlan.



BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

This Decoration Day many men will ring in an extra day's vacation. No matter where you're going or what you're going to do, we have the right clothes for you ready-to-put-on.

Men's Summer Suits— Over 400 patterns from which to choose . . $18 to $45
Lightweight Overcoats— In all the newest colors and materials . . . $16 to $42
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Shirts— All materials, new designs.
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Promptness is one of our watchwords.
ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

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You must be impressed with the increasing number and *character* of those who recognize the importance of *taking care of their eyes.*

Our Registered Physicians, Oculists of long experience, examine your eyes Without Charge. The glasses they prescribe give perfect comfort, and safeguard your eyes, against serious injury by eyestrain.

WE CHARGE FOR GLASSES ONLY
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Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

Lackawanna Limited
Leaves New York 10 A. M. daily for Buffalo and Points West
Lackawanna Railroad
The Road of Anthracite

B. Altman & Co.

WILL HOLD A SALE OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS
THIS DAY (FRIDAY), AS FOLLOWS:

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, PLAITED OR PLAIN,
USUAL PRICES $1.75 TO $2.25 . . . AT $1.15

MEN'S SILK FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS,
USUAL PRICES $1.30 TO $1.75 . . . AT 50c.

MEN'S AND BOYS' BATHING SUITS ARE IN REGULAR STOCK AT MODERATE PRICES.

MEN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR
BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. EACH. 45c.
FRENCH BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS EACH. 75c.
FRENCH LISLE THREAD SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE. 85c. EACH

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUITS AND RAINCOATS ARE BEING OFFERED AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

FLOYD, THE COLONIST, WAS IN WALL STREET

He Is the Andress Floyd of Floyd, Crawford & Co., and Tells How He Came to Change.

BACKERS KNOW HIS HISTORY

Have Known It During the Years in Which He Has Been Doing Good Work—And They Back Him Still.

Information reched THE TIMES on Wednesday that the Andress S. Floyd whose work as the founder and head of the Self-Masters Colony for the homeless and friendless was described in its issue of May 22 was the same Andress S. Floyd whose last conspicuous appearance in the newspapers was in the Spring of 1904, when Floyd, Crawford & Co. made its exit from Wall Street under expulsion from the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The information went further into details of the past of the Andress S. Floyd of that incident.

A reporter went out to Union, N. J., bearing this information. He found Mr. Floyd of the Self-Master Colony on the veranda of the old farmhouse which Charles H. Ingersoll of the watch company has furnished as the colony's home. The reporter repeated to him the information he had brought.

"Are you that same Mr. Floyd?" asked the reporter. Mr. Floyd bowed an assent.

"I am that man," he said.

Andress S. Floyd's career in Wall Street was a lively one. Floyd, Crawford & Co. were one of the largest wire houses engaged in a grain and brokerage business in the United States. They were members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, the Chicago Board of Trade, and the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. Previously Crawford and Floyd had been tourist brokers in Boston. It was they who managed the disastrous Christian Endeavor excursion to Europe, when several hundred persons were left stranded abroad in the Summer of 1900 because hotel keepers and others refused to honor the coupons for board and transportation which the tourists had purchased from the Boston firm. It was explained at that time that they had been obliged to suspend payment after the burning of the North German Lloyd vessels at Hoboken.

As brokers, Floyd, Crawford & Co., had offices in sixty cities. With several other brokerage firms, they were caught in the snare that was concealed in the shares of Light, Fuel and Power, a company which Alfred R. Goslin organized and in which he had an effective corner. The cry of "bucket shop" was raised, and on May 9, 1904, Floyd, Crawford & Co. were suspended from the Consolidated Exchange on accusations of "obvious fraud and false pretense." Creditors swarmed to their office, and neither Frank Crawford nor Andress Floyd appeared that day to quiet them. Later they were adjudged bankrupt, individually and as partners.

Floyd did not return to Wall Street. Nothing has been heard there from him in the four years intervening, except some word of a divorce suit from Massachusetts. Then, last Sunday, he lectured in Carnegie Hall on the work of his vagrancy colony. He is scheduled to speak next Sunday at 305 Madison Avenue, before an audience of the Unity Society of Practical Christianity. He will talk on "My Monks of Vagabondia."

The Self-Master Colny is supprted by private cntributions to the Andress S. Floyd Fund, of which the repository is the State National Bank of North Plainfield. The Trustees are William A. Clark of the Borough National Bank of North Plainfield, and Alexander C. Litterst of the Metuchen National Bank. On the Advisory Board are Howard A. Colby, brother of Senator Colby, and Charles H. Ingersoll.

All this Mr. Floyd said was correct.

Then he went on to tell what had been his life since the Wall Street days.

"I look back with a great many regrets," he said, "upon my past life, especially on my Wall Street experience, in which I not only ruined myself financially but brought heavy losses to men whom I felt to be my friends. The suffering that was caused through that financial failure determined me to try to live a constructive rather than a destructive life, and finally how difficult it was for myself to get on my feet, I thought how much more difficult it must be for a man without business experience or friends to gain a footing.

"My sympathy went out immediately to men who had brought their own lives to the verge of ruin. I decided to surround myself with a few of these men who need encouragement and direction and to show them that I not only understood them because of my own sufferings but that it is not impossible for a man to restore himself to the confidence of good people by clean and unselfish living and by honest industry.

"The four men who have been most solidly back of this work knew my whole story before any of it was started. I went to Mr. Colby at the very beginning. 'Go ahead, Floyd,' he said, and gave me the $1,000 that made the beginning possible. For my own part, I had only $20 in my pocket. They are standing behind me still."

It should be said here that later in the evening Mr. Colby was called upon for his testimony, which he was very ready to give. He said that from the very start of the Self-Master enterprise he had known the details of Mr. Floyd's previous business adventures. He added that he was familiar with the "bucket-shop" part, and he said so in a manner which suggested that bygones were bygones.

It was dusk when Mr. Floyd had finished his story and the "boys" of the colony had stopped work. The old looms—one of them two centuries old—where the rug weaving is done were still, and no one was in the printshop. In the kitchen one man was reading by the window, and two were engrossed over the kitchen table in a momentous game of dominoes. Behind the barn a group of five or six was being vastly diverted by watching one of their number act as barber to a newcomer.

"It's a nawful job," he said, waving his comb in amiable greeting to Mr. Floyd and then taking issue with a huge lock of black hair.

In the printshop Mr. Floyd fished up a quotation from Tolstoy which is for the next issue of The Self-Master, to appear when it gets good and ready. Mr. Ingersoll had sent it out, Mr. Floyd explained, handing it over silently. The reporter read this:

"People often say to me, 'If you think that there is no reasonable life outside the teachings of Christ, and if you love a reasonable life, why do you not fulfill the Christian precepts?' I am guilty and blameworthy and contemptible because I do not fulfill them; but at the same time I say—not in justification, but in explanation of my inconsistency—'Compare my previous life with the life I am now living, and you will see that I am trying to fulfill. I have not, it is true, fulfilled one-eighty-thousandth part, and I am to blame for it; but it is not because I do not wish to fulfill all, but because I am unable. Teach me how to extricate myself from the meshes of temptation in which I am entangled, help me, and I will fulfill all. Condemn me if you choose—I do that myself—but condemn me, and not the path which I am following, and which I point out to those who ask me where, in my opinion, the path is.'"

Arrested at Request of German Consul.

On the complaint of Kurt Ziegler, German Consul General, United States Marshal Henkel late yesterday evening caused Karl Spallek to be arrested on an extradition warrant charging the embezzlement of public money in Prussia. Spallek, who was taken into custody at the Union Hotel, White Plains, was brought here and locked up in the Tombs. He refused to make any statement.

CHORUS GIRL WIFE SUES FOR $50,000

Mrs. George H. Mulligan Demands That Sum from Her Father-in-Law for Alienation.

SAYS HE'S ON AN ALLOWANCE

Banished to Pike County, Penn., by Parental Order and Forbidden to Return to Her.

Mrs. Bessie Van Ness Mulligan, once a chorus girl and now a chorus girl again, separated from her young husband, is suing George H. Mulligan, her wealthy father-in-law, for alienation of her husband's affections. She demands $50,000 by way of compensation for her lonely life.

The papers in the case were prepared by Herman L. Roth, who has been retained by Mrs. Mulligan to prosecute the suit. Mr. Roth said last night that he was informed that the elder Mulligan had given his son an allowance on condition that he should never rejoin his wife.

When the young man married the chorus girl in September, 1909, his father promptly disinherited him. According to the allegations of the wife, young Mulligan tried to earn a living for a short time, but gave it up and returned to his father's home, consenting to go into "retirement" at the Pike County Country Club in rustic Pennsylvania. Mrs. Mulligan says she receives at her home in West Eighty-fourth Street occasional letters from her husband. They all tell of the necessity for his living in retirement and away from her so that the allowance shall not be shut off. This, according to the wife and her lawyer, amply constitutes restraint on the part of the father that amounts to alienation of the son's affections.

Mrs. Mulligan was a showgirl when she married Mulligan, and at the time it was heralded that he was willing to renounce his inheritance of $2,000,000 and go to work to support her as a taxicab driver at $15 a week.

The marriage was performed by a Paterson, N. J., pastor, and when the son suggested taking his bride to visit his father and sister at their home—the old McCurdy mansion at Morris Plains—he encountered opposition. The sister saw them coming from afar. She promptly sent her aged father upstirs, locked the door, and then from a good vantage point ordered the couple to leave the premises. Pleading was in vain and finally the bridal pair decided to give up the effort to win the paternal blessing. Then they found there was no cab at the door. Young Mulligan tried to telephone his sister to ask her to have the family carriage take them back to the railway station. She cut off the connection on recognizing the voice, and he then called up the stable direct and got the coachman to oblige him.

Back in New York at the Van Ness flat in Eighty-fourth Street the young man had to face the problem of going to work. He obtained a place as chauffeur in a garage kept by a cousin. His father soon heard of this, bought the garage, called in his son, and informed him that he had done this so he could shut him off, and not for eleemosynary reasons. The young man had responded to the summons from his father expecting to receive his forgiveness and a handsome present. Instead he had to hunt a new job and found one in a newspaper circulation agency. The salary was $10 a week. He moved from there to a place as chauffeur of a sightseeing omnibus and later became driver of a Coney Island motor-bus.

While engaged in this work his wife, who saved expenses by visiting friends in the country, was unstinted in her praise of him. Before long, however, he began to waver. He finally announced that he was going to Detroit to work in an automobile factory. He was reported once to be a laborer aboard the steamship Western States, with an ambition to become an electrician.

Mrs. Mulligan, discouraged at his long absence, finally returned to the stage late last Summer. "I must live," she said, "and George, plucky boy that he is, cannot support me just at present."

The next news the wife received of him came in the Pike County Country Club letters confiding to her that he was back on an allowance that would terminate as soon as he returned to her.

DELAY ON VANDERBILT VILLA.

Shanty Dwellers Won't Move and Mrs. Vanderbilt Won't Evict Them.

Because Michael F. Harvey, his wife, and four children have not yet moved out of a tumble-down shanty that they occupy on the fifty-five-acre estate of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., at Jericho, L. I., work on Mrs. Vanderbilt's villa, which will be one of the handsomest and most costly on Long Island, is delayed.

The Harveys lived in their present habitation before Mrs. Vanderbilt acquired her property. There is not a pane of glass in their house and the windows are boarded up.

Mrs. Vanderbilt has asked the Harveys to move several times. Harvey says he is willing to do so, but that he cannot find a place for his family. Mrs. Vanderbilt desires to have the shanty torn down before her villa is completed, but she does not wish to use force to evict the Harvey family.

REDUCES SUPT. BEATTY.

He Wouldn't Resign, So They Made Him a Park Assistant.

After a conference between Park Commissioner Stover and Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick it was announced yesterday that John H. Beatty, Superintendent of Parks in Manhattan and Richmond, had been reduced in rank and appointed an Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. Beatty was asked several days ago to resign, but failed to do so. Then the option was given to him to resign or stay as Assistant Superintendent. He accepted the new position. As Superintendent Mr. Beatty received $4,000 a year. As Assistant he will get $3,000. George Hilty, attached to Commissioner Fosdick's office, will be Superintendent for the present.

It was rumored about the offices of the Park Department that within a short time John W. Smith, director of the menagerie, will be retired and the office abolished. If this office is not abolished, it was said that William Snyder, now head keeper, would probably be appointed.

MRS. LERCHE'S WILL STANDS.

No Undue Influence Used on the Manager of "Blind Tom," Says Court.

The contest over the will of the late Mrs. Elise Lerche, who managed "Blind Tom," the negro musician, in his tours of this country and Europe, ended yesterday when Justice Robert Carey, in the Court of Common Pleas in Jersey City, N. J., decided that the contestants had failed to show that undue influence had been used in the drawing of the will. The contest occupied more than six months. Mrs. Lerche died in March, 1910.

Mrs. Lerche, who lived in Hoboken, left an estate of about $150,000. She left $1,000 each to three nephews and a niece, but neither her daughter nor sister were mentioned in the will. The remainder of the property was willed in equal amounts to the Worthburg Home for the Aged and Infirm in East New York, Fritz Reuter Home in North Bergen, Samaritan Home for the Aged in Manhattan, Home for Aged Women in Jersey City, and Home for Old Men and Aged Cripples in Manhattan.

Central Hudson Is Floated.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 25.—After being fast on the rocks near West Point for three days, the steamer Central Hudson of the Manhattan Navigation Line was floated off by pontoons to-day. She was towed to Brooklyn for repairs.

HANG NEGRO WOMAN AND SON

Mob Overpowers Jailer, Who Was Holding Prisoners for Murder.

OKEMA, Okla., May 25.—Laura Nelson, a negro woman and her son, 18 years old, were lynched here to-day. They shot a Deputy Sheriff, who went to search their shanty for stolen goods.

The woman and her son were taken from the County Jail by a mob, which had first gagged and bound Jailer Lawrence Payne. The bodies were found hanging to the timbers of a bridge across the Canadian River.

The Nelsons were also charged with the murder of Deputy Sheriff George H. Loney, two weeks ago.

Special Underprice
Sale of 4,000 Straw Hats
Manufacturers' Samples and Surplus

$1.80

$2, $3, $4, $5 and $6 Grades

900 sample hats from Bonar, Phelps Co., New York. The cheapest hat they make sells for $3. Most of these are $4 and $5 grades. And 3,000 straw hats, the surplus product of one of the biggest hat manufacturers in Baltimore. Sennits, Splits, Mackinaws and Milans; straight brims, roll brims, pencil curls, in all approved dimensions. Every one perfect. This season's styles. Sizes 6⅝ to 7½. One of the biggest special values we ever offered.

Special Sale of Panama Hats, $5

Values up to $10

A very exceptional offering—the best, we think, New York has ever seen—due to the enterprise of our agent in South America, and to our prompt exchange of cash for about 1,200 hats on a basis considerably below the price in the New York market; the hats blocked in the four most popular shapes.

In this transaction—as, indeed, in everything we do—we acted as your trustees. The price charged includes a small profit to us. The hat you get—according to the promptness with which you act—would cost you anywhere else from $2 to $5 more.

Sale begins this morning

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY 47 CORTLANDT ST.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., West of B'way 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.

ELMIRA-NET UNDERWEAR

Every stitch in this wonderfully cool, lisle mesh underwear responds to the wearer's movements.

It is re-inforced at the vital points and guaranteed to give full satisfaction.

Union Suits, $1.00; Separate Garments, 50c.

Remember the Name

At the best retailers everywhere.

ELMIRA KNITTING MILLS, New York

GIMBELS

Store Your Furs at GIMBELS
Largest, Newest, Safest, Cleanest, BEST Cold-Air Vault in New York
(Right in Our Building)
TELEPHONE MADISON SQUARE 8300
When You Want Us to Call for Them
MODERATE STORAGE CHARGES
Send for Schedule

Special Clothing News
Just Before the Holiday

In addition to our complete and magnificent stocks of Men's and Boys' Clothing, of every desirable style, in every wanted grade, we have this special news today:

Men's $20 to $25 Suits at $15

A collection of several hundred suits that will prove most attractive to men who want new clothing for the holiday, and for all summer afterward. Every suit is new and correct in style; but they are broken lines from our regular $20, $22, and $25 models. The assortment includes plain and fancy blues, blacks, pin stripes and mixtures. And all sizes are in the collection, from 33 to 44-inch chest measure; in regular, stout and long models. Some are full suits, half and quarter-lined; some are simply coats and trousers; including mohair suits. All now $15 a suit.

Men's Separate Trousers, in a large variety of styles, for dress, semi-dress, business and outing wear. $3.50 to $7.50 a pair.

Youth's Suits, in many attractive models, handsomely tailored, in sizes from 15 to 22 years. $15 to $25.

Youth's Special All-wool Suits, in a large assortment of styles, at $12 a suit.

Boys' $8.50 to $10 Suits at $6.50

Also taken from our regular stocks because lines are somewhat broken. With Norfolk Coats for 7 to 15 years, and plain double-breasted Coats, in sizes 9 to 18 years; all $6.50 a suit.

Boys' All-wool Suits at $5

Each with two pairs of knickerbocker trousers. Norfolks, 7 to 14 years, Double-breasted Coats, 8 to 18 years, $5 a suit.

Boys' $4 Khaki Suits, at $2.85. Made with Norfolk Coat, all seams reinforced, and otherwise well tailored; sizes for 7 to 14 years. Fourth floor

Superb Showing of Men's Cool Shirts

The best shirts of the present season, at whatever price, for men who are *au fait* with fashion.

$1 to $6.50—with intermediate groups at $1.35, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5.

Cool percales, fine printed and woven-striped madras, from America and abroad; mercerized materials with the sheen and comfort of silk, but more economically priced, delightful silk-and-linen, with silk stripes; finally, all-silk, soft and summery, in plain colors or delicate stripes, with plain or plaited bosoms and soft cuffs.

No room for details—but see in particular—
The splendid group of soft-cuff shirts at $1
The Japanese silk shirts at $3.50
The exclusive shirts, of foreign fabrics, at $3 and $3.50
The luxurious silk shirts at $5

A gathering, in short, that appeals to every well-dressed man.

And, while you're stopping in at this convenient Men's Furnishing Corner, at Broadway and Thirty-third—just on the eve of the holiday—have a look at

The special groups of Pajamas at 95c, $1.50 *and* $1.85—*they are well worth it.*

Main floor

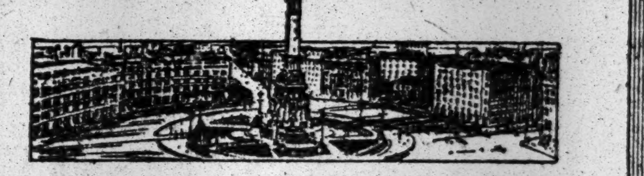
GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Save a day and sleep to ST. LOUIS
Southwestern Limited
24 hours to St. Louis
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 4.00 p.m.
Arrives St. Louis 3.00 p.m. next day.
All Pullman Cars. All Special Features.
Other good trains at 12.40 p.m. and 6.30 p.m.

Best service and sleep to CLEVELAND
Lake Shore Limited
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 5.30 p.m.
Arrives Cleveland—105th Street 6.55 a.m.
" " Union Station 7.15 a.m.
Big Four Limited
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 6.30 p.m.
Arrives Cleveland—105th Street 7.15 a.m.
" " Union Station 7.30 a.m.

New York Central Lines



Overnight and sleep to CINCINNATI
Southwestern Limited
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 4.00 p.m.
Arrives Cincinnati 8.50 next morning.
All Pullman Cars.
All Special Features.
Other good trains at 12.40 and 5.30 p.m.

Water Level and sleep to INDIANAPOLIS
Second Empire
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 12.40 p.m.
Arrives Indianapolis 11.15 next morning.
Southwestern Limited
Leaves Grand Central Terminal 4.00 p.m.
Arrives Indianapolis 9.10 a.m.
Big Four Limited
Leaves Gd. Cen. Ter. 6.30 p.m.
Arrives Indianapolis 3.00 p.m.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

17-YEAR LOCUSTS NOT VERY TERRIBLE

State Entomologist Destroys Some Popular Delusions Regarding the Pest.

PH RAOH PLAGUE DIFFERENT

But There Will Be Myriads of the Cicadae in the Vicinity of New York This Summer.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 25.—Prof. E. P. Felt, the State Entomologist, holds that the locust with which this country is now threatened has no connection whatever with the pest that, according to Biblical tradition, invaded the land of the Nile many centuries ago. The locusts of Egypt were real grasshoppers. The seventeen-year locust is not a grasshopper, but a cicada.

"The seventeen-year locust," said Prof. Felt to a TIMES correspondent to-day, "is a locust only by courtesy. And yet it is odd to note how often a mistake is made in classifying these insects. Not long ago a popular magazine printed an article on the African locust and illustrated it with pictures of our cicada. And a recent publication, devoted to the interests of fruit growing, represented the cicada and the grasshopper alike as insects which deposit their eggs on twigs of trees. Of course, the grasshopper does nothing of the sort, while the cicada does."

Dr. Felt said that the ordinary farmer has little to fear from the seventeen-year locust. It does not touch grain or vegetables. The fruit grower, on the other hand, may regret its coming. It feeds on the sap of the second-year twigs of trees, preferably young trees. The apple tree and the oak are most exposed to its ravages, but it will attack almost any young tree and it will destroy the yearling twigs of older trees. In the young branches of such trees, with the exception of the pine, the female cicada will deposit her eggs in a row of slanting holes. From ten to twenty eggs are laid side by side in each slit which the insect makes, each laying from 700 to 1,000. The slits thus created rarely heal and the twig, as a rule, is doomed.

During the present invasion of the seventeen-year locust pest Dr. Felt intends to give close study to its habits and whereabouts with a view of working out some method by which its ravages may be checked.

Prof. Felt has on his desk a living specimen of the seventeen-year locust, sent him by the mail last Saturday by Dr. G. A. Lintner of Summit, N. J. It is kept in a glass jar with three young twigs to feed on. Prof. Felt in a bulletin sent out when the first insects appeared said:

"There is golden opportunity for all interested to witness the wondrous transformation accompanied by striking changes in color from the grublike underground worker to the militant cicada with its gay trappings of red. The 'w' on the wing presages war—war on the peaceful stillness of the woods."

Prof Felt accompanied his introduction of the cicada with a brief account of its genealogy. "It is native to this continent," said he. "The different cycles of the cicada have been followed by scientists in this country for almost 200 years. There is enough mention of the cicada in early Colonial records to make it possible for us to establish its identity. It is closely related to the harvest fly, or, as it is also known, the dogdays cicada.

"Unlike some other insects, the cicada does not produce its characteristic sound with its wings, but by a vibratory movement of the auditory apparatus, arising from the contraction and extension of the muscles. The organs for hearing on the seventeen-year locust are situated at the base of its abdomen. On each side of the body there is a tiny plate-formed shell substance in close proximity to the hindmost of its six legs."

The State Entomologist said that whatever predatory practices the cicada may engage in with regard to vegetation, it does not prey upon human life. Yet it has been accused of even that.

"We heard all sorts of stories when the cicada was with us in its earlier cycle seventeen years ago," said Prof Felt. "According to one report, a man had lost his life—a victim of the cicada; another had lost an arm. The fact is, that the cicada is absolutely harmless. Its destruction of vegetation has also been very much exaggerated.

"The brood of cicadae this year will large. It is limited to the Hudson Valley. A farmer writes me from Poughkeepsie that the other day, when he was plowing in his garden, he disturbed a colony of cicada grubs. There were thousands and thousands of them; in spots there were more grubs than soil. The infected area runs as far as Thomson in the north and takes in the western end of Long Island. There are records of the seventeen-year locust as far north as Lake Champlain, but not in recent years. I want to get data from that northern section during the present cicada period."

This year the cicada will appear in abundance at these localities: New Brighton, S. I.; Flushing and Bay Ridge, L. I.; Woodlawn Cemetery, Westchester; from the city line to Croton, in the Palisades, Nyack, Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, New Windsor, Newburg, Middletown, Poughkeepsie, Beekman, Johnsville, Bangall, Anandale, Rhinebeck, Rock City, Red Hook, Pine Plains, Barrytown, Wallkill, Marlborough, Milton, New Paltz, Saugerties, Quarryville, Clermont, Claverack, Hillsdale, Livingston, Stuyvesant, Catskill, Athens, New Baltimore, and Bath-on-the-Hudson. In some of these places there will be millions of the cicadae.

Prof. Felt said that there was not much danger that the cicada would overflow into new territory. Its life is so short that it seldom has time to travel more than a quarter of a mile from the spot where it first saw the light. As trees are being cut down and human dwellings take their place the cicada gradually disappears. It does not devour vegetation, as some believe. It just thrusts its microscopic beak underneath the bark of young twigs as far as the layer of sap wood and sucks the sap. Until some years ago there were some scientists, who questioned whether the insect fed at all.

The 17-year locust extends into the Southwest and the Middle West. In Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, Indiana, and Illinois, it lives side by side with another cicada, a 13-year variety. But though the two varities so closely resemble each other that scientists cannot tell them apart, they never mix to create an intermediate brood.

"Is the department taking any steps for the extermination of the pest?" the State Entomologist was asked.

"No; there seems to be no reason for it," he replied with a smile.

GAME BILL PASSES SENATE.

Prohibits Sale of Many Species, but Allows Breeding on Farms.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 25.—Senator Bayne's bill prohibiting the sale of game in this State was passed to-day by the Senate, McManus of New York alone voting against it. The prohibition which the bill proposes is urged by Dr. W. T. Hornaday of New York and other prominent scientists and sportsmen, who declare that at the rate at which game is being taken for the markets, the State will have no game within a few years.

While hotel keepers and other purchasers will be deprived of the privilege of obtaining game native to this State, if the bill becomes a law, provision is made for the breeding of deer, pheasants, and ducks on farms under State supervision to supply the markets during certain seasons. Many amendments have been made to the bill since its introduction, and it is said to be satisfactory to all interests. One of the amendments, Senator McManus declared, would give one New York dealer a monopoly of importing certain birds.

The bill prohibits the sale of the dead bodies of wild hares, squirrels of all species, wild deer, elk, moose, and caribou of all species, whether killed in this State or beyond its borders. The same prohibition applies to the sale of game birds belonging to any species or subspecies native to this State, whether killed in or out of the State.

Persons desiring to raise game for the market may do so by securing from the Forest, Fish, and Game Department a license, the fee for which is fixed at $25.

The bill permits the importation of the unplucked carcasses of pheasants of all species, Scotch grouse, European black plover, European red-legged partridge, Egyptian quail, and the carcasses of European red deer, fallow deer, and roebuck from Sept. 1 to March 1, and this may be sold if tagged with a tag issued by the Forest, Fish, and Game Commissioner.

Gets $750 for Wife's Lost Affection.

John F. Egan recovered a verdict of $750 for the alienation of his wife's affections yesterday against Leon K. Belcher from a Supreme Court jury before Justice Goff. Belcher, who was found by Egan's detectives with Mrs. Egan in a Sixth Avenue hotel, asserted that he didn't know she was married.

MORSE READS TAFT'S REFUSAL OF PARDON

Whole Account Displayed in a Paper He Had to File in Prison Library.

CAST IN DEEP DEJECTION

But Recovers Quickly and Says Justice Will Yet Be Done—Mrs. Morse Still Works for Husband's Release.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 25.—Charles W. Morse learned that President Taft had refused to pardon him when he entered the library at the Federal Penitentiary to take up his daily work this morning. Morse is an assistant in the library, and the first thing he does every morning is to file the papers that come in the early mail. As Morse stepped to the table on which the mail was lying his eye fell on the first page of the Atlanta morning paper, on which under big headlines appeared the decision against him by the President of the United States.

Morse seemed dazed at first, but quickly recovered and read the article. When he came to the paragraphs in which Taft denounced him as worse than Walsh, Morse indicated his dissent. When he had finished reading he stood in an attitude of deep dejection, but only for a moment. Then he sighed and went about his duties.

All through the day he showed that he keenly felt the strictures which the President had passed upon him.

"But I have not lost hope," Morse said to the prison chaplain. "Justice will yet be done me, and the fight for freedom will be continued. Yes; I am disappointed, but I feel more keenly for my wife than I do for myself. It is hard on her, after the brave fight she has made for me, to meet with this disappointment. I want to see her and comfort her and tell her that everything will eventually come out all right."

Greatly overcome but not discouraged by President Taft's refusal to pardon her husband, Mrs. Charles W. Morse, who has worked untiringly to free the convicted banker, has already begun consideration of her next step. She said yesterday that it would not be wise to divulge her plans until after she had conferred with her husband.

"I am going to Atlanta as soon as I am able to make the trip," she said. "I hope to be well enough to start to-morrow morning. I shall be back in about ten days, and will then be ready to make public my plans. I am much disappointed with the result of my efforts to obtain a pardon, as I fully believed President Taft would find it in accordance with the ends of justice to grant the petition. Just now I am anxious only to be with my husband and to discuss with him plans for the future."

Mrs. Morse's work in her husband's behalf began while he was in the Tombs. The amount of bail required was $125,000, and the lawyers despaired of raising it. She established an office at 43 Exchange Place, and through her own efforts finally succeeded in getting twenty-five men to give bond in the sum of $5,000 each. She reported day by day to her husband in the Tombs as the signatures were obtained.

While this campaign was under way Mrs. Morse sold her jewels, valued at $250,000, to help pay her husband's lawyers. Her sables, silver, gowns, and expensive bric-à-brac also went for the same purpose. In one instance she sold a pin that cost $4,000 for $1,300 to meet the bill of a stenographer. Her force of servants was cut from seven to one, and she continued to live in the house at 728 Fifth Avenue only because she could live there more cheaply than elsewhere.

On June 19, 1909, she had succeeded in raising the necessary bail, and Morse was released, pending his appeal. This he lost, and on Oct. 11 he was again sent to the Tombs. On Dec. 6 the Supreme Court denied a writ of certiorari, and on Dec. 30 his application for a new trial was denied.

After Morse was taken to Atlanta to serve his term of fifteen years, Mrs. Morse devoted her time to getting him pardoned. She disposed of the Fifth Avenue house and went to live in a modest apartment. From the Exchange Place office she worked unceasingly getting signatures to the petitions. One petition was from Bath, Me., Morse's old home. It was headed by the Mayor and contained 18,000 signatures. Another bore the names of the teachers and pupils of the Bath High School. A third was signed by the 3,000 depositors of the Bank of North America, who had been repaid in full.

Lord & Taylor
Founded 1826

To-Day and Saturday
The following Remarkable Values in
Women's Shoes

Style 49½
Tan Russia Calf 8-eyelet Gibson Ties

Style 507½
Smart 3-button Oxfords in Tan Russia, Black Russia and Patent Leather

Style 67½
Bronze Calf Eclipse and Gibson Ties

Style 78½
White Canvas and White Veloose Cloth Pumps, Eclipse and Gibson Ties

$5.00 Values at *$2.95* Per Pair

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL
E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

NOW! Men's Suits
Made to sell now for $25 & $28
Now $19.50

A little word, "Now."

Conditions are different, "now." When these garments were designed and tailored and their prices fixed at $25 and $28 for "Decoration Day Specials," there was no thought in the minds of the men who produced these suits that this business would be reorganized and extended.

"Now" it is different. "Now" we have a new Store in Harlem. "Now" a revision of prices—which were fair under the old regime, is imperatively necessary.

"Now" you can buy for $19.50 a suit that you might rightly expect to cost $25 or $28. You can select from a very wide range of patterns. Blues of every good sort—plain blue serges, hairline stripe blues, fancy weave blues, bluish mixtures—grays in every shade from lightest aluminum grays to dark salt and pepper mixtures—tans and browns in pleasing monotones and stripe effects.

The best weaves and designs for this season from America's and Europe's woollen and worsted producing sections are here.

Best of all, these suits are correct New York style. Every one was tailored right here in New York for New Yorkers.

HACKETT, CARHART & CO.
INC. RETAIL
New Harlem Store
125th St., nr. 3d Ave.
Harlem Store Open Evenings
265 B'way, nr. Chambers.
841 B'way, Cor. 13th St.

Lakes Winnipesaukee and Sunapee of New Hampshire

Here Is Vacation Land
for everybody—rest, recreation, content in scores of hotels, both large and small, in cosy cottages, in comfortable farmhouses.

Added Vim to Every Pastime
Bathing, fishing, yachting, motor boating, canoeing, tennis, tramping in this wonderful air, invigorating and sunny, yet cool with the never-failing breezes.

Helpful Literature
Send 2 cents in stamps for our Illustrated Booklets. Prompt attention given all correspondence. Address
Advertising Bureau, Room 1102 So. Sta., Boston

NOTE THE ACCESSIBILITY
Service effective June 26th
For Weirs, N. H. (Lake Winnipesaukee). Through Sleeping Car will depart from Grand Central Terminal (daily except Sunday) at 8:00 P. M.
For Lake Sunapee, N. H. Through Parlor Car will depart from Grand Central Terminal (week days) at 8:30 A. M. (Sundays) at 8:03 A. M.
For Tickets, Timetables and Transportation information, call or send to
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way, New York City.

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD

Revillon Frères
FOUNDED 1723

Store All Furs

Any article made of fur which is worth keeping is worth storing. This prevents the introduction of moth into the house. Store also draperies, Oriental rugs and other valuable textiles used in home decoration. The thorough cleaning and perfect preservation more than repay the cost. Send for booklet about the way we care for furs. For messenger to receive storage call 3761 Murray Hill.

19 W. 34th Street, New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

Cool, Silk-lined Suits of Blue Serge
$20 $25 $30

The quality that men want.
At prices that spell saving.

They slip on so easily; feel cool on the warmest day; look cool; and will never irritate by losing their shape. Too well tailored for that. The fabrics have every essential of expensive imported serge; fine twilled, two-ply, soft, serviceable. The blue is deep, rich and permanent.

The suits have the distinctiveness and character of custom made, because, they've gone through the same painstaking process of production.

WHITE FLANNEL TROUSERS
or striped white serges go well with blue coat at the country club, seashore or mountains. $3 to $8.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

The Man in the Tower

PICKED up a race for Summer underwear through the style glass this morning.

Roxford Underwear was making the running in the Balbriggan class.

A very fine Balbriggan, for the man that likes the soothing feel of it.

Made of Sea Isle cotton—the long staple kind.

Shirts made with a silk facing.

Represents the elimination in our stores of all similar lines.

Made for us—bought direct from the mills.

Long sleeves, short sleeves, or no sleeves at all.

Regular drawers, stout drawers or knee drawers.

Balbriggan, 50 cents a garment—lisle, $1.

* * *

Caught a glimpse of some new four-in-hands New Yorkers are affecting.

Cost fifty cents each.

Paramount Zephyrs.

Wash ties—silk-and-madras and highly mercerized Oxfords.

Guaranteed against fading in washing.

Made of same materials as finer Manhattan Shirts—raised silk cords preserve shape in laundry.

Cleanly and cool—white and fancy colors—bring out the best there is in a Summer suit.

Also Faille Silk four-in-hands and bows.

French word for "file."

Have file surface. In men's colors—24 shades.

Slip through collar easily—make soft, smooth knots.

All silk Crepe Faille ties at same price—plain colors, figures and stripes—in contrasting and self colors.

Any of them, fifty cents.

Our two-piece outing suits are worthy of your consideration—$20 and $25.

Weber and Heilbroner
Nine Stores
Clothes at 3 Stores marked with Star.
150 Nassau* 58 Nassau 27 New* 20 Cortlandt 146 Broadway
369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway
42nd and Fifth Avenue*

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN

YOU are invited to visit W. L. Douglas shoe store and inspect the Spring and Summer Oxfords and high cut shoes. The greatest variety, all the latest novelties, including **Short Vamp Shoes** which make the foot look smaller; **High Heel Shoes for Young Men,** as well as the more **Substantial Styles** which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere. Whatever your ideal of a shoe, you will find it in a W. L. Douglas store. W. L. Douglas **warrants** every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer for the money than any other make.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.
CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes.

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00 & $2.50.
The Best School and Dress Shoes for the Price in America.

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS GREATER N. Y. STORES:
93 Nassau St.
755 Broadway.
853 Broadway.
1349 Broadway.
1437 Broadway.
[illegible] Third Ave.
1452 Third Ave.
2202 Third Ave.
2779 Third Ave.
356 Sixth Ave.
345 Eighth Ave.
668 Eighth Ave.
250 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton St.
708-710 B'dway.
1007 Broadway.
1367 Broadway.
478 Fifth Ave.
1779 Pitkin Ave.
Newark—
837 Broad St.
Jersey City—
18 Newark Ave.

Every Mile A Picture
Every Minute Too Short

The Lehigh Valley Railroad runs through a continuously unfolding panorama of beautiful valleys and wooded mountains, lazy rivers and limpid lakes.

It is the businessman's route for quick, luxurious travel between the east and the west. Too, it is the highway through which picturesque vacation country can be reached, with fishing, sailing, golf, mountains, farms and woodland.

Start your vacation via the Lehigh Valley.

The perfect service and comfort of this road will be long remembered as one of the pleasantest experiences of the whole summer.

To Buffalo and the West via Niagara Falls.

Railroad and Pullman Tickets delivered at home or office on request.
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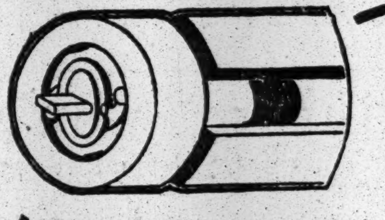
Lehigh Valley Railroad



Three important points to remember when buying Window Shade Rollers:

First—Ask for and insist on having
Hartshorn Shade Rollers.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Second—Look on each Roller for the label with the script signature,
Stewart Hartshorn
put there for your protection.

Third—Ask for "The Improved," as it requires no tacks.

Remember, "The Improved," Hartshorn Shade Roller requires no tacks, and the genuine has the script signature of Stewart Hartshorn on label.

WOOD ROLLERS. TIN ROLLERS.

QUITS WATER WAGON AND TUMBLES FAR

Doesn't Stop at the Gutter, but Goes Through Manhole to Flooded Conduit Below.

RESCUE BAND SUMMONED

Police, Firemen, and Other City Employes Finally Restore Penitent Horse to Standing.

A horse hitched to a water wagon broke loose yesterday morning, and, like many a man who has displayed a similar lack of horse-sense, got into a terrible hole—in fact, a manhole. The manhole is at Twelfth Street and Fourth Avenue, around and above which roars and rattles daily a tremendous volume of wagon and surface car traffic, and only a few feet beneath which rumbles a steady stream of Subway trains. For five hours yesterday that traffic roared and rattled and rumbled around and over and under the unwise horse before gangs of workmen from half a dozen different city departments succeeded in extricating him, with much difficulty and tearing up of the street, and landing him on the street beside his water wagon. His return to the paths of virtue was cheered and applauded by thousands of moral persons, who clogged the street for several blocks behind a closely lined-up string of police reserves.

The manhole had been opened early yesterday morning by a gang of workmen of the Consolidated Subway Company for the purpose of pumping out of it water that had leaked from one of the mains into the conduit chamber below, containing wires of the Edison Company and private subway service concerns.

The manhole, which is less than three feet in diameter, is a brick-lined cylindrical passageway that leads some six feet downward to the chamber containing the cables and conduits, which, in turn, is about five feet deep, a network of cables forming the roof of the subterranean chamber. Some three feet of water had leaked into the conduit chamber, and the workmen began to pump this out with a tall hand pump.

About 8:30 o'clock, just as the traffic policeman at the corner held up his hand to stop the heavy north-and-southbound traffic and let the east-and-westbound traffic pass, there rattled east across the avenue a wagon of the Kanouse Spring Water Company of 10 Barclay Street, drawn by a skittish bay horse and driven by a sober and model young driver, who seemed born to drive a water wagon all the days of his life until he changed it for an equally appropriate golden chariot.

The driver swerved his horse and water wagon north of the open manhole, and had just got abreast of it, when the powers of evil tempted the horse to glance towards the busily-working hand pump that was discharging its muddy current into the street. With a snort of terror the horse backed and tried to break loose from the water wagon.

The driver shouted a warning to the workmen, just as two hindlegs of erring horseflesh, followed by two equally erring haunches, plumped squarely into the open hole. The workmen saved themselves and their pump in the nick of time. The driver decided that it was time for him to leave the water wagon, too; so he jumped.

Half a dozen laborers rushed up and grabbed the sinking horse by the bridle and collar to stay his decent into the kingdom of darkness and penance they knew awaited him below. The horse tried his best to help them, but despite their tugging and his kicking, he slipped through his harness and sank slowly into the narrow manhole, which a moment before had seemed much too narrow to admit him. While the young driver was dancing frantically around, lamenting loudly the physical, if not the spiritual fall of his horse, that erring amimal with one last splash, sank beneath the level of the street and landed as to his southerly half, squarely into the water-clogged conduit chamber.

Peering into the darkness, those above could see him, head piteously raised to the outer air, while his legs kicked wildly in the cramped darkness about him, in a mad attempt to adjust himself to his surroundings and get to his feet. But he merely bruised the insulation of the many cables around and over him, and ended by shifting himself more securely and inextricably than before in his subterranean prison. To those above he seemed to be lying on all fours, as in a stall.

Presently, however, they saw that the displacement of the horse's body had forced the water in the conduit chamber almost up to his nostrils, and then they understood better the mute pleading in his great mild eyes. Some of the laborers fetched the pump and began to draw off the water lest it drown him before help could come.

Already a crowd of many hundreds had gathered around the open manhole and the police reserves of the East Fifth Street Station had to be called to keep them back. Some one sent in an alarm of fire, too, and presently there were on the scene representatives of the Police, Fire, Sewer, Public Works, Water, Gas, and Street Cleaning Departments, together with representatives of the Edison Company and others interested in the conduits under the street. These made a thorough inspection of the situation, consulted carefully, and at last definitely decided that a horse was in a hole.

Meanwhile the laborers and the police reserves had appointed themselves as committees respectfully to draw off the water from the horse and to keep off the crowds from the car tracks. They continued to do so from 8.30 o'clock until noon, much to the relief of the horse and the Fourth Avenue Street Railway Line. At that hour it was decided to rip up the surface of the street for some twelve feet around the manhole as the only means of getting at the horse. This was done and presently a score of axes, shovels, picks and crowbars were busily bringing daylight to the buried horse, whose uncomfortable plight in the wet, heat, and darkness the great pleading eyes below only too plainly attested.

The horse was well nigh played out when the last clods of tumbling mud and asphalt plumped down into the black water beside him and the sky and sign-covered loft buildings of Fourth Avenue at last looked down upon him. A wagon and crew of men from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals had meanwhile arrived and a derrick was rigged up beside this to raise the fallen, but penitent animal. Three ropes were slung around him and at 2 o'clock—more than five hours after his fall—he was hoisted clear of the manhole and the entangling cables.

Bodily, he was scarcely bruised at all, as he righted himself on the street and looked sheepishly at the water wagon he had deserted. Bodily—but oh, his reputation!

CAR CONDUCTOR CRUSHED.

Passengers Lift the Car to Save Him, but He Is Mortally Injured.

An automobile truck and a wagon used for carrying plate glass collided in Central Park West, between Sixty-ninth and Seventieth Streets early last evening and the wagon was shunted into the path of a south-bound trolley car. The car was moving slowly and the motorman quickly stopped it, but not before the wagon had swept George Seidel, the conductor, off the running board.

Seidel fell to the pavement, and the wagon, which still was scraping along the side of the car, threw him beneath the trolley. He was crushed, but not run over by the wheels, and lay pinned beneath the car.

Policeman Wall of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station saw that the car must be lifted before Seidel could be got out, and after getting the wagon out of the way he called for volunteers to help lift the car. Two north-bound cars had been halted by the collision and all the men passengers left these as well as those on the car on which Seidel had been. They got under the running board, and at a word from Wall lifted together. Their combined strength sufficed to raise the car a few inches from one track and Wall crawled beneath it.

When the policeman got out again with Seidel in his arms it was seen that the conductor was badly hurt. An automobile came up the avenue just then and the chauffeur took the policeman and injured conductor to Roosevelt Hospital, where it was found that the conductor had a broken hip and internal injuries. It was said that he could not live.

BRYAN FOR FREE WOOL YET.

Thinks Gov. Harmon Unavailable for 1912, Not Being a Progressive.

William J. Bryan came to town yesterday to address the graduates of the Packard School at their commencement in Carnegie Hall. He took occasion at the Hotel Victoria to deny that he had changed his attitude with regard to free wool.

"I wish to deny emphatically," he said, "that Speaker Clark has tried to win me from free wool. I believe wool should be free, but it is not material whether the duty is removed at once or by degrees."

Mr. Bryan also expressed the opinion that Gov. Harmon will not be an available candidate for 1912, as he does not represent the progressive tendencies manifested in the Democratic Party, and to some extent in the Republican Party also. He declined to speak of Gov. Wilson.

At the Packard School commencement Mr. Bryan spoke of the "Signs of the Times," maintaining that there was progress in intellectual matters, in morals, and in popular government.

Speaking of the growth of popular government in this country, Mr. Bryan said: "We are about to secure the greatest constitutional reform this country has had in a century, a change in the method of electing United States Senators. In a short time the Nation will have cause to rejoice at the reform that has made the Senate a representative body responsive to the voice of the people."

He also spoke of the sweeping movement for direct nominations, and declared that not the youngest person present would live long enough to see the revival of the power of the boss.

SCORES CASE "SHUFFLING."

Too Much Changing of Courts, Says Judge Foster of General Sessions.

The dissatisfaction of the Judges of General Sessions with the District Attorney's practice of shifting cases from General Sessions into the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court was expressed yesterday by Judge Foster, when Assistant District Attorney Jacoby asked that the bail in the case of James Roddy of 630 West Fifty-fifth Street, who is under indictment for robbery be dismissed, on the grounds that Roddy had produced two witnesses to prove an alibi for him.

In refusing to grant the motion Judge Foster indorsed the papers in the case thus:

"The game of battledore and shuttlecock between the Supreme Court and General Sessions is well illustrated in this particular case. The Supreme Court transferred it to itself on May 2 and sent it back to General Sessions on May 11. Why this game is carried on I don't know. Until some explanation of this extraordinary shuffling of criminal action is made, I shall decline to act on the District Attorney's motion to dismiss."

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement in every part of the world where the use of the tooth-brush is known, for Almost Half a Century.

Revillon Frères
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ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MOST VALUABLE SHIPMENT OF SILVER AND CROSS FOX SKINS EVER RECEIVED FROM THE NORTH WILL BE EXHIBITED IN OUR WINDOW ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MAY 26 AND 27. THE LARGE NUMBER OF THESE SKINS, AND THEIR EXCEPTIONAL QUALITY, MAKES SELECTION AT THIS TIME PECULIARLY ADVANTAGEOUS

The rare and curious skin shown at the center of this exhibit is that of the Ant Bear, *Myrmecophaga jubata*.

19 West 34th St., New York
Paris Montreal London

PLAN TO TAP WATER OF PEEKSKILL CREEK

The Mayor to Father a Bill Allowing the City to Draw Supply from Near-by Counties.

A YEAR TO DO THE WORK

More Agitation for Meters—Seth Low Writes the Mayor, Advocating Their Use—The Mayor Is Afraid Poor People Wouldn't Keep Clean.

As a result of the consultation between Water Commissioner Thompson, the members of the Board of Water Supply, and Mayor Gaynor, President Strauss of the State Commission sent to the Mayor yesterday the draft of a bill to repeal the statutory provision prohibiting the City of New York from taking an additional water supply from Westchester and Putnam Counties. The Mayor will seek to have the bill passed by the Legislature. In his letter to the Mayor Mr. Strauss said:

> This is the bill we discussed a few days ago as a necessary measure to enable us to make use of any of the sources of supply adjacent to the Croton watershed in case urgent necessity should arise before the completion of the Catskill Aqueduct.
>
> The proposed bill provides, in brief, that we may have temporary rights and easements in the Counties of Westchester and Putnam for the purpose of conveying water to the city, but only in case there is urgent necessity therefor, which shall have been certified to by the State Water Supply Commission, and in no event shall these temporary rights extend for a period of more than four years.

The passage of this bill would make it possible to draw from Peekskill Creek and its tributary, Sprout Brook, a quantity of water estimated at 44,000,000 gallons a day, after reservoirs have been built, by merely connecting the two streams with the Catskill Aqueduct. This aqueduct will pass under both streams when it is completed. The tunnel is nearly done between this point and Croton Lake. It will all be completed within a year, and if necessary could be connected up for temporary purposes by building about one mile of pipe line. For the temporary purpose a pumping station also will be needed. Chief Engineer Smith of the Board of Water Supply said yesterday that the connection could be made within a year after work is begun.

The tapping of Peekskill Creek and Sprout Brook is the present plan of the authorities, as it can be accomplished with less work than connecting up with Fishkill Creek or the Ten Mile River. The bill would not make Fishkill Creek available, as it does not affect an existing provision of law prohibiting the city from using the streams in Dutchess County which flow into the Hudson. The bill would, however, permit the use of Ten Mile River, as it does not flow into the Hudson. The legal difficulties relating to the State of Connecticut and its citizens, which might delay the Ten Mile River project, are absent in the case of the other sources. On the other hand, the water that can be taken from Peekskill Creek and Sprout Brook is less in quantity than Fishkill Creek could supply, and much less than Ten Mile River.

To give an idea of the increase to be expected under this plan, with its estimated contribution of 44,000,000 gallons a day, it may be noted that the consumption of Manhattan and the Bronx, the two boroughs affected by the present shortage, was 324,000,000 gallons a day last year. Owing to the efforts at conservation made by Commissioner Thompson this has now been reduced to 303,000,000, despite the increase in population, for which an annual increase of 10,000,000 gallons is usually allowed in estimates.

Seth Low, in a letter received by the Mayor yesterday, has revived the agitation for the metering of dwelling houses. Business places are metered now for water purposes, and the charge for water is $1 a thousand feet, as against 80 cents for gas. Many engineers hold that it is as absurd for the city to permit the untrammeled use of water as it would be for the gas companies to have no check on the use of gas. Mayor Gaynor, however, recently expressed himself as against the installation of meters universally, as he believed the poorer people would use insufficient water for cleanliness and health.

Commissioner Thompson pointed out a few days ago that New York is about the only one of the world's great cities where the meter system is not in general use.

Demur to Fire Disaster Indictments.

Max D. Steuer, counsel for Isaac Harris and Max Blanck, the owners of the Triangle Waist Company, who are under seven indictments charging manslaughter in the first degree, in connection with the fatal Washington Place fire, filed a demurrer to the indictment before Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday. Judge O'Sullivan set June 12 as the date for the argument. Harris and Blanck are out on $25,000 bail each.

McAdoo Line to Newark on Oct. 1.

The new high speed electric train service of the McAdoo system which is to connect this city with Newark by way of the McAdoo tubes will be put in operation on Oct. 1. This is the latest date set by the engineers in charge for the opening of the line. When the trains are running it will be possible to get from Broad Street, Newark, to the Hudson Terminal Building in twenty minutes and to Thirty-third Street in about half an hour.

$634,000 FOR EDUCATION.

Rockefeller Endowment Board Announces Its Latest Gifts.

The General Educational Board, endowed for $32,000,000 by John D. Rockefeller, made public last night, following its first meeting for the current year, a list of its latest appropriations for colleges and schools, amounting in all to $634,000. All the gifts to colleges are what is known as conditional and are applied to endowment only. That is, the General Board agrees to give a certain amount provided the beneficiary raises a greater amount. Other gifts may be applied to current expenses. The list follows:

Name of College.	Approp.	Amount to be Raised.
Converse, Spartansburg, S. C.	$50,000	$100,000
Drury, Springfield, Mo.	75,000	325,000
Franklin, Franklin, Ind.	75,000	325,000
Franklin and Marshall, Lancaster, Penn.	50,000	225,000
Huron, Huron, S. D.	100,000	100,000
Pennsylvania, Gettysburg, Penn.	50,000	150,000
Total	$400,000	$1,225,000

Appropriations aggregating $68,000 go to the education of Southern negroes, $130,000 is set aside for demonstration work in agriculture in Southern States, under the supervision of Bradford Knapp, and $36,000 for professions of secondary education in State universities of the South. The schools for negroes benefitted are Hampton Institute, Hampton, Va.; Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala.; Lane College, Jackson, Tenn.; Spelman Seminary, Atlanta, Ga.; Howe Institute, Memphis, Tenn.; Thompson Institute, Lumberton, N. C., and Florida Baptist Academy, Jacksonville, Fla.

J.M.Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue 46th and 47th Sts.

ANNOUNCE FOR TODAY AND SATURDAY

A Sale of Misses' and Small Women's Dresses at $25

New Paris Summer styles for walking, seashore and general outdoor wear—of serge and striped worsted; in white, tan, blue, navy and black, tastefully trimmed—VALUES TO $42.

ALSO

Linen Dresses at $15 and $18.50

Hand-embroidered effects; also, with large sailor collar and cuffs of batiste. Both Women's and Misses' sizes. VALUES TO $35.

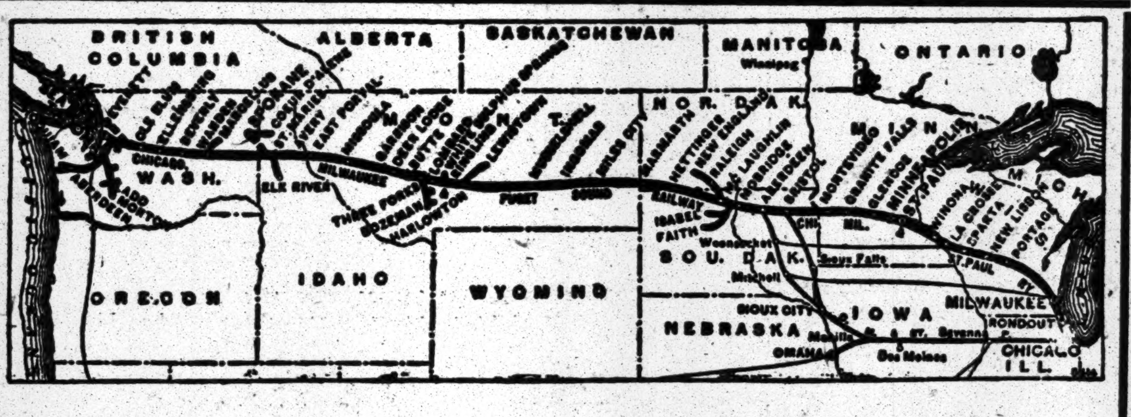
A Sale of Motor and Touring Coats at $35 and $45

Late Paris models for Women and Misses—of Scotch tweed and double-faced vicuna. VALUES TO $75.

Waists and Blouses at $10 and $12.50

Of batiste, voile and marquisette; plain or trimmed with colored embroideries or real laces. VALUES TO $15 AND $18.

Purchases made between now and June 1st will be charged on bills rendered July 1st



Shortest Line
Chicago to Puget Sound

With a speed unequaled in engineering annals, the shortest line between Lake Michigan and the Puget Sound was built. It is the master stroke of railway construction—this wonderful steel trail—piercing the heart of wonderland's scenic grandeur. Its route carries it at low grade from Chicago to Seattle and Tacoma.

Task Greater Than the Panama Canal

The canal builders were outdone by this astonishing feat of railroad building. A third more earth than the canal builders removed in five years, excavated in three years to make for this new steel trail. Seemingly bottomless gulches were filled in by the dumping of thousands of cubic yards of dirt and rock—deep ravines bridged—tunnels requiring excavations exceeding a million cubic yards were driven through mountains to obtain a low grade and short line. These amazing feats accomplished have given America a railroad masterpiece.

Through Passenger Service Starts May 28 and 29 Over the New Steel Trail

Two splendid new steel trains, *"The Olympian"* and *"The Columbian"* will be operated daily between Chicago, Seattle and Tacoma. "The Olympian" will leave Chicago at 10:15 P. M. (first trip May 28) and "The Columbian" at 10:00 A. M. (first trip May 29). The route is over the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
and
Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railways

Literature descriptive of new trains and route sent on request

W. W. HALL, *General Agent*, 381 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.
F. A. MILLER, *General Passenger Agent*, CHICAGO.

WHAT BORROWERS PAY

INEXPERIENCED borrowers on real estate sometimes pay unreasonable fees for loans because they do not know what the proper charges are.

Borrowers who come to us find our charges are fixed and reasonable. You know the exact cost in advance.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital . . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Belle Terre

BEATS THE DUTCH

Cottage of best Holland type, with every American convenience; rare combination, quaintness, picturesque beauty and comfort; makes superb seaside bungalow, convenient to Club Hotel; tennis, golf, yachting, fishing, miles of beaches, North Shore, L. I. To rent, furnished.

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Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?
New York Telephone Co.

Motorists looking for Used Automobiles, reliable accessories, cars for rent at reasonable prices, should turn to next to last page.—Adv.

Best & Co.

Special Sales

Special Waists and Blouses To Close Out

in Mulls, Marquisettes, Crepes, Voiles, Batistes and White Crepe de Chines.
Values from $5.25 to $45.00..Prices $3.75 to $35.00

Real Irish Lace Dutch Collars
Values $5.50 & $6.50..At $3.75

Children's Socks

Fancy and Plaid Top Cotton Socks; fine quality. Value 35c. pair..Special, 16c. pair
Tan, Black, Pink and Sky Lisle Thread Socks; (ingrain); extra fine quality. Value 50c. pair..29c. pair
White Lisle Thread Socks; extra quality. Regular price 40c. pair..25c. pair
Spun Silk Socks; fine quality. Broken sizes. Value 50c. pair..35c. pair

Women's and Misses' Hosiery

Fine Quality Black Lisle Thread Hose. Value 50c. pair..Special, 3 pairs for $1.00

Men's Half Hose

Fine Quality Lisle Thread Hose; fancy effects and vertical stripes. Regular price 50c. & 69c. pair..35c. pair

Infants' Wear

Children's Hand-made Blue and Pink Dotted Swiss Dresses Yoke, Long Waisted and Gretchen Styles, trimmed with lace and ribbons. Sizes 1, 2 & 3 yrs.....$4.50 to $7.00
Children's Linen Hand-made and Embroidered Beach Dresses with cord and tassel. Sizes 1, 2 & 3 yrs.....$3.75 to $6.75
Children's Hand-made, Low Neck, Short Sleeve Dresses beautifully embroidered, trimmed with ribbons and laces. Sizes 1, 2 & 3 yrs.....$2.25 to $10.50
Large Assortments of Imported Pique and Lingerie Coats and Afghans; beautifully embroidered.
Imported Pillow Cases; hand-embroidered....$1.45 to $8.50
Infants' Pique Shoes.....75c., $1.10 to $1.50

Suits, Dresses and Sacques

Specially Priced

Girls' Three-Piece Linen Suits; an attractive model in White, Tan and Blue. Sizes 10 to 15 yrs.....$12.75
Girls' White Linene Middy Suits with blue collar and cuffs. Sizes 6 to 15 yrs.....$4.75
Girls' Wool Challie Dresses; effectively trimmed with flowered border. Sizes 8 to 15 yrs.....$8.75
Misses' Figured Lawn Dresses; trimmed with Cluny lace. A very cool and dressy model with low neck and short kimono sleeves. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs.....$8.75
Misses' White Cotton Marquisette Dresses; embroidered in colors. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs.....$14.75
Misses' White Dotted Swiss Dressing Sacques; Empire Model; daintily trimmed with lace and ribbon. 14 to 20 yrs..$3.75

Millinery

Decided Reductions on Trimmed Hats of All Kinds.
Light and Dark Straws, Tailored and Dressy Models.
A good assortment at Remarkably Low Prices.

Caps, Bonnets and Hats

Babies' White Lawn Caps. Sizes 3 mos. to 3 yrs. Value $1.10..Special, 75c
Children's Sun-bonnets; White, Pink and Blue. 1 to 5 yrs..55c
Children's White Corded Washable Hats. Sizes 1 to 3 yrs. Regular price 75c..Special, 50c

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

GIANTS DROP A PEG ON PENNANT LADDER

Drucke's Wildness Paves Way for Cincinnati Victory—Phillies Leading Again.

THE SCORE.

Cincinnati	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

CINCINNATI.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Bescher, lf	3	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Beck, lf	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Egan, 2b	4	2	1	1	1	2	4	0
Bates, cf	3	0	1	1	0	3	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	10	1	0
Mitchell, rf	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Grant, 3b	3	1	0	1	0	3	2	1
Downey, ss	3	2	1	1	0	2	2	1
Clarke, c	4	0	2	0	0	5	2	0
Keefe, p	4	0	0	0	3	1	0	0
Total	31	6	8	6	6	27	11	2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, rf	4	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b	4	1	1	0	0	2	2	1
Snodgrass, cf	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Murray, lf	4	0	0	0	1	4	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	2	0	1	9	1	0
Bridwell, ss	4	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Devlin, 3b	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Myers, c	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Drucke, p	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
*Becker	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ames, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	0
Crandall, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	31	1	5	2	5	27	13	1

*Batted for Drucke in the third inning.

Three-base hits—Clarke, Doyle. Sacrifice hit—Bates. Sacrifice fly—Mitchell. Stolen bases—Bescher, Bates. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2; New York, 1. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; New York, 5. Double plays—Downey and Egan and Hoblitzel. Struck out—By Keefe, 5; by Ames, 5; by Crandall, 1. Bases on balls—Off Keefe, 2; off Drucke, 5; off Ames, 1. Wild pitch—Ames. Hits—Off Drucke, 4 in three innings, (at bat, 9;) off Ames, 4 in five innings, (at bat, 19;) off Crandall, 0 in one inning, (at bat, 3.) Umpires—Messrs. Klein and Doyle. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes.

The Giants' sojourn in first place in the National League race was short and sweet. The Cincinnati Reds arrogantly tripped up the New Yorks on the Hilltop yesterday and pushed them back on the same level with the Chicago Cubs, the two troupes sharing the honors of second place. The Cubs are no company to be in, because they scratch. Yesterday's arithmetic was 6 to 1.

For twenty-four golden hours, anyway, New York was at the top of the heap. Before yesterday's game, as the fans sat watching McGraw's men warming up, they could almost see in their mind's eye the chiffon de luxe unfurled to the breeze which wafted over from the Hudson. That short dream cannot be denied them. The normal condition of the teams was reversed. Cincinnati was endowed with the springs, the pepper, and the batting ability, while New York played very much like you would expect to see—well, say, Boston, play. You know, a lifeless, sort of old-soldiers'-home kind of a game.

One play in the Giants' menu stood out prominently like the green lights on a Lenox local. That was in the eighth inning, when the esteemed pennant possibilities were sinking lower and lower toward the kalsomine vat. It was then, and not until then, when the disgrace of a shut-out by the Reds looked certain, that Larry Doyle rose in his might and prevented the goose egg from being engraved on the records.

Two men were out when Lawrence went to bat in the eighth. He bounded one of Bobby Keefe's curves against the centre-field fence and traveled around to third base for his daily triple.

Larry knew his team mates weren't hitting the ball hard enough to break eggs, and that if he waited for some one to drive him home he would have to camp on the third-corner canvas and send out for his dinner. So he boldly took his young life in his own hands and, starting with the unraveling of Keefe's arm, he ran along the towpath toward the plate and stole home.

Robin Hood in his palmiest hour never had more nerve than that. Larry slid in, curled up like a rubber ball, and bounded against Clarke so hard that he dropped the low throw from the pitcher.

The Reds got only eight hits, but they were bunched so cutely that Louis Drucke and Leon Ames were driven from the box. The two pitchers were yanked from the rubber in the pitchers' box and put into the hands of the rubber in the clubhouse. And elastically speaking, that is considerable stretch.

Drucke started the game. He walked Bescher, who stole second and scored on Egan's single. Bates sacrificed, and Hoby singled to second, but Egan was held at third. He scored on Mitchell's sacrifice fly. In the second inning, Downey gracefully received a pass, went to second on Clarke's hot infield rap to short, annexed third after Keefe's long fly, and scored on Bescher's single to left field. Drucke was very wild, and in the third inning he walked three men, but wiggled out of the bad hole. Then he retired.

Ames did nicely until the seventh inning, when a pass, a wild pitch, and a hit, gave the Reds another run, and he went from bad to worse in the eighth inning, when three hits, one a three-bagger which screamed past Devore, netted two more runs.

Bobby Keefe, who used to be a Yankee pitcher long ago, gave the Giants five scattered hits, and absolutely refused to be liberal or reasonable.

We make our boys' clothing with the idea of having it batted about.

Make it better than you'd expect, judging by usual standards.

Better sewn, better stayed.

Better calculated to stand sudden strains.

Yet with all this, there's no strain on dad's pocketbook.

The very moderate prices speak for themselves.

Double breasted and Norfolk suits for example, $6.50 to $15.50.

Play ball!

Baseballs, bats, mitts.

In the Outdoors Dept. of our 34th St. Store, along with tennis rackets, gold clubs, canoes, cameras, camping and exploring outfits.

Mr. Fiala, the well known explorer, is in charge, and boys especially are invited to talk over their Summer plans—he can give practical advice because he's been through the mill.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, 6; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 4; St. Louis, 2.
Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago at Boston—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 3; New York, 2 (10 innings.)
Philadelphia, 12; Cleveland, 6.
Washington, 6; Detroit, 2.
Boston, 9; St. Louis, 5.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 4; Newark, 0.
Toronto, 9; Montreal, 6.
Jersey City, 11; Providence, 9.
Rochester, 10; Buffalo, 9.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	23	13	.639	St. Louis	15	16	.484
New York	21	13	.618	Cincinnati	14	16	.467
Chicago	21	13	.618	Brooklyn	13	22	.371
Pittsburg	20	14	.588	Boston	8	28	.222

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	29	9	.763	New York	17	16	.515
Philadelphia	19	15	.559	Cleveland	16	22	.427
Chicago	17	15	.531	Washington	12	22	.353
Boston	18	16	.529	St. Louis	12	25	.324

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	25	6	.806	Montreal	11	17	.393
Toronto	19	11	.633	Providence	11	18	.379
Buffalo	17	11	.607	Jersey City	9	18	.333
Baltimore	15	15	.500	Newark	10	21	.326

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York—4 P. M.
(American League Park.)
Brooklyn at Boston.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at Cleveland.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Providence at Jersey City.
Baltimore at Newark.
Buffalo at Rochester.
Montreal at Toronto.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Baltimore Shuts Out Newark Nine.

The Baltimores made their first appearance of the season in Newark yesterday and shut out McGinnity's men, 4 to 0. Three double plays by the Birds spoiled three excellent chances that the locals had of scoring. In the ninth inning the Indians by three successive singles got the bases all populated and things looked bright, as Cady was next up, but "Hick" in his anxiety fanned, and Jimmy Frick, who followed him, hit into a double play, thus ending the game. Lee pitched seven innings for the Redmen and Shonts, the former Giant, pitched the eighth. He fanned two of the Birds and forced the other one to hit to the infield. He was then pulled out to let McCarthy bat for him. Parkin also held the Birds hitless in the inning he pitched. Jack Dunn got the gate early for telling things to Umpire Pender. The score:

BALTIMORE.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Parent, cf	2	0	0	2	0	Browne, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Seym'r, cf	2	1	1	1	0	Meyer, 2b	4	0	1	1	1
Rath, 2b	4	2	1	2	2	Kelly, lf	4	0	1	3	1
C'coran, 3b	3	0	2	3	1	Dalton, cf	4	0	2	0	0
Schmidt, 1b	3	0	1	7	1	Cady, c	3	0	1	7	3
H'tm'ler, rf	4	0	1	1	0	Frick, 3b	4	0	1	8	2
Walsh, lf	4	1	0	0	0	Nee, ss	3	0	1	0	4
Maisel, ss	4	0	1	3	1	Agler, 1b	2	0	1	13	0
Egan, c	4	0	0	8	2	Lee, p	2	0	0	0	5
Dygert, p	4	0	0	0	3	Shonts, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*McCarthy	1	0	0	0	0
						Parkin, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	7	27	10	Total	31	0	8	27	16

*Batted for Shonts in the eighth inning.

Errors—Meyer, Kelly, Agler, Seymour.

Baltimore	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	—4
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Stolen base—Frick. Two-base hits—Corcoran (2.) Heitmuller. Bases on balls—Off Lee, 2; off Dygert, 1. Struck out—By Lee, 5; by Shonts, 2; by Dygert, 4. Hit by pitched ball—By Dygert, Cady. Wild pitch—Dygert. Hits—Off Lee, 7 in 7 innings. First base on error—Baltimore. Left on bases—Newark, 5; Baltimore, 5. Double plays—Maisel, Schmidt, and Corcoran; Rath and Schmidt; Dygert, Egan, and Schmidt. Time of game—One and three-quarters hours. Umpires—Messrs. Pender and Murray.

Skeeters Win on Home Grounds.

Jersey City defeated Providence at West Side Park yesterday afternoon by the score of 11 to 9. It was the first game this season between these teams, and it proved an auspicious homecoming for the Skeeters after their disastrous three weeks' trip on the western circuit. Providence started off like winners, piling up seven runs in the first four innings and sending Jack Frill to the bench. Jersey City got into the game in the fourth session, and by hard hitting succeeded in tieing the score. Doyle succeeded Bedient in the box in the sixth inning. The Skeeters got him for seven hits, netting four more tallies. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PROVIDENCE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D'ninger, lf	5	2	2	1	0	And'son, lf	5	1	2	1	0
Dolan, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	Atz, 2b	5	2	2	2	2
Abstein, 1b	5	2	4	14	0	Phelan, cf	4	0	0	3	0
G'tman, cf	4	0	0	0	0	Elston, rf	2	1	0	4	0
Wh'ler, rf	5	1	3	3	0	Nill, rf	1	0	0	0	0
T'neman, c	4	1	1	6	0	M'D'm't, 3b	3	1	1	1	1
Breen, 2b	4	1	1	2	2	T'leton, 1b	4	1	0	8	1
Ful'ton, ss	4	1	2	1	6	Rock, ss	4	2	2	1	8
Frill, p	0	0	0	0	0	Pat'son, c	4	1	1	4	1
Jones, p	4	2	3	0	1	Bedient, p	2	0	0	0	1
						Doyle, p	1	0	0	0	1
						Buzick, p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	39	11	17	27	11	Total	35	9	8	24	11

Errors—Peterson, Deininger, Tonneman, (3.)

Jersey City	0	0	0	7	0	4	0	0	.	—11
Providence	3	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	—9

Hits—Off Bedient, 8 in 5 innings; off Doyle, 7 in 2 innings; off Frill, 4 in 1 1-3 inning. Three-base hits—Peterson, Deininger. Home run—McDermott. Stolen bases—Elston, Atz, Breen, Dolan. Sacrifice hit—Gettman. Bases on balls—Off Bedient, 2; off Jones, 4. Struck out—By Bedient, 2; by Doyle, 1; by Buzick, 1; by Jones, 5. Passed ball—Tonneman. Wild pitches—Buzick, Doyle. Double play—Fullerton, Breen, and Abstein; Fullerton and Breen. Left on bases—Providence, 6; Jersey City, 6. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wright and Rudderham.

At Toronto.

											R.	H.	E.
Montreal	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—6		10	3
Toronto	2	1	0	0	5	1	0	0	.	—9		12	3

Batteries—Glaze and Curtis; McGinley and Slattery. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kelly.

At Rochester.

											R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	—9		11	7
*Rochester	2	1	2	3	0	1	1	0	.	—10		11	4

Batteries—Merritt, Pierce, and Killifer; Hughes, Wilhelm, and Mitchell. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Pollack.

Baseball News in Brief.

The Southern League has been selected for the first official test of a new brand of cork centre baseball which has been hurried from the factory to lessen the batting and shorten the games.

Russell Blackburn, shortstop of the Chicago Americans, who has been out of the game practically the entire season, had a floating cartilege removed from his knee Wednesday. Blackburn will not be able to join the team again for at least two months, if at all.

Manager Kelly of the St. Paul club has traded Harry Steinfeldt, the former Chicago National League third baseman, to the Boston Nationals for Outfielder Josh Clarke and Infielder Butler.

Vanderbilt Horses First and Second.

PARIS, May 25.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Mirambo won the Prix Dubois Rouaud at Longchamps to-day. In the Prix Foud Mr. Vanderbilt's [illegible]

PING BODIE SPILLS YANKEES TO DEFEAT

Recruit of White Sox Makes Long Hit in Tenth Inning, Scoring Winning Run.

THE SCORE.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—2

CHICAGO.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McIntyre, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Lord, 3b	4	2	2	1	0	0
Dougherty, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bodie, rf	4	0	3	4	0	0
Collins, 1b	3	0	0	10	3	0
Tannehill, 2b	4	0	0	5	5	0
Corhan, ss	2	0	0	5	4	0
Sullivan, c	2	0	0	1	4	1
Payne, c	1	0	0	2	2	0
White, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Total	32	3	8	30	19	1

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf	5	0	2	4	0	0
Wolter, rf	5	0	2	1	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	1
Cree, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Knight, 1b	4	0	0	11	1	0
Gardner, 2b	3	1	2	1	1	0
Johnson, ss	4	0	2	3	4	0
Blair, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Sweeney, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brockett, p	2	1	1	0	4	0
Warhop, p	2	0	1	1	2	0
*Hemphill, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	2	12	†28	13	1

*Batted for Blair in the tenth inning.
†One out when winning run was scored.

Two-base hits—Bodie, Wolter, Brockett. Three-base hit—Bodie. Hits—Off Brockett, 8 in 5 innings; off Warhop, 5 in 4 1-3 innings; off White, 10 in 8 1-3 innings; off Walsh, 2 in 1 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Collins, Bodie, Payne, Dougherty. Stolen bases—Gardner, Collins. Double plays—Gardner, Johnson, and Knight; Sullivan and Corhan. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; New York, 6. Bases on balls—Off White, 1; off Brockett, 2; off Warhop, 2. Struck out—By Brockett, 2; by White, 1; by Warhop, 1; by Walsh, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Egan.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 25.—It took the White Sox ten innings to take the Yankees into camp this afternoon by a score of 3 to 2. The visitors should have won the game handily long before the moment when the engagement went into an extra inning. The game was close and exciting throughout with four twirlers participating, and two of them were hit rather extensively. The lively ball didn't play any important part in the proceedings.

Acting Manager Hemphill sent in Brockett again and Manager Duffy selected "Doc" White to do the twirling for the White Sox. "Doc" might have been able to win the game all by himself, but he had to suffer the humiliation of being taken out at the eleventh hour. It was Ed Walsh who took the form of the ready rescuer.

Brockett went along for the New Yorks for a trifle over five innings, and then Warhop took up the burden. He failed to hold the South Siders, and after two runs had been scored and the game tied up, Ping Bodie came along with a drive in the tenth inning that should have won any game. He lined the ball to right field and the hit would have been good for more than a double, but he got that much for sending Lord from second to the plate with the winning run.

The redoubtable Bodie person was the real feature of the game. In addition to lining out the hit that scored the winning run he was the only person that solved Brockett's delivery to considerable extent. He annexed a double and a triple off the Yankee before he was yanked out, and in addition played a star game in centre field. This was Bodie's first afternoon in centre, McIntyre having been shifted from centre to the deceptive right sun field. On his first time up he doubled to left, and the second time he faced Brockett he tore off a triple to deep left field. But neither of these hits resulted in a run, "Ping's" mates being unable to produce the needed hit.

When it came to real hitting the Yankees with their even dozen of bingles made the Sox look bad with only eight, but the home team bunched them when they did the most good.

The Yankees got their first tally off White in the sixth inning when Brockett shot a lucky double to right field. It was of the Texas League variety and just got beyond Collins, while McIntyre was unable to reach it. It went for two sacks and Brockett went to third base when Daniels beat out an infield hit to third base. The run went over when Wolters drove a safety over second base.

It was in the seventh inning that the second run was made by the New Yorks. With one out Gardner singled between first and second bases, stole second, and went on to third on Sullivan's bad throw. He scored when Johnson produced his second hit to left field. That is where they stopped. In the eighth, ninth, and tenth innings they had men on the bases, but quick fielding in every instance stopped them from scoring.

The Sox went along until the eighth session before they made an impression upon the tally column. Brockett was relieved in the sixth inning without any one being out, owing to the fact that he had allowed McIntyre to single and Lord to walk. Then it was that Warhop was sent in and showed his calibre by striking out Dougherty. He made Bodie foul and saved the day when Collins flew out to Hartzell.

The Sox scored their two runs in the eighth inning. With one out McIntyre singled to left and went to second on Lord's drive through first base. When Dougherty singled to right McIntyre scored, and Lord came across on Bodie's sacrifice fly to centre.

The winning run came across in the tenth inning. Lord started with a single to right and went to second on Dougherty's sacrifice. He scored on Bodie's long hit to right that went for two bases, although the big fielder only turned first, and the game was over.

Athletics Clean Up the Series.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 25.—Philadelphia made it four straight to-day, easily defeating Cleveland 12 to 6. The batting of Easterly and Olson were features. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	6	1	2	2	0	Graney, lf	4	1	0	2	0
Oldring, cf	6	2	1	0	1	Olson, ss	5	3	4	1	2
Collins, 2b	5	1	2	2	4	East'ly, rf	5	1	4	2	0
Baker, 3b	5	1	2	1	0	Stovall, 1b	4	0	0	9	1
Davis, 1b	4	1	1	15	0	B'm'h'm, cf	5	1	2	3	0
Murphy, rf	4	1	1	0	0	Ball, 2b	3	0	2	1	4
Barry, ss	3	2	0	2	5	Smith, 3b	4	0	1	0	0
Liv'stone, c	1	0	0	1	1	Land, c	4	0	1	8	0
Thomas, c	3	2	2	4	0	Kaler, p	2	0	0	1	3
Morgan, p	1	1	0	0	2	Krapp, p	2	0	0	0	1
Krause, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Bender, p	2	1	0	1	0						
*McInnes	1	1	1	0	0						
Total	41	12	13	27	14	Total	38	6	14	27	11

*Batted for Krause in the fifth inning.

Errors—Lord, Barry, Ball, 2; Land, Krapp.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	2	5	0	0	0	4	—12
Cleveland	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	—6

Two-base hits—Easterly, Thomas, Davis, Collins. Sacrifice hits—Ball, Davis. Sacrifice fly—Murphy. Stolen bases—Ball, Barry, Murphy, (3;) Bender, Baker, Thomas. Double plays—Davis (unassisted.) Pitching record—Off Kaler, 6 hits in 4 innings, none out in fifth; off Krapp, 7 hits in 5 innings; off Morgan, 6 hits in 3 innings; off Krause, 1 hit in one inning; off Bender, 7 hits in 5 innings. First base on balls—Off Kaler, 1; off Krapp, 3; off Morgan, 2. Balk—Kaler. Struck out—By Kaler, 4; by Krapp, 4; by Morgan, 1; by Krause, 1; by Bender, 2. Passed balls—Land, 2. Wild pitch—Bender. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 8. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Boston Wins Last Game with Browns.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 25.—Boston won from St. Louis to-day, 9 to 5, and broke even on the series. Each team used three pitchers during the game. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	2	2	0	0	Shotten, cf	5	2	2	4	0
Yerkes, 2b	2	2	1	1	1	Austin, 3b	5	1	2	1	1
Lewis, lf	4	2	1	1	0	Murray, rf	4	1	1	3	0
Engle, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	Laporte, 2b	5	0	2	1	1
Wagner, ss	5	1	0	4	3	Hogan, lf	5	0	0	1	0
Car'gan, c	4	1	0	12	1	Clarke, c	4	0	0	5	1
W'liams, 1b	3	1	0	8	0	Wallace, ss	3	0	1	3	8
Riggert, cf	4	0	0	1	0	Hallim'n, ss	1	0	1	0	1
McHale, p	1	0	0	0	0	Criss, 1b	3	0	1	8	0
Pape, p	1	0	0	0	2	Powell, p	0	0	0	0	1
Woods, p	1	0	0	0	2	Mitchell, p	2	0	0	1	2
*Speaker	1	0	1	0	0	George, p	0	0	0	0	0
						†Stephens	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Hoffman	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	9	8	27	10	Total	37	5	10	27	10

*Batted for Pape in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Mitchell in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Powell in the third inning.

Errors—Engle, Woods, Halliman, Powell.

Boston	1	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	2	—9
St. Louis	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Austin (2,) Laporte (2,) Criss, Lewis. Three-base hit—Wagner. Home runs—Lewis, Murray. Hits—Off Powell, 4 in 3 innings; off Mitchell, 3 in 5 innings; off George, 1 in 1 inning; off McHale, 4 in 2 1-3 innings; off Pape, 3 in 2 2-3 innings; off Woods, 3 in 4 innings. Stolen bases—Hooper, Yerkes, Halliman. Sacrifice hit—Engle. Double plays—Wallace, Clarke, and Austin; Woods, Carrigan, and Williams. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Powell, 1; off Mitchell, 4; off Pape, 1; off Woods, 2. Hit by pitcher—By McHale, Hoffman; by George, Yerkes. Struck out—By Powell, 1; by Mitchell, 2; by Woods, 8; by McHale, 1. Passed ball—Clarke. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullen and Evans.

Johnson in Winning Form Again.

DETROIT, Mich., May 25.—McBride's timely hitting helped Washington to take the final game of the series from Detroit to-day by a 6 to 2 score. Johnson pitched splendid ball and struck out nine men. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	5	1	1	3	0	Jones, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Conroy, 3b	5	0	0	0	2	Bush, ss	4	0	0	3	1
Lelivelt, lf	4	2	1	0	0	Cobb, cf	4	0	1	4	0
Gessler, rf	3	2	1	0	0	Crawf'd, rf	4	1	3	0	0
M'B'de, ss	4	1	3	1	1	Deleh'ty, 2b	4	0	1	0	8
Cun'h'm, 2b	5	0	1	0	4	Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
Som'lot, 1b	4	0	1	10	1	Ness, 1b	2	0	0	10	0
Henry, c	4	0	3	11	3	Lathers, 1b	1	0	0	1	0
Johnson, p	4	0	0	0	1	Stanage, c	2	0	0	7	2
						Willett, p	2	0	0	0	1
						Cov'ton, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Shaller	1	1	1	0	0
						†Schmidt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	6	11	27	12	Total	33	2	8	27	9

*Batted for Ness in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Willett in the eighth inning.

Errors—Milan, Bush, Crawford.

Washington	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	1	—6
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—2

Left on bases—Washington, 9; Detroit, 5. Two-base hits—Cobb, Moriarty, Cunningham, Henry. Three-base hit—Crawford. Pitchers' record—Off Willett, 9 hits in 8 innings; off Covington, 2 hits in 1 inning. Stolen bases—Milan, Gessler, McBride. Double play—McBride, Sommerlot, and Henry. Struck out—By Johnson, 9; by Willett, 6. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 1; off Willett, 2; off Covington, 1. Wild pitches—Johnson, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Willett, 1, (Gessler.) Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Loughlin.

Jersey Auto Privilege Revoked.

TRENTON, N. J., May 25.—Automobilists of Pennsylvania and Delaware will have no special eight-day tourists' privileges in this State after June 1, State Motor Vehicle Commissioner J. B. R. Smith having announced to-day that on the date mentioned those privileges will be revoked because the States named have refused to grant reciprocal rights to the motorists of this State. Maryland has acted in favor of granting the special tourists' licenses to New Jersey autoists and there will be no revocation as to that State. In the cases of New York and Massachusetts the State Motor Vehicle Department has the matter under consideration and there will be no revocation unless New York shall refuse to reciprocate with New Jersey.

Berlin to Hold 1916 Olympic.

James E. Sullivan, Secretary of the American Olympic Committee, has received word from Prof. William M. Sloane and Addison Armour, the American representatives on the International Olympic Committee, which has been in session in Budapest, to the effect that the Olympic games in 1916 will be held in Berlin. In 1912 the contests will be held in Stockholm; Cleveland has asked for the carnival for 1914 and the Panama Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, wants a series of Olympic games held there in 1915. The latter invitation has been declined, and it is improbable that any Olympic games will be held between 1912 and 1916.

Passaic Girl a High Jumper.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., May 25.—In the first Passaic High School girls' inter-class athletic contests held here to-day Miss Emma Kroll, freshman, cleared the bar at 4 feet 6 inches in the high jump. Miss Leah Feder, junior, first in four events, was the star of the series. The juniors were winners with 33 points, sophomores scored 22, seniors 19, and freshmen 16.

A SALE—

Starting this morning at 8.30

We are doing things a little different—not waiting until July or August—but right now, in the height of the season, we offer

840 Men's Summer Suits

that were $25, $28 & $30

at 18.50

Elegant light weight worsteds and unfinished worsteds in all shades of gray, brown and blue—all new models, including the smart unpadded English style. Never have you seen such handsome suits so low in price at this time of the

We give Double "S&H" Stamps until noon

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

PIRATES BAT RUCKER ALL OVER THE LOT

Pittsburg Comes to Life and Bags an Easy Victory Off Brooklyn.

The Pirates came back to life at Washington Park yesterday, after spending a full week in a state of coma, and handed the Superbas as clean-cut a trimming as Dahlen's hired help has run against in many days. On the day before the Buccaneers failed to get a lone runner around the corners, but yesterday they did the trick with one out in the first inning, got enough to put the game on ice in the second inning, and collected three more runs for good measure before they finished up the slaughter. The Superbas never threatened to overtake the Smoketown crew, and finished poor trailers by the score of 7 to 2.

Boby Byrne and Lefty Leifield were the headliners in enlarging the gap between the Pirates and Superbas. Bobby's bat pulled the Buccaneers to the front, while Leifield's fork arm tied the Dahlenites to the post. The Pittsburg third-sacker faced Rucker four times and Ragon once, and that trusty club collided with their offerings for five hits, which figured in as many Pirate runs.

Pittsburg got busy in the opening chapter. Byrne saluted Rucker with his first hit, a solid smash past Stark, and reached second safely, when Daubert threw poorly after fielding Leach's bunt. Carey fanned, but Wagner was there with the timely single to left field, and Byrne trotted home. Leach and Honus were stranded when McKechnie fanned and Hunter grounded to Zimmerman.

More noise by the Pirates in the second. After making a fancy stop and retiring Wilson at first, Rucker handed out passes to Gibson and Leifield, and Byrne came across with a single to left field, which chased Gibson home. Leach was easy on a foul fly to Daubert, but Carey, who is guarding the left pasture during the absence of Boss Clarke, spanked one to deep left centre for three cushions, scoring Leifield and Byrne. Hans Wagner then gave the fans their only real enjoyment of the afternoon by dying on strikes while Carey was perched on third.

There was no scoring during the next three sessions, although the Pirates found safe spots for four solid drives and accepted another pass for Rucker. Gibson opened the sixth by drawing his second pass, and he completed the trip on Leifield's sacrifice and Byrne's double to left. Bobby stole third, and was left there. Wagner drew another walk to open the seventh and McKechnie sacrificed. An out advanced both runners, and they scored when Wilson hit a sizzler, which bounded off Hummel's shins and rolled to left field. Ragon did the honors for the last two innings and held the Pirates safe.

Brooklyn did nothing until the third inning. With two out, Stark hit safely to right, and Daubert hit the right field fence. Jake got two bases on the drive, but Stark was out at the plate—Wilson to McKechnie to Gibson. All was quiet in the next two innings, and, with two out in the sixth, Daubert got a life when Gibson fell all over his bunt. Wheat and Hummel followed with hits, scoring Daubert. The last run came with two out in the eighth on Wheat's single and Hummel's double. The score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	5	2	5	2	1	Stark, ss	4	0	1	5	3
Leach, cf	5	0	0	5	0	Daub't, 1b	4	1	1	7	1
Carey, lf	5	0	1	4	0	Wheat, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	1	1	1	Hum'l, 2b	4	0	3	3	2
McK'nie, 2b	5	1	1	4	4	Burch, cf	1	0	0	0	0
Hunter, 1b	4	0	2	4	0	Dav'son, cf	3	0	0	1	1
Wilson, rf	4	0	1	3	1	Coulson, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Gibson, c	2	2	1	4	0	Z'm'm'n, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
Leifield, p	2	1	0	0	0	Miller, c	4	0	0	6	2
						Rucker, p	2	0	0	1	3
						Ragon, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*McElveen	1	0	0	0	0
						†Tooley	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	7	12	27	7	Total	36	2	9	27	14

*Batted for Rucker in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Ragon in the ninth inning.

Errors—Daubert, Hummel, Gibson.

Pittsburg	1	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	—7
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Byrne, Daubert, Hummel. Three-base hit—Carey. Sacrifice hit—Leifield. First base on balls—Off Rucker, 5. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburg, 1. Struck out—By Leifield, 2; by Rucker, 6. Stolen base—Byrne. Double play—Stark, Hummel, and Daubert. Hits—Off Rucker, 11 in seven innings; off Ragon, 1 in two innings; Left on bases—Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 7. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Phillies Break Losing Streak.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 25.—Philadelphia broke its losing streak to-day by defeating St. Louis 4 to 2, and thereby regained first place in the National League. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b	3	1	1	4	6	H'gins, 2b	4	0	0	3	4
Pask't, cf	4	2	2	1	0	Smith, ss	4	0	0	3	6
W'ch'ce, rf	3	1	1	0	0	Ellis, lf	4	0	2	1	0
Magee, lf	4	0	1	1	0	K'tchy, 1b	3	0	0	11	0
Lud'us, 1b	4	0	2	13	0	Evans, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Walsh, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	Mowrey, 3b	3	1	0	0	2
Doolan, ss	4	0	0	2	4	Oakes, cf	3	1	1	0	0
Dooin, c	2	0	0	6	1	Bres'h'n, c	3	0	1	3	1
Alex'r, p	3	0	0	0	1	Steele, p	3	0	0	0	2
						*Bliss	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	7	27	18	Total	31	2	5	†23	15

*Batted for Steele in the ninth inning.
†Magee out, hit by batted ball.

Errors—Huggins, Smith, Doolan.

Philadelphia	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	.	—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Two-base hits—Magee, Bresnahan. Sacrifice hit—Welchonce. Stolen bases—Magee, Luderus. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 6. Struck out—By Steele, 3; by Alexander, 6. Double plays—Knabe and Luderus; Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 2. First base on balls—Off Steele, 2; off Alexander, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Alexander, (Evans.) Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

Fordham Downs Holy Cross.

After holding Holy Cross runless for eight innings, only to have the score tied in the last period, Fordham yesterday nosed out her ancient rival by tallying the deciding run on a squeeze play that came as a culmination to one of the most keenly contested games played on Fordham Field, the final score standing 5 to 4. Kehoe was hit hard during most of the game, but through fast fielding, especially by "Skip" McCarthy, the Worcester collegians were kept from the plate until the final inning. The score:

FORDHAM.	AB	R	H	PO	A	HOLY CROSS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gargan, 3b	4	1	2	1	2	Cawley, 3b	4	0	1	2	5
M'C'frey, ss	5	0	0	1	4	Whalen, 2b	3	0	1	3	3
Kehoe, p	3	1	0	0	2	Ost'g'n, 1b	5	0	2	13	1
Scanlon, cf	3	0	1	3	0	M'thews, cf	4	0	0	0	0
M'C'thy, lf	3	1	1	5	0	Kennedy, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Flan'g'n, rf	4	0	0	0	0	Nugent, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Sharkey, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	Gans, c	4	0	0	3	2
Barrett, 1b	3	1	2	11	0	O'Dwyer, ss	4	1	1	2	3
T. Lynch, c	4	1	2	4	0	Dunne, p	1	1	0	0	3
						*T. Lynch	1	1	0	0	0
						O'Brien, 2b	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	9	27	11	Total	33	4	8	†25	17

*Batted for Whalen in ninth inning.
†Sharkey out; hit by batted ball. Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Barrett, Dunne.

Fordham	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	—5
Holy Cross	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	—4

Two-base hits—J. Lynch, T. Lynch. Home run—Gargan. Sacrifice hits—Gargan, Scanlon, McCarthy, Cawley, Kennedy, Dunne. First base on balls—Off Kehoe, 4. First base on errors—Holy Cross, 1. Struck out—By Kehoe, 4; by Dunne, 2. Double plays—McCaffery to Sharkey to Barrett. Stolen bases—McCaffery, McCarthy, (2,) Barrett, T. Lynch, Whalen, Matthews. Left on bases—Fordham, 7; Holy Cross, 9. Wild pitches—Dunne, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Dunne, (Kehoe, Barrett.) Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpire—A. Deitrich.

At Syracuse.

											R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	.	—5		9	1
Michigan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0		1	1

Batteries—Cottrell and Holmes; Smith, Campbell and Borleski.

At Hanover, N. H.

											R.	H.	E.
Dartmouth	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	.	—4		5	0
Williams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0		3	2

Batteries—Morey and Steen; Davis, Ayres, and Lewis.

At Medford, Mass.

											R.	H.	E.
Mass. Aggies	1	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	.	—8		10	5
Tufts	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	—3		7	3

Batteries—Davies and Huntington; Davis, Carter, and Bennett.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Syracuse—Wilkesbarre, 10; Syracuse, 9.
At Albany—Albany, 2; Binghamton, 1.
Other games postponed, rain.

New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 7; Haverhill, 2.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 5; Lawrence, 1.
Other games postponed, rain.

Connecticut League.

At Holyoke—Holyoke, 3; Bridgeport, 2.
At Northampton—Springfield, 1. Northampton, 0.
Hartford at Waterbury—rain.
At New Britain—New Haven, 3; New Britain, 1.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Trenton, 6; Harrisburg, 3.
At York—York, 14; Wilmington, 1.
At Altoona—Altoona, 11; Reading, 10.
At Johnstown—Lancaster, 6; Johnstown, 3.

American Association.

At Louisville—Milwaukee, 7; Louisville, 2.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 3; Minneapolis, 2.
At Columbus—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 3.
At Toledo—St. Paul, 12; Toledo, 11. (Ten innings.)

Southern League.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 5; Atlanta, 2.
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 4; Memphis, 0.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 4; Chattanooga, 0.

South Atlantic League.

At Augusta—Columbus, 4; Augusta, 1.
At Charleston—Macon, 7; Charleston, 0.
At Columbia—Jacksonville, 8; Columbia, 2.
At Savannah—Savannah, 5; Albany, 4.

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SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Amer. League Park, to-day, 4 P. M. Giants vs. Philadelphia. Adm. 25c. & 50c.

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KIRKBY AND TRAVERS BEAT GOLF FAVORITES

Walter Travis and Gardiner White Downed in Metropolitan Championship.

The elimination of Walter J. Travis in the first round proved the sensation in the Metropolitan Golf Association championship tournament on the Garden City links yesterday. Oswald Kirkby, the Englewood champion, had the distinction of beating Travis, and he did it quite impressively by a 4 and 2 margin. In this way Kirkby got revenge for his two defeats sustained at the hands of Travis in the recent Lakewood and Garden City invitation tournaments.

Another good player dropped by the wayside was Gardiner W. White, who carried off the honors at Fox Hills two weeks ago. White beat G. C. Greenway, Jr., in the first round, but then ran up against Jerome D. Travers, the Upper Montclair golfer, who is making a brave effort to "come back." He polished off White to the tune of 6 up and 5 to play.

Incidentally it was a good day's work for Travers, who in the early hours pulled a match out of the fire at the expense of Gilman P. Tiffany of Powelton. Going to the home hole Tiffany stood dormie, but he could not avoid the trap to the right of the green, and this gave Travers a chance to square accounts. To the extra hole Tiffany missed a put of a club's length for a 4.

Another favorite who had the time of his life escaping disaster was Fred Herreshoff, the M. G. A. champion. For a starter he played Donald McKellar from the Midland Club. They had an up and down match until toward the end, when McKellar became one up at the sixteenth. Later on Herreshoff won easily from W. W. Taylor of Ardsley, the first-named keeping up the same fast pace.

John Ward, the medalist of the day before, always had the upper hand in his two matches. For a starter he beat George Abbott of Dyker Meadow, 5 up and 4 to play, and later on finished 2 up over Louis Livingston.

Kirkby followed his triumph over Travis by removing F. S. Wheeler of Apawamis. The association's chief executive, however, made matters interesting for a time as he had Kirby 1 down at the turn. Max Behr, the New Jersey champion, defeated Archie Reid of St. Andrew's and E. P. Rogers of Shinnecock Hills, in successive matches. The summary:

Championship Division.—First Round—John M. Ward, Garden City, beat George Abbot, Dyker Meadow, 5 up and 4 to play; Louis Livingston, Garden City, beat J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 3 up and 1 to play; G. E. Watson, Garden City, beat D. B. Fuller, Jr., Midland, 1 up; J. R. Hyde, Westbrook, beat W. R. Rhett, Garden City, 4 up and 3 to play; G. W. White, Oakland, beat G. C. Greenway, Jr., Garden City, 3 up and 2 to play; Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, beat Gilman Tiffany, Powelton, 1 up, (19 holes;) M. N. Bruckner, Garden City, beat Clifford Dunning, Nassau, 1 up, (20 holes;) A. M. Robbins, Garden City, beat R. C. Watson, Garden City, 1 up, (20 holes;) F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, beat C. H. Brown, St. Andrews, 3 up and 1 to play; Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, beat Walter J. Travis, Garden City, 4 up and 2 to play; E. P. Rogers, Shinnecock Hills, beat S. D. Connolly, Rockland, 4 up and 2 to play; Max Behr, Morris County, beat A. M. Reid, St. Andrew's, 3 up and 1 to play; P. R. Jennings, Garden City, beat A. Morrell, Hackensack, 4 up and 3 to play; H. A. Steiner, Inwood, beat W. R. Simons, Garden City, 4 up and 3 to play; W. W. Taylor, Ardsley, beat Oscar Woodward, Montclair, 3 up and 2 to play; Frederick Herreshoff, Garden City, beat Donald McKellar, Midland, 1 up, (19 holes.)

Second Round—Ward beat Livingston, 2 up and 1 to play; Hyde beat G. E. Watson, 5 up and 4 to play; Travers beat White, 6 up and 5 to play; Buckner beat Robbins, 1 up; Kirkby beat Wheeler, 2 up; Behr beat Rogers, 6 up and 5 to play; Steiner beat Jennings, 4 up and 2 to play; Herreshoff beat Taylor, 6 up and 4 to play.

Beaten Sixteen, Championship Division.—First Round—Abbott beat Foot, 3 up and 1 to play; Fuller beat Rhett, 1 up, (21 holes;) Greenway beat Tiffany, 1 up, (19 holes;) Watson beat Dunning, 5 up and 4 to play; Travis beat Brown, 6 up and 5 to play; Reid beat Connolly, 6 up and 4 to play; Simons beat Morrell, 6 up and 4 to play; Woodward beat McKellar, 2 up.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—H. F. Whitney, Nassau County, beat S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, by default; W. D. Vanderpool, Morris County, beat E. B. Knowlton, Garden City, by default; A. De W. Cochrane, Ardsley, beat Dr. A. T. Haight, Wykagyl, 1 up; W. T. Ebert, Scottish-American, beat J. W. Fairchild, Manhattan, 2 up and 1 to play; F. C. Jennings, Nassau, beat C. G. Waldo, Brooklawn, 5 up and 3 to play; W. L. Hicks, Nassau, beat J. A. Stillman, Garden City, 5 up and 4 to play; G. H. Lowden, Midland, beat H. V. Keep, Englewood, 5 up and 3 to play; W. D. Johnson, Dyker Meadow, beat C. B. McDonald, Garden City, 1 up.

Second Round—Vanderpool beat Whitney, 1 up, (19 holes;) Cochrane beat Fairchild, 3 up and 2 to play; Jennings beat Johnson, 3 up and 2 to play; Hicks beat Lowden, 6 up and 5 to play.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—Fred Share, Englewood, beat R. T. Twyefort, New York Golf, 6 up and 4 to play; J. W. McMenanny, Dunwoodie, beat P. S. McLaughlin, Wykagyl, 2 up and 1 to play; W. J. McConville, Dyker Meadow, beat F. H. Webster, Westbrook, 2 up and 1 to play; Maurice Molloy, Garden City, beat C. D. Cleghorn, Midland, 2 up and 1 to play; J. A. Tyng, Baltusrol, beat C. L. Tappin, Garden City, 1 up; J. H. McMurtrie, Apawamis, beat H. G. Pratt, Nassau, 2 up; E. L. De Forest, Midland, beat R. A. Day, Dyker Meadow, 6 up and 4 to play.

Second Round—Snare beat McLaughlin, 3 up and 1 to play; Thompson beat McConville, 7 up and 6 to play; Molloy beat Tyng, 6 up and 4 to play; De Forest beat McMurtrie, by default.

RECORD GOLF FOR MISS HYDE

Metropolitan Women's Champion Plays Scarsdale Course in 78 Strokes.

With a wonderful round of 78, Miss Lillian B. Hyde, the title holder, broke the record among women for the links of the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club in the semi-final of the Women's Metropolitan Association championship yesterday. In so doing the South Shore Field Club girl beat Mrs. M. D. Paterson of Baltusrol by 8 up and 6 to play. The men's amateur record for the links is 75 and par is 72. Miss Hyde will play Mrs. V. M. Earle of Wykagyl in the decisive match to-day. Mrs. Earle beat Mrs. A. S. Rossin of the Century Club, 2 up and 1 to play. The summary:

Championship, Semi-Final Round.—Miss Lillian B. Hyde, South Shore Field Club, beat Mrs. M. D. Paterson, Baltusrol, 8 up and 6 to play; Mrs. V. M. Earle, Wykagyl, beat Mrs. A. S. Rossin, Century Country Club, 2 up and 1 to play.

Beaten Eight.—Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, Richmond County, beat Mrs. C. W. Bendig, Midland, 1 up, (19 holes;) Mrs. Florian Krug, Englewood, beat Mrs. F. T. Hayes, Midland, 2 up and 1 to play.

Second Sixteen, Semi-Final Round.—Mrs. E. S. Bayer, Century Country Club, beat Mrs. T. B. Neilson, Hackensack, 2 up and 1 to play; Miss E. Whitney, Morris County, beat Miss Einstein, Century Country Club, 3 up and 1 to play.

Beaten Eight.—Mrs. George Mager, Essex Country, beat Mrs. George Levy, Century Country Club, 2 up and 1 to play; Mrs. C. F. Ubelacker, Hackensack, beat Miss F. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 5 up and 4 to play.

The winners of the afternoon four-ball handicap competition were Mrs. Myra D. Patterson and Mrs. Florian Krug, 97, 7, 90.

Small Prices for Ives Horses.

Gen. Brayton Ives of Ossining, N. Y., sold his stable of high-class saddle and harness horses and half-bred hackneys at an auction held at Durland's Riding Academy last night. Prominent owners of show horses were present, and there was some sharp bidding. Of the lot of seventeen horses, all bred of the sire Fandango II., the National Horse Show winner for two years, the chestnut mare, Barbara, 15.2 hands, attracted the highest bid, E. Seilig getting her for $1,000. Gen. Ives himself drove Barbara around the ring in exhibition, and there was some surprise later that she did not bring a higher bid. Several other horses went to E. Seilig, among them being the bay stallion Lord Harold for $250. Britta, a sister of Barbara, the first dam for both of which was Edna Orr, brought the next highest price. A. B. McClay bought in this chestnut mare for an even $500. All of the stable showed up well under exhibition, and many of the colts were picked as future show horses.

Penn Wins Cricket Honors.

HAVERFROD, Penn., May 25.—The University of Pennsylvania won the intercollegiate cricket championship by defeating the Haverford College eleven here to-day by the score of 149 to 99. J. B. Keenan scored 85 runs for the Pennsylvania eleven.

PENNSY OR CORNELL?

Athletic Sharps Unable to Separate Teams in Intercollegiates.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 25.—On the eve of the thirty-sixth annual track and field championships of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America, to be held to-morrow and Saturday at the Stadium in Cambridge, this city begins to take on the semblance of a gigantic scholastic settlement. On all sides one is confronted with the flaunted colors of more than a score of universities and colleges, each of which will be represented by the pick of its competitive forces.

Opinion among the sharps is very evenly divided between Pennsylvania and Cornell as the ultimate winners of the games. When it gets down to asking for a positive opinion relative to the outcome from either of the respective generals of the two named teams, Mike Murphy and Jack Moakley, all indications point to one being afraid, while the other admits he dare not.

Yale, as is the custom of the bulldog in all athletic matters, is waiting for an opportunity to grab at the point division bone. Michigan had designs on first place up to a short while ago, when things began to break badly for the Westerners. What the bad things were Coach Kraeglein would not say, but the assumption is that some of his promising men were "canned" for failure to burn enough midnight oil.

At the present stage Cornell has three legs in the Intercollegiate trophy, which was put up for competition in 1904 and won in that year by Yale. Pennsylvania has a double grip on it, with victories in 1907 and again last year, while Harvard is the other name inscribed by virtue of the top score in 1909. The eventual winner must have five tallies before the cup becomes permanent property.

That the trials to-morrow will produce some keen competition almost goes without saying, as those engaged will put "their best foot forward" in order to get on the firing line Saturday, ready to "do or die" for prospective alma mater, at the behest of the various trainer tacticians.

As is usually the case just before a series like to-morrow, the "rail birds" are agog over the possibilities of certain "dark horses." Ross of Michigan is one of the tips for a prominent position in "the hundred;" Hanavan, a mate of his, will be racing when all others but John Paul Jones of Cornell are staggering; Jacques, the Harvard man, has been getting a special "prep" for the half-mile, and so it goes.

Paull, the mile record holder, is slated to run the first part of his race so fast that the rest of the field will be dizzy trying to keep him in sight. Fogg, the Syracuse quarter-miler, is quietly touted as the goods.

The following comprise the principal men of the teams named:

Cornell—Ford, McArthur, Bennett, Putnam, Jones, Snyder, Finch, Hunger, Berna, Crandall, Seagrave, Kanzler, Collins, Bannister, Wells, Flack, D'Autremont, Everingham, Nixon, Elsenoast, Little, Whinery, McKell, and Shibolt.

Michigan—Horner, Craig, Reck, Hanavan, Haimbough, Smith, and Hammond.

Yale—Thatcher, Bleistein, Reilly, Chisholm, Platt, Larkin, Gardner, Byers, Wagner, Canfield, Farrar, Snyder, Childs, Decker, Kilpatrick, and Messcnier.

Princeton—Coote, Koehler, Dwight, Dell, Sawyer, Close, Thomas, Bennett, McKinney, Speers, Curtis, Chaplin, Bissell, Howell, and Elsworth.

Syracuse—Fogg, Champlin, Downey, Algire, Taylor, Newing.

Pennsylvania—Minds, Mercer, Hough, Haydock, Welle, Levering, Burdock, Murphy, Farrier, Paull, Foster, Moore, La Flamme, Guetherz, Wharton, Heyburn, Proctor, Bodley, Griffith, Elder.

The programme for to-morrow in the order is: 100 yards, half-mile, 120-yard hurdle, 440 yards, 220 yard hurdles, 220 yards, shot-put, pole vault, high jump, hammer throw, and broad jump. All trials are to qualify for Saturday.

CREWS ON CAYUGA LAKE.

Harvard and Cornell Engage in Brisk Practice for Saturday's Race.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 25.—The Harvard crews went out on Lake Cayuga twice today, and engaged in a lot of strenuous practice for Saturday's race with Cornell. The lake was rough when Coach Wray sent the Crimson boat out this morning, but they had a long paddle downstream. Late this afternoon the water had calmed down, and the 'Varsity and freshmen went over the two-mile course at a lively clip. It was announced that their showing was satisfactory, but no time was announced.

The Harvard men are spending their spare time tramping about the woods, golfing, and loafing on the hotel grounds. They will not come to Ithaca until Saturday morning.

The Cornell crews left the boathouse about 5 P. M., and were sent through a lively afternoon's practice. Coach Courtney put the 'Varsity crew through a brisk trial for a mile or so, testing their capacity for sprinting. The Cornell boat moved splendidly, and showed superb form. It was tipped off after the work that Courtney was well satisfied with his 'Varsity, though he expected the race with Harvard to be one of the best ever rowed here. The Cornell freshman eight also showed considerable improvement.

The junior 'Varsity eight left to-night for the American regatta at Philadelphia. This crew has picked up remarkably in the last week, and is expected to make a most creditable showing, in fact, more than at first anticipated.

Navy week crowds began to pour into the city to-night, and by to-morrow a gala crowd is expected.

Yale Crews Off for Schuylkill.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 25.—The Yale second 'Varsity crew left to-day for Philadelphia to take part in the American regatta at that city on Saturday. The freshman eight, in accordance with a decision reached last night, will not participate.

Some time ago Yale entered a pair in the double sculling event for the American races, and it was learned to-night that the two oarsmen who will compete there will be William Averill Harriman, son of the late Edward H. Harriman and John Adams Appleton, grandson of Appleton, the publisher. They were members of the freshmen crew squad last season, but Harriman stopped rowing because of a physician's orders. They have been members of a class crew this Spring and have been working in the double sculls for several weeks. Harriman weighs 175 pounds and Appleton 178. Each is six feet tall.

Cambridge Crew Beats Belgians.

GHENT, Belgium, May 25.—The eight-oared race between the Ghent Rowing Club and Jesus College, Cambridge, on the Terneuzen Canal to-day resulted in a victory for the Englishmen. The distance was one mile 555 yards. The winner's time was 6 minutes 32 seconds, while the Ghent eight covered the distance in 6 minutes and 35 seconds. Sixty thousand persons witnessed the race, in which the Belgian crew was the favorite.

Athletic Officers at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 25.—At a meeting of the sophomore class at Yale to-night Alexander McAndrew of Ojai Valley, Cal., was elected assistant manager of the 'Varsity crew. Students in the Sheffield Scientific School elected William K. Osborne, 1912, of Cleveland, Ohio, Vice President of the Baseball Association, H. E. Bennett, 1912, of Pawtucket, R. I., Vice President of the track team, and F. W. Coates, 1912, of Palmyra, N. Y., Vice President of the Rowing Association.

Babylon Yacht Club Dates.

The Regatta Committee of the Babylon Yacht Club has announced the following racing dates for the season: May 27, dory race; June 17, club regatta; July 1, club regatta; July 4, Association race, Bellport; July 22, invitation race, Sayville; July 29, club regatta; Aug. 5, Association race, Patchogue; Aug. 19, Association race, Babylon; Sept. 4. club regatta.

Montreal to Send Lacrosse Team.

MONTREAL, May 25.—The Montreal Amateur Athletic Association has accepted a challenge from the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn to send a lacrosse team to New York for two games on June 8 and 10. The team will be composed largely of intermediates.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

The Fairmont A. C. has arranged another strong card for its week-end stag Saturday night. The main event will be a ten-round bout between Jack Dorman, the Bronx lightweight, who is giving away considerable weight, and Joe Stein. It is a return bout between the two. In the semi-final, which is also over the ten-round route, Young Reilly will exchange punches with Artie McGovern. Five four-round bouts will precede the longer exhibitions.

Leach Cross began his training yesterday morning for his ten-round bout with Benny Franklin before the Olympic A. C. next Monday night. Cross is doing his road work in the Bronx and his gymnasium work at the New Polo A. A.

TOMMY MURPHY OUT IN FORTY SECONDS

Knockout Brown Drops Flatbush Boy Twice in Bout at Madison A. C.

Tommy Murphy, former king of New York lightweights, lasted only forty seconds against the terrific punches of Knockout Brown in their bout scheduled to go ten rounds at the Madison Athletic Club last night.

Thirty seconds after the pair shook hands Brown, who had not received one hard blow from Murphy up to that time, landed the third of a series of terrific left-hand uppercuts on Murphy's jaw, and the Flatbush boy took his second trip to the canvas, this time to stay. Ten seconds later Referee Dan Tone waved the eastsider to his corner and assisted Murphy's seconds to carry the helpless victim to his corner. It was fully a minute later before Murphy recovered sufficiently to be helped from the ring.

It was a repetition of Murphy's famous encounter with Terry McGovern at Philadelphia several years ago, only Brown did the trick about one minute faster than Terrible Terry. Up to last night McGovern was the only boxer who ever put Murphy down for the count of ten.

Murphy appeared nervous from the start, and Brown's bull-like rushes gave him no chance to get started. For twenty seconds he backed or clinched, missing miserably on the only swings he attempted. The first left uppercut, about ten seconds before the final blow arrived, was the beginning of the end, and he was practically helpless even while on his feet. The match disposes of Murphy, who has aspirations of fighting Wolgast, as a championship contender.

As soon as the boys had shaken hands Brown made a rush for Murphy, and Tommy backed to a neutral corner, where he took a left on the head and then they clinched. Referee Dan Tone broke them and they sparred lightly near the ropes. Brown was evidently out to force matters and Murphy appeared nervous. Rushing the Flatbush boy to his corner, Brown landed two swings, right and left, which were partly blocked, and then he tore in with a terrific left uppercut to the jaw which made Murphy stagger. He could not protect himself, and a second blow of the same kind put him to the canvas. He rolled over and got to his feet at the count of three, but was still groggy and totally unable to protect himself. Brown had no trouble getting over another terrific left and Tommy went down and out.

He made an effort to rise, and raised himself on his knees at the count of seven, then sank back to the floor. Forty seconds elapsed from the time the boys shook hands until Referee Tone tolled off the final count of ten. Murphy had failed to land a single blow on Brown during the short time of the bout.

The sale of reservations proved a big disappointment to the club managers and boxers alike. When Murphy learned the conditions yesterday afternoon he was disposed to call off the bout, and in order to make sure that everything would go through as arranged Danny Morgan, Brown's manager, offered to make Murphy a present of a certified check of $3,000 if he would get into the ring. Murphy accepted the proposition, and the check was accordingly drawn. The attendance was not much above the 2,000 mark and the reservations amounted to only $4,000.

As the club had guaranteed 90 per cent. of the reservations to the boxers, Brown received very little for his efforts, and the club could hardly pay expenses with its meagre share of the receipts. It had been confidently expected that the reservations would amount to $8,000 or more. But for Morgan's offer to Murphy it is likely that the bout would have fallen through. Morgan was so confident that Brown would win that he took the long chance in order to forestall any possible postponement of the fight. He recognized it as Brown's one chance to regain his lost prestige.

The weight stipulation was not met by Murphy, but Morgan refused to let it interfere with the bout. Murphy was overweight by two or three rounds and refused to weigh in. Brown tipped the scales at 132 pounds. The original agreement called for 133 pounds at 6 o'clock.

GOODMAN AND AHEARN DRAW.

Lively and Noisy Ten-Round Bout at Twentieth Century Club.

Jack Goodman, the pride of the west side, was the choice of 9 out of every 10 members of the Twentieth Century Athletic Club last night at the end of his ten-round bout with young Ahearn.

Goodman's noise producers were out in force and if Jack had been able to follow up the advantage he gained in the third round it is quite likely that they would have pulled the place apart, notwithstanding its stanch construction.

Ahearn had scarcely an admirer, and he will probably never have any to fall in love with his present style of boxing, which is anything but satisfactory. He is fair enough except when he goes to his knees without being struck. This feature of his style will get him a disqualification some day if he gets in the ring with a certain kind of referee.

For the first time in his boxing career in this city he caught a boy in Goodman who could corner him, and Jack cornered him for a near fare-you-well in the third round. This was some round! Goodman came out of his corner like a mad bull, and seemingly dodged both right and left at once. Ahearn was puzzled. He was more puzzled a few seconds later when as a result of a terrific pummeling he went to the floor. The referee counted over him while pandemonium broke loose among the spectators. Those in the rear surged and danced forward yelling like a lot of wild things. Matters were going badly for Ahearn in the ring, but he managed to slide and dance out of harm's way before Goodman could get in another wallop in the short time that remained of the round.

During the succeeding rounds Goodman tried bravely to get the slippery boxer in bad again, and while he succeeded in nearly every round in cornering him he could not just exactly put the finishing touch on. In the meantime Ahearn jabbed Goodman almost every time Jack rushed. For this he is entitled to a draw, but with the exception of a willing, brave lad like Goodman he should never be matched in a limited round bout.

At the finish Goodman's face was somewhat flushed from Ahearn's repeated jabs, while the latter showed no traces whatever of the lively session.

One of the pleasantest features of the show, which was one of the best of the season and enjoyed by a record crowd for the club, was the appearance of Sam Austin as referee.

In the first preliminary a youngster from Belfast, just off the ship, disposed of young Harry Lewis in the third round. Johnny Dunn's pipes were a bit bad, so we didn't get the young Irishman's name.

White Hope Carnival To-night.

Twenty-two heavyweights—only two below 200 pounds—are entered in the White Hope boxing carnival scheduled for this evening at the National Sporting Club. Manager O'Rourke has been working out details for this show for many weeks and he has gathered aspiring champions from several States for to-night's tournament. Each bout will be of four rounds and so arranged as to bring about the survival of the fittest. The biggest of the crowd is Herman Tracy of Bradford, Ill., who stands 6 feet 8 inches and weighs 275 pounds. Charles Mulbach of Philadelphia stands 6 feet 4 inches and weighs 227 pounds. Other giants class as follows: Jack Leon, Bangor, Me., 6 feet 3 inches, 215 pounds; Joe Rogers, New York, 6 feet 2 inches, 260 pounds; Tom McCloskey, Bangor, Me., 6 feet 2 inches, 200 pounds. Bob Young of Springfield, Mass., Bob Day of Canada, Marty Cutler, Al Palzer, and Al Benedict are other giants entered in the tournament.

Young Haggerty Knocked Out.

Young Cashman of the York Athletic Club won a decisive victory over Young Haggerty, the Hamilton Athletic Club boxer, at the Long Acre Athletic Association last night, knocking his opponent out in the seventh round. Cashman forced the fighting from the start, and in the seventh round he floored Haggerty three times before he sent over a hard right punch to the jaw which ended the contest. Many friends of the two local boys witnessed the bout and cheered their favorites in every round. In the semi-final of four rounds Young Buckley outpointed George Hoey.

WEYMANN TO HEAD TEAM.

Aero Club Selects First Representative for Aviation Race.

Charles Weymann has been selected by the Aero Club of America to be one of the three American representatives in the International Aviation Championship Contest in England on July 1. The head of the American team learned the art of flying at the Neuport School, Mourmelon, France, and shortly after receiving a pilot's license, broke all records from 1 to 100 kilometers. A few days later in a Nieuport Racer he covered 119.68 kilometers in an hour. He will use a 70 horse-power Nieuport machine.

Earle L. Orington was offered a place on the team but declined owing to his many engagements in this country. J. V. Martin has been under consideration for some time, but it is unlikely that he will be accepted as he left for Europe on Wednesday.

The International Committee is having considerable difficulty in getting together a representative team. Henry A. Wise Wood, chairman of the committee, has requested all aviators, owning machines with motors of sufficient horse-power, to send their names to the Aero Club of America in order to procure the best possible representation.

The Wright brothers and Glenn H. Curtis declined to consider any proposal for the race, in spite of the offer of the committee to supply both aviators with 100 horse-power motors. Willis McCormick, who is building a monoplane with two fifty-horse-power motors, will shortly try out his new machine. If it proves successful it will probably be selected with A. G. Stone as the navigator.

NOVEL AEROPLANE WAGER.

McCurdy Bets $500 Atlantic Ocean Will Be Crossed Within Three Years.

A wager of $500 was made last Sunday on a trip across the Atlantic Ocean by an aeroplane. J. A. D. McCurdy, whose exhibitions at Bridgeport, Conn., interested thousands of spectators, engaged in a discussion of aviation with President Forbes of the Connecticut Aero Club during which McCurdy made the startling announcement that an aeroplane, propelled by its own motive power, would cross the Atlantic Ocean from coast to coast within three years. McCurdy said that although he might not accomplish the feat himself in that time, he was certain some aviator would make a successful crossing, and offered to wager $500 on the correctness of his views.

President Forbes, while admitting the possibility of an aeroplane crossing the Atlantic in the near future, said that three years was too short a period. McCurdy, however, stood by his original assertion and dared President Forbes to take the bet. The last named produced $500, and the entire $1,000 was placed in the hands of a responsible business man in Bridgeport.

FINAL BOUTS POSTPONED.

Amateur Card at I. A. A. C. Too Long to Complete Last Night.

The final bouts of the novice boxing and wrestling tournament at the Irish-American A. C., which were to have been completed last night, were postponed owing to the numerous bouts in the semi-final classes and were put over until Monday night. Only the remaining trial and semi-final bouts were reached. The summaries:

140-Pound Class, Wrestling, Trial Bouts.—First Bout—G. Stassinas, Greek-American A. C., defeated C. Brown, National A. C., with bar hold. Time—1:49 4-5. Second Bout—S. Agamemnan, Greek-American A. C., defeated A. Biederman, East Side Y. M. C. A., with half-Nelson hold. Time—4:08 2-5. Third Bout—H. Rhategan, National A. C., defeated P. Amer, Educational Alliance, with bar hold. Time—5:08 2-5. Fourth Bout—G. Elfaris, Greek-American A. A., defeated A. Levine, Educational Alliance. Referee's decision, most work done. Time—9:00. Fifth Bout—D. McIntyre, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated L. Vogt, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., with hip lock. Time—3:55. Sixth Bout—J. Pontagis, Greek-American A. A., defeated M. Jackson, Grace A. C., with body lock. Time—2:13.

130-Pound Class, Boxing, Semi-final Bouts.—First Bout—H. Brown, New Polo A. A., defeated J. Kelly, unattached. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Second Bout—T. Burke, East Side Y. M. C. A., defeated W. Glavensky, McCaddin Lyceum. Four rounds. Judge's decision. Third Bout—R. Ebneth, Dominican Lyceum, defeated A. Kennedy, Irish-American A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision. C. Cramer, Holy Cross Lyceum, drew the bye.

140-Pound Class, Boxing, Trial Bouts.—First Bout—C. Seller, Union Settlement A. C., defeated M. Grogan, Union Settlement A. C. Two rounds. Referee's decision. Second Bout—M. Flood, Irish-American A. C., defeated W. Neville, McCaddin Lyceum. Two rounds. Referee's decision. F. Williamson, Irish-American A. C., drew a bye.

110-Pound Class Boxing, Semi-Final Bouts.—First Bout—W. Dolan, New West Side A. C., defeated J. Deegan, Ozanam Association, three rounds, judge's decision. Second Bout—J. Gallagher, Trinity A. C., defeated F. Comfrey, Union Settlement A. C., four rounds, judge's decision; M. Wagenbrenner, National A. C., drew the bye.

130-Pound Class Wrestling, Semi-Final Bouts—First Bout—F. Pizybyliski, Franklin A. C., defeated J. Frank, Grace A. C., with half nelson and crotch hold. Time—1:42. Second Bout—C. Warshaw, Educational Alliance, defeated F. Von Salzen, Franklin A. C., referee's decision. Time—0:06. Third Bout—C. Agsostah, Greek-American A. C., defeated H. Wasson, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., with body hold. Time—2:10. J. Neal, East Side Y. M. C. A., drew the bye.

140-Pound Class Wrestling, Semi-Final Bouts.—First Bout—D. McIntyre, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated G. Elfaris, Greek-American A. C., with hip lock and chancery hold. Time—3:01. Second Bout—J. Pontagis, Greek-American A. C., defeated H. Rhategan, National A. C., with further Nelson hold. Time—1:36. Third Bout—G. Stassinas, Greek-American A. C., defeated G. Agamemnon, Greek-American A. C., with bar lock. Time—3:00.

120-Pound Class Boxing, Semi-Final Bouts.—First Bout—S. White, Union Settlement A. C., defeated P. Zacharzowsky, Union Y. M. C. A., three rounds, judges' decision. Second Bout—J. McGuire, unattached, defeated J. Kiernan, St. Ann's A. C., two rounds. Third Bout—I. Zuckerman, unattached, defeated P. Mark, Trinity A. C., two rounds.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

Lyle E. Mahan won his place in the final round of the championship singles yesterday on the courts of the West Side Lawn Tennis Club, 238th Street and Review Place, defeating W. M. Washburn, the Columbia interscholastic champion of last year, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3. Summary:

Men's Singles—Third Round.—E. W. Leonard defeated G. S. Groesbeck, 6—4, 6—4.

Fourth Round.—W. M. Hall defeated Ross Burchard, 6—4, 7—5; G. M. Church defeated E. W. Leonard, 6—3, 6—4.

Semi-final Round.—L. E. Mahan defeated W. M. Washburn, 6—1, 5—7, 6—3.

Doubles—First Round.—H. Torrance, Jr., and G. M. Bodman defeated G. S. Groesbeck and H. P. Smith, 8—6, 6—3.

Second Round.—H. H. Hackett and K. H. Behr defeated L. Hatzfeld and H. P. Homans, 6—2, 7—5, 7—5.

Rufus Davis, the Chairman of the Lawn Tennis Committee of the New York Athletic Club, has arranged to start the first important tournament of the season, a handicap singles, on the newly constructed courts at Travers Island, next week. The improvements have cost more than $5,000. It is expected that the entry will be the largest that the club has ever known. By an arrangement with the Hudson River Association, of which the New York Athletic Club is a member, it is planned to hold an important championship tournament for women at Travers Island either late in June or early in July.

Amherst Wins Singles Title.

BOSTON, May 25.—Dartmouth and Amherst battled through the afternoon for supremacy in the tennis doubles championship of the intercollegiate tennis tournament at the Longwood Cricket Club to-day, and at the close of play Amherst had won two sets and Dartmouth one. The fourth set was started, Dartmouth winning one game, and will be finished to-morrow morning. The courts were heavy on account of showers.

In the championship singles this morning C. L. Johnston, Jr., defeated J. Oakley of Williams in a hard four-set match. The summary: Singles, Finals.—C. L. Johnston, Jr., Amherst, defeated J. Oakley, Williams, 8—6, 5—7, 6—3, 8—6.

Doubles, Finals, (Uncompleted.)—S. Miller and C. J. Johnston, Jr., Amherst, against J. D. Nelson and F. H. Harris, Dartmouth, 6—2, 5—7, 10—8.

Columbia Grammar Wins Match.

Columbia Grammar School defeated Ethical Culture in tennis at the Riverside A. C. courts yesterday afternoon, 4 to 0. The scores: Mason, Columbia, defeated Marks, Ethical, 6—3, 6—0; Weldinger, Columbia, defeated Curran, Ethical, 6—3, 6—4; Weldinger and Gottgetreu, Columbia, defeated Marks and Curran, Ethical, 7—5, 6—3.

BRITISH POLOISTS SHOW BETTER FORM

Challenging Team Defeats Strong Quartet, 8 Goals to 3—Capt. Wilson Strengthens Visitors.

Under changed conditions incident to a rearrangement of the English challenging team, the seventeenth practice trial of the British officers against a mixed quartet yesterday at Cedarhurst, L. I., proved rather interesting in many respects, although it did not develop much excitement until the opening of the fifth period. The line-up on the English side included Capts. Cheape, Edwards, Lloyd, and Wilson, who had for opponents J. S. Phipps, George E. Johnson, Rudolph Agassiz, and Capt. Barrett, the latter scheduled to appear at No. 3, but actually playing in "back's" position.

The plan was to try out Capt. Wilson with a view of his being retained on the challenging team for the cup matches at Meadow Brook next week. Capt. Barrett, who relinquished his place on that team, was requested to give the challengers as hard practice as possible from No. 3's position on the other team, but he preferred to ride at "back" of the Freebooter division. This really kept two men out of the game at many critical moments, and consequently play was slow, or at any rate, exceedingly deliberate, all through the second, third, and fourth periods.

That any definite point had been reached when the ponies finished galloping for the fourth period was hardly apparent, but in the fifth chukker matters began to take on a different aspect, and the all-English team had by that time agreed upon some satisfactory form of attack.

Capt. Lloyd now marshalled his forces so as to take full advantage of Wilson's weighty driving and obstruction and Capt. Wilson got his one grand chance at the ball in centre field, with nobody to interfere with him. Once, twice his mallet caused the ball to whizz northward and there was just the right amount of force behind it to render a score possible. A cheer creeted the English candidate when the ball left his mallet and the goal that fell the next instant was deemed the most startling of any seen in many months.

This and the several clever "finds" of the ball at strenuous times worked up public enthusiasm in behalf of Capt. Wilson, and after he "had made good" so far as direction was concerned the play took on added interest.

Capt. Cheape was a tower of strength and he was mounted exceedingly well on the chestnut mare Exelite. Capt. Edwards played his position at No. 2 steadily and Capt. Wilson did finally get away with a long-drawn run that brought onlookers to their feet. The peppery No. 2 drove heavily and hard, his object evidently being to let the public understand that every feature of play was worked out with some definite purpose.

On the opposite side of the field the veteran George E. Johnson operated with great care, but he evidently did not extend himself until things grew hot. Later he maintained the practice play with zest and force. Mr. Agassiz, the clever Bostonian, proved during this game that he can take all the hustling that the visiting brigade like to adopt, and then play star polo.

A number of extra good ponies were used for this short trial, but several from the English stable were noticed to be hardly up to the original mark, despite the fact that the best of care is given them.

J. S. Phipps carried through almost everything that he started for, save when he did not take up close company with the opposing back. Had this been done, Capt. Cheape would not have got by in that remarkable second period. There were far too many "outsides" and much unnecessary dribbling along the eastern boundary. Undoubtedly the Englishmen want to save their ponies, and as they have now got the stable down to about twenty-eight, it may be possible that a few more are expected from England, and it is quite in keeping with Mr. Whitney's sportsmanship that the English officers may be invited to use several of his ponies.

Each period of play yesterday demonstrated some point of educational value, but not until the two last rounds was there anything astonishing in the way of speedy racing, except Capt. Edwards's plunge after the ball when first thrown in. This attractive player registered five goals, Capt. Cheape obliged twice, and Wilson scored in the notable sixth chukker. On the other side Barrett opened affairs in the third period very finely, then Phipps scored in the fourth, and Barrett distinguished himself by his score early in the ninth period. With a total of 8 to 3 the sixth chukker was brought to a close, it being understood that another trial match for practice will take place at Cedarhurst on Sunday next.

There will be no international trial games to-day, but to-morrow the Meadow Brook champions will meet the same team of Rockaway players who defeated the British a day or two ago.

INSURRECTOS WIN AT POLO.

Westchester Team Overwhelms Meadow Brook Juniors for Squadron A Cups.

The semi-final game in the Squadron A polo series at Van Cortland Park was reached yesterday when the Westchester Insurrectos ran away with the Meadow Brook Juniors' four, though they went into the game heavily handicapped. The score finally resulted in 11 to 8¼, the Meadow Brook team earning only two goals and losing three-quarters by penalties, while the Westchester team overcame the seven goals which they were handicapped by scoring eleven straight goals.

By winning yesterday's match the Insurrectos' team gets into the final match to decide the cup winner, which will be played on the same field to-morrow afternoon. The line-up:

WESTCHESTER INSURRECTOS.	H'cap.	MEADOW BROOK JUNIORS.	H'cap.
1—L. Tilney	1	1—M. Robinson	1
2—H. S. Borden	3	2—D. Dows	1
3—J. B. Thomas	3	3—T. H. Le Boutillier	1
Back—T. J. Hunt	3	Back—H. C. Holt	0
Total	10	Total	3

Goals—For Insurrectos: H. S. Borden, (5,) L. Tilney, (4,) T. J. Hunt, (2,) Total—11. Meadow Brook: T. H. Le Boutillier, (2.) Penalty—M. Robinson, ½; Le Boutillier, ¼. Total—8¼.

WESTON FALLS BEHIND.

Cowboy Pool Challenger Sees Champion De Oro Play Clever Pool.

Charles Weston, the cowboy poolplayer, fell far behind in the second block of his pool match for the world's title with the champion, Alfredo De Oro at Doyle's Billiard Academy last night, the result of the evening's play being 205 to 117, making the total score for the match thus far 407 to 208. The match went twenty-two frames, and De Oro was in front from the start. At the fifteenth frame the champion started a run, and didn't let up until he had pocketed forty-five balls. He had but three scratches during the evening.

De Oro showed his best form, and his play was a strong contrast to that of the challenger, who missed many easy shots and failed to score a single point in several frames.

The cowboy's playing was very erratic, and his position play was not to be compared with the clever "leaves" which De Oro negotiated at times. Weston brought hard luck upon himself toward the end of the match and made a weak finish. In only two frames—the sixth and ninth—did De Oro fail to register. The champion's play at combinations at times was surprisingly clever, his judgment at picking balls from the pyramid plainly surprising his opponent.

The final block of the 600-point match will be played this evening, when De Oro will start with a lead of 199 points. The score by innings:

De Oro—11 7 15 13 9 0 5 2 0 15 8 3 15 1 15 15 15 2 15 15 15 11—205. Total—407; scratches, 2.

Weston—4 8 0 2 6 15 10 13 15 0 7 12 14 10 0 13 0 0 0 4—117. Total—208; scratches, 5.

Houck and Billy Papke.

Hugh McIntosh, the London-Paris fight promoter, last night cabled an offer to Leo Houck, the Philadelphia middleweight, for a match with Billy Papke, the American boxer now in London, to be fought under Mr. McIntosh's management in London or Paris during the last week of June. Houck returned home last week after an extended visit to France, where he figured in several battles. Papke has been in London for several weeks, stopping there on his way home from Australia, where he spent several months and did considerable fighting.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

The Use of Products in This Country Controls the Classification.

In sustaining a protest filed by Mattoon & Co. the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday held that the use of a commodity in this country controls its classification rather than its use in the country of production. The merchandise before the board was brush box timber, shipped to the United States from Australia.

It was assessed by the customs officials as "sawed boards," at the rate of 15 per cent. ad valorem, under the provisions of Paragraph 203 of the present Tariff act. The importers claimed free entry for the merchandise under the tariff provision for "ship timber and ship planking," as found in Paragraph 712. General Appraiser McClelland, who writes the decision for the board, says that it is shown from the record that the brush wood is a species of eucalyptus, and is similar to iron bark and spotted gum. It is so much like iron bark that it is piled indiscriminately and sold and used for the same purpose.

It appears that the importers were unable to definitely prove to whom and for what purpose this brush box wood was sold, although it appeared to the satisfaction of the board that it is of such dimensions as ship timber is usually imported in, and that practically all such timber of such dimensions imported by them is sold for use in the building of ships.

The Government offered no proof in contravention of the statements of the importers as to the use of the timber in the United States, but did attempt to prove that in the country of its growth, Australia, the brush box wood was not generally used in shipbuilding. This contention, the decision holds, seems to the tribunal wholly immaterial. According to the board, it is the use of it (the timber) in this country which controls. The claim of the importers is sustained, the decision of the Collector being reversed.

The board affirmed the action of Collector Loeb in the assessment of duty on wool grease imported by A. Klipstein & Co. It was returned by Appraiser Bird as being advanced in value or condition, duty being exacted on the basis of one-half of 1 cent a pound. The importers denied that the grease was advanced in value in any manner, and asked the board to hold the merchandise dutiable at one-fourth of 1 cent a pound. The claim was denied.

Next Sunday's Times

will contain these Magazine features:

John Hays Hammond on the Chances of Success To-day

Garibaldi, Grandson of the Italian Liberator, a Soldier of Fortune in Mexico

Germany Starts a Crusade Against the Notorious Foreign Legion of France

How Hotels on Wheels Care for 60,000 Guests a Day

Marquis de Segonzac's Thrilling Adventures in Africa

The Modern Millionaire's Bath Rivals Those of Ancient Rome

Amazing Disclosures of a Revolutionist Who Was in Russia's Secret Service for Twenty Years

Wagner's Autobiography Published After Forty Years

The Blackball as a Necessary Social Policeman

The Seventeen-Year Locust and the Deadly Moth Prepare for Devastation

New Motor Boat Breaks the World's Record in Trials

The Book Review of The Times

will contain the following:

Jeffery Farnol, Author of the Broad Highway, "at Home"

A New Life of Rachel, the Famous French Actress

From Greek to Near Greek, with Some Anthologies and Original Verse

The Craftsmanship of Writing

Mr. Masefield's Novel, "The Street of To-day"

Two Great Musicians—Fuller Maitland's Life of Brahms and Judith Gautier's Reminiscences of Wagner

A Marquise of the Old Regime—Emilie du Chatelet

The Pictorial Section

will contain these special features:

The Capture of Juarez Shown in Photographs.

Women Baseball Players—Members of the Society Country Club at Belfield.

Spring Festival of the Ethical Culture School.

State Opening of the Festival of Empire by the English King and Queen.

Spring Exhibition of the Royal Academy.

The First May Day Parties in Central Park.

An Indian Princess in Paris.

Princess Juliana, the Heir to the Dutch Throne.

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Next Sunday's Times

The New York Times

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PARK INVASION AGAIN.

State Senator STILWELL's new bill aiming to force the building of the new law courts in the City Hall Park is even worse than its predecessor, which has been safely smothered in the Assembly's Committee on Rules. Its provisions to expedite the selection of a site are useless. A site will be selected in due time by the existing Court House Board with the approval of the Board of Estimate. Mr. STILWELL's new bill deprives the Board of Estimate of all power in connection with a selection of the site and the approval of the plans, while, if the bill passes, and becomes a law, the board will be compelled to approve the site selected, which must be the City Hall Park if another available site is not found within four months.

We have no idea that the bill will get through both houses, but vigilance is required to check all these plans of park invasion. The selection of a Court House site may be safely left to the present board and the Board of Estimate. If the new Stilwell bill serves to hasten their consideration of the matter the bench and the bar will be grateful. It can serve no other good purpose.

CURRENCY REFORM PROGRESS.

Secretary MACVEAGH was right in attaching first importance to the change of public sentiment on the currency question. The "public be pleased" attitude of those who have the reform in charge is in marked contrast to the indifferent and ridiculing attitude of public officials only a little while ago, and Senator ALDRICH and Secretary MACVEAGH have distinguished claims to lead the reform procession. The public response has been prompt and hearty, both in and out of the banking profession. Criticism is confined to details, and is constructive rather than censorious. In principle public opinion is at least as far advanced as the Monetary Commission, and is ready for the next step whenever it is proposed.

The Secretary's first point, that there should always be currency enough and never too much, may be taken as established. We have had too many object lessons that our currency system is deficient in both respects to allow anybody to jest any more about the absurdity of a "rubber" currency. And at no time since 1907 has anybody been desirous to argue in favor of a system of reserves which should allow of a suspension of cash payments at a time when the reserves were adequate but unavailable, because they were redundant in some places and deficient in some others. The same volume of reserves on the centralized system would have carried us through 1907 without the shame and loss which we experienced, and without the humiliation of later proof that the experience was unnecessary. Since then argument has been unnecessary. Nothing is left but discussion of ways and means.

The Secretary discusses whether or not the Central Reserve Association is to be a bank under another name. He concludes that it is not a bank at all, but a mere agency of the banks for their convenience, and without capacity to worry them by its competition. There is no more reason for the banks to be jealous or fearful of the Reserve Association than of their Clearing Houses. The banks themselves will administer it with the assistance of the Government, and the administrators will share the profits among themselves. The Reserve Association is not an excrescence upon the National banking system, but a natural outgrowth of its necessities for a method of getting done what the Clearing Houses have done without the suitable equipment for it. The Central Reserve Association is hardly more than the elaborate and permanent organization of such a currency issuing and reserve pooling system as it has extemporized under manifold difficulties and with entire success time and again. It is possible to imagine arguments against Clearing House certificates, but it is hardly possible to argue against regularizing and safeguarding processes so familiar and approved.

The Secretary is at much pains to attack the prejudice against centralization of the banking system at Washington. He contends that it is not so much centralization as organization. Just as 25,000 privates do not make an army, constitute a banking system. The idea is discipline and co-operation, not action by command, least of all command by those to whom the banks have the power to give orders, and who have no other authority except such as they may receive from the banks. Political control is an even more remote contingency than financial control. Both are likely to become impossibilities by the admission of banks other than National, making a body too large and of too diverse interests to fall under the control of any clique.

Banks are public utilities as much as railways, and were under public control before railways and corporations in general. But the private point of view has been abandoned sooner by the utilities and trusts. It is necessary now to take a more public view of banking. Its private interests must be protected, but the public interest must dominate. Instead of local banks we want banks which shall be National in more than name. It is a step necessary before we can have American world banks worthy of our world commerce.

THE SCANT WATER SUPPLY.

Water Commissioner THOMPSON now declares that Manhattan and the Bronx will have enough water for this Summer if all the residents use the water economically, and asserts that all plans for an emergency supply this year are worthless. He takes credit for saving 21,000,000 gallons a day, but insists that a possible extra supply of 25,000,000 gallons daily, piped from Brooklyn, would be "a mere drop in the bucket." Obviously, 25,000,000 gallons would be a larger drop in the bucket than 21,000,000 gallons.

The Commissioner is anxious to allay public fear of a water famine. But we hope the plan to pipe water from Ten Mile River in Connecticut will be pushed vigorously, and that no pains or reasonable expense will be spared to secure an emergency supply to meet the requirements of the two boroughs. We can urge the people not to waste the water, but we cannot be sure they will heed the warning. This big city should have all the water it needs. We do not understand that Commissioner THOMPSON opposes the Ten Mile River scheme or any other projected plan to relieve the city. He has concentrated his mind on his excellent provisions to save and to teach the people not to waste. But the emergency plans ought to be carried out.

KILL THE GITTINS RACING BILLS.

We have heard and considered the arguments and palliations for the introduction of Senator GITTINS's bills drawn expressly to make it easier for Directors of race tracks and establishments at which bets are made on horse racing—to exempt them, in fact, from the penalties of the law. Does the public want horse racing again—with the betting?

We think not. There is nothing more stupid than vice. The passage of the law of last year, which Senator GITTINS would amend, expressed the public's disgust for a vice which it had forsworn. We doubt whether anybody, excepting those who support them for pecuniary gain, favors the Gittins bills. Most of all, the small-salaried clerks who used to stake their money on the horses are glad that race track gambling has gone into the limbo of other bad things.

A GOOD SULLIVAN BILL.

We have on several occasions praised "Big Tim" SULLIVAN, the statesman of the Bowery, by whose able efforts the Dangerous Weapons bill was introduced and passed. Another bill, fathered by Senator SULLIVAN, which is aimed at the abuses of private banks for immigrants, is, in its intent and its probable effects, worthy of unstinted commendation. This bill, we understand, was drafted by Mr. LOUIS MARSHALL, who, as Chairman of the committee appointed by Gov. HUGHES to consider the condition, welfare, and industrial opportunities of aliens in the State of New York, framed Chapter 348 of the Laws of 1910 regulating private banks. The constitutionality of this law was immediately attacked by the private bankers, but within four months Mr. MARSHALL secured a decision from the Federal Supreme Court, in the case of ENGEL vs. O'MALLEY, vindicating it in all its terms.

Thereupon the immigrant bankers proceeded to take advantage of Section 22 of the business corporation law to evade the chapter regulating their businesses, by incorporating them as express companies. The "expressmen" then began to discount bills, notes, and other evidences of debt, to receive deposits, to buy and sell bills of exchange, and so on, as of yore; and they cheated their ignorant customers, accumulated funds, and absconded, uncontrolled and unpunished. Therefore, Mr. MARSHALL has drafted an amendment to Section 22, Chapter 28 of the Laws of 1909, in a way to prohibit corporations, excepting those formed or privileged under the Federal and State banking laws, whether domestic or foreign, from engaging in any form of banking. Representatives of responsible Canadian banks had feared that this bill, if enacted, might work injustice to their business. But the business of all foreign banking corporations, privileged under the banking laws, is protected. The phrase "except as permitted by such laws" protects them. Moreover, Senator SULLIVAN and Assemblyman JAMES A. FOLEY, the introducers of this bill and of the Immigrant Banks act, bill, which, with proper safeguards, will permit foreign banks to conduct various kinds of business that they now have no legal power to transact. The heartless and criminal treachery of bankers doing business among the alien poor of this city, individuals among whom have absconded with sums, in some instances aggregating half a million dollars, justifies any measure that would adequately control their business and make them responsible. Senator SULLIVAN and Assemblyman FOLEY are acting as they should act, and with every evidence of unselfish public spirit, in their sponsorship of the measure which, Mr. MARSHALL hopes, will bring the thieving bankers to time.

THE DUVEEN CASE.

Perhaps the general disposition of the community will be to commend the outcome of the Duveen case, but the indifference of the public to the punishment of smugglers by imprisonment is not wholesome. The crime is punishable with imprisonment, and many small smugglers have been sent to jail. District Attorney WISE made a strong appeal for a prison sentence for HENRY J. DUVEEN. In his statement in open court, and to the whole community, as well as to the members of the bar and the interested spectators in the courtroom, Justice MARTIN, before imposing a fine of $15,000, dwelt on the facts that the Duveen firm had paid $1,000,000 in settlement of the claims of the Government, that the convicted man was 60 years old, and in bad health, and that the evidence indicated that customs officers were greatly to blame for the commission of offenses of this sort.

In view of the fact that all the United States Judges of this district obviously concurred in Justice MARTIN's decision to release the prisoner with a fine, we must accept the action of the court as justifiable. But it is puzzling, and inevitably suggests that the payment of a large sum of money to settle the claims was made with an understanding that the offenders should escape the full penalty of the law. The United States District Attorney certainly did his best to send DUVEEN to prison, and it is inconceivable that there was any distinct promise made by any Federal officer that the penalty should be made lighter because of the payment. Justice MARTIN, however, mentioned the payment, and it is certainly true that the condition of a prisoner's health and the fact that his crime was made easy by the inefficiency of officers employed to prevent such crimes, do not generally serve to save him from prison. The fact that the court felt constrained to explain its action indicates that it was out of the common, and it is regrettable that the explanation was necessary.

While, as we have said, the public generally still views the crime of defrauding the customs leniently, yet the partial miscarriage of justice in the Duveen case will be noted by all persons who have strong respect for the authority of the law.

DR. BUTLER AT MOHONK.

The Lake Mohonk Peace Conference is fortunate in having for its President Dr. BUTLER of Columbia. He unites, in a rare degree, the qualities of the student, the educator, and the statesman. Cautious and thorough in dealing with facts, acute and candid in judgment, deeply interested in the affairs of his country and of the world, he has a faculty for organizing opinion and action which counts for much in educational leadership, in the university field, and far beyond it. His opening address this week was a lucid and intensely interesting survey of the present situation of the movement for general arbitration, "the problem of substituting law for war."

A conspicuous element in that situation is the organization of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. This has been well thought out and placed, so far as choice has been made, in excellent hands. Its work is distributed in three divisions, "International Law," "Economics and History," and "Intercourse and Education." At the head of the first will be Dr. JAMES BROWN SCOTT, with a consultation board selected from the most distinguished international lawyers of the world. The work of the division will be to expound existing principles and to advance modifications or developments of them in such manner as to promote a common system of international law capable of practical application by an international tribunal. The obvious aim will be to provide for the enforcement of rights and the redress of wrongs, first, through legal remedies, and only in the last resort by the employment of force, and, so far as possible, by force under the direction of the tribunal. "The whole process," declares President BUTLER, "is one of legal evolution," in which the endowment will seek to aid.

The division of "Economics and History" is to be under the guidance of Prof. JOHN BATES CLARK of Columbia, "whose foremost place among English-speaking economists is gladly recognized everywhere." The task of this division will be to study and explain the manifold, various, and important effects of war upon men in their daily occupation of gaining their livelihood. Man, whatever else he is, is by instinct, training, necessity, and incentive a trading creature, and out of the universal and age-long exchange of his products and his services with his fellows have slowly grown, and is forever growing, the vast structure of civiliza- [illegible] or the preparation for war, is the chief hindrance. It will be the object of Prof. CLARK's division, with the coöperation of "a score of the world's leading economists," to study the influence of this horrid hindrance, in detail and in general, and to bring a distinct and effective consciousness of it to "the bosoms and business" of the citizens of all nations. It is a wide field, and one that will richly repay careful cultivation, such as it will unquestionably receive.

The third division, that of "Intercourse and Education," the head of which has not yet been selected, will supplement the work of the two others "by carrying forward vigorously and in coöperation with existing agencies the educational work of propaganda, of international hospitality, and of promoting international friendship." It will especially seek "to establish a better understanding of international rights and duties and a more perfect sense of international justice among the inhabitants of civilized nations." This is significant of the whole movement, and of the gradual recognition throughout the world of the fact that duties are of equal weight with rights. In private relations the whole system of judicial settlement of differences has developed along this line. It is one of the brightest signs on the horizon of this generation that a like evolution in international relations is making clear and substantial progress.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Retraction Seems Unnecessary.

It seems to have grieved the Secretary of the organization which calls itself the National League for Medical Freedom that we should have intimated—rather clearly—our doubts as to the existence of much intelligence or honesty in its antagonism to the establishment of a Federal Department of Health. Can it be, he asks in effect, that our 200,000 members are all unintelligent and dishonest?

This question might have troubled us rather seriously had the Secretary not inclosed with his letter a specimen of the league's "literature," revealing anew the sort of statements and arguments by which its membership has been created. A document containing a greater number of—well, call them misrepresentations, has rarely come to our attention. Running all through it was the perfectly groundless assumption that the "regular" doctors—by which we understand real doctors to be meant—are seeking to get for themselves the power to dictate to everybody the kind of treatment he shall have and by whom it shall be given. Of course nothing of the kind is proposed or purposed, and there is no more chance of setting up a medical tyranny if the Owen bill passes than there is that the various State, County, and Municipal Health Boards will do the same thing.

As a matter of fact, each of these smaller bodies, including the smallest, has vastly more authority to-day than the new department would have, and their activities, so far as we know, are regarded as both beneficial and necessary by all of the public except a negligible fraction of cranks and quacks. As for the multitude of leaguers, that apparently has been secured—if it exists—by the simple process of asking people if they believe in medical freedom. Naturally, everybody does, and a good many careless persons may have let themselves be put down as opposed to medical slavery without waiting to ask whether medical freedom is in any danger. As naturally, every anti-vaccinationist, every anti-vivisectionist, every would-be practitioner of medicine who wants to collect fees from the sick without qualifying himself to pass an examination in the rudiments of the healing art—all these are in the league, and their names are thickly peppered over the long list of the league's "advisory board."

So, having maturely considered these facts, we shall for the present stand by our remarks about intelligence and honesty.

This Training Is Worth Paying For.

Parents who have witnessed the exhibitions of grace and muscular co-ordination by classes in the high schools of this city have congratulated themselves that the physical training of their children has been placed under painstaking and intelligent care. The defeat of the proposition to cut down, below the salaries of teachers in academic subjects, the salaries of the teachers who exercise this care of the physical health of the pupils is therefore to be commended.

These teachers are well qualified—they have to be. Half of the men are physicians and college graduates; the other half are graduates of normal schools, as are nearly half of the women teachers in the high schools, while one-fourth of them are college women, besides being graduates of physical training schools. Most of the teachers have qualified by conforming to the highest requirement, six years of special preparation in physical training. All of them conform to the minimum requirements of time spent in special study and of distinction required of the academic teachers.

Their work demands the disciplinary control of classes numbering 60 to 300 pupils. They must teach physiology and hygiene with skill, as well as conduct classes in the exercises that conform to the laws of these studies. They must use tact and delicacy in their treatment of defective pupils, firmness in the control of games and sports, entering thoroughly into their spirit and management, and insisting upon their pursuit according to the highest ideals of training.

Physical training should be neither overdone nor underdone. In either direction there is danger. Even that remorseless schoolman JOHN MILTON advocated provision for the careful education of pupils to be "healthy, nimble, and well in breath." The present corps of teachers in the high schools should be adequately paid for assuring this condition of clear brains in the safe pursuit of academic studies.

A Genius Utilizes Opportunity.

To be able, promptly and eloquently, to draw an edifying moral from the little familiar episodes in the lives of common people is a great gift, once more widely distributed than now, but it still exists, and among its surviving possessors there is at least one who can with modest confidence risk comparison with the well-practiced ancients. He writes pieces for The Lime Springs (Iowa) Sun-Herald, and we deem it a high privilege to reproduce here one of his very best efforts—to wit:

> A friend of ours lost a fine Jersey cow the other day—tied her too long. She got tangled up in the rope and broke her neck [illegible] How many instances there are in life that are counterparts of the above! The cherished of our hearts, our own flesh and blood, are often allowed to slip away from us and out and from under our control, all because we love them so much and hate to restrict their pleasures or say "no" to them.

That, now, is—perhaps it could not be better or more accurately characterized than by saying that it would be at home in an aviary. At first glance one might fear that between the artist's premises and his conclusion, between his anecdote and his moral, there is a solution of the logical continuity. But no! Look again and see that though he might have taken another route toward edification by laying emphasis on the fact that the cow was tied, he left that for a later occasion and fixed the thoughtful reader's attention on the length of her rope. As was his right, he illuminated, not the circumstance of restriction, but a peculiarity of it, resulting from an affectionate weakness on the part of the cow's owner.

So, you see, the moral works out all right, and everybody who reads the little masterpiece ought to be the happier and safer and better for it. Even the cow, if she could be made to understand the noble use to which her mishap has been put, would probably be glad that it happened, while her owner can count himself among the country's real, though unintentional, benefactors.

PORFIRIO DIAZ.

President of the Mexico Society Praises His Constructive Statesmanship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The people of Mexico feel that they have been at school long enough. President Diaz, perhaps, feels that his country is not yet ripe for a Government by political parties. It would be an impertinence for any stranger to criticise the internal affairs of Mexico, but whether the schoolmaster leaves at the right time or not I am sure that in a very short time all Mexico will unite in honoring the great retiring ruler. In his period of power he has accomplished a splendid work of development—lines of railroads, owned by the Government, thread the country; industries, schools, and colleges have been established, and President Diaz was beginning to provide farms for the poorer people—through the medium, for example, of such companies as the Chapala Company which, with Government aid, is draining the marshes of Lake Chapala and selling the rich land obtained to small farmers. The country has been at peace, has taken a place among the nations of the world, and all this President Diaz has accomplished at the cost of a small national debt of only $14 per capita. This crisis may accomplish one good object—there has been a belief in Mexico, fostered by certain politicians for their own ends, that the United States was awaiting an opportunity to invade Mexico. Of course we have no such desire; but it is hard to convince the Mexican mind that, because we have engaged in one unjust war against her, we do not contemplate a second.

Every new country needs foreign capital for its development. English capital in no small degree contributed to our upbuildings; but there is in Mexico a certain feeling against us because we have employed some of our capital in the development of Mexico; but as the Mexicans take up industrial work this prejudice, which only exists among a small number of non-business people, will disappear.

The climate of the greater part of Mexico, on account of its altitude, is not tropical, the people are learning English, their trade ideas are approximating ours, their Constitution closely follows ours, the Mexicans are really North Americans; in courtesy, in hospitality, in the finer shades of art and education we have much to learn from them, and in the next few years the relations of the United States and Mexico will be most close and friendly.

No one who has known President Diaz can see him retire without regret, no one can fail to wish him peace in his honorable retirement, and may he live long to enjoy the honors which Mexico and all the world will accord him.

JAMES W. GERARD.

New York, May 25, 1911.

The Catholic Party in Mexico.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From Mr. Bonsal's Mexican letters we learn that the Catholics of that distracted country are organizing to govern it. It further appears that the Church there is capitalized at $200,000,000, (in this city alone Trinity is said to be worth about half that amount,) and perhaps the reason for the alleged or even probable organizing of the Church forces is what would be likely to happen to that wealth if the Hon. Enrique de los Rios, with his advanced radicals, had a chance to make Mexico an "advanced republic, so advanced as to make the United States look mediaeval by comparison."

We have witnessed what "advanced radicals," who always misuse the word Republican as a party name, are capable of doing to Church property in France, where a sum equal to the alleged wealth of the Mexican Church was stolen outright or destroyed; Barcelona afforded another example not two years ago, Portugal another, and now the United States is to be made to look "mediaeval" in comparison with radical Mexico if Senor Rios has his way. The trouble with the Church, if any, is that it has been too slow in organizing to defend itself in Mexico.

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, May 25, 1911.

Public Censure of Clubs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "The Use of the Blackball," makes an important point which deserves to be remembered as applicable not only to clubs but social classes. Such Americans as continue to believe in the principles of democracy are frequently admonished that social circles have a right to adopt what standards they please and that they should not be accused of snobbery for exercising the right to choose their own associates. In the abstract this proposition appears defensible, but when any social group assumes to "occupy a commanding position in the eyes of the world, to be recognized as a social or intellectual force in the community to which it belongs," it is justly amenable to public censure if it openly avows its test of admission to its ranks as one of money or mere accident of birth rather than one of character, intellect, and innate culture. When a certain number of persons, be it "400" or any other number, arrogates to itself the title of "society" par excellence it cannot elude legitimate criticism on the ground of the right of privacy. Claiming a hegemony with regard to social activities, it must be prepared to prove its worthiness, and if its standards are not those of democracy it cannot complain if its condemnation is pronounced by real Americans.

JAMES F. MORTON, Jr.

New York, May 24, 1911.

A Confusion of Tongues.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I appeal to you in the name of humanity, as well as of liberty and of God, to investigate the reason of the brutality and harsh treatment that the immigrant receives at Ellis Island. You, the press, with your vast power, call the attention of the people to conditions at Ellis Island. I have listened to interpreters, who, either do not understand their work, or through carelessness, interpreted wrongly, often misquoting the sense. A youth in his native tongue, Italian, said he had been in an institution for the sick—that is to say, a hospital. The interpreter seizes the word "institution," and the head of the Board of Inquiry states, "institution—a prison! Ah, excluded!"

A DAUGHTER OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

New York, May 24, 1911.

Perilous Subway Side Doors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Do you not think the public should be warned not to use the side doors of Subway trains? Not long ago I read of a woman who was dragged to death because her dress was caught in one, and this morning a door was shut so tight on me that I had difficulty in drawing back on to the platform. The guard was in no way to blame—he simply could not see me, and as I stepped forward he closed the door as far as it would go.

AN UNWILLING DAILY RIDER.

New York, May 24, 1911.

MAYOR LIKES "HOLLERING."

Won't Suppress Shouting Newsboys—He Could Work in a Boiler Shop.

Mayor Gaynor does not believe in curbing the shouting of newsboys on the street. The matter was brought to his attention by Cornelius S. Loder of 30 Church Street, and he sent him this letter in reply yesterday:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
May 25, 1911.

Dear Mr. Loder: Your letter is at hand, and I thank you for your kind wishes. You ask me to stop the newsboys from "hollering" their papers. I have a lot of hard things to do, but I fear the job of stopping the newsboys from hollering would be the hardest of all.

Will you help me? Or suppose I delegate the whole matter to you? Will you undertake the job? I won't delegate you just yet awhile, however, for I am not certain that I want to stop the little fellows from hollering. They do not disturb me any. A whole lot of people seem to have been hollering at me of late, but they do not disturb me, and much less does the hollering of the little newsboys disturb me. The fact is I could sit down and think and work in a boiler shop. That is one of the qualifications which should be prescribed for a Mayor of the City of New York.

Sincerely yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Cornelius S. Loder, Esq., 30 Church Street, New York City.

When asked about the matter the Mayor said that he meant everything in the letter seriously.

MAYOR KEEPS SILENCE.

No Announcement of New Fire Commissioner Until Monday.

Before leaving City Hall yesterday for his usual week-end at his country place, at St. James, L. I., Mayor Gaynor said that he would not be ready to announce the name of the new Fire Commissioner until he returns to the city on Monday.

There was a decided impression among City Hall frequenters that Deputy Commissioner Johnson now stands the best chance of getting the place.

Commissioner Waldo was with the Mayor for more than an hour late in the afternoon and left the City Hall with him. Deputy Commissioner O'Keeffe saw the Mayor in the morning, but would say nothing when he left the office. It is understood that Mr. Waldo wants Mr. O'Keeffe to go to Police Headquarters with him as First Deputy in place of Clement J. Driscoll.

FEAR OUTBREAKS AT KIEFF.

Authorities Make No Effort to Restrain Activities of the Black Hundred.

The American Jewish committee of this city to-day received a dispatch from the Jewish Aid Society of Berlin, bearing on the anti-Jewish agitation in Russia. The message is as follows:

"No massacres have yet broken out. The open and unrestricted preparations which are being made for them in the usual manner in Kieff and Bassarabia give occasion for the gravest apprehensions that they may break out at any moment. The authorities are not showing any desire to restrict the activities of the Black Hundred, who are clearly exciting the populace to renewed massacres."

Half a Century in the Priesthood.

Fifty years in the priesthood was celebrated yesterday by the Rev. Jules Jollon, 78 years old, pastor of the Church of St. Louis, on Ellery Street, near Nostrand Avenue, Williamsburg. There was a confirmation and first communion service in the morning, at which Bishop Charles E. McDonnell and many visiting priests and Monsignors were present. In the evening all the societies of the parish paraded and the dwellings in the parish were illuminated.

OFFICIAL ACCOMPLICES.

Why Not Prosecute Them for Connivance in Customs Frauds?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A United States Circuit Court Judge, in closing a case of customs fraud, is reported to have remarked:

> There is another thing to be taken into consideration in imposing sentence in a case like this, and that is the duty that the Government officials ought to perform.

That to me is the gist of the matter. For is it not notorious that up to a comparatively recent date customs officials have been known to have their hands out "for their own personal gain." And yet how many of these sworn Government officials have been brought to the bar?

Why do not the Government prosecuting officers, I wonder, having accomplished restitution of what they have proved to be due the Government in evaded duties, proceed criminally against those of proved complicity within the Government household? Is it possible that there is such a thing as political protection under tariff laws conceived for the protection of the common people? Is there discrimination where discrimination has been pronounced unlawful?

New York, May 24, 1911. E.

Restraints of Trade and Competition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your very able contention that the Sherman act is not directed against every restraint of competition is supported by the fact that if it were so directed it would necessarily prohibit corporations, which are always more or less in restraint of competition.

But will it be easy to distinguish between restraint of trade and restraint of competition? If competition be the life of trade, is not restraint of the one always to some extent restraint of the other? By virtue of the natural right to contract men may combine to whatever extent they will, provided they infringe no natural right and enjoy no privileges of combination. Government makes the mistake of granting such privileges, and then forbidding their exercise.

There can be no valid municipal law not founded on the law of nature, but nature has no law applicable to unnatural persons.

JOHN SHERWIN CROSBY.

New York, May 25, 1911.

A Dangerous Incline.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Through the medium of your columns I desire to draw the attention of those in authority to the deplorable condition existing on West Seventy-ninth Street, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, owing to the fact of the city garbage wagons being compelled to go down this steep and slippery incline (on wet mornings) to the pier at the foot of the street. I feel convinced that something should be done immediately to stop the incidental cruelty to horses and danger to human life. E. C.

New York, May 24th, 1911.

DISCRIMINATION?

Now that the Public Library is done,
We must have rules to guide all those who use it,
Directing how the man who reads must run—
To use the privilege, and not abuse it.

In Wednesday's morning paper, like as not,
You read a letter eloquently pleading
That any man who finds himself too hot
Shall be allowed to shed his coat while reading.

The writer and the books both suffered much
Under the rule which he desires suspended,
And if it be confined to man as such,
It's hard to see how it can be defended.

A woman sometimes wears no sleeves at all
And frequently appears in very curt sleeves—
Then why should man's appearance so appall
If he seeks ease and comfort in his shirt-sleeves?

If coatless men should all be turned away,
Even in dog-days, when the air is torrid,
While girls in shirtwaists are allowed to stay,
Such base discrimination will be horrid!

GEORGE B. MOREWOOD.

MINE FIRES COST LIVES NEEDLESSLY

So Says the Head of the U. S. Bureau of Mines to the Protective Association.

COAL BEDS ABLAZE YEARS

Millions of Dollars Sacrificed Because of the Lack of Facilities—Theatre Protection.

Herbert M. Wilson, Chief Engineer of the United States Bureau of Mines, was the principal speaker at yesterday's closing meeting of the three-day session of the National Fire Protection Association at the Waldorf. He said that delay in realizing the seriousness of mine fires and lack of adequate fire-fighting apparatus had resulted in the loss of hundreds of lives and the destruction of millions of dollars' worth of property. He also gave some surprising figures concerning the number of fires at present burning in mines.

The fire at Cherry, Ill., where 262 lives were lost, and the disaster at the Pancoast Mine, near Scranton, where seventy-four perished, both originated from trivial causes, said Mr. Wilson, and ought to have been extinguished without loss of life.

"Besides the loss in life," said the speaker, "fires have cost much in money. At Deadwood, S. D., $1,000,000 has been spent in fighting a fire in a metal mine. To-day fires are raging in coal and metal mines in various parts of the country. Some of them have got beyond control and have been burning many years, devouring hundreds of thousands of tons of coal and miles of mine galleries. One mine fire near Carbondale, Penn., has burned out such a vast area of anthracite coal in the last ten years as to result in a subsidence of the surface and destruction of surface property.

"Near Summit Hill, Penn., a fire which has been burnnig fifty-one years is estimated to have destroyed $25,000,000 worth of coal. Near Jobs, Ohio, a tract of coal valued at several million dollars has been burning since 1884. In some of the deeper metal mines at Butte, Mon., fires have been burning in the old mine timber since 1889. In the Comstock Vein, Nevada, thousands of feet of tunnels which had been opened and timbered at great expense are being burned out.

"The mining engineers of the Bureau of Mines have made a careful study of fires in mines and have come to the conclusion that the introduction of comparatively inexpensive fire-fighting apparatus, the adoption of proper regulations, and the introduction of a reasonable system of fire drills may minimize fires and confine others to a brief period of time, with little damage to life and property.

"The engineers of this bureau have had much success in combatting mine fires through the use of the oxygen helmet. This is an apparatus that entirely protects the head and through which air is furnished artificially, thus enabling the wearer to explore the vicinity of a fire under conditions of smoke and gas that would render his approach otherwise impossible. By the use of such an apparatus a number of fires have been promptly extinguished which would probably have spread, and perhaps extended beyond control. Chemistry, through the quick analysis of gas at frequent intervals in the neighborhood of the fire, has proved a most useful adjunct in fighting fires."

Important changes in theatre building, equipment, and supervision for safeguarding the public in case of fire were embodied in the report of the Committee on Theatre Construction, read at the morning session. F. J. T. Stewart, who presented it, said that his committee had been aided in the work by the American Institute of Architects.

The report was adopted and will be sent to various municipal and State authorities throughout the country as the basis of ordinances regulating the ground covered. The report makes a booklet of nineteen printed pages and is exhaustive in nature.

The chief provisions in the changes proposed include joint approval by the Fire and Building Departments of all places of public amusement, restriction of occupancy, provision for the erection of a fireproof building over a theatre where desired, requirements for moving-picture halls, limitations in the building of roof gardens, height from street of roof gardens, separate exits for roof gardens, all scenery to be made fireproof, removal of dressing rooms from below sidewalk level, and a capacity, to be passed upon by the Superintendent of Buildings, in the estimation of which three square feet of space is to be allowed to each person occupying standing room, when the latter is legal.

At the close of the meeting these officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—William H. Merrill; Vice President—C. H. Phinney; Secretary and Treasurer—Franklin H. Wentworth; Chairman of the Executive Committee—F. J. T. Stewart. These members of the Executive Committee, whose terms had expired, were re-elected: C. M. Goddard, C. A. Hexamer, R. D. Kohn, F. W. Jenness, and L. Wiederhold, Jr.

TWO FREE PARKS FOR CITY.

Mrs. Taylor Offers Six Acres in Harlem and Another Plot at Rockaway.

Two offers of valuable land for park purposes were presented to the Board of Estimate yesterday. One was six acres at 215th Street and Broadway; the other a tract on the seashore front at Rockaway not far from the proposed Seaside Park, the plan for the acquisition of which was abandoned two years ago after it was shown that the Government held a title to the property.

The first site is estimated to be worth about $250,000, the second about $344,000. The upper Manhattan property was offered by Mrs. Julia Isham Taylor of Cobalt, Conn. This is her letter to Borough President McAneny submitting the gift:

To the Hon. George McAneny, President Borough of Manhattan, New York City:

The undersigned, Julia Isham Taylor, respectfully shows that it is her wish, and she hereby offers to give and convey to the City of New York the land for a street and a public park, to be known as Isham Park in memory of her father, the late William B. Isham. The park would contain about six acres, covering the crest of the hill between Isham Street and 214th Street, west of Broadway.

This property was purchased by Mr. Isham in 1864 and was used by him as his residence until his death on March 23, 1909. The proposed park would include the entrance, gardener's lodge, driveway shaded by elms, and the residence, lawns, and gardens of the estate. It commands a beautiful view of the Hudson across Spuyten Duyvil Creek and to the east valley of the Harlem, with University Heights beyond and Fort George Hill.

In order to carry out this plan the undersigned aforesaid requests that the map of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, be changed with respect to the location and grades of West 214th Street, between Park Terrace West and Park Terrace East; that the lines and grades of Park Terrace West, from the south side of the present West 214th Street to Isham Street be modified; that the lines and grades of Park Terrace East from the south side of the present West 214th Street to a point 125 feet south thereof be modified; that Park Terrace East from a point 125 feet south of the present West 214th Street to Isham Street be discontinued, and that a park to be known as Isham Park be laid out between Isham Street and West 214th Street.

The proposed changes in the street lines and grades and the boundaries of the said park are indicated by the map (Nos. 1,037-1 and 1,037-2, dated May 15, 1911, prepared by Messrs. G. C. and A. E. Wheeler, City Surveyors) and technical descriptions hereto annexed.

In case the map of the City of New York is changed in accordance with the above suggestions, the undersigned will cede to the city for a street Park Terrace West from a point 125 feet south of the southerly line of 214th Street, as at present laid out, to Isham Street and will convey to the city for a park to be known as Isham Park all the land within the boundaries of the said park as proposed to be laid out and shown on the accompanying map.

JULIA ISHAM TAYLOR.

Both matters were referred to the Chief Engineer for investigation.

WOMEN IN THICK OF SHAM BATTLE

Garden Party Attendants Advance Between Firing Lines of Forces on Governors Island.

HIDDEN IN SMOKE OF FRAY

Rush with Soldiers to Captured Fort, Cheering Flag—Guns Salute Secretary Stimson at Army Relief Benefit.

The annual garden party of the Army Relief Society, organized for the purpose of collecting funds and providing relief for the dependent wives of officers and enlisted men of the regular army, was held yesterday afternoon on Governors Island under ideal weather conditions, and was attended by many persons of social prominence, as well as military importance. The island was gay with bunting and the flags of all nations were displayed. During the afternoon the new Secretary of War, Henry L. Stimson, arrived amid the booming of guns, and for a time assisted Major Gen. and Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant in receiving the visitors.

While the programme had many attractive military features it was the sham battle for charity, or the attack upon the fort, which brought out the spectacular and unexpected. This attack came last on the programme, and hundreds of fashionably gowned women lined the parade ground waiting for the first gun to be fired.

Four companies of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, two on a side, constituted the opposing forces. As Col. James Bailey, the commanding officer of the post, was absent in Washington on official business, Capt. John Woodward was the acting Major for the day. The battle began with a sort of skirmish—a few shots from the fort with answering shots from behind the trees in the direction of the officers' clubhouse. Then the attack began in earnest, the enemy gradually working up toward the fort in the face of a steady volley and the belching cannon.

Women Advance to the Fray.

The onlookers, the majority of whom were women, grew more and more excited as the conflict raged, and instead of stopping up their ears with their fingers they advanced step by step in a solid phalanx until they were between the firing lines. The guards rushed forward and tried to keep the women in place, but they kept pushing a-field, many of them now half hidden in the smoke of the battle.

Gen. Grant was sitting on a camp stool in the centre of a group of some fourteen women, including Mrs. Grant and others who had charge of the fête, on the north side of the parade ground, to view the attack. But the excitement of the moment reached his party, too, and before he knew it all of the women in his party had left their camp stools and were in the thick of the affray.

When the soldiers rushed up the hill with yells of victory the women were among them, so great was the excitement, and for the next five minutes, women and soldiers were hardly distinguishable in the smoke of conflict. When the smoke finally cleared away it showed hundreds of women facing the battlements, cheering the flag. Then there was a general scramble to find relatives and friends who had got lost in the excitement, and also to look for blank cartridges as souvenirs.

Gen. Grant took the situation in good humor as he walked about alone, trying to find the members of his party. Several of the staff officers declared that never before in the history of the island, had women taken such an interest in a battle, even if it was a sham one.

The Garden Party Inaugurated.

There was a good-sized gathering on the island when the garden party was inaugurated informally at 2 o'clock. The flag bedecked boats from the South Ferry landing kept bringing the visitors across the river until the attendance reached the record point. Until the arrival of Secrtary Stimson a battalion in full dress uniform was lined up between the boat landing and the home of Gen. and Mrs. Grant, which was almost hidden under immense flags.

Under a canopy of stars and stripes, connected with the piazza of the house, with standards entwined with red, white, and blue bunting, General and Mrs. Grant, with the receiving party, stood the greater part of the afternoon. Mrs. Grant in dark blue chiffon over satin of a lighter shade, stood next to Mrs. Henry Bischoff, President of the New York branch of the society under whose auspices the party was given, who was gowned in black satin. Miss Helen Miller Gould wore a light French gray silk gown, with a black straw hat, topped with white plumes.

Others in the receiving party were Mrs. Daniel Lamont, Mrs. Ira Davenport, Mrs. James Speyer, Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Barry, Mrs. James Kernochan, Mrs. Henry Phipps, Miss Julia Chester Wells, Gen. Benjamin Tracy and his daughter, Mrs. Ferdinand Wilmerding, Admiral and Mrs. Leutze of the New York Navy Yard, Mrs. Loyal Farragut, Mrs. J. Van Vechten Olcott, Mrs. Henry Pell, Mrs. Ulysses Grant, 3d, Capt. and Mrs. Marion Gibson, Dr. and Mrs. McArthur, and Col. and Mrs. William Church.

Salute for Secretary Stimson.

It was 3:30 when Secretary Stimson and his party arrived to the salute of seventeen guns. The Third Battalion of the Twenty-ninth Infantry and the band were on the island dock to meet him when he stepped from the Gen. Hancock. Gen. Grant escorted him to his house, where he assisted in receiving for about an hour and then departed.

Flag-covered tents and booths were in evidence everywhere, and the vistors, between military events, patronized the booths, where everything from a brass military buckle to ice cream and cake could be had for a reasonable sum. Princess Ismar told fortunes under one tent, and Mrs. Barry looked after the raffling of the poster which everybody admired. Then there was a "Lady of the Lake" game for the children, where toys could be fished out of a miniature lake, which was in reality a porcelain bathtub covered with spruce, and very cleverly arranged at that.

The flower booth was looked after by Mrs. Edmund B. Smith, Mrs. Charles Tichard, Miss Mary Bailey, Mrs. R. D. Valliant, the Misses Reazor, and Miss Amy Albert. Mrs. Orin Mitcham, Mrs. G. Heiner, Mrs. James Totten, and Mrs. Parmeley served ice cream and lemonade under another tent. Mrs. Frederick Perkins, Mrs. William Black, Mrs. John Hull, and Mrs. Henry Beeuwkes were in charge of the fancy goods booth. The women of all the army posts in and near New York were there to help in some capacity or other.

The Many Events.

The programme consisted of escort of colors, dress parade, and manual of arms, shelter tent camp, musical drill, bayonet exercise, and exhibition drill by the signal corps. There were intervals of twenty minutes between the events. Army girls as fortune tellers and flower vendors in picturesque costumes wandered through the crowds. Miss Margaret Scofield, a granddaughter of Gen. Scofield, was one of the fortune-telling girls. For the young folks the trail led to the officers' clubhouse, where there was dancing all afternoon.

Several thousand dollars, all of which goes into the society's fund, was realized by the party. Donations were made by Mrs. Russell Sage, Seth Low, Gen. Thomas Hubbard, Mrs. Henry Corbin, Mrs. E. H. Gary, Miss Helen Gould, and Miss Sophie Furniss.

Among those in attendance were Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, the Rev. and Mrs. Herbert Shipman, George C. Boldt, Mrs. William H. McAlpin and Miss McAlpin, Mrs. Fabius Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Donald McLean, Miss Amy Townsend, Miss Maria de Barril, Col. Appleton, the Misses Howard, granddaughters of the late Gen. Howard, Mrs. George H. Bradley, Miss Rosalin Romeyn, Gen. and Mrs. de Russy of Washington, D. C., Mrs. George Griswold Wentz, Mrs. James H. Hickey, Mrs. Elwood Brown of San Francisco, Mrs. Henry D. Norris, Miss Ella Strain, Mrs. Frederic Kernochan, Mrs. James McKee, Major and Mrs. Lewis S. Seaman, Mr. and Mrs. Melville Stone, Miss Isabelle H. Hardie, Mrs. Francis Bacon Jones, Mrs. Malcolm Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hubbard, and Mrs. Henry Corbin.

Also Col. and Mrs. Robert Bailey, Gen. and Mrs. Charles Roe, Gen. and Mrs. James B. Burbank, Mrs. William Ludlow, Capt. and Mrs. Frank Gibson, Mrs. Lindsay Fairfax, Mrs. Henry Cannon, Mrs. Junius Morgan, Gen. and Mrs. Ripley, Gen. and Mrs. Wingate, Miss Barry, Mrs. Richard Colt, Mrs. Harmon D. Hull, and Mrs. Wright P. Edgerton.

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R. A. SASSEEN
165 Broadway New York City

FOLIES' 'MASTER OF REVELS.'

James J. Morton, Comedian, to Introduce Continental Idea in Cabaret Show.

Beginning Monday night the Folies Bergere will try the experiment of having a "Master of the Revels" to conduct the Cabaret show that begins at 11 o'clock. It is a Continental idea, according to the management. The master engaged is James J. Morton, a vaudeville comedian, who is apt in taking humorous advantage of unexpected happenings.

The duty of the "Master of the Revels" is to act as announcer for the various numbers on the programme, to keep the audience in good humor, and to prevent the performers from getting more laughs than he receives himself. In the Continental halls this functionary is usually the best comedian that can be engaged, and is the most important member of the company.

With his coming a number of new acts will be put on at the late show, some of them foreign.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN SAILS.

Will Try to Engage Renaud and Lina Cavalieri for "Tales of Hoffmann."

Arthur Hammerstein sailed yesterday for Europe on the Savoie and announced before leaving that it was his intention to produce "Les Contes d'Hoffman" in English next season if he could get the singers he wanted.

"I shall make an attempt," he said, "to engage Maurice Renaud and Lina Cavalieri for this production."

Arthur Hammerstein owns the sole rights in "Naughty Marietta" now and he will send Miss Trentini for a tour of the United States in that work next season. He will also produce a new play called "The Moral Code" at Rochester on August 21.

PICTURES IN MADISON GARDEN

Several Thousand in Audience at Opening of New Venture.

Madison Square Garden was opened as a motion picture house yesterday afternoon with an audience of several thousand at the first performance. The entertainment consisted of a series of high-class pictures, and musical selections by the Musical Vassar Girls' band.

For this new venture, which the management hopes will be profitable enough to save the Garden from being sold, about two-thirds of the arena is used. The stage and screen on which the pictures are shown have been set up about ten feet from the side exit gates and facing Madison Avenue. It is intended to keep the house open with pictures for four months, with a brief intermission, and to have the shows run continuously from 1 to 11 o'clock. The entertainment is being conducted by the Madison Square Garden Company.

Kneisel Quartet at Astor Next Season.

The Kneisel Quartet concerts will not be given in Mendelssohn Hall next season, it was announced yesterday, but in the large ball room of the Hotel Astor. This news will be of interest to many who have been unable to secure seats for the performances of this organization owing to the limited seating capacity of Mendelssohn Hall where the concerts have been given for years. Mr Kneisel would never permit the doors to be opened into a room adjoining the hall, feeling that the acoustics would suffer, so that there has been no chance in several years for new subscribers to obtain desirable seats. There will be ample room in the larger hall. The first concert will be given on Oct. 31.

Pawle to Stage "Devil's World" Here.

Lennov Pawle, who has been playing Brooke-Hoskyn in "Pomander Walk" this season, will sail for London Saturday, to return in September and resume his rôle in the Parker comedy. He expects to bring back with him a company of English players in a dramatic sketch called "The Devil's World," which he will present here in vaudeville in association with Tom Reynolds. The sketch has been played in England with Loring Fernie as the star.

"Concert" Run to End; Ditrichstein Ill.

David Belasco decided last night to end the run of "The Concert" at the Belasco Theatre this Saturday night instead of on June 3. This is because of the indisposition of Leo Ditrichstein, who has been playing the rôle of Gabor Arany for the last ten months, and whose health has broken down. He will go to his home at Stamford, Conn., immediately after the close of his season, and will rest there until time for reopening in the same play early in September.

Klaw & Erlanger to Star Frank Lalor.

Frank Lalor, who has been playing the rôle of Dondidier in "The Pink Lady" all this season, is to be starred by Klaw & Erlanger in a new musical comedy after the run of this piece. Mr. Lalor has appeared in several musical plays in New York. His managers have signed a long-term contract with him. He will continue in the rôle of the unfortunate dealer in antiques in "The Pink Lady" for at least another year, and will then begin his starring tour.

Mrs. Carter's Liabilities $10,543.

Caroline L. D. Payne (Mrs. Leslie Carter) has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $10,543, consisting of unsecured claims and assets of $990, of which $740 are debts due on open account and $250 claims excepted. Among the largest creditors are the Great Western Printing ompany, $814; L. E. Cook, $2,435, and Richardson & Foos, $1,105.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Lights O' London" will continue for one more week after Saturday night, going to the Shubert Theatre, Brooklyn, for eight performances with the same company that is now appearing at the Lyric. The company will disband after the night performance on June 3.

The Hudson Theatre will reopen on Monday, Sept. 4, when Frank McIntyre, who has been playing Bob Blake in "The Traveling Salesman," will make his stellar debut in George Bronson-Howard's comedy, "Snobs."

Gustave Frohman and Orrin Johnson have signed contracts with the Oppenheimer brothers of St. Louis to produce in that city on July 1 a play called "Father Jerome," which deals with the secrecy of the confessional. This play, according to Mr. Frohman, was copyrighted in 1900, and antedates the play "The Confession," in which Mr. Johnson appeared at the Bijou Theatre this Spring.

Alice Kauser sailed for Europe on the Oceanic yesterday to complete arrangements for the American rights to Edward Knoblauch's play, "Kismet," which is running at the Garrick Theatre, London. While abroad she will visit Maurice Maeterlinck, whom she represents in America.

The sale of seats for the revival of "Pinafore" began at the Casino Theatre yesterday morning.

BROWNS CLEARED OF HERESY CHARGES

Commission's Report Causes an Uproar in the Presbyterian Assembly.

DR. REINKE DEMANDS ACTION

Effort to Table His Motion Killed and It Will Be Debated To-day—No Verdict in Grant Case Yet.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 25.—The Rev. Edwin J. Reinke of Philadelphia in the Presbyterian General Assembly this afternoon prevented the Executive Commission from whitewahhing the alleged theological transgressions of the Rev. Dr. Francis Brown and the Rev. Dr. William Adams Brown of Union Theological Seminary.

The commission had brought in a report which exonerated the two from attacking the standards of the Presbyterian Church, although it was admitted that one of Prof. William A. Brown's articles did "contain matter susceptible of misunderstanding and tending to impair confidence in his loyalty to our standards." The report recommended that no action be taken, and called upon Presbyterians to exercise "Christian self-restraint," not to jeopardize the success of "the great practical enterprises of the church."

But Dr. Reinke, who is pastor of the James Evans Memorial Presbyterian Church, did not exercise self-restraint.

"Mr. Moderator," he declared earnestly, "it is a fortunate thing that two of the Browns' addresses are printed in a current number of The New York Observer. And we read in them things that do not tally with the revealed word of God."

Here he read a passage from Prof. William Adams Brown's article in The Harvard Theological Review in which the author announced that sin was the survival of animal in man, and "salvation is rooted in man as truly as is sin." Dr. Reinke continued:

"These utterances are abhorrent to me. They are an insult to every home and foreign missionary, and an insult to Jesus Christ. We are a great and historic church, and we should carefully preserve our doctrinal and historic standards. While I have no desire to have the Church disturbed by a heresy trial, I don't want any bastard theology, either, Sir. Therefore I submit the following amendment:

> Resolved, First, that no action be taken with reference to the utterances of the Rev. Francis Brown.
>
> Second, that this General Assembly expresses its disapproval of the recent utterance of the Rev. Dr. William Adams Brown in the January number of The Harvard Theological Review, as it appeared in apparent conflict with the doctrinal standard of our Church, and admonishes him to desist fro mthe disseminating of such views.

Instantly the assembly was in an uproar. The Rev. Elliott Field of Philadelphia moved to lay Dr. Reinke's amendment on the table.

"This means that you cannot debate it; I don't see why you wish to dodge the issue, gentlemen," said the Rev. Dr. John F. Carson, the Moderator, who has no sympathy with Union Seminary Christianity. The Commissioners appeared to take their cue from his remark, for the motion was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

The Rev. Dr. Mark A. Matthews of Seattle moved to refer the commission's deliverance and Dr. Reinke's amendment back to the Executive Commission "to report on next year," but this was objected to. Dr. Matthews's motion was defeated, and the Rev. Dr. David Wylie of New York moved that, to give the Commissioners time to digest the deliverance and Dr. Reinke's amendment, the assembly postpone further consideration of the subject until to-morrow. This was agreed upon. The debate upon Dr. Reinke's amendment will be first in order. It promises to be one of the liveliest ever heard on the floor of a General Assembly.

The judicial commission in the Hotel Chalfonte still is wrestling with the Grant case. They have had the evidence under consideration for forty-eight hours, and an impression prevails that the commission has agreed on the facts, but is divided on the question of expediency. It is felt that in view of the wide publicity given the case, Dr. Grant should not be let off without some sort of a rebuke.

It is believed that Dr. Grant will be called before the commission and asked to make a further statement as to his views. If he can bring himself to say that he denies no doctrinal points, but merely differs on the interpretation of some passages, the commission, one clergyman explained, could then confirm the action of the Northumberland Presbytery, which acquitted Dr. Grant.

MENDELSSOHN HALL TO GO.

Glee Club's Old Home Sold to Make Way for a Skyscraper.

The sale of Mendelssohn Glee Club Hall, as announced yesterday, will remove another old building from the vicinity of Times Square. The hall, which has long been the centre of concert music in New York, occupies an eighty foot frontage, at 113 to 119 West Fortieth Street, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue. It is a five-story structure, and was completed in 1895, having been erected by the late Alfred Corning Clark as a home for the Mendelssohn Glee Club, of which he was a member. The club has had a fine suite of rooms in the building. The officers stated yesterday that they did not know where the club would go, but it will be necessary to move at once.

Philip Lewisohn is the buyer of the property, which was owned by the Clark estate, and the price paid was about $400,000. Mr. Lewisohn, it is said, may erect on the site a twelve-story office building. The Tilden Building, a modern structure of this type, adjoins it on the east, while to the west are five frame houses, built half a century ago. The sale was made through the brokerage firm of Frederick Fox & Co., the Clark estate being represented by Tucker, Speyers & Co.

The Mendelssohn Glee Club was organized in 1866 by Joseph Mosenthal, a violinist. Its old home was in Fifty-fifth Street adjoining the former New York Athletic Club house. The Hall was designed by Robert H. Robertson, a leading architect and a member of the club, whose concerts since have been prominent in musical events of the city. Taylor More, Secretary of the club, said that the sale of the hall would not affect the organization, and new quarters will be found soon.

CIVIC TRIBUTE TO GIBBONS.

Baltimore Festivities to be National in Scope and Non-Sectarian.

BALTIMORE, May 25.—Practically all the details for the popular civic celebration in honor of Cardinal Gibbons, to be held June 6, were perfected to-day at a meeting of the committee in charge of the arrangements.

It was agreed to make the affair a National function, and in addition to extending invitations to President Taft, Vice President Sherman, and former President Roosevelt, all the Judges of the Supreme Court and foreign Ambassadors will be invited to attend. Then telegrams inviting the Governors of all the States and the Mayors of the leading cities will be sent.

Riis Mourns for His Dog, Bruno.

Jacob A. Riis, friend and biographer of Col. Roosevelt, who has just returned from a lecturing trip through California, is in mourning for his dog, Bruno, which had been a member of the Riis family for twelve years. A few days ago the dog was killed by a truck near the Riis home in Beech Street, Richmond Hill, L. I. A neighbor who saw the accident took the dog's body to the Riis home in a cart, and it was buried in the yard. As soon as Mr. Riis learned of the dog's death he ordered a granite headstone to mark its grave. On this is inscribed "Friend Bruno."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Brooks have closed their town house, 51 West Fifty-second Street, and are at Glen Cove, where they have taken the Jennings cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Livingston Hoyt and Miss Julia Hoyt are booked to sail on Thursday next for Europe.

Miss Elizabeth Morris Mordaunt has left town and is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lorimer Mordaut, at Sea Girt, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerald M. Livingston (Miss Eleanor Rodewald) are in Dresden, but will return in June and go to St. Paul.

Mrs. Robert E. Westcott of 787 Fifth Avenue, who has been critically ill while visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stephen C. Millett at Irvington-on-Hudson, is now convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., plan to go to East Island, L. I., to-day.

Mrs. Emile Bruguiere and son arrived from Europe yesterday, and are at the Plaza, where they will remain indefinitely.

BRANDEIS WON'T SERVE.

Lawyer Declines Invitation to Conduct Inquiry Into Post Office.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Louis D. Brandeis, the Boston lawyer, invited to conduct the inquiry by a House committee into the affairs of the Post Office Department, to-day declined to serve.

Mr. Brandeis declared that an investigation such as is proposed would be of no avail. It should be undertaken, he said, by a joint committee appointed by both Houses of Congress, endowed with authority to recommend changes in the laws and methods of the Postal Service.

Bodenwein Weds Again.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., May 25.—Theodore Bodenwein, publisher of The Day, twice Secretary of State of Connecticut, who was recently divorced, surprised his friends by announcing his marriage to Mrs. Edna Winfield of Trenton, N. J., in that city last night.

AGED TENOR DIES IN POVERTY

Friend Saves Giuseppe de Grande from Burial in Potter's Field.

The body of Giuseppe De Grande, 81 years old, a former opera singer, would be now in Potter's Field had not an old friend heard of his death Monday in a lodging house at 145 East Fourteenth Street.

Prof. Giacomo Quintano, a musician of 1,228 Madison Avenue, heard only last night that his old friend De Grande had died in poverty in a lodging house and that he was to be buried in Potter's Field. The body had already been removed to the Morgue. Prof. Quintano had it taken to a Sullivan Street undertaker. He arranged for a mass in a Catholic church in Bleecker Street this morning, after which the old artist will be buried in Calvary.

Quintano said Giuseppe De Grande had been a fine tenor and had sung many of the Italian tenor rôles during his time, chiefly in Italy, but often in this country. He had acquired some money, but had lost it and had been in need for some time. Quintano had lost trace of him for several years.

Anthony Howard Hinkle.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 25.—Anthony Howard Hinkle, for years one of Cincinnati's most prominent and philanthropic citizens, and an active promoter of opera, died early this morning at his Summer home in Hot Springs, Va. Mr. Hinkle, who was in his sixty-ninth year, had steadily declined in health ever since the death of his son, A. H. Hinkle, Jr., a few years ago. Mr. Hinkle entered the publishing house of W. B. Smith & Co., from which issued the McGuffey school books, in 1862, where he learned the trade of bookbinding. He was constantly promoted while with the firm, and between 1865 and 1890 he filled every position from shipping clerk to proprietor. He was at one time a Director in the First National Bank. Mr. Hinkle was married on Nov. 19, 1874, to Miss Katherine Davis, daughter of William Henry Davis. Three daughters survive him, Mrs. George H. Ingalls, Mrs. A. Clifford Shinkle, and Miss Marie T. Hinkle.

Mrs. Jane Murray Livingston Crosby.

Mrs. Jane Murray Livingston Crosby, widow of Robert Ralston Crosby and daughter of the late Col. Henry Alexander Livingston of Poughkeepsie, died yesterday at her home, 118 East Twenty-fourth Street. Mrs. Crosby was born in the old Livingston homestead in Linlipgow Place, Poughkeepsie. She was the granddaughter of the Rev. Dr. John Livingston, first President of Rutgers College and a minister of the Dutch Church of New York, and a great granddaughter of Philip Livingston, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. R. K. BISHOP, whose husband is a member of the Executive Council of Newfoundland, died in Brighton, England, yesterday, after undergoing a surgical operation.

THOMAS LLOYD, who was a successful business man though he was unable till four years ago to write his name, died on Wednesday at Chapel Hill, N. C. He was 78 years old and was well known in the cotton milling industry.

The Very Rev. MOTHER DIGBY, superior general of the Society of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, the teaching order, is dead at the mother house of the order in Brussels. She was born in Ireland on April 7, 1835, her parents being Protestants, and she had been at the head of the order for sixteen years, during which she had founded 57 of its 140 convents throughout the world.

GEORGE A. BAKER, who was born at Woodstock, Conn., is dead at his home in Windham. He was 85 years old and served during the civil war in the First Connecticut Cavalry. For seven months he was a prisoner in Andersonville Prison.

THOMAS HENRY NEWMAN died on Wednesday at his home, 7 East 124th Street. He was 76 years old and was a Director of the Mount Morris Bank and was a member of the Harlem Club and the Congregational Club.

EDWARD G. BARGER, who was for many years in the employ of the Seaboard National Bank, Manhattan, died at his home, 503 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was born in Brooklyn 67 years ago. A son and a daughter survive him.

THEOPHILUS TINSLEY, a member of the Brooklyn Furniture Company, died at his home, 215A Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was 82 years old and a native of Ireland. A son and two daughters survive him.

Mrs. ELLEN D. MAUDE, the wife of Police Capt. Thomas F. Maude, commander of the Hunter's Point Station, died at her home, 82 Hoyt Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. She was a daughter of James Downey, a Brooklyn contractor. Her husband, two sons, and two daughters survive her.

GEORGE REES, publisher of Mark Twain's first writings, died in St. Joseph, Mo., yesterday. Mr. Rees published The Constitution at Keokuk, Iowa, before the civil war. Samuel L. Clemens was a printer for the paper. Mr. Rees published a series of letters written by Clemens from adjacent Iowa towns, giving the humorist a start in literature.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

WELLS SPONABLE, died Feb. 24, 1911; $4,300 realty and $10,000 personalty; $11,000 to his widow, Della E. Sponable; $1,000 to George W. Smith of Little Falls, $2,800 realty to the Blue Lodge of Free Masons of Little Falls for lodge and library purposes, and made a contingent bequest of the same $2,800 realty to the City of Little Falls in case the lodge fails to accept the offer.

MICHAEL J. WALSH, died May 15, 1911; more than $5,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to John Walsh of 89 Bleeker Avenue, Buffalo.

DYCKMAN WALDRON, died Jan. 29, 1892; left $200 each to his sisters, Sarah A. and Mary B. Waldron.

LEWIS J. DREISS, died May 11, 1911; entire estate, value not stated, to his widow, Louise Elizabeth Dreiss.

MARIE K. FLAHERTY, sometimes known as MARIE K. WILLIAMS, died May 6, 1911, at 142 West Seventy-second Street more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty, to her daughter, Marie Williams Mitchell, wife of George H. B. Mitchell, of the same address.

MARIE KOLKSCHNEIDER died May 21, 1911, left $210 personalty, of which $25 was bequeathed to Philip Brenzel of 99 Guion Place, Richmond Hill, and $1 each to her grandsons, Carl and Frits Diehl.

EDWIN NEVILLE DOUGHERTY died May 7, 1911, at Waterbury, Conn., $250 personalty, one-half to his sister, Anna Margaret Downes, and three equal shares of the remainder to his brothers, George B. N. and Thomas F. Dougherty, and his sister, Eleanor C. Feeley.

GEORGE W. HULL.—Entire estate to his nephew, George F. Hull of East Providence, R. I.

FRANZ A. WITTIG.—Entire estate to his widow, Lidwina Wittig.

LOOKED AT PICTURE AND MADE EYES MOVE

This Power Was Attributed to Mary Wright Sewall by Mrs. Ole Bull.

PSYCHIC CURE FOR INSANE

Barber Roberta Testifies That When Miss Farmer Lost Her Mind She Was Treated by Yogi Methods.

Special to The New York Times.

ALFRED, Me., May 25.—That Mrs. Olea Bull Vaughn was really driven from her home and her mother by the Yogis and members of other mystic cults of the East, and that they had poisoned the mind of Mrs. Ole Bull against her daughter, Attorney Sherman L. Whipple to-day offered to prove to Judge Hobbs in the contest now being waged over Mrs. Bull's $500,000 will.

A previous will, written in 1903 and leaving Mrs. Bull's property to her daughter was read. Despite objections by Attorney Cobb, for the executors, Mr. Whipple read to the Court numerous letters written by the daughter. In more than one of these Olea expressed the belief that her mother, enthralled in a mesh of mysticisms, must have been acting under a spell.

Letters written by Mrs. Bull, the mother, to her brother, Mr. Thorpe, were also read, the intent being to show by them that the writer was incompetent during her later years and at the time she made the will disinheriting her daughter.

Some of these letters, Attorney Whipple argued, showed decay of mental and moral faculties. Others, clearer and to the point, although ostensibly written by Mrs. Bull, were dictated, the daughter's lawyer believes, by Miss Noble, who is now in India. Miss Noble was left $30,000 by Mrs. Bull.

Many of the letters bore hard upon Mary Wright Sewall, Honorary President of the International Council of Women, who, it was said, had power to look at a picture and make its eyes move. Mrs. Sewall was an inmate of "Studio House" during the reign of the mysticism.

Nicola Roberta, the psychic barber, finished his testimony to-day. He said that when Miss Farmer lost her mind as a result of the Raja Yogi studies that they used to tie her down and leave her while they tried to treat the woman with psychic methods. This was at the Eliot, Me., the home of Mrs. Bull.

MISS DODGE TO WED JUNE 8.

Attendants at Her Marriage to James C. Rea—Reception at Home.

The marriage of Miss Julia Parish Dodge and James C. Rea will take place at 3:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, June 8, in the Riverdale Presbyterian Church, Riverdale-on-Hudson, and will be witnessed by relatives only, as the church is small. The reception will be held at Naum-ke-ag, the country place of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland H. Dodge, at Riverdale.

Miss Dodge will have her sister, Miss Elizabeth W. Dodge, as her maid of honor, and the bridesmaids are to be Miss Sybil Belgrave, Mrs. Dodge's cousin, of England; Miss Elizabeth Emmons of Newport, a cousin of the bride; Miss Dorothy Freeman of Riverdale, Miss Agnes Landon, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hutton Landon; Miss Dorothy Perkins, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins of New York and Riverdale, and Miss Marianne Rea of Pittsburg, a sister of the bridegroom.

Arthur T. Scully of Pittsburg is to be Mr. Rea's best man, and the ushers selected are Dr. Joseph W. Cook of Philadelphia, Cleveland E. and Bayard Dodge, brothers of the bride; Joseph H. Holmes, and H. Hughart Laughlin of Pittsburg, W. Milton McCoy of Orange, N. J.; Robert P. Molten, Jr., of the Annapolis Navay Academy, and Isaac W. Roberts of Philadelphia.

BURDEN-SHEEDY WEDDING.

Plans Completed for Ceremony at Bride's Home in Denver, June 17.

Plans for the wedding of Miss Florence Sheedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Sheedy of Denver, Col., and I. Townsend Burden, Jr., of this city, which is to take place in Denver on July 17, have been completed.

Mrs. Robert Livingston, the bride's sister, will act as matron of honor. The bridesmaids are to be, as already announced, Miss Gwendolyn Burden and Miss Ethel Ryan. John Clinton Gray will be the best man.

The ceremony will be performed at the Sheedy residence by Bishop M. F. Burke of St. Louis, Mo., an uncle of the bride, assisted by Bishop N. C. Matz of Denver.

The bridegroom, accompanied by his best man and Lanier Winslow, is expected to arrive in Denver June 12. Mr. and Mrs. Burden, his parents, with Mr. and Mrs. O'Donnell Hillen of Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. W. A. M. Burden of this city, his sister-in-law, and Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Ryan, are expected about June 14.

BERNHARDT IN 'EVERYWOMAN'

Actress Said to be Negotiating for Rights for Morality Play in Paris.

Henry W. Savage is now in Paris arranging for the preparation of a French version of "Everywoman." Sarah Bernhardt is said to be negotiating for the rights to produce the morality play in Paris. She will be in New York next month and will see the American production. Mr. Savage has not yet made any contracts for the English rights to the piece, though Sir Herbert Tree, Herbert Trench, and other managers have made bids for it.

Mr. Savage has engaged Taylor Holmes for an eccentric comedy part in one of the plays he is to produce next season. Whether it will be "Le Million," which Leo Ditrichstein is adapting from the French, or a farce called "Somewhere Else," by Avery Hopwood, which Mr. Savage has just purchased, will not be determined until the manager returns from Europe. Mr. Holmes is now appearing in the revues at the Folies Bergere, and last season he played the leading rôle in "The Commuters."

ADVERTISEMENT.

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AMERICANS AT FOURTH COURT

Mrs. Reid Presents Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Harahan, and Miss Barron.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—The fourth and probably the last Court of the season was held to-night in Buckingham Palace, and was more interesting than the third, held last night, from an American point of view.

The presentations in the Diplomatic Circle included Mrs. Post Wheeler, whose husband is Secretary of the American Embassy in St. Petersburg, while in the General Circle, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid presented Mrs. John Nicholas Brown of Providence, R. I.; Mrs. James Harahan, Miss Julia Chapin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Chapin of Boston, and Miss Blanche Barron, whose family, though living for some years past in London, came from New York.

Mrs. Brown wore a lovely dress of white tulle, delicately embroidered in a conventional design in gold and silver, and her train of mauve satin was embroidered to correspond. In her hair she had a pretty arrangement of orchids, and she wore diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Harahan wore a beautiful dress of cloth-of-gold with diamante embroideries. The train of cloth-of-gold was embroidered in white and green diamante and lined with green velvet. She carried a bouquet of Queen Alexandra orchids and wore a diamond tiara, with the conventional feathers and veil.

Miss Barron wore a severely simple white satin gown with a plain white satin train.

Miss Blanche Barron is the daughter of the late James S. Barron, who owned an establishment for the sale of woodware at 127 Franklin Street, in this city. She is a sister of W. H. Barron of 320 West Seventy-seventh Street. Miss Barron has been living in London for about three years.

Goodale to Fly with a Passenger.

Frank Goodale, the aviator at Palisades Amusement Park, has increased the lifting capacity of his airship by adding a segment to the gasbag for the purpose of carrying a passenger on his next flight over New York. He expects this passenger to be a woman, if some one can be found who weighs less than 125 pounds and has enough courage to make the flight. He has tried the machine with ballast to make up the weight, and says he is confident that he can repeat his feat of last Summer of sailing over the city at night and returning to the park.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

LEACH.—May 23, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. G. Leach, a son.

Married.

GREGORY—ROGERS.—At Hotel Astor, May 25, at 7 P. M., by the Rev. Dr. Van Dyke, Bessie Routh Rogers of New York to Albert W. Gregory of New York.

HARMAN—KITCHENER.—On May 16, in London, England, Frank S. Harman of London to Florence Kitchener of New Brighton, S. I., daughter of the late W. J. Kitchener of Toronto.

HEPBURN—POST.—On Thursday, May 25, in New York City, by the Rev. William M. Carr, D. D., Silvie Livingston, daughter of the late James H. Strong and Georgiana Berryman, to Henry Chester Hepburn.

REMER—CHEESMAN.—On Thursday, May 25, at Belmont Chapel, Cathedral of St. John the Divine, by the Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L., Florence Palmer, daughter of the late Dr. Hobart and Georgiana Peterson Cheesman to John Ware Remer.

Brooklyn.

GERKEN—SIEBERG.—May 24, Minnie D. Sieberg to Frederick H. A. Gerken.

HART—HATHAWAY.—May 24, Clara M. Hathaway to John C. Hart.

New Jersey.

ELY—BOYD.—May 23, Rutherford, Ada A. Boyd to Dana Ely.

FORCE—SHEA.—May 24, Madison, Mary F. Shea to Louis J. Force.

LEFLER—JOHNSON.—May 24, Union, Elizabeth G. Johnson to Theodore Leffler.

Died.

BAXTER.—Suddenly, on May 25, Dennison Earle, husband of Harriett G. Flick. Funeral services at his late residence, 414 West 147th St., on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment Wilkesbarre, Penn. Wilkesbarre papers please copy.

BELL.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on May 25, 1911, Sarah H., widow of the late Daniel B. Bell, in her 86th year. Funeral services at the residence of her son, George G. Bell, Weyman Av., New Rochelle, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

BROWN.—May 24, 1911, at his late residence, 333 Madison St., Brooklyn, Daniel Brown (native of Glasgow, Scotland). Funeral service Saturday, May 27, 1911, 8 P. M.

CLARKE.—At his residence, 340 West 71st St., Wednesday, May 24, Richard H. Clarke, in his 84th year. Funeral mass Friday morning, May 26, at 10 o'clock, Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway. Kindly omit flowers.

CROSBY.—On Thursday, May 25, 1911, at her residence, 118 East 24th St., Jane Murray Livingston, widow of Robert Ralston Crosby and daughter of the late Col. Henry Alexander and Frederica Charlotte Livingston of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Funeral service at her late residence on Monday, May 29, at 9:30 A. M. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

DEERY.—On May 24, Lawrence C. Deery, husband of Nellie Deery, at his residence, 327 West 26th St., in his 46th year. Funeral from St. Columbus's Church, West 25th St., Saturday, May 27, at 10 A. M.

GUNN.—May 25, John G. Gunn, aged 69 years, at his residence, 212 West 141st St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HENDREN.—Suddenly, on Thursday, May 25, 1911, Henry R. Hendren. Funeral services at his late residence, 110 East 86th St., on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HEPENSTAL.—Suddenly, on May 25, at his residence, 933 Park Av., Alfred M. Hepenstal, aged 36 years, son of the late James Hepenstal. Funeral services Saturday at the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and Sixth Av., at 2 P. M.

HUBERT.—Helen Hubert. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Frank Campbell Building), Thursday, 1 o'clock.

KELLY.—On May 24, Lulu Kelly, aged 53 years. Funeral from the chapel of Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Saturday at 10 o'clock.

KUHNE.—Suddenly, in Miami, Fla., on Sunday, May 21, 1911, Frederick J. Kuhne, son of the late Frederick and Ellen Josephine Kuhne. Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Madison Av. and 44th St., on Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

KUTTENHEIMER.—Members and seat holders of Temple An Sche Chesed of Harlem are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sophie Kuttenheimer from her late residence, 10 West 113th St., Friday, May 26, at 10 A. M. By order of the President.
HERMAN M. HESS, Honorary Secretary.

LEE.—Franklin Lawrence Lee, died at his residence, No. 107 West 54th St., on May 18. Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 21st St. and 4th Av., on Friday, May 26, at 10 A. M. Interment at Jamaica. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

LEISSLER.—Passed away peacefully at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning, May 24, 1911, at Chicago, Florence Louise, second daughter of Henry and Annie A. Leissler, aged 15 years 2 months. Funeral from St. Thomas's Church, Kimbark Av. and 55th St., at 10 o'clock Friday morning. "Thy will be done."

LOSSING.—At Yonkers, on Wednesday, May 24, Edwin John Lossing. Funeral private. Interment at Poughkeepsie. Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

MILLER.—On May 25, Samuel Miller, beloved husband of Rosie Miller and father of Harry, Mollie, Michael, Edward, and Isidor Miller, at 56 West 112th St. Funeral on Friday at 1 P. M.

NEWMAN.—On Wednesday, May 24, 1911, Thomas Henry Newman, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral service on Friday, May 26, 1911, at 8 P. M., at his late residence, No. 7 East 124th St., New York City. Interment at Rochester, N. Y.

NIEBUHR.—On Wednesday, May 24, Mary Freeman Niebuhr. Funeral from her late residence, 336 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 3 o'clock.

PIERDON.—On May 22, 1911, Edmond F., beloved husband of Mary S. Pierdon. Funeral services in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Friends and members of Alma Lodge No. 728, F. & A. M.; Amity Chapter, 160, R. A. M.; Columbian Council No. 1, R. & S. M.; Ivanhoe Commandery No. 36, K. T.; N. Y. Consistory, Mecca Temple; Masonic Veterans, and Azim Grotto are invited.

SEIXAS.—Suddenly, in New York City, on May 19, 1911, Henry O. Seixas, in the 69th year of his age. Interment New Orleans.

SLIFER.—On May 24, Henry H. Slifer, aged 46 years. Funeral from the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Friday at 3 o'clock.

Died.

SILLS.—Suddenly, at Mount Vernon, Caroline Jaynes, wife of John S. Sills. Funeral will be held Saturday at 3 o'clock at the residence of her son, Henry J. Sills, 67 Forster Av., Mount Vernon. Carriages will meet New Haven train leaving Grand Central Station at 2:15.

SMITH.—On Tuesday, May 23, at 3 A. M., Jefferson Smith of 1,531A Union Av., St. Louis, Mo., our beloved father, after a lingering illness, in the 64th year of his life. Funeral from the parlors of John Koch & Son, 4,650 Easton Av., St. Louis, Mo., Thursday, May 25, at 2:30 P. M.

TOLER.—At his home, 264 Riverside Drive, May 22, 1911, John Watts de Peyster Toler, son of the late James B. and Estelle Elizabeth de Peyster Toler, and grandson of the late Gen. John Watts de Peyster, aged 39 years. Funeral services at the residence on Thursday afternoon, May 25, at 4 o'clock. Further services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Tivoli, N. Y., on Friday, at 3 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited. Special funeral car will leave Lexington Av. terminal 11:10 A. M. train on Friday. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

WARD.—At Karlsbad, Austria, on Friday, May 19, 1911, Joseph Morris Ward of Newark, N. J., son of the late ex-Gov. Marcus L. Ward. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ZUCKER.—On May 25, Mrs. Clara Zucker, beloved wife of William Zucker and mother of Lawrence and Myron, in the 35th year of her age. Funeral Sunday at 10 A. M., from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sigmund Rosenbaum, 472 Central Park West. Kindly omit flowers.

BATTON.—Robert, St. Joseph's Hospital, May 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CANNING.—James J., 177 10th Av., May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

DEMPSEY.—Patrick, 715 East 182d St., May 24. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DOHENY.—John, 590 3d Av., May 24. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GALLAGHER.—Thomas F., May 23, aged 21. Funeral Inter-State Boat Club to-day, noon.

HEALEY.—John T., 754 East 182d St., May 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HIGGINS.—Charles J., 1,067 Simpson St., Bronx, May 23. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HOHMANN.—Alice, 278 Avenue B, May 24, aged 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOWLAND.—Richard S., Grymes Hill, S. I., May 24, aged 6 months. Funeral to-day.

KERRIGAN.—Martin, 2,204 Amsterdam Av., May 24. Funeral to-day.

LANDRIGAN.—Nora B., 49 Greenwich Av., May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

LEHMANN.—Carl, 209 East 83d St., May 23. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

McNULTY.—Isabella C., 225 East 76th St., May 24, aged 2. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAUDE.—Ellen G., 82 Hoyt St., May 24.

MURRAY.—Timothy, 1,827 2d Av., May 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'NEILL.—John, 2,145 8th Av., May 24, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

OSTERHOLZ.—Elsa, 404 East 141st St., May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

PERRY.—Ellen, 506 West 23d St., May 23.

ROCHE.—Anastasia, 2,212 East Aqueduct Av., Bronx, May 24. Funeral to-day.

ROSENBLOOM.—Sara, 150 West 98th St., May 24, aged 63. Funeral private.

RUDA.—William, 1,071 Washington Av., Bronx, May 23. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

WEISS.—Max, Odd Fellows' Home, Unionport, May 24, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WHEELAN.—Mary E., 951 Park Av., May 24. Funeral notice later.

WILDERSINN.—Ernst, 1,264 Lexington Av., May 24. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BARGER.—Edward, 403 6th Av., May 24, aged 68. Funeral service to-day.

BOOTH.—John J., 506 Court St., May 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DEBHARDT.—Mary, 87 Rodney St., May 24. Funeral to-morrow.

DOWLER.—Caroline, 229 Lincoln Road, May 24. Funeral private.

DOYLE.—Elizabeth, 759 Bedford Av., May 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HEISTAD.—William H., 758 East 17th St., May 24.

HOLMES.—Catherine, 290 East 8th St., May 25.

LANGAN.—Eliza, 112 6th Av., May 24, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

McDONALD.—Neil, 113 Park Av., May 23, aged 70.

MACKENZIE.—Mary J., 607 Lafayette Av., May 24. Funeral private.

PIRRMANN.—Daniel H., 265 Wythe Av., May 24, aged 65. Funeral to-day.

QUINN.—Luke C., 216 Wyckoff St., May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RICHARDSON.—Robert W., Sr., 454 Myrtle Av., May 24, aged 52. Funeral May 28.

SEMKEN.—Bertha C., 2,254 Cropsey Av., May 24, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHUTTE.—Sophie, 19 South 4th St., May 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STRAUS.—Elizabeth, German Hospital, May 23, aged 48.

STUMPF.—George, 263 Maujer St., May 23, aged 72.

TINSLEY.—Theophilus, 215A Lexington Av., May 24. Funeral service to-day.

WOODS.—Bridget, St. Peter's Hospital, May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

ALLEN.—Charles T., Bridgeport, May 23, aged 5 months.

BUDD.—Jay, Bridgeport, May 23, aged 22.

CAFFREY.—James, New Haven, May 23. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

COLLA.—Paul A., Hartford, May 23.

GESNER.—Henrietta M., New Haven, May 24, aged 87.

GILBERT.—Louise, Bridgeport, May 23.

GUTH.—Peter C., Hattertown, May 23, aged 86.

HAWTHORN.—Elizabeth, Hartford, May 23, aged 79.

HENDERSON.—Margianna, Winsted, May 23, aged 78.

HOLLISTER.—Leila L., Hartford, May 23, aged 67.

MORIARTY.—Bridget, Hartford, May 23.

OSTROM.—Susan M., Hartford, May 23, aged 67.

RICHARDSON.—James L., Lime Rock, May 23.

RYAN.—Joseph, Bridgeport, May 23, aged 30.

SAUNDERS.—George W., Hartford, May 23, aged 50.

STONE.—Hattie, Danbury, May 24, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

VAIL.—Mary J., South Glastonbury, May 24. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Long Island.

BEIG.—Jacob, Long Island City, May 23, aged 69.

BIDANSET.—Anna, Flushing, May 23, aged 46.

FOLK.—Abram, Middle Village, May 23, aged 71. Funeral to-day.

GRAICHEN.—Helen, 624 Vernon Av., Long Island City, May 23, aged 8 months.

GRIFFIN.—John R., Jamaica, May 23.

GLACCIO.—Maria, Maspeth, May 23, aged 1.

HAGNEY.—Emil, Long Island City, May 23, aged 40.

JACKSON.—Estella, Arverne, May 23, aged 1 month.

LEHNERT.—Isabella, 444 Academy St., Long Island City, May 23, aged 1 month.

MAUDE.—Helen D., Long Island City, May 24.

O'KEEFE.—Annie, Corona, May 23. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PLATZER.—William, Middle Village, May 23.

ROSELER.—Blanche, 28 Anderson Road, Woodside, May 23.

SORENSON.—Louis, Far Rockaway, May 23, aged 52.

TALASCO.—Agnes, 177 12th Av., Long Island City, May 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

New Jersey.

AXLAND.—Theodore, Elizabeth, May 24, aged 26.

BONKER.—Jane, Andover, May 24, aged 79.

BURGLIN.—Ellen, 42 Centre St., Newark, May 24. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

CHILDS.—Frederick, Essex Fells, May 23. Funeral service to-day.

GEIB.—George, Bloomfield, May 24, aged 60. Funeral May 28.

GREEN.—John, Elizabeth, May 24, aged 45.

GUNN.—Sarah, Burlington, May 23.

HUNT.—Andarena, Trenton, May 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KENNEDY.—Margaret M., 69 Grand St., Jersey City, May 25. Funeral to-morrow.

LEE.—Owen F., 29 Schalk St., Newark, May 24. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

MacMAHON.—Mary T., Jersey City, May 24, aged 8½ years. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

MOORE.—Fred. V., Paterson, May 24, aged 26.

MUELLER.—Josephine, 272 Morris Av., Newark, May 25, aged 35.

O'ROURKE.—John, 24 Johnstone Av., Kearny, May 24. Funeral notice later.

RADLER.—Charles, Newark, May 24, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow, 7 A. M.

SCHAEFER.—Mathilda, 106 Barbara St., Newark, May 23, aged 72.

SULTZ.—Anna, 103 Hartford St., Newark, May 24. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

VOORHEES.—Maria L., Paterson, May 23, aged 86.

WAGNER.—William P., Trenton, May 23, aged 43. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

New York State.

BUTTS.—Lizzie S., Hensonville, May 24, aged 64.

CASE.—Emmaline A., Harrison, May 24, aged 78. Funeral to-day.

CLENNON.—John J., Newburg, May 24. Funeral notice later.

HASBROUCK.—Rachel M., Poughkeepsie, May 23.

ORR.—Henry, 202 Elm St., Yonkers, May 24. Funeral to-day, 2:30 A. M.

ROSE.—Willard E., Arlington, May 23, aged 4. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Edward J., Tuckahoe, May 24. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SMITH.—Philip H., Batavia, May 23.

In Memoriam.

LEARY.—Daniel, mass, St. John's Church, Orange, N. J., to-day, 7:30 A. M.

REGENSBURG.—Edward, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 28, 11:30 A. M.

WALSH.—Luke, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea

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$75 funeral complete. Phone 2070 Riverside.

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CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
is easily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys and by carriage. Lots $150 up. Telephone (4855 Gramercy) for Books of Views, or representative.
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ON GUARD ALL DAY TO BEAT ELECTRIC CO.

Mrs. Schlereth Sat in a Hole to Keep a Lighting Pole Off Her Property.

NIGHT WATCH BY HER SONS

Enough in the Family to Keep It Up Till the Company Tires—Once the Mother Fainted, but She Stayed.

Few persons in Union Course, Queens, got any sleep last night. The hamlet can muster a crowd of 200 or 300, and nearly every one turned out last night to watch the struggle between employes of the New York & Queens Electric Light & Power Company and the members of the family of Peter C Schlereth, a jeweler, who lives at 12 Centre Street. The electric light men tried to erect a pole in front of the Schlereth home early yesterday morning. Late last night they hadn't succeeded, and the Schlereth family declared that they wouldn't succeed if they kept on trying for a year.

"There are enough in our family to keep watch indefinitely," said Mrs. Schlereth last night, "and we intend to do so until these people give up the idea of planting a pole on our property. My daughter and myself will keep watch by day and the men folks can take up the task at night."

Last night the three sons of the family—Michael, Alex, and Joseph—relieved each other in watches about the big hole already dug in front of the Schlereth home. In the hole sat an employe of the company, while two other employes sat near him. They were there to take advantage of the least lapse on the part of the Schlereth watchers.

But if it was the men who guarded the hole last night it was due solely to Mrs. Schlereth and her daughter, Mrs. Catherine Pflieger, that the pole was not erected yesterday. The hole had been dug when the family arose early yesterday morning, and the first thing they heard was the noise of the laborers as they tried to get the pole into the hole. Mr. and Mrs. Schlereth and Mrs. Pflieger hurried into their clothes and ran into the yard.

Mr. Schlereth protested that the men were working on his property. He got out his deed to show that he was the owner. The electric light men responded by exhibiting a city permit authorizing them to erect the pole. Mr. Schlereth was at his wit's end. The men were raising the pole to drop it in place when Mrs. Schlereth exclaimed:

"Never mind, Peter, I'll stop them," and promptly she hopped into the hole.

The electric light men dropped the pole and hats in hands begged Mrs. Schlereth to get out.

"I won't move an inch and don't one of you men dare lay a hand on me," she said.

The "boys" had got out of bed by this time and even had the workmen thought of doing so they scarcely cared to encounter Mr. Schlereth and three husky sons. They withdrew for a consultation, which resulted only in more useless pleas to Mrs. Schlereth to vacate the hole. Meantime Mrs. Pflieger had sat down on one end of the pole which the men had dropped. She also declined to move. It was getting late, and at last Mr. Schlereth and his sons had to go to business.

"Don't worry about us," called Mrs. Schlereth after them. "Catherine and I will be right here when you get back."

And right there they were, although it was after 7 o'clock at night when the men folks returned. All day a crowd had surrounded the little group and all day Mrs. Schlereth and Mrs. Pflieger had kept their places. Neither woman had had any breakfast and luncheon time came and went, but still they stuck to their posts. The electric light men relieved each other on guard and went off for meals. They returned smoking their pipes and took seats near the woman.

"You see, we don't care how long you stay," remarked one of the men. "We're just like plumbers. Our time's going on and we get paid by the hour."

And so the afternon was spent, the workmen enjoying a practical holiday and the women suffering the pangs of hunger and the ache of stiffening limbs as they kept their places, the one in the hole, the other on the end of the pole.

It was 7:40 o'clock in the morning when Mrs. Schlereth plumped herself into the hole. It was 7:45 o'clock last night when Mrs. Pflieger uttered a cry and leaped up from the pole to run to her mother's side. The elder woman had quietly fainted away from hunger and exhaustion.

Just at that time Mr. Schlereth and his sons came home. They lifted the senseless woman out of the hole, and before any of them in their excitement thought to take her place, one of the workmen jumped in.

Mrs. Schlereth was revived, but her limbs were so stiff that she had to be carried to the house. She could not walk. Mrs. Pflieger took post beside the hole, although it was impossible any longer for a member of the family to occupy it. The man inside couldn't get out, however, without giving an opportunity for the girl to get in, so she stayed on guard till her mother had been cared for. Then Michael took up the task, and Mrs. Pflieger, almost ill herself from the long vigil, went into the house for the first bite of food all day.

The rest of the family had supper, and then Michael was relieved by a brother and had supper himself.

A neighbor in the afternoon telephoned to Borough President Gresser, but he said he couldn't do anything about it if a permit had been granted by the city. Late in the afternoon ex-District Attorney John B. Merrill, lawyer for the electric light company, came and looked over the scene and went away, declaring that "that pole will be erected."

At midnight, however, one of the Schlereth boys stood beside the hole ready to jump in when the workman should jump out. He was smoking cheerfully and declared that when his watch was over one of his brothers would relieve him.

"We don't care how long it lasts," he declared. "It's pleasant out here, and we'd just as soon keep this watch up all Summer."

LAWYER'S AGENT INDICTED.

He Is Accused of Subornation of Perjury in a Railway Damage Suit.

Frederick R. Brown, who is said to be a runner for James O'Neill, a lawyer with offices at 309 Broadway, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a bench warrant issued by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions charging him with subornation of perjury.

According to the complaint, William Chapman was killed by a locomotive on the tracks of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad on March 11, 1907. John Chapman, his brother, brought a suit against the company and a verdict of $6,000 was returned, the claim being subsequently settled for $4,000.

During the trial Thomas Henry testified that Chapman was walking across the tracks at Thirty-fifth Street and Seventh Avenue when he was struck. A short time ago Henry made a confession to Assistant District Attorney Du Vivier in which he said Chapman was stealing a ride on the locomotive and that Brown had asked him to testify in other cases when needed.

The case was turned over to the Grand Jury and yesterday an indictment was found against Brown, who was arrested at 309 Broadway. He was released in $5,000 bail after pleading not guilty.

SEAMEN'S STRIKE IMPENDING.

Union Secretary Thinks It Will Start in All Parts on Coronation Day.

Matthew Tearle, Secretary of the American Branch of the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain, declared yesterday that any cable dispatches saying there would be no seamen's strike during coronation week were without authority.

"I have had no advice that the programme has been changed, and still look for a cable dispatch calling the strike in every port for Saturday," said he.

While admitting that the International Longshoremen's Union of this country is not affiliated with the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain, he said he expected that the union longshoremen here will refuse to handle non-union frieght while the strike lasts.

At the headquarters of the Marine Cooks and Stewards' Union, 4 South Street, it was said that the men were on good terms with the companies and had no idea of striking.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

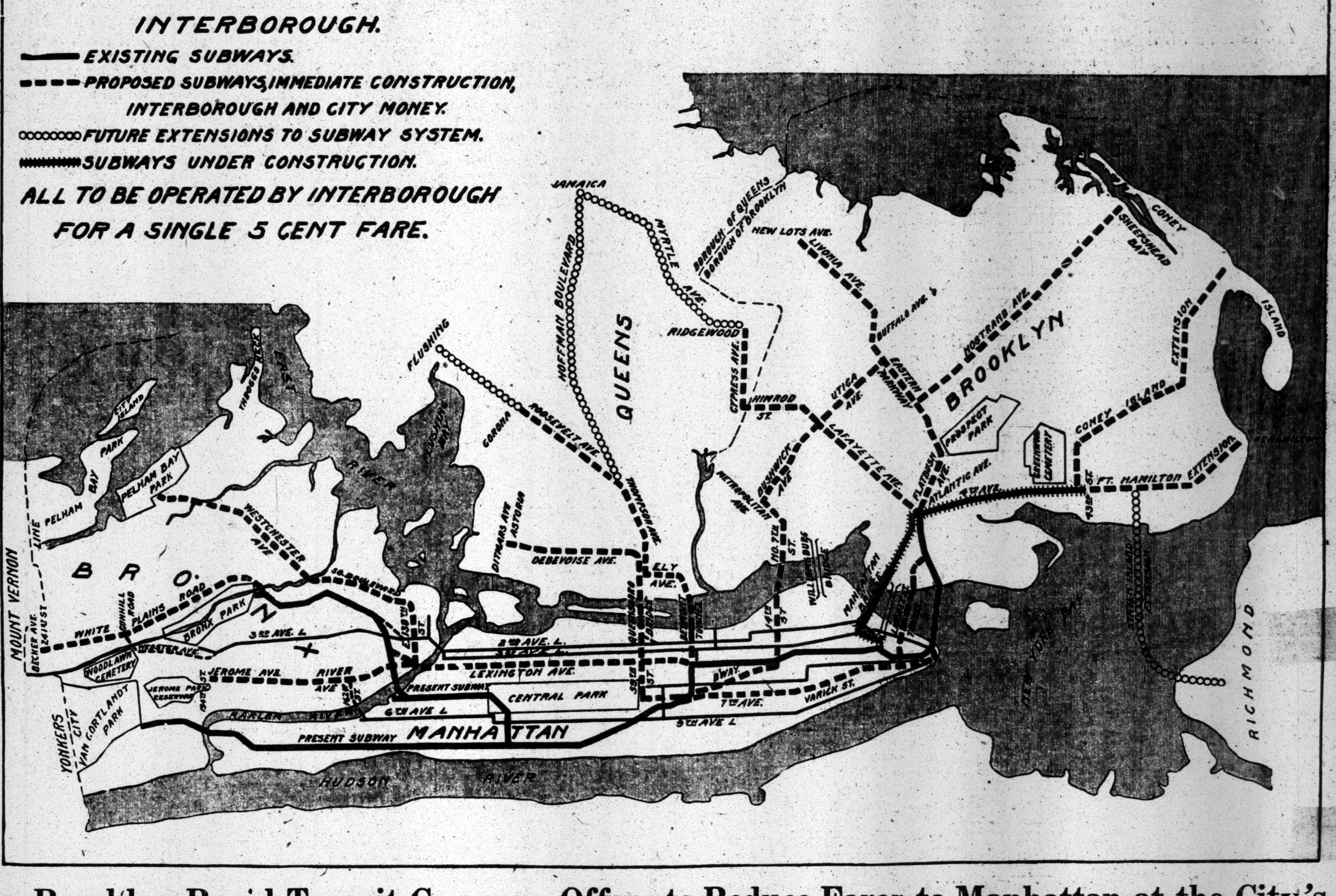
The Interborough Offer Completes the City-Owned Subway

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company Asks the City to Build Subways as Terminals for Its Elevated Railroads

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company Proposes More Elevated Roads for Brooklyn---The Interborough Builds Subways There

The Interborough Plan Gives a Five-Cent Fare to Coney Island

What the Interborough Plan Does for Greater New York



The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company Offers to Reduce Fares to Manhattan at the City's Expense, but Refuses to Reduce Fares to Coney Island at that Company's Expense

This map shows what the Interborough Company has offered to the City as a comprehensive subway plan. The lines shown in heavy broken lines can be immediately constructed and placed in operation for a single five-cent subway fare in connection with the present subway, the Bridge Loop, and the Fourth Avenue Subway. The total construction cost will be $198,798,650, of which the City pays $110,320,150 for construction and the Interborough $88,478,500. The Interborough supplies all of the equipment, which makes a total contribution by the Interborough of $140,824,500. The City's expenditure under this plan is $58,000,000 less than called for by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's plan.

The Interborough's plan establishes a universal five-cent subway fare from Fort Hamilton, Coney Island, Sheepshead Bay, East New York, Ridgewood, Woodside, Corona, Astoria and all parts of the Bronx. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's plan establishes a ten-cent fare within the Greater City and for a great many of the people in Queens, Manhattan and the Bronx, a fifteen-cent fare to Coney Island. The Brooklyn Company claims that it will make a great saving to Brooklyn people by extending its lines into Manhattan, thus avoiding a double fare.

The Interborough Company, by going to Brooklyn for the people with its numerous lines with a single fare, saves more than the Brooklyn Company claims to save, because on the Interborough there will be a single fare to reach from every point in Brooklyn to every point in Greater New York.

If the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is so interested in reducing the expenditures of the fare-payer, why do they insist in their proposition that for a short ride from Brooklyn to Coney Island the fare must be ten cents?

The Interborough has adopted the principle that a single five-cent fare paid on the subway system shall carry a person from one end to the other of the Greater City of New York. On the other hand, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's plan proposes to perpetuate a two- and three-fare system.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's proposal is that it will spend less than $21,000,000 for construction in improving its Elevated lines in Brooklyn and placing third-tracks thereon, if the Greater City of New York will pay about $168,000,000 of the taxpayers' money for Subway construction and connect it with the out-of-date elevated lines in Brooklyn, provided further that all the receipts on the Subways built by the taxpayers' money shall be used by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in establishing for all time a dividend on many of the unprofitable elevated lines in Brooklyn.

The Interborough's plan proposes to extend the present City subway so that all the people in Brooklyn, including the outlying districts, will be given a five-cent subway fare from one end to the other of the Greater City of New York. If the Interborough's plan is adopted by the City it will save $58,000,000 of the taxpayers' money that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's plan calls for and this $58,000,000 will construct the lines shown on this map to Richmond, to Jamaica, and to Flushing and if these lines are constructed there would still be $30,000,000 of the taxpayers' money saved by accepting the Interborough's plan.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company advertises that it will take only $73,500,000 of City money to construct the rapid transit lines which it has been showing in heavy black lines on its advertising maps. The misleading character of this talk about cost can be seen readily by looking at its offer of April 25th, in which it was stated that the City's requirement of new capital would be $73,500,000 for the lines then proposed.

Since that date and on May 1st, the Brooklyn Company added to its so-called original lines,

1. The Jerome Ave. extension to Jerome Park Reservoir;
2. The Southern Boulevard extension to the Bronx River;
3. Lines to Astoria and Corona;
4. The Nostrand Avenue extension;
5. The Livonia Avenue extension; and
6. The Fourteenth Street tunnel to East New York.

But not a word has been said about the additional cost of these lines. Every day since they were added the Brooklyn Company has stuck to its original figure of $73,500,000. More than this, and still further showing the deceptiveness of their advertisements, the Brooklyn Company are placing upon their advertising maps in black lines the following lines which they have not even yet agreed to put in their offer:

(a) The Southern Boulevard line extending as far as Pelham Bay Park;
(b) The Utica Avenue extension; and
(c) The tunnel to Staten Island.

And still they seek to lead the public to believe that all the black lines will cost the city only $73,500,000.

Now the facts are that the cost to the City of the lines first mentioned by them will be $118,000,000.

The cost to the City, with their additions of May 1st, will run up to $168,000,000.

The grand total cost to the City of their layout as advertised will run up to $188,500,000.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Irregular Markets, with Few Important Changes, Reported from Interior Cities.

STEEL STOCKS DECLINE

Copper Shares Generally Lower at Boston—Chicago Elevated Issues Quiet and Firm.

Stock trading in other cities resulted yesterday for the most part in only slight changes in quotations though in some of the markets fair gains were recorded. In Philadelphia a drop of more than a point in Cambria Steel came as a result of the cut in steel prices. About 2,000 shares of the stock changed hands during the session. After declining from 45½ to 44 it rallied at the close. Heavy selling of United States Steel was still in evidence from the same quarter which has been selling throughout the week. Aside from the steel group Philadelphia issues did not display much weakness. General Asphalt receded a substantial fraction, as did Lehigh Valley and Philadelphia Traction, but in other stocks the tone was steady, and in some instances, such as United Gas Improvement, small gains were recorded.

Small price declines were the rule on the Chicago Exchange. The list, as a whole, showing some irregularity. A decline in Sears-Roebuck common was the feature, the shares going from 140 to 137. They recovered a great part of this before the close. The elevated railway issues, though quiet, were slightly higher, but the rest of the market was unchanged or a shade off.

There was some further realizing in the Boston market and the copper shares were generally lower as a result of the day's trading. North Butte declined to 33, closing at that figure. Island Creek was again an exception to the general weakness, advancing to 38. On the Baltimore Exchange Maryland Trust common advanced 2 points further, due to the prospects of retirement of the preferred stock. Houston Oil moved to a high level. The report of the proposed financial reorganization of the Houston Oil Company is looked for in Baltimore at an early date. The general list there was firm and demand fairly good.

The transactions in the several markets reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	At. Coast Line	127⅝	127⅝	127⅝
20	Con. Power	91¾	91¾	91¾
390	Con. Power pf	99⅝	99¼	99½
45	Con. Coal	103	103	103
5	Continental Trust	228	228	228
25	Farmers & Merchants'	52	52	52
720	Houston Oil	8½	8¼	8⅜
55	Houston Oil pf	59	58½	59
15	Mechanics' Bank	29	29	29
40	Maryland Trust	90	89	90
500	Seaboard Co	27½	27¼	27½
50	Seaboard Co. 1st pf	87	87	87
60	Seaboard Co. 2d pf	60¼	60	60
200	United Rys	18¼	18⅛	18¼
10	Western Bank	41½	41½	41½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Ana. & Potomac 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	Balt. Electric 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	108¾	108¾	108¾
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
19,000	C. El. & Ry. fdg. 5s	100	100	100
1,000	City & Sub. 5s	105½	105½	105½
15,000	C. & E. Ill. ref. and imp. 5s	82	82	82
2,000	Carolina Cent. 4s	93	93	93
14,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
10,000	G. B. S. Brew. 6s	42½	42¼	42¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. inc	5½	5½	5½
2,000	J. Coal & Coke 5s	94½	94½	94½
1,000	Maryland Steel 5s	102	102	102
6,000	Macon, D. & Sav. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	100	100	100
3,000	Norf. & Atl. Tml. 5s	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Sparrow's Pt. 4½s	97	97	97
10,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	79½	79½	79½
4,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	87½	87½	87½
17,000	United Rys. inc	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝
2,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85½	85½
2,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	88	87⅞	88
4,000	West. Penn. Trac. 5s	97½	97½	97½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Atchison	112¼	112¼	112¼
7	Atchison pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
18	Boston Elevated	128	127½	127½
11	Boston & Albany	220⅝	220½	220⅝
35	Boston & Maine	105½	105½	105½
[illegible]	Mass. Elec	21⅛	20¾	21⅛
41	Mass. Elec. pf	89⅛	89	89⅛
10	No. Texas Elec	94	94	94
102	N. Y., N. H. & H	145	144½	144¾
182	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. 75% paid	143¼	143¼	143¼
6,382	Penn. rights	2¼	2 5-32	2 3-16
6	Rutland pf	41	41	41
145	Union Pacific	183¼	183	183¼
45	West End	90⅝	90⅛	90⅝
24	West End pf	103½	103½	103½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
660	American	149	148⅝	148¾
5	New England	146	146	146

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
105	Am. Ag. Chem	58¾	58½	58½
8	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	103	103	103
60	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	22¼	22¼	22¼
5	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf	17¼	17¼	17¼
25	Am. Sugar Rfg	120⅝	120½	120½
69	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf	119⅝	119	119⅝
10	Am. Woolen	34	34	34
50	Am. Woolen pf	93⅝	93½	93½
100	East Boston Land	10	10	10
110	Eastern S. S.	91	90⅞	91
69	Edison	286	286	286
130	Ga. Ry. & Elec	135	135	135
238	General Elec	162	161	162
160	Mass. Gas	91¼	91	91¼
15	Mass. Gas pf	96	96	96
154	Swift & Co	102¼	102	102
4	Torrington Class A	31	31	31
20	Torrington pf	28½	28½	28½
52	United Fruit	188½	188	188
10	Unit. Shoe Mach. pf	28¼	28¼	28¼
4,609	U. S. Steel	78¼	77⅞	77⅞
3	U. S. Steel pf	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
180	Algomah	9¼	8½	9¼
30	Allouez	31½	31½	31½
950	Amalgamated	67⅜	66⅝	66⅝
1,530	American Zinc	28¼	27½	28¼
400	Ariz. Com	17½	17	17½
355	Atlantic	6½	6	6½
250	Boston & Corbin	14⅝	14½	14⅝
40	Butte Coalition	20	19⅝	19⅝
692	Calumet & Ariz	56½	55½	56½
15	Calumet & Hecla	475	474	474
95	Chino Copper	24⅞	24¾	24⅞
125	Copper Range	63⅝	63	63
	Centennial	12½	12½	12½
295	East Butte	12⅝	12¼	12½
250	Giroux	6⅝	6 5-16	6⅝
10	Granby	33½	33½	33½
405	Greene-Cananea	7	6 15-16	7
145	Hancock	24	23½	24
215	Helvetia	1¼	1¼	1¼
185	Indiana	14¼	14	14
1,545	Inspiration Mining	9 1-16	8⅞	9
820	Island Creek	38	37½	38
530	Island Creek pf	90	89½	89⅝
140	Isle Royale	16	16	16
830	Kerr Lake	6½	6¼	6⅜
45	Keewenaw	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
140	Lake	37½	36⅝	37
100	Mason Valley Mines	9¼	9⅛	9¼
1,365	Mayflower	2½	1⅞	2¼
35	Miami	20	20	20
30	Mohawk	45	43½	43½
37	Nevada	19⅝	19½	19½
37	New Arcadian	4	3½	3½
80	Nipissing	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
2,627	North Butte	33⅝	33	33
215	North Lake	8	7½	7½
135	Ojibway	7⅞	7¾	7⅞
1,925	Old Colony	1½	1⅜	1½
95	Old Dominion	43¾	43¼	43¾
60	Quincy	71⅝	71½	71½
520	Ray Cons	18⅛	17⅞	18
230	Shannon	11	11	11
180	Superior & Boston	6¼	6	6
11	Superior & Pittsburg	16	16	16
100	South Utah	99c.	99c.	99c.
10	Tamarack	36	36	36
30	U. S. Smelting	35⅞	35⅝	35¾
189	U. S. Smelting pf	47½	47¼	47½
50	Utah-Apex	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
200	Utah Copper	47⅞	47½	47⅞
550	Winona	8¼	8	8
2	Wolverine	110	110	110
250	Tuolumne Mining	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91¾	91¾	91¾
22,000	Am. Zinc 6s, 1915	111½	110	111½
2,000	A. G. & W. I. SS. 5s	71½	71½	71½
6,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s	96⅝	96½	96⅝
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	100	100	100
4,000	Western T. & T. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	12	12	12
100	Am. Can pf	88	88	88
100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	51½	51½	51½
100	Chi. Rys., Series 2	22½	22½	22½
10	Chi. Subway	4¼	4¼	4¼
410	Commonwealth Edi	128½	128½	128½
110	Diamond Match	100	100	100
10	Illinois Brick	64	64	64
90	K. C. Ry. & L. pf	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
49	McCrum-Howell	46½	46½	46½
100	McCrum-Howell pf	93½	93½	93½
340	Met. Elev. pf	71¼	71¼	71¼
100	Northwestern Elev	27	26½	27
85	People's Gas	105⅜	105¼	105⅜
1,160	Sears-Roebuck pf	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜
135	South Side Elev	75	75	75
234	Swift & Co	102	101½	101½
50	United Box Board	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
762	U. S. Steel	78	77½	78

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	Chi. Rys. 5s rcts	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
10,000	Chi. Rys. 4s B	87½	87½	87½
4,000	Chi. City Rys. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
3,000	Commonwealth Ed. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
4,000	Commonwealth Ed. 5s	102	102	102
5,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
2,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
15,000	Northwestern El. 4s	100	100	100
6,000	Northwestern El. 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Alliance Ins. war	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
100	Am. Milling	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
1	Cambria Iron	44½	44½	44½
2,127	Cambria Steel	45½	44	44½
25	General Asphalt	32¾	32¾	32¾
1,525	Gen. Asphalt pf. war	94	94	94
10	Keystone Tel	8½	8½	8½
5	Lehigh Nav.	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
195	Lehigh Nav. war	37½	36⅝	36⅝
40	Lehigh Nav. t. c	87½	87	87
163	Lehigh Valley	89⅜	89 5-16	89 5-16
25	L. Val. Trac. pf. t. c	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
16	North. Penn	97	97	97
150	Philadelphia Rap. Tr	17¼	17¼	17¼
335	Phila. R. T. t. c	17¼	17⅛	17⅛
385	Pennsylvania R. R	61 3-16	61	61
1,238	Pennsylvania war	11⅛	10 13-16	10⅞
250	Philadelphia Co	57	57	57
215	Philadelphia Co. pf	43½	43⅜	43½
221	Philadelphia Elec	16⅝	16½	16⅝
34	Philadelphia Trac	83	82½	82½
10	Rock Island	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
1,150	Reading	79⅝	79¼	79 5-16
530	Tonopah Belmont	6¼	6 3-16	6¼
1,046	Tonopah Mining	6	5⅞	6
235	United Gas Imp	87	86⅜	86¾
9,730	U. S. Steel	78¼	77⅞	77⅞
118	Union Traction	45⅞	45⅝	45⅝
25	W. & Va. Ry	39	39	39

PITTSBURG.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
102	Crucible Steel	13½	13¼	13¼
355	Crucible Steel pf	82¼	81½	81⅝
159	Fireproofing	6	5⅞	6
63	Fireproofing pf	26	25⅞	25⅞
20	Harbison-W. Ref. pf	96½	96½	96½
30	Mfrs. L. & H	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
100	Ohio Fuel	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜
620	Pittsburg Coal	22⅜	22¼	22⅜
2,338	Pittsburg Coal pf	88	85⅝	86⅝
875	River Coal pf	25¼	25	25¼
1,400	San Toy	26c.	25c.	25c.
100	Tonopah Exten	$1.05	$1.05	$.105
20	U. S. Steel	78¼	77⅞	77⅞
60	Westinghouse E. 2ds	36½	36	36

BANK.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	German Nat. Bank	210	210	210

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.07	Julia	.89
Alpha Con	.07	Justice	.10
Andes	.24	Kentucky Con	.13
Best & Belcher	.64	Mexican	4.57½
Bullion	.18	Occidental Con	.65
Caledonia	.36	Ophir	2.35
Challenge Con	.18	Overman	.35
Chollar	.24	Potosi	.38
Confidence	.75	Savage	.35
Con. Cal. & Va	1.35	Sag Belcher	.15
Con. Imperial	.05	Sierra Nevada	.55
Crown Point	.65	Union Con	1.60
Gould & Curry	.28	Utah Con	.15
Hale & Norcross	.27	Yellow Jacket	.60

Silver bars, 53¼; Mexican dollars, 47½@50; drafts, sight, 1@1½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 3@4 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	6.20	Combination Fract.	.07
Jim Butler	.25	C. O. D.	.08
McNamara	.11	Goldfield Con. M.	6.00
Midway	.20	Goldfield Kedanas	.05
Montana	.78	Goldfield Merger	.08
North Star	.14	Great Bend	.01
Tonopah Extension	1.00	Jumbo Extension	.26
West End	.53	Lone Star	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.01
		Sandstorm Kendall	.03
Atlanta	.11	Silver Pick	.05
Blue Bell	.01	Nevada Hills	3.10
Booth	.07		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	4½	5½	Jackpot	4½	5¼
Elkton	55⅝	58	McKinney	32	38
El Paso	56	57⅞	Old Gold		3⅞
Findlay		3	Portland	98	101
Gold Dollar	9⅞	10¼	Vindicator	79	85
Isabella	10	11	Jen. Samp.	8	11

STOCK AFFECTED BY MERGER.

Chicago & Oak Park Drops 4 Points Owing to Terms of Combine.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 25.—Weakness developed to-day in the preferred stock of the Chicago & Oak Park, which sold at 3, a decline of 4 points, compared with the previous sale some time ago. It is said the merger plan does not provide any terms of purchase for the company's stock.

It is understood that in the event of the elevated roads being consolidated, the Northwest will deliver to the merger syndicate a large majority of the Oak Park line's preferred and common stocks. There is a substantial minority interest, however, which may form a protective committee and contest the right of the syndicate to go on without an offer of some sort for the minority holdings.

ASK COMMERCE BOARD'S AID.

Other Roads Protest Against Low Rate Made by the Erie.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Representatives of railroads handling freight between New York and Chicago are coming to Washington on Saturday to request the Inter-State Commerce Commission to order the Erie and the Delaware & Hudson not to reduce their rates. The commission is not at all sure that it has any such power, and also doubts whether it can discover that the Erie is about to discriminate against itself and forbid its doing so.

A year and a half ago the Erie joined in the general effort to increase rates, and before the Commerce Commission vigorous arguments were made on behalf of that railroad, whose condition was represented as such as to render an increase of rates almost imperative for its preservation from bankruptcy. The Erie then desired to raise the base rate between New York and Chicago from 75 to 90 cents. That proposal, it will be recalled, was forbidden by the commission early this year.

Now the Erie comes forward with a proposal to reduce the rate between New York and Chicago from 75 cents to 62 cents. It is to be effected through a combination with the Delaware & Hudson, and the inclusion of a water haul in the through route. To effect that rate freight would go up the Hudson from New York to Albany and there be trans-shipped to the Delaware & Hudson, which would haul it across country to Binghamton, where it would be turned over to the Erie to be hauled to Chicago.

Associated Oil Profits Larger.

The annual report of the Associated Oil Company for the year ended Dec. 31 shows total receipts for the company and its subsidiaries of $22,963,155, against $15,420,831 in the previous year. Expenses increased from $12,402,185 to $18,161,920, leaving net $4,801,235, compared with $3,018,646 in 1909, a gain of $1,782,589. Interest and sinking fund charges increased from $139,029 to $1,131,726 and depreciation charges from $717,221 to $1,215,294, leaving a surplus of $2,454,215 to $2,162,896.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair Friday and Saturday; light, variable winds.

Florida—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, except probably local showers on the peninsula; light, variable winds.

Texas—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers Friday night or Saturday; moderate east and southeast winds on the coast.

Utah—Showers, followed by fair Friday. Saturday fair.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Increasing cloudiness, followed by local thunderstorms Friday night or Saturday; cooler Saturday.

Arkansas and Missouri—Fair and continued warm Friday. Saturday unsettled.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair and continued warm Friday and Saturday.

Ohio—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; continued warm; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair and continued warm Friday and probably Saturday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday fair, except unsettled in extreme northern portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled; moderate easterly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers and slightly cooler; light to moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers by Friday night and on Saturday; cooler; moderate northeast and east winds.

Iowa—Fair and continued warm Friday. Saturday probably showers and somewhat lower temperature.

North Dakota—Local rains and cooler Friday. Saturday probably showers.

South Dakota—Showers and cooler Friday. Saturday showers; cooler in eastern portion.

Nebraska—Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers Friday night or Saturday; cooler.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Motions calendar. 1—Mizell v. Elmore & Hamilton Cont Co. 2—Vermule v. Reilly. 4—Fonseca v. Maaskoff. 5—Same v. same. 7—In re Cochand. 8—Hammerstein v. Tetrazzini. 9—In re Winckler. 10—Havens v. Ostrander. 12—Steel Protected Concrete Co v. Aberdeen Co. 13—American Pin Co v. Berg Bros. 14—Wallach v. Billings. 15—Becker v. same. 16—Motion-Picture Patent Co v. Steiner. 17—Same v. Yankee Film Co. 18—Same v. Powers Co. 19—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry Co. 20—Same v. same. 21—U S A v. Morris & Cummings Dredging Co. 22—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry Co. 23—Wagenhals v. N Y C & H R R R. 24—Natl Cash Register v. Rauch. 25—Meyers v. Tuttle. 26—Voightman v. Seeley. 27—Deitsch v. Gibson. 28—Sage v. City of N Y. 29—Lorrain Steel Co v. Union Ry. 30—McManus v. Sawyer. 31—U S v. Thompson. 32—Meriden Coal Mining Co v. Skeele Coal Co. 33—Mosler v. Zeisler. 34—Same v. Weinstein. 35—Same v. Crescent Tire Co. 36—Same v. Natl Auto Supply Co. 37—Shredded Wheat Co v. Gt A & P Tea Co. 38—U S A v. Herzig. 39—Whitcomb v. Hickey.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Cohen v. Slotkin. 2—Cohen v. Greenspan. 3—In re Butterfield. 4—In re same. 5—Hellinger v. Lichtstrahl. 6—Am Mtg Co v. Kneeland. 7—Rabinowitz v. Rabinowitz. 8—Brown v. Brown. 9—In re Public Driveway. 10—Cullen v. Gane. 11—Sawyer v. Sawyer. 12—McNicholas v. Mead. 13—In re Hubbell. 14—Whitmore v. Jungmann. 15—Childs v. Childs. 16—In re Rambler Auto Co. 17—Tomasch v. Glockling. 18—Benedict v. Levin. 19—Leo v. 45th St Exchange. 20—In re Beatty. 21—In re Dryfuss. 22—In re Barder. 23—In re Robinson. 24—In re O'Connell. 25—In re Burfeind. 26—Floyd Jones v. Connell. 27—O'Reilly v. Hofstatter. 28—In re American Surety Co. 29—Clapp v. Schaus. 30—Menchaca v. Kates. 31—Fairchild v. Leo. 32—Kosmitz v. N Y 1st Hungarian St Stephen's Church. 33—Bence v. Eisler. 34—Clapp v. Schaus. 35—Rieger v. Schmidt. 36—Dunand v. Moses. 37—Ciravollo v. Bakers & Consumers Yeast Co. 38—Caruso v. Foundation Co. 39—Carmody v. Met Opera Co. 40—Greenberg v. Hurtig & Seaman. 41—Sharp v. McCormack Const Co. 42—Prendergast v. O'Rourke Eng Const Co. 43—Elgar v. Elgar. 44—Zeimer v. Zeimer. 45—Cobb v. Kissell. 46—Cox v. Cadillac Hotel Co. 47—Ryan v. same. 48—Levy v. Rubinfeld. 49—Bolognesi v. Hartfield. 50—Phillips v. Cockerill. 51—In re Pierce, Jr. 52—Kennedy v. Kennedy. 53, 54—Rosenbaum v. N Y, S & W R R R. 55—O'Hara v. Morris. 56—Lax v. Lax. 57, 58—Brady v. Linch. 59—In re West 178th St. 60—In re Kopetz. 61—In re A E Silverman Bldg Co. 62—Schwartz v. Rosenblum. 63—Sheehan v. Hearn. 64—Gardella v. Waterproofing Co. 65—In re Hubbell. 66—In re Schwartz. 67—In re Corcoran. 68—Weitzberg v. Dorf. 69—Conklin v. Shapiro. 70—Longacre v. Wasserman. 71—Scandlin v. Myton. 72—Rosenfield v. Astoria Mills. 73, 74—Schepps v. Japanese Fan Co. 75—Stone v. Stone. 76—Collord v. Merrill. 77—In re O'Brien. 78—Greenblatt v. Greenblatt. 79—Tomash v. Glockling. 80—Werner v. Heinze. 81—In re Peck. 82—Boisse v. Dailey. 83—Felt v. Germania Life Ins Co. 84—Odwolt v. Odwolt. 85, 86—Vanderbilt v. Kerr. 87—Ossusky v. Ossusky. 88, 89—Caporale v. Santangelo. 90—Van Slochem v. British Columbia Ry Co. 91—O'Rourke v. McKesson. 92—In re Lord Adv Co. 93, 94—Friedman v. Nevelson-Goldberg Realty Co. 95—Am Woolen Co v. Kaltman. 96—Watson v. Almy. 97—Hertz v. Hertz. 98—Stern v. Stern. 99—Lefi v. Kuhne. 100—Longworth v. E R Natl Bank. 101, 102—San Reno Copper Mining Co v. Moneuse. 103—Pantan v. Garfield Safe Deposit Co. 104—Taylor v. N Y Press Co. 105—Ruthbun Co v. Reessing. 106—De Muriac v. De Muriac. 107—Farrell v. Williams. 108—Kirshner v. Kitchings. 109—Avery v. Avery. 110—Kaplan v. Kaplan. 111—City of N Y v. Companies Bldg Corp. 112—Bretz v. Bretz. 113—Bird v. Bird. 114—Watson v. Almy. 115—U S Vol Life Sav Corps v. Miller. 116—Blech v. Blech. 117—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 118—Davison v. Thomson. 119—Consol Cleaners and Dyers v. Adler. 120—Shumacher v. Doubleday, Page & Co. 121—Miller v. City of N Y. 122—Woll v. Arnoldi. 123—Childs v. Childs. 124—Zugrinsky v. Brow. 125—Glucksman v. Reisler. 126—Black v. Bentel. 127—Scott v. 14th St Bank. 128—Farrell v. Williams. 129—Kelsey Nursery Co v. Fox. 130—In re Solomon. 131—Kern v. Stoneham. 132—In re Alterman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurer. 218—Sire v. Freifeld. Preferred causes. 3284—Nadler v. Nadler. 2637—La Motta v. La Motta. 3186—Conroy Bros v. Class J Const Co. 1363—Taudlich v. Taudlich. 3187—Eline v. Eline. General calendar. 2673—Picaniny Slide Co v. Hammet.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Conrad Miller. 2—Alfred H Golden.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—(April Term continued)—(Criminal Term.) 1, 2—William D Wilson.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. 4269—Bates v. M G Samuel & Co. 3937—Goldstein v. Eastern Fish Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—2123—Murphy v. Elfers. 201—Thaw v. Sun P & P Co. 5146—Tiedjen v. Nat Elev Co. 1396—Connors v. Galbraith. 1301—Smith v. Goetz. 177—Cont Asphalt Pav Co v. Hudson & Man R R. 1529, 1530—Onorato v. McLarnon. 2070, 2071—Plotz v. Sicilian Asphalt Pav Co. 258—O'Connell v. Merchants Ref Co. 1430—Braun v. Saladino. 1501—O'Connell v. Thomas & Buckley Oper Co. 4923—Duffy v. City of N Y. 281¼—Smith v. Simpson. 1715—Wallach v. City of N Y. 1807—Jacobson v. Cohen. 1679—Moskowitz v. Kantrowitz. 1898—Muanda v. Goldsmith. 1923—Cline v. Fraad. 1806—Lipfeld v. Ziegfeld. 1846—Levy v. Carnegie Hall, &c, Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—Inquest. 3042—Kohn v. Powell. Inquest. 3084—White Co v. Truesdell. 1153—Cammann v. Wittenthal. 1549—Weil v. Arickson. 141—Stemmerman v. Kelly. 539—Arnheld v. Cohen. 3056—Shepard v. City of N Y. 3132—Sutherland v. Clark.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar: Benjamin Sugarman, Cornelius Driscoll, William M. Zeller, Thomas O'Connell, Benjamin S. Sugarman, Elizabeth Connell, Anna M. Miller, Howard K. Gilman, Henry Hochemeister, Elizabeth Byrnes, or Hastings; Edwin S. Lemoine, Emilio Costelli, James Williams, Florence E. Monahan, Gioachino Barabino, Robert Wolfheim, John Kovacs, Mary Gough, Louis G. Jester, Ann Joyce, Antonio Mosetti, Israel Roeder, Louis Landesman, Denis Cronin, Thomas T. Eckert, Bridget Langan, Celso A. Parodi, James L. McCarthy, Sexta Coffin, Margaret A. McGraw, William H. Jackson, Edward F. Randolph, Frank C. Hollins, George Chesterman, Henry M. Grevel, Elizabeth Lauer, Mary E. Ryer, George W. Adams, John W. McNamara, Andrew Kehoe, James Hughes, Joseph Bryan, Mary E. Fitzsimons, Samuel J. Iandauer, Frank Raub, Daniel W. McDornan, Edward J. Hogan, John J. McClue, John T. Soles, Marenda C. Sturtevant, Jessie M. Proctor, Bridget O'Brien, Pauline Fleming, Herbert A. Shipman, Elizabeth Wallace, Margaret Keating, Morris Littman, Joseph Bryan, Giuseppe Cova, Gaetano Palmeri, Ciro Locascio, Pasquale Liquori, Felice Ciarniello, Teodoro Cupaiola, Jerome Zoppa, Vincenzo Fede, alias Fire; John Norazio, Nicola Guerriero, Raffaele Mauro, Rocco V. Giannotta, Giovanni Di Grande, Antonio Amato, Pasquale Catonia, Antonio Borrico, Andrea Iurino, Calogero Rubino, Maria Mangini, Pietro Di Mardo, Riley M. Gilbert, Benjamin S. Sugarman, Peter Schumacher, Antoinette Duerlan, Dorothea Hueter, Karl G. Freytag, Isaac Sprung, Albert Zanmatti, Jacob Eidt, Jr., Elizabeth Scanlon, Ellen McKeon, Mark T. Cox, Michael Tremberger, Rhoda E. Hoyt, Ann Mahany, Abby McSweeny, James Barry, Wilhelmina Schroeder, Harriette Willmer, William Smith, Ramon A. I. de Murias, Ann Burke, Mark T. Cox Bridget Matthews, David Miller, Anthonio Balzamo. Wills for probate: Mary E. Lithauer, Charles Passie, Charles B. Wolfe, William J. Martin, James Lenahan, Emmet Densmore, Leigh H. Ronzer, George Glaser, Bartolomeo Ferrngiaro, Louis Weinberg, Elizabeth A. Odell, Victor H. Rathschild, August Fellheimer, Lewis J. Dreiss, Rosa E. White, John J. Schacht, William Bollmann, Naunchen Davidson.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S.—Contested will. Alice E Benjamin. Estate of Mary McGerry.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part V., Greene, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, J.—Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. Room, at 9:45 A. M. 1760—Jencks v. Berg. 2853—Pastore v. Livingston. 3525½—Pecara v. Rizzi. 3527—Hallenbeck v. Rafferty. 3537—Press v. J C Witte Co. 3211—General Pub Co v. Specht. 3399—Sherman v. Tower. 3263—Leger v. Int R T Co. 3410—Grossberg v. Williams. 3412—Sachs v. Joline. 3432—Sandzig v. Eckstein. 3432½—Naughton v. Cameron. 3443—Potaschnick v. Joline. 3541—Cunningham v. Central Park Taxicar Co. 3542—Madison Sq Taxi Co v. Joline. 3543—Cohen v. same. 3546—Gardner Wood Co v. Hogan. 3548—Abrams v. Kolmas. 3555—Ball v. Kohlman. 3558—Schulman v. Korovsky. 3560—Steffan v. Joline. 3561—Sbarbore v. C Britten Trucking Co. 3563—Vollotten v. Cohen. 3568—Swift v. Wallerstein. 3569—Ach v. Dalton. 3571—Meckly Lance Lumber Co v. Mosson. 3573—Goldstein v. Int R T Co. 3574—Weissman v. Gassner. 3576—Weintraub v. Bilowitz. 3578—Schwarz v. Linch. 3579—Phillips v. Leventritt. 3580—Wolf v. same. 3581—McGovern v. Munger. 3582—Alborn v. Joline. 3583—Africk v. same. 3585—Goldstein v. same. 3586—Manning v. Manning. 3587—Goetz v. Sloane. 3588—O'Connor v. Linch. 3589—Britt v. Packard Motor Car Co. 818—Coslov v. Manhinney.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—3208—Second Nat Bk v. Hazard. 3215—Orlikoff v. Weinstock. 3223—Raymond v. D'Angelo. 3185—Armett v. Tregger. 3144, 3145—Fonto v. Payne Bros. 3195—Kohn v. 14th St Store. 3181—Lerison v. Elbiight Co of Am. 3233—Harison v. Mason. 3235—Gerson v. Lilling.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Gottlieb v. Moskowitz—Edward D. Dowling. Smith v. Shatzkin—Joseph R. Truesdale. Brady v. Hamptman—Michael J. Egan.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—In re Strong—Meyer Nussbaum.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Martin v. Solinger—Edward L. Parris.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Nelson v. City of New York—Eugene L. Sykes.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Arnold W. Schlichte v. Mary Fallon—Albert Sanders. Mortimer M. Singer v. Louis Kovner—Albert Sanders.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Roy Foster v. Theodore Schillinger—William J. Kindgen. Homer Brass Works v. Quickanshur Water Purifying Co.—William J. Kindgen.

Brooklyn Calendars.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Dike, J. Appeals from Magistrates' Courts. The Peole, &c., v. Mangraracina. The People, &c., v. Batty. 1479—Bosies v. Filler (continued). Part III. Niemann, J. 541—Edison Elec Ill Co v. Nimak (inquest). 1506—Mader v. Mader. 1461—Acenopure v. Zone.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. 1082—Fitzgibbon v. Dingley. 572—Lawrie v. Lindsay. 397—Riebling v. Weaver. 404—Chambers v. Prendergast. 248—Bennett v. Sauerwein. 166—Howlett v. Howlett. 989—Lawrence v. Hall. 488—Reizenstein v. Miller.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part IV., Scudder, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VII., Jaycox, J.—797 and 7634—Aronson & Greenberg v. B H R R. 7029—Dworken v. Rogers et al. 2845—Eglinton v. B H R R. 7073—Grauer v. Vernon. 6180—Wilhelm v. Wood et al. 6256—Pistraich v. Hasbrouck Piano Co. 7078—Kosticeki v. B H R R et al. 7079—Zeichner v. Katz. 7085—Goldstein v. Transit Dev Co. 7087—Siegel v. Gersenblatt. 7089—Flynn v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R. 7128—Goldberg v. B H R R. 7132—Boyer v. Sheffield Farms Co. 7133—Clooney v. Nassau R R. 7140—Branca v. same. 7144—Blind v. same. 7145—Moody v. Dineln. 6880—Hummer v. Rice Co. 6785—Yankauckas v. McTiernan. 6834—Gulick v. Fetherstonhaugh. 3939—Cade v. B H R R. 1010—Sagor v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 7152—Mulger v. Thorburn Co. 7153—Lee v. Nassau R R. 7155—Horton v. B H R R. 7162—Samuels v. Nassau R R. 7166—Iori v. Mannini. 7167—Walsh v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 7169—Morgenbasser v. B H R R. 7172—Joost v. same. 7176—Dempsey v. same. 7178—Burnside v. Robins. Highest number reached on regular call, 7204.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 164—Seitz v. Millich. 156—Friedman v. Petrillo. 154—Healy v. City of New Rochelle. 99—Lupprian v. Dodge. 141—Figliuizzi v. Tierney. 167—Feinson v. Port Chester Bottling Company. 175—Feinson v. Friedlander. 149—Hubbard v. Albro. 101—Baldaccini v. Newman. 153—Rutledge v. Sprague. 132—Farrell v. Swift.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J. 1064—Eaton v. Halley. 924—Baker v. Havey. The rest of the calendar goes over the term.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The name of Major G. L. Byram, cavalry, is placed on list of detached officers.

First Lieut. J. G. Tyndall, Second Field Artillery, to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, for temporary duty.

Col. R. Birnie and Major C. C. Williams and Major E. P. O'Hern, Ordnance Department, to Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., on business pertaining to the manufacture of ordnance material.

Capt. J. A. Ryan, Fifteenth Cavalry, is assigned to duty as Associate Professor of Modern Languages at Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.

Lieut. Col. J. R. Kean, Medical Corps, to Los Angeles to represent Medical Department at sixty-second annual session of the American Medical Association, June 27.

Capt. E. O. C. Ord, U. S. A., retired, relieved from duty with organized militia of Arizona and proceed to his home.

Major M. McFarland, infantry, relieved from duty with Porto Rico regiment of infantry by reason of his promotion to grade of Major.

Capt. M. B. Stewart, Eighth Infantry, detailed as Major in the Porto Rico regiment of infantry, vice Major M. McFarland, United States infantry, relieved. Capt. Stewart will proceed to San Juan, Porto Rico, for duty.

Orders May 16 amended to relieve First Lieut. P. J. Hennessey, Fifteenth Cavalry, from duty at State College of Washington, Pullman, Wash., effective upon termination of the present academic year at that institution.

Orders Jan. 13 relating to Major W. M. Roberts, Medical Corps, amended to direct him to proceed to the Philippine Islands, sailing July 5 instead of June 5.

A board to consist of Col. G. R. Smith, Assistant Paymaster General; Major C. R. Reynolds, Medical Corps; Major W. K. Jones, Paymaster, and Capt. W. A. Duncan, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet in Washington for examination of candidates for appointment as Army Paymaster's clerks.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral N. E. Mason to duty on general board, Navy Department.

Lieut. J. D. Willson to duty at navy yard, Boston.

Ensign C. McCauley to the Ohio.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Birmingham at Cristobal.

Sailed—Virginia and Vestal from Boston for Cape Cod Bay, Buffalo from Cordova for Kodiak.

Cronstadt, Russia, has been substituted for Reval, Russia, in the itinerary of the second division, Atlantic fleet.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; A. Rosenthal, notions and leather goods; Hotel Grand.

Jones & Audette, Jamestown, N. Y.; C. L. Audette, notions, dress goods, and silks; Herald Square Hotel.

Garfunkle, J., & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss L. Wenner, infants' wear; Hotel Wolcott.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. G. Hoover, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.

Keely Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. Railestone, linens; Miss Sullivan, cloaks, suits, and waists; 69 Fifth Avenue, "Buyers' Association"; Hotel Broztell.

Hickey-Freeman Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. G. Hickey, piece goods; Hotel Victoria.

Broveman Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; H. Broveman, piece goods; Hotel Albert.

Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. Silverstein, carpets and rugs; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Filene's, William, Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss I. H. Mahoney, ladies' wear; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; F. W. Garran, silks and laces; 55 White Street.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; R. Sachs, upholstery goods; 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Broztell.

Cohen Company, Richmond, Va.; Miss Wagner, ladies' neckwear, waists, and hosiery; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss F. Latarsky, waists and petticoats; Miss Bernstein, waists, petticoats, and underwear; 450 Broome Street.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; O. J. Lowenberg, gloves; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Jordan, Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; F. H. Jury, dresses; F. Kimball, costumes; Miss Maynard, dresses; 31 Union Square.

McCurdy & Norwell Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Mr. Damon, general merchandise; Buyers' Association, 69 Fifth Avenue.

Wells, J. B., & Son Company, Utica, N. Y.; E. L. Wells, gloves; Murray Hill Hotel.

Rosenzweig Brothers, Cleveland, Ohio; A. Rosenzweig, woolens, hosiery, and underwear; Broadway Central Hotel.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. Weinreich, laces and trimmings; 115 Worth Street.

Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. O. Niswanger, general merchandise; Hotel Imperial.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss A. Thompson, corsets and infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.

Goldwater, N., & Son, Rochester, N. Y.; W. N. Goldwater, piece goods; Hotel Imperial.

Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; H. W. Schaske, ladies' neckwear and ruchings; Hotel Imperial.

Kaufman, Schmidt & Auerbach, Chicago, Ill.; M. Kaufman, flowers and feathers; Herald Square Hotel.

Kalliner Brothers & Newman, Stillwater, Minn.; P. Newman, furnishing goods; J. R. Kalliner, clothing. Hotel Navarre.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite. (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings
Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR. Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 7 Maiden Lane.

AUCTION SALES.

Entire bankrupt stock of Adela Greenberg, formerly of Newark, N. J., bankrupt. J. Tracy Horton was receiver. Consisting of the highest grade

SILKS

Such as Crepe de Meteor, Satin Duchess, Marquisettes, Taffetas, Foulards, Crepe de Chine, Silk Voiles, Rajah, Satins-Messalines, etc., all in latest shades and best qualities, ranging in price as high as $1.75 per yard. Choice line of SILK VELVETS in all colors, ranging as high as $5.00 per yard. Very fine assortment of DRESS GOODS, such as Broad Cloth, Serges, Venetian Suitings, Plaids, French Flannel, Cheviots, Brilliantine, French Voiles, Henrietta, etc.; and a fine line of silk chiffons; also 175 pieces of very high grade No. 80 and 100 all silk velvet ribbons, ranging in price as high at $5 per piece. Also a line of COTTON GOODS.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer, sells To-day, Friday, May the 26th, 1911, at Salesroom, 8 Greene St., commencing at 10:30 A. M.

NOTICE.—This entire Stock was carefully selected for this coming season and is of finest and most staple character, ranging in prices as high as $1.75 per yard, and deserves attention of most critical buyers. Sold strictly without reserve.

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For both business and social purposes, the CONGRESS HOTEL is adequately equipped. The luxury and completeness of its appointments make a strong appeal to those who move in society; the appetizing dishes served in its famous restaurants, with speedy service, meet the demands of the business man. The CONGRESS HOTEL enjoys the distinction of having been the first thoroughly modern and fire-proof hotel in Chicago; it still retains its lead. Two minutes from the city's activities.

RATES: { Rooms, one person, bath detached, $2.00 and up; with private bath $3.50 and up
Rooms, two persons, bath detached, $3.00 and up; with private bath $5.00 and up
SUITES—Prices on Application

Congress Hotel and Annex
Formerly Known as the Auditorium Annex
Located on Michigan Boulevard and Congress St., Chicago

N. M. KAUFMAN, President. Adv. No. 3a MAX L. TEICH, CARL C. ROESSLER, } Managing Directors.

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MAY 19TH TO 27TH, INCLUSIVE, (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)
CONFERENCE MAY 22D TO 27TH, INCLUSIVE.

To-day, Architectural and Engineering Students' Day. Selected Programme.

To-morrow, "Modern Building and Architecture," William D. Lockwood, "Panama Canal," Illustrated, and other speakers.

Fire Escapes, Railings, Braces
Should be bolted to concrete, stone, cement, brick, and other masonry walls with
SEBCO Expansion BOLTS
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THE ACOUSTICON is now being successfully operated in over 400 Churches throughout the country.

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For particulars, booklets, etc., regarding any of the above devices, address
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DIVIDENDS.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY. CO.
Office of the Treasurer.
3,111 Grand Central Terminal, New York,
May 10, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the FOUR-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. NOTES of this Company maturing June 1, 1911, will be paid at this office on and after that date.

Coupons will be paid at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., as usual.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

CHILDS COMPANY,
42 East 14th Street,
New York City, May 24, 1911.

The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends, payable June 10, 1911:

On the preferred stock a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent.

On the common stock a dividend of 2½ per cent.

The transfer books will be closed from June 4, 1911, to June 11, 1911, both days inclusive.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

The American Sugar Refining Co.
May 10, 1911.

The following dividends from the accumulated profits of the company have been declared, payable July 3d, 1911, to the stockholders of record on June 1st, 1911, namely: On the Preferred Stock, a Quarterly Dividend of 1¾%. On the Common Stock, a Dividend of 1¾%. The transfer books will not be closed.

JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

May 11th, 1911.

The Board of Directors of the UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER COMPANY has this day declared initial dividend of 1% upon the Common Stock, and the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable July 1st to stockholders of record at the close of business June 20th, 1911.

D. W. BERGEN, Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY,
17 Battery Place, New York, May 23d, 1911.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its preferred stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable July 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record, June 10th, 1911.

GEO. W. PLUM, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WHEREAS, THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of JOSEPH WILD & CO. has been dissolved by the death of the late JOHN CARTLEDGE, and the business of said firm is to be continued by the subscribers, all of whom were copartners in said firm; and

Whereas, Said copartnership has transacted business in the State of New York for more than three years;

Now, therefore, we, JOHN H. BERRESFORD, HENRY MacKAY, and CHARLES F. CARTLEDGE, whose respective places of residence are in the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, City and State of New York, do hereby certify, pursuant to the provisions of the partnership law of the State of New York, that we are the persons now and hereafter dealing under said firm name of JOSEPH WILD & CO., with a principal place of business at 366 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated January 11th, 1911.

JOHN H. BERRESFORD, [L. S.]
HENRY MacKAY, [L. S.]
CHAS. F. CARTLEDGE, [L. S.]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 23d day of May, 1911, before me personally came JOHN H. BERRESFORD, HENRY MacKAY, and CHARLES F. CARTLEDGE, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in, and who executed the above instrument, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

LEWIS A. REES,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County and Richmond county.
[Seal.]

Vacation Time

Selecting a place to pass your vacation is an easy task. Many of the better class resorts are advertised in the Country Board column of The New York Times.

HOTEL WOODWARD
and HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX
Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.
SPECIAL RATES FOR MAY—JUNE—JULY
'Phone, 5,000 Columbus
T. D. GREEN, Proprietor

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.,
Block from Grand Plaza Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

Hotels and Restaurants.
WHERE TO DINE.
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106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel., 1483—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
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SHELLFISH, STEAKS, AND CHOPS A SPECIALTY.

Little Hungary 251 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

REISENWEBER'S, 58th Street & Columbus Circle.
DINE IN THE OPEN AIR GARDEN
A FROG DINNER $1.25
A dainty dinner for warm weather that will please the palate and satisfy appetite.
Steamed Soft Clams, Southern style, or Crab Flake Cocktail.
Frogs' legs, meaty and crisp.
Dixie Biscuits.
Chicken, brown, juicy, tender.
Waffles, old Southern mammy style.
THAT SCAND'LESS QUARTETTE
most entertaining negro singers in town.

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Ocean Parkway, Coney Island.
OPEN ALL YEAR. A LA CARTE.
SHORE DINNERS. PRIVATE ROOMS

PARISIEN
8TH AV. AT 56TH ST. Tel. 1952 Columbus.
GRAND OPENING NEW ADDITION
Thursday, June 1st. (Capacity 1,000).
SPECIAL DINNER (WITH WINE OR PABST BEER.) $1.
MUSICAL SOIREE. RESERVE TABLE.

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.60

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THE THOMPSON HOTEL
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Opens May 27. Select family hotel. Superior accommodations; excellent cuisine. Golf, Tennis, etc. 50 miles from New York City via N. Y. & Harlem R. R. and N. Y. & Putnam R. R. Telephone. Illustrated Booklet. EMERSON CLARK, Prop.

Do Not Hesitate to Buy Investment Bonds Combining

Safety as to Principal;
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In these days, it is not a difficult matter to select bonds of this kind to yield approximately

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Send for our Circular No. 837, "Investment Securities."

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Yield 8%
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In 1895 we sold Union Pacific 6% gold notes at 85, yielding 10%. They were largely secured by non-dividend paying stocks representing control of important lines. Later the notes were paid at par.

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We now offer, at a price to yield 8%, bonds issued by a dividend-paying railroad, secured by control of the stock of one of the most important railroads in the Middle West. The dividends on the deposited stock offset interest on the bonds.

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WE WILL BUY
Northwestern Elevated Ry. 1st 4s
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'Phone 3669 Broad
25 Broad Street, New York

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Internat. Nickel 5s
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Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
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For Sale
AM. BRAKE. SHOE & FDY. 5's
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CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
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Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

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Internat. Silver
COMMON,—PREFERRED.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND SCRIP.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
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100 American Cigar Pfd.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Less Active, with Over One-Third of the Total Trading in United States Steel.

ALL MAKERS CUT BAR PRICES

General Price Revision May Be Discussed at Meeting Next Week—Railroad Financing Under Way.

The price cut in steel bars made yesterday by subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation to meet the reduction by the Republic Iron and Steel Company is a step intended to protect the Steel Corporation's customers, and does not necessarily indicate a purpose on the part of the Steel Corporation to embark on a general revision of prices. Whether or not such a course will be taken remains for future determination. Opinion in the steel trade was divided regarding the likelihood of a general lowering of steel prices at this time, but already the cut in the price of bars is having its influence in other markets, and prices of other products were being shaded yesterday by some of the smaller manufacturers. This is a situation which some well-informed steel men regard as the forerunner of a general revision in prices, such as took place in February, 1909. Another meeting of steel manufacturers may be held next week at which the probable result of a general revision will be discussed. In yesterday's dealings on the Stock Exchange a further decline occurred in the steel shares, the transactions in United States Steel, representing over one-third of the day's reduced volume of business. The resistance, which the stock offered to selling pressure, was indicated in the fact that yesterday's low price was less than one point under Wednesday's.

In placing the $25,000,000 issue of 4 per cent. bonds of a subsidiary of the Union Pacific the purpose of the bankers who have purchased the bonds was understood yesterday to be to name a price which would assure a ready market, with the probability that the bonds will speedily command a premium over the subscription price. Such a policy, it will be recalled, was followed in the placing of the Pennsylvania Railroad consolidated 4s, in April, 1908. Such a course some bankers regard as much more likely firmly to establish an issue of bonds in the confidence of investors than a sale at what might be regarded as the maximum value of a bond, which would preclude the individual investor making much, if any, profit on his purchase. The tendency lately shown to do an abnormally large proportion of corporation financing through issues of short term notes in preference to placing long term bonds, has called forth some banking opinion strongly favoring the resort to permanent financing, rather than to temporary issues. Under certain conditions notes are recognized as the most available form of security, but they necessarily lack the permanent character which attaches to bond issues.

Touching on this question a banker, whose opinion is universally respected, makes the point that the interest of corporations and of investors as well, can be served better by the issue of permanent securities, even though these would have to be placed at some concession in interest rates, than by resort to temporary loans which, as experience shows, are so often provided for at mautrity by other similar loans. This is a view which is of practical interest at this time, when considerable corporation financing is being done or is contemplated, and when, moreover, the money market is in a condition of unusual ease.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

New York and Queens County Electric Light and Power Co. for dividend on preferred.
Pittsburg Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
United Dry Goods Co. for dividend on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, offered at 2⅜ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2⅜ per cent. for ninety days, and 2½@2¾ per cent. for four months, 2¾@3 per cent. for five months, 3@3¼ per cent. for six months, 3¼@3½ per cent. for seven months, and 3½@4 per cent. for over the year.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@3½ per cent. for three to five months, and at 3½@4 per cent. for six months, according to grade.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2¼ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅜ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $306,781,960; balances, $9,506,614; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $194,763.

The local banks have lost $2,158,000 on Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8660@$4.8665; check, $4.8635 @$4.8640.

Paris—Cable, $5.20 less 1-64; check, $5.20 less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅝ less 1-16; check, $5.20.

Holland—Cable, 40¼; check, 40¼ less 1-16.

Belgium—Cable, $5.21¼; check, $5.21¼ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8430; 90 days, $4.8340.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84¼; 90 days, $4.83⅝.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, $5.22½ less 1-32; 90 days, $5.23⅛ less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, $5.22½ less 1-16; 90 days, $5.23¼ less 3-32.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94 9-16.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 9-16; 90 days, 94 5-16.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; San Francisco, 80c premium; Montreal, 78½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London at 24 9-16d per ounce and ⅛c lower in New York at 53⅛c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was dull and showed a slight falling off in the bid quotation and unchanged for the asking figures. Tin also was dull and showed a loss in both the bid and asking figures. Lead and Spelter were steady and continued on the old basis.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Standard Copper—				
Spot	11.75	12.00	11.80	12.00
May	11.75	12.00	11.80	12.00
June	11.75	12.00	11.80	12.00
July	11.75	12.00	11.80	12.00
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.35	5.45	5.35	5.45
Tin	43.75	44.50	44.10	44.75

On London's Metal Exchange yesterday quotations there in spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are herewith noted in the following summary. These closing prices compare with the final figures of Wednesday:

	Thursday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	55	0	0	55	0	0
Copper, futures	55	12	6	55	11	3
Pig tin, spot	203	5	0	208	5	0
Pig tin, futures	188	5	0	189	15	0

The market ended steady. Spanish pig lead was easier at a recession of 1s. 3d. to £13 1s 3d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 46s 9d. Spelter was steady at £24 10s.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales May 25, 1911.......... 401,478
From Jan. 1, 1911.......... 41,629,546
Same date last year.......... 80,061,164

Bid. Closing.	Ask. Closing.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
29	30	100	Allis-Chalmers pf.	29½	29½	29¼	29¼	−1
66¾	67	8,400	Amalgamated Copper	67	67⅛	66⅜	66⅝	−½
58½	58¾	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	58½	58¾	58½	58¾	−⅛
50½	50⅝	8,700	Am. Beet Sugar	49½	51	49½	50⅝	+⅞
99	100	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	99½	99½	99½	99½	−½
12	12¼	200	Am. Can	12¼	12¼	12	12	−⅛
87½	87¾	1,850	Am. Can pf.	87½	88	87¼	87¾	...
55	55½	400	Am. Car & Foundry	55¼	55½	55	55	+¼
50¼	50½	1,600	Am. Cotton Oil	50⅜	50⅜	50¼	50¼	−1
21⅝	22	300	Am. Ice Securities	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	−¼
10½	10¾	100	Am. Linseed	11	11	11	11	−1
30¼	30¾	400	Am. Linseed pf.	31⅝	31⅝	30½	30½	−⅝
40	41¼	300	Am. Locomotive	41	41	41	41	−1
108	109	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	−1¼
79⅛	79⅜	3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	79½	80	79	79¼	−⅜
106½	107	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	106½	106½	106½	106½	−⅜
119½	120	200	Am. Sugar Refining	120	120	120	120	−½
119	120	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	119½	119½	119½	119½	−⅛
148¼	148⅝	2,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	148½	148⅝	148¼	148½	+½
39⅞	40	200	Anaconda Copper Co.	40	40	40	40	−¼
112⅝	112¾	6,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	112⅝	112⅞	112⅝	112⅝	−⅛
103¾	104½	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	104	104	104	104	+⅛
127¼	127½	150	Atlantic Coast Line	127⅝	127⅝	127⅝	127⅝	...
106	106¼	500	Baltimore & Ohio	106⅛	106⅜	106⅛	106⅜	−⅝
88½	89½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	89	89	89	89	...
..	..	9	Bank of Commerce	215	215	215	215	−½
32⅜	33	300	Bethlehem Steel	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	...
79⅜	79⅝	3,035	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	79⅝	79⅞	79⅜	79⅜	−⅛
232¾	233	700	Canadian Pacific	233	233	232¾	232¾	−⅛
30	30¼	2,200	Central Leather Co.	30	30½	30	30¼	−⅝
82	82½	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	82½	82½	82⅛	82¼	...
21	22	150	Chicago Gt. Western	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+¼
43	43⅝	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	−⅜
122⅝	122¾	7,150	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	123¼	123⅜	122½	122⅝	−⅜
150	153	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	153	153	153	153	−1
201	205	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	201	201	201	201	...
24½	24¾	600	Chino Copper	24⅝	24¾	24⅝	24¾	...
33	33½	600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	33	33¼	33	33	−⅜
110	115	100	Col. Fuel & Iron pf.	112	112	112	112	−¾
..	..	100	Comstock Tunnel	*33	33	33	33	+2
144⅝	145	700	Consolidated Gas	145	145¼	145	145	...
82½	83	100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	−½
171½	172	50	Delaware & Hudson	172	172	172	172	...
515	540	4	Del., Lack. & West.	525	525	525	525	...
66½	67	75	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	67	67	67	67	...
100	..	400	Detroit & Mackinac	100	100	100	100	...
100	..	190	Detroit & Mack. pf.	100	100	100	100	+20
36¼	36⅜	600	Distillers' Securities	36	36¼	36	36¼	+3⅜
32¼	32⅜	2,700	Erie	32½	32⅞	32⅜	32⅜	+⅛
50¼	50½	350	Erie 1st pf.	50⅝	50⅝	50	50¼	−⅜
40¼	40¾	100	Erie 2d pf.	41	41	41	41	+½
85	88½	232	Evans. & T. H. pf.	85	85	85	85	+8
27	29	100	Federal M. & S.	28	28	28	28	−¾
64	65	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	65	65	65	65	...
107	108	29	General Chemical pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½	...
161½	161¾	1,000	General Electric	162	162	161	161½	...
6	6⅛	2,200	Goldfield Consol.	6	6	5⅞	6	+½
128⅝	129	3,300	Great Northern pf.	129¼	129½	128⅝	128⅞	−⅜
61¾	62¼	100	G. N. certs. Ore Prop.	62	62	62	62	...
139	140	100	Illinois Central	139	139	139	139	−1
18⅜	18¾	500	Interborough-Met.	18¾	18¾	18⅜	18½	−½
51⅞	52	1,100	Interborough-Met. pf.	52½	52½	51¾	52	−½
125¾	127	200	Int. Harvester	126	126	126	126	−½
11¾	12	1,100	Int. Paper	12	12	11¾	12	+½
51⅝	51¾	1,850	Int. Paper pf.	51½	52	51	51⅝	+⅜
89½	90	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	−¼
17¾	18¼	600	Iowa Central	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	...
32½	33¼	1,000	Iowa Central pf.	33	33⅜	33	33	+½
34¼	34⅜	500	Kansas City South.	34½	34½	34⅜	34⅜	−½
67¾	69	100	Kan. City South. pf.	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	−1
106	106¼	900	Laclede Gas	106½	106½	106	106	−½
33	35	20	Lake Erie & West. pf.	35	35	35	35	...
178⅜	178¾	4,000	Lehigh Valley	178	178¾	178	178½	+½
90⅛	90¼	400	Mackay Cos.	90	90	90	90	...
75	76⅛	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	−¼
76	77½	1,200	May Dept. Stores	74	77½	74	77½	+4½
20⅛	20½	100	Miami Copper	20½	20½	20½	20½	+½
29	31	200	Minn. & St. Louis	30	30	30	30	−½
136½	137½	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	136	136½	136	136½	−1
34⅛	34¼	400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	34	34	34	34	−½
66½	67¾	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	66½	66½	66½	66½	−⅜
50	50¼	2,600	Missouri Pacific	50	50¼	49⅞	50¼	+½
136⅞	138	100	Nat. Biscuit Co.	136⅞	136⅞	136⅞	136⅞	−⅛
55	55⅜	100	Nat. Lead Co.	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜	−⅛
19⅛	19¼	600	Nev. Consol. Copper	19¼	19¼	19⅛	19⅛	−½
71	73	100	New York Air Brake	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	−⅝
108	108½	700	New York Central	108⅝	108½	108½	108½	...
42¼	43	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	...
107⅞	108⅛	1,700	Norfolk & Western	108	108⅛	107⅞	107⅞	−⅜
127⅞	128	5,700	Northern Pacific	128¼	128¼	127⅞	127⅞	−⅜
49	50½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	49½	49½	49½	49½	−½
122	122¼	4,787	Pennsylvania R. R.	122½	122½	122⅛	122⅛	...
..	..	16,185	Pennsylvania rights	2 5-32	2 7-32	2 5-32	2 7-32	−¼
105½	106	200	People's Gas, Chi.	105⅝	105⅝	105½	105½	...
114	115	600	Philadelphia Co.	114	114¼	113⅞	114¼	−½
21⅞	22½	6,000	Pittsburg Coal	21⅞	22⅜	21⅞	21⅞	+⅞
86½	86⅞	3,076	Pittsburg Coal pf.	86	88	86	86⅞	+⅝
35	35¼	200	Pressed Steel Car	35	35	35	35	+½
35	35¾	300	R'way Steel Spring	35	35¼	35	35¼	+¼
17¾	18	2,331	Ray Consol. Copper	17¾	18	17¾	17⅞	+¼
158½	158⅝	63,300	Reading	159¼	159⅜	158½	158½	...
29¾	30½	800	Rep. Iron & Steel	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29⅝	−⅜
94	95	300	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	93¾	93¾	93	93¾	−½
31¾	31⅞	2,200	Rock Island Co.	32	32⅛	31⅝	31⅝	−¼
62	63	800	Rock Island Co. pf.	62¾	63	62⅝	63	−¼
41⅛	42	325	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	42	42	42	42	−½
68	69½	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	68	68	68	68	−⅛
137½	138¾	100	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	137½	137½	137½	137½	+⅛
50	52	*125	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	51½	51½	51½	51½	−2½
118	118⅛	2,800	Southern Pacific	118	118⅛	117⅞	117⅞	−1
78½	90	10	South Porto R. Sugar	84¼	84¼	84¼	84¼	−¼
28⅝	29	900	Southern R'way ext.	28⅝	29	28⅝	28⅝	...
66¼	67	700	South. R'way pf., ext.	66¼	67	66¼	66¼	...
38⅜	38⅝	700	Tennessee Copper	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	−⅝
129	130	300	Texas Co.	129½	129½	129	129	...
27½	28	500	Texas & Pacific	27	28	27	28	−½
20½	21½	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+½
50	51	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	51	51¼	51	51¼	+⅛
81⅛	82	1,235	Underw'd Typewriter	83	83	81⅝	82	+⅛
108½	109	10	Underw'd Typew'r pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	−⅝
7	7¾	10	Union Bag & Paper	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	...
183¼	183½	37,800	Union Pacific	182⅝	183⅝	182⅝	183¼	...
94¼	94¾	380	Union Pacific pf.	94¼	94¾	94¼	94¾	+⅛
103	103½	100	U. Cigar M. pf., ex d.	103½	103½	103½	103½	−¼
106¾	107½	100	United Dry Goods	105	105	105	105	+1½
106¾	206⅞	100	United Dry Goods pf.	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	...
41	42	200	United R'ways Inv.	41	41	41	41	...
96	97	840	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	96	97	96	96⅝	...
41⅝	41⅞	400	U. S. Rubber	41⅜	41⅝	41¼	41⅝	+1⅞
113½	114	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	...
77⅞	78	142,250	U. S. Steel	78	78⅛	77⅝	78	−⅜
119⅛	119¼	1,000	U. S. Steel pf.	119¼	119⅜	119	119⅜	+⅛
47½	47⅝	3,100	Utah Copper	47⅞	47⅞	47¼	47½	...
59½	59¾	4,500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	59	60½	59	59⅝	+½
37¼	37¾	300	Wabash pf.	37¼	37⅞	37¼	37⅞	+½
60⅛	60¼	1,800	Western Maryland	59⅞	61	59⅞	60⅛	+⅜
81½	81¾	17,150	Western Union Tel.	83	84	81⅝	81¼	−1⅜
72¾	73¼	700	Westinghouse E. & M.	73½	73½	73	73	...
68¼	70⅜	100	Wisconsin Central	69	69	69	69	...

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100½	..
3s, r., 1918	101⅝	102½
3s, c., 1918	101⅝	..
4s, r., 1925	114⅝	115
4s, c., 1925	114⅝	115
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101¼
Adams Exp.	244	247
Allis-Chalm.	7½	8½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	100	103
A. B. S. & Fdy.	93½	95½
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	132½	135
A. C. & F. pf.	112	116⅞
Am. Coal	70	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	98	100
Am. Exp.	240	252
A. H. & L.	4¼	4½
A. H. & L. pf.	23½	24
Am. Malt	4	5
Am. M. pf.	34¼	35
Am. S. pf., B.	87	87½
Am. Snuff	280	..
Am. Sn. pf.	100	103
Am. St. F.	42	44
A. T. & C.	81	86
Am. Tob. pf.	101	101⅛
Am. W. Co.	33½	34
Am. W. Co. pf.	93⅝	94
Am. Wr. P. pf	29½	30¾
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann A. pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil	51	53
Batopilas M.	1⅝	2⅛
Beth. Steel pf.	61¾	62½
B. U. G.	142	144
Bruns. Ter.	9	10
B., R. & P.	110	..
B., R. & P. pf.	120	150
But'k Co.	29	31
Canada So.	67	72¼
Cent. Leath. pf.	101	103
C. R. R. of N. J.	275	284
C. & S. A. Tel.	119	120¼
Chi. & Alt.	31	32
C. & A. pf.	..	56
C. & E. Ill. pf.	107	..
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W.	146½	148
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	135	140
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	155	165
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	2½	3
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	5½	6½
C., C., C. & St. L.	59	64
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	95½	100
Cleve. & P.	166	..
Cleve. & P. Special	96	..
Col. & So.	55	55½
Col. & So. 1st pf.	76½	77½
Col. & So. 2d pf.	72	74½
Col. & H. C. & I. full paid	12½	14
Cons. Coal	102½	..
C. R. & L.	70	..
Corn P. R.	14⅝	15
Crex Carpet	70	75
Cub.-Am. S.	36	38½
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	90	92½
D. & R. G.	30	31
D., M. & Ft. D.	6	13
Det. Edison	110	..
D., S. S. & A.	14½	15¼
D. S. S. & A. pf.	24	28
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	96½	97½
Ev. & T. H.	83	85
Gen. C. Co.	132½	140
Granby Con.	30	60
Hav. E. R. pf.	..	97½
Hock. Val.	127	130
Homestake	84½	87½
Ill. C. I. L.	94½	..
Inger.-Rand	90	..
Inger.-Rand pf.	94	..
Int. H. pf.	125	126
Int. St. P.	39½	40
Jol. & Chi.	163½	..
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	76	78
K. & D. M.	6½	8½
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	70	77
Lack. Steel	42	46
L. E. & W.	15¼	19
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	57	60
Louis. & N.	147½	148¼
Mah. C. R.	500	..
Man. Beach	2½	3½
Man. Elev.	135½	139
Md. C. pf.	50	..
Mer. Marine	4	4⅝
Mer. Marine pf.	17¼	18
May Dept. Stores pf.	109	..
Mich. Cent.	..	180
M. & St. L. pf.	44	48
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	150	153
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89¾	90
Mor. & Es.	175	180
N., C. & St. L.	148	155
Nat. B. pf.	127½	128⅝
Nat. Enam.	16½	17½
Nat. Enam. pf.	85	92
Nat. L. pf.	108½	109
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	61	65
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	29½	30½
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L.	58	60
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	102	107
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	84	90
N. Y. D. Co.	..	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	..	66
N. Y., L. & W.	120½	125
N. Y., N. H. & H.	143½	145
N. Y., N. H. & H. 3d paid	141½	144
Norf. So.	48	50
Norf. & W. pf.	90	92
North Am.	74	75¾
Nor. Cent.	245	..
N. O. T. & Light	43½	44½
Ont. Mining	1⅝	2⅛
Pac. Coast	95	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	105
Pac. C. 2d pf.	95	105
Pac. Mail	25	26
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	94	99
Peo. & E.	17	22
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	..	85
P., C., C. & St. L.	92	95½
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	108	115
P., Ft. W. & C.	166¾	..
Pitts. St. pf.	103	105
Pr. St. Car pf.	100	101
Pub. S. C.	119	119¾
Pullman Co.	162	162⅝
Quicksilver	2	2¼
Q'ksil'r pf.	2	4½
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	101½	102
Rdg. 1st pf.	90	90¾
Rdg. 2d pf.	97	97¾
Rens. & S.	185½	200
R., W. & O.	119½	..
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	64	66
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	135	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	58	62
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	107	139
St. L. S. W.	31½	32
Sears-Roeb. pf.	119	120⅜
So. P. R. S. pf.	107½	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	81½	88
Stnad. Mill.	16	17
Stand. Mill. pf.	49	51
T. P. L. Tr.	87½	95
Third Av.	12	12½
T., P. & W.	16	..
T. R. & L.	7¼	7½
T. C. R. T.	109⅝	110
T. C. R. T. pf.	134½	145
U. B. & P. pf.	57	59½
U. Rys. In. pf.	71¼	72½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	25	26
U. S. C. I. Pipe	17¼	18
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	55¾	58
U. S. Exp.	98	100
U. S. R. & Impt.	77½	78½
U. S. R. & Ref.	4	5
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	11½	19
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	77	78
U. & B. R.	165	..
Va. R. & P.	..	42½
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	125	126
Va. I. C. & Coke	60	64
Vulcan Det.	10⅝	20
Vulcan Det. pf.	51	60
Wabash	16¼	16¾
W. F. Exp.	172	175
West. Md. pf.	79½	81
Westingh'se 1st pf.	116	117
W. & L. E.	4½	5
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	15¼	16
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6½	7½

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

Receipts—	May 24.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,021,778	$18,975,994	$284,390,702
Internal rev.	844,210	17,457,387	257,425,586
Corp. tax	39,434	658,058	8,003,901
Miscellaneous	372,469	7,406,863	47,829,117
Total rec.	$2,268,892	$44,498,305	$597,649,307
Expenditures	1,992,080	46,373,958	597,973,130
Surplus	276,802	*1,875,647	*323,823

*Deficit.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4s..May, '58, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s..Nov., '59, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4½s..May, '57, l'chg	108⅝	109	108⅝	109¼
4½s..Nov., '57, l'chg	108⅝	109	108⅝	109⅜
4½s..Nov., '17, l'chg	102½	103	102½	103
4½s..May, '17, l'chg	102½	103	102½	103
4s..May, '57, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s..Nov., '56, reg	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4s..May, '19, l'chg	99½	100	99½	100
4½s..March, '60, old	102½	102¾	102⅝	102¾
4½s..March, '60, new	104¼	104½	104¼	104½
3½s..May, '54, coup	89½	89¾	89½	89¾
3½s..N., '54, coup, l'g	89⅜	89¾	89⅜	89¾
3½s..May, '54, reg	89	89¾	89	89¾
3½s..Nov., '41, reg	89½	90⅜	89⅝	90⅜

FINANCIAL NOTES.

F. R. Lawrence gave a dinner last night in honor of Louis G. Kaufmann, President of the Phenix Chatham National Bank, at the Lotus Club.

James A. Baker, Jr., has been elected a member of the New York Stock Exchange. The seat of the late Charles J. Heinsheimer has been posted for transfer to Arthur J. Rosenthal.

Effingham Lawrence & Co., members of the Stock Exchange have issued a circular showing the merits of the American Telegraph and Cable Company, and statement of earnings of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

H. L. Horton & Co. have issued a special letter giving the Government's method of calculating probable crop yields for grain reports.

Williams, McConnell & Coleman, specialists in gas and electric securities, 60 Wall Street, New York, have moved into larger offices at the same address.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Total sales May 25, 1911.......... $2,502,000
From Jan. 1, 1911.......... 304,071,000
Same period last year.......... 315,597,300

Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
4,000.......... 94½
1,000.......... 94⅝
Jap Gov 4s, sterling loan
500.......... 85¾
U S Mex 4s
4,000.......... 93
Virg.na 6s, defd Brown Bros & Co ctfs
5,000.......... 55½
N Y City 4s, 1957
2,000.......... 100¼
N Y City 4s, 1959
24,000.......... 100⅛
18,000.......... 100
N Y City 4¼s
15,000.......... 102⅝
N Y City 4½s, temp recta
73,000.......... 104¾
5,000 c.......... 104⅝
25,000.......... 104¾
24,000.......... 104⅞
3,000.......... 104¾
N Y City 4½s, 1917
1,000.......... 102⅝
Alb & Susq 3½s
3,000.......... 93⅜
1,000.......... 93½
Allis-Chalmers 5s
46,000.......... 77¾
29,000.......... 77½
5,000.......... 78
5,000.......... 77¾
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
5,000.......... 101⅝
Am Hide & L 6s
1,000.......... 93¼
Am Sm Secur 6s
2,000.......... 103⅛
Am T & T col 4s
64,000.......... 91⅝
Am T & T cnv 4s
23,000.......... 110
Am Tob 6s
37,000.......... 109
Am Tob 4s
3,000.......... 84⅛
9,000.......... 84½
32,000.......... 84⅜
4,000.......... 84¼
7,000.......... 84⅜
Am Writing P 5s
1,000.......... 90¼
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000.......... 80¼
Armour & Co 4½s
18,000.......... 93
A, T & S Fe gen 4s
5,000.......... 98⅝
8,500.......... 98¾
1,000.......... 98⅝
adjustment 4s
2,000.......... 91⅝
stamped
2,000.......... 91½
conv 4s, 1960
6,000.......... 104⅝
conv 5s
2,000.......... 113½
Eastn Okl 4s
2,000.......... 97⅝
Atl Coast L 4s
1,000.......... 95⅛
Atl Coast Line L & N col 4s
5,000.......... 94
B & O gold 4s
4,000.......... 98¾
4,000.......... 98⅝
P, L E & W V 4s
1,000.......... 92
10,000.......... 91¾
Beth Steel 5s
2,000.......... 95
10,000.......... 95
6,000.......... 94¾
8,000.......... 94⅞
25,000.......... 95
1,000.......... 94⅞
86,000.......... 95
11,000.......... 95¼
15,000.......... 95⅛
Bklyn R T gold 5s
2,000.......... 103⅛
Bklyn R T rfdg conv 4s
3,000.......... 85⅜
1,000.......... 85
8,000.......... 85⅞
20,000.......... 85⅜
2,000.......... 85⅞
Bklyn Un El 1st
5,000.......... 101⅝
Bush Terml 4s
12,000.......... 93
Cal G & Elec 5s
5,000.......... 95
Cent Leather 5s
10,000.......... 99¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s
5,000.......... 97⅛
C & O con 5s
1,000.......... 112⅝
5,000.......... 112½
1,000.......... 112¼
C & O gen 4½s
3,000.......... 101⅝
conv 4½s
10,000.......... 96
C, B & Q gen 4s
1,000.......... 97⅛
10,000.......... 97⅛
39,000.......... 97⅛
C, B & Q joint 4s
2,000.......... 96⅞
4,000.......... 96⅞
55,000.......... 96⅞
10,000.......... 96⅞
Denver div 4s
1,000.......... 99¼
Ill div 3½s
10,000.......... 88⅛
10,000.......... 88
Chic & East Ill ref & imp 4s
10,000.......... 81⅝
Chi Gt West 4s
5,000.......... 85⅝
C, Ind & L ref 6s
1,000.......... 123
C, M & St P gen 4s, ser A
4,000.......... 98⅝
4s, 1934
1,000.......... 93
C & P W 5s
2,000.......... 107¼
Chic & Northw gen 4s
5,000.......... 98⅜
gen 3½s
10,000.......... 87
con 7s
3,000.......... 110
C, R I & P Ry refunding 4s
1,000.......... 89⅞
7,000.......... 89⅞
10,000.......... 89¾
C, R I & P R R 4s
2,000.......... 76⅝
5,000.......... 76⅛
11,000.......... 76⅜
12,000.......... 76
2,000.......... 76⅛
3,000.......... 76⅛
C, H & D 2d 4½s
4,000.......... 101¼
gtd 4s
4,000.......... 89
Col Industrl 5s
3,000.......... 74¾
10,000.......... 74½
Col & So 1st 4s
5,000.......... 96
2,000.......... 96¼
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
10,000.......... 98⅝
Corn Prodt R s f 5s, 1931
1,000.......... 96¼
Den & Rio Gd 1st & ref 5s
1,000.......... 91
Det City Gas 5s
5,000.......... 100¼
Dis Sec Corp 5s
3,000.......... 73⅝
Erie 1st con 7s
1,000 s 20f.......... 110¼
Erie conv 4s, series A
3,000 s 7f.......... 88
series B
6,000.......... 74½
5,000.......... 74¼
4,000.......... 74
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s
4,000.......... 96
Gen Elec conv deb 5s
500.......... 160
12,000.......... 160¼
Ga Car & N 1st
1,000.......... 108
Gulf & Ship I 5s
1,000.......... 99½
Ill Cent ref 4s
7,000.......... 97
St L div 3½s
3,000.......... 87⅞
Int-Met 4½s
1,000.......... 79⅛
11,000.......... 79⅛
1,000.......... 79⅛
Inter Rap T 5s
58,000.......... 104⅛
110,000.......... 104¼
8,000.......... 104⅛
K C, Ft S & M 4s
2,000.......... 80⅝
K C & P 1st
5,000.......... 89⅛
Kan City So 5s
5,000.......... 100⅛
Kings Co Elv 4s, stamped gtd
5,000.......... 84
Knoxv & Ohio 1st
1,000.......... 115½
Lack Steel 5s, 1923
2,000.......... 98⅝
Laclede Gas Ligt of St L 1st 5s
1,000.......... 102⅝
S & M So 4s, 1928
8,000.......... 94⅝
Leh & N Y 1st 4s
5,000.......... 93½
L & N unified 4s
4,000.......... 98⅝
Manhattan con 4s
1,000.......... 97
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
1,000.......... 67⅛
13,000.......... 67½
Met St gen 5s
7,000.......... 78
M, K & T 1st & ref 4s
1,000.......... 80¼
Mo Pac conv 5s
13,000.......... 93⅝
5,000.......... 93
3,000.......... 93⅝
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000.......... 78
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
2,000.......... 100⅝
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
10,000.......... 101
Mob & Ohio ext 6s
1,000.......... 115⅛
Nat Enameling & Stamping 5s
1,000.......... 95⅝
10,000.......... 95
N Y Central deb 4s, 1934
10,000 s.......... 98⅛
L S col 3½s
1,000.......... 80
13,000.......... 79¾
M C col 3½s
15,000 s 10f.......... 75½
N Y G, El H & P pur money
3,000.......... 89¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000.......... 132⅝
8,000.......... 132¾
N Y Tel 4½s
2,000.......... 100¼
Nor & Wn cnv 4s
15,000.......... 107½
50,000.......... 107⅞
Northn Pac 4s
3,000.......... 100
1,000 s 20f.......... 99⅞
6,000.......... 99⅞
Or R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 96¼
Oreg Short Line gtd ref 4s
1,000.......... 94⅝
4,000.......... 94½
Pac Tel & T 5s
11,000.......... 99⅝
3,000.......... 99¾
5,000.......... 99⅝
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
7,000.......... 99¾
1915
500.......... 96⅝
30,000.......... 97
10,000.......... 96⅞
Penn 4s, 1948
10,000.......... 104
Peo & E 1st 4s
5,000.......... 91⅝
5,000.......... 92
Pitts, S & L E 1st
1,000.......... 112⅝
Public Service Corp sing fund 5s
1,000.......... 94⅝
4,000.......... 94
Reading gen 4s
14,000.......... 98
8,000.......... 97⅞
3,000.......... 97⅞
St L, Ir Mt & So, River & Gulf 4s
14,000.......... 86
St L, Rocky Mt & Pacific 5s
2,000.......... 84½
St L & S F Ry gen 5s
2,000.......... 107⅛
5,000.......... 107¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s
4,000.......... 89⅝
St L S W 1st 4s
16,000.......... 91½
con 4s
2,000.......... 80⅝
San A & A P 4s
2,000.......... 87⅝
Sav, Fla & West 1st 5s
1,000.......... 110⅝
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s
3,000.......... 79½
17,000.......... 79⅝
So Car & Ga 1st
1,000.......... 104⅛
1,000.......... 104⅛
1,000.......... 104¼
So Pac conv 4s
1,000.......... 98½
10,000.......... 98⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s
3,000.......... 95⅝
79,000.......... 95⅝
So Ry 1st 5s
10,000.......... 108⅝
1,000.......... 108½
So Ry gen 4s
4,000.......... 80
2,000.......... 79⅞
14,000.......... 80
14,000.......... 79⅞
So Ry, M & O col 4s
1,000.......... 87
Standard Milling 1st 5s
8,000.......... 87
8,000.......... 88½
Third Av con 4s, Tr Co ctfs sta
2,000.......... 69
16,000.......... 68⅝
37,000.......... 69
2,000.......... 69½
61,000.......... 69
30,000.......... 69⅛
32,000.......... 69
1,000.......... 69⅛
8,000.......... 69
6,000.......... 69⅛
1,000.......... 69
46,000.......... 69⅛
20,000.......... 69
5,000.......... 68⅞
8,000.......... 68⅞
10,000.......... 68⅞
17,000.......... 68⅞
12,000.......... 68⅞
Tol, St L & Wn 4s
3,000.......... 71
Un Pac 1st 4s
5,000.......... 101¼
Un Pac conv 4s
25,000.......... 106⅝
5,000.......... 106½
U S Rubber 6s
2,000.......... 104⅝
10,000.......... 104⅝
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
36,000.......... 106
20,000.......... 106⅛
19,000.......... 106
Va-Car Chem 5s
6,000.......... 101
5,000.......... 101¼
Va I, Coal & C 5s
2,000.......... 98¼
25,000.......... 98½
Va & S W con 5s
3,000.......... 97
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
11,000.......... 68½
Wabash, Pitts Ter 1st, Cent Trust ctfs
2,000.......... 39⅝
5,000.......... 39⅛
10,000.......... 40
Colum Tr ctfs
10,000.......... 42
Western Elec 5s
3,000.......... 102¼
3,000.......... 102⅜
West Md 4s
18,000.......... 87⅝
12,000.......... 87⅜
3,000.......... 87⅜
West Shore 4s
2,000.......... 101½
West Un Tel col tr 5s
1,000.......... 101½
West Un fund & real est 4½s
60,000.......... 97⅝
West Un conv 4s, Series A
20,000.......... 104⅛
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000.......... 94
1,000.......... 94½
5,000.......... 94¼

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper 5s, Apr. 1, 1913	100¼	100⅜	4.71
Am. Cig. B 4s, Mar. 15, 1912	99⅝	100⅛	3.87
Ann Arbor 5s, May 1, 1913	98⅜	99⅛	5.42
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June 1, 1913	100⅛	100⅜	4.37
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov. 1, 1914	100¼	100¾	5.67
Ches. & Ohio 4½s, June 1, 1914	99	99⅜	4.87
C., H. & D. pur. m. 4s, July 1, 1913	99	99½	4.37
Chi. & Alton 5s, Mar. 15, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	5.07
Erie 6s, April 8, 1914	100	100½	5.86
Gen. Motors 6s, Oct. 1, 1915	98⅝	99⅛	6.20
Gen. Rubber 4½s, July 1, 1915	96⅞	97⅜	5.27
Hudson Co. 6s, Feb. 1, 1913	99	99⅜	5.96
Int. & G. N. 5s, May 15, 1914	98⅞	99⅜	5.31
K. C. Ry. & L. 6s, Sep. 1, 1912	99	99½	6¼
Lack. St. conv. deb. 5s, March, 1915	94½	95½	6¼
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1913	95¾	96¾	7¼
M., K. & T. 5s, May 1, 1913	99⅝	99¾	5.19
N. R. of M. 4½s, June 1, 1913	99½	99¾	4.76
N. Y. Cen. 4½s, Mar. 1, 1914	100¼	100⅜	4.34
Pac. T. & T. 5s, Jan. 5, 1913	100⅛	100⅜	4.96
Pere Mar. 6s, July 1, 1912	98⅝	99⅛	6½
St. L. & S. F. 5s, Mar. 1, 1913	99	99½	5.47
St. L. & S. F. 5s, Mar. 1, 1913	98⅝	99⅛	5.47
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb. 1, 1913	100⅛	100⅜	4.61
Tidewater Co. 6s, June 1, 1913	100¼	100¾	5.66
Wabash 4½s, May 1, 1913	96	97	6.11
West. T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	100⅛	100⅜	4.62
Westing. 6s, Aug. 1, 1913	101¼	101⅞	5.08

Accrued interest to be added.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading Falls Off Sharply and Prices Move Narrowly in Most Issues on the Curb.

PANAMAS AT NEW RECORD

New 3s Sell Up to 103, Closing at the High Level—Inspiration Copper Advances ¼ Above Opening.

The volume of Curb trading fell off sharply yesterday and issues which had reported transactions in thousands earlier in the week yesterday did business in hundreds. Braden Copper sold 1,000 shares at 4⅝. Inspiration was strong, selling up from 8⅞ to 9¼ on transactions of 1,500 shares. Butte Coalition sold only 100 shares, the price being 20. In the bond list trading was confined to five issues. The new Panama 3s made a new high record at 103 and closed at the high level after sales of $325,000. Missouri Pacific notes continued active, selling off from 99 13-16 to 99 11-16 on transactions of $400,000. American Tobacco sold only 250, the close being at 500, 1 point below the opening.

* * *

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
250	Am. Tobacco	501	†504	500	500
800	Int. Rub. Tr. cfs.	26½	26½	26⅛	26¼
7,000	Manh. Transit	1⅝	2 3-16	†1⅝	2 3-16
15	Stand. Oil	665	665	665	665
850	Studebaker Co.	58⅝	59¼	58⅝	59¼
1,085	Studeb. Co. pf.	103	103½	103	103¼
3,500	U. S. L. & H.	2 1-16	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16
200	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8⅜	8½	8⅜	8½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Braden Cop.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
100	Butte Coalition	20	20	20	20
1,000	*Cobalt Cent.	4	4	4	4
500	*C. O. D. Con.	8	8	8	8
200	Con. Ar. Smelt.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,100	Florence	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	*Greenwater	6	7	6	7
200	Greene-Can.	7	7	7	7
[illegible]	Insp. Cop	8⅞	9½	8⅞	9¼
200	Kerr Lake	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6¾
700	La Rose Con.	4⅛	4 3-16	4⅛	4⅛
140	McKin.-Dar.	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
600	Nevada Hills	3 1-16	3⅛	3 1-16	3⅛
300	N.-U. M. & S.	13-16	13-16	13-16	13-16
50	New Baltic Cop.	7	7	7	7
200	Nipis. Mines Co.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
2,260	*Porcupine Cen.	73	73	73	73
1,100	*Porcupine Nor.	67	67	66	67
1,700	Por. Town. M. Ltd.	36	36	36	36
1,280	Ray Central	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
425	S. Utah M. & S.	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
1,000	Tonopah Ext.	1.00	1.00	.98	.98
350	Tonopah Min.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1,500	Tuolumne Cop.	4 11-16	4¾	4 11-16	4¾
300	Union Mines	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
100	Unit. Cop. pf.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
7,000	Watl'ffer Sil. M.	1 5-32	1 5-32	1 3-32	1⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Hud. & M. 4½s	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼
75,000	Int. & Gt. N. 5% notes	99	99	99	99
400,000	M. P. 5% notes	99 13-16	99 13-16	99⅝	99 11-16
50,000	M., K. & T. 5% notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
325,000	Pan. 3s, w. i.	102⅝	103	102⅝	103

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	May 25. Bid.	May 25. Asked.	May 24. Bid.	May 24. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	499	500	500	502
Am. Writing Paper	1⅛	2½	1½	2½
Am. Light & Trac.	290	292	290	292
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Bay State Gas	..	..	7-16	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	123	126	123	126
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107	109	107	109
Braden Copper	4⅝	4¾	4½	4¾
British Col. Copper	5	5¼	5⅛	5⅝
Butte Coalition	20	20¼	19⅞	20¼
Chicago Subway	4	4¼	3⅞	4⅛
Cobalt Central	4	5	4	5
Davis-Daly Copper	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
First Nat. Copper	..	..	1⅝	2
Giroux Mining	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6½
Greene-Cananea	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Guggenheim Exp.	205	208	205	208
Intercontinental Rub.	26	26¼	26	26¼
International Salt	5	8	5	8
Kerr Lake	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6¾
La Rose Con.	4⅜	4 7-16	4 5-16	4 7-16
Manhattan Transit	2⅛	2 3-16	1⅝	1¾
Mason Valley	9⅜	9⅝	9½	9⅝
Nipissing	10⅝	10¾	10½	10⅝
Ohio Copper	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
Ray Central	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1 13-16
Standard Milling	..	..	15	17
Standard Milling pf.	..	..	48	52
Standard Oil	663	670	665	670
Studebaker Co.	58¼	59⅞	57½	57½
Studebaker Co. pf.	103	103½	102⅝	103¼
Tonopah Mining	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
United Cigar Mfrs.	57	59	57	59
U. S. Light & Heat	2 1-16	2¼	2 1-16	2 3-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8½	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝
Western Pacific 5s	..	..	91½	92½
Yukon Gold Mines	3 15-16	4	3 15-16	4

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

More than 40 per cent. of the total business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was in United States Steel common. Interest was focused upon that stock throughout the session, with its rally at the close construed by many traders as an indication that the price concessions announced by the Republic Iron and Steel Company were losing influence as a bearish factor in the market. Taken as a whole, quotations exhibited a good deal of irregularity, compared with the other board.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,230	Amal. Copper	67¼	67¼	66⅜	66⅝
1,330	Am. Beet Sugar	49½	51⅛	49⅝	50⅝
60	Am. Car & F.	55¼	55½	55¼	55½
110	Am. Cotton Oil	50⅜	50⅜	50¼	50⅜
90	Am. Ice	22	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛
80	Am. Locomotive	41¼	41¼	41	41¼
1,860	Am. Smelting	79⅝	80	79¼	79½
70	Anaconda Cop.	40¼	40¼	39⅞	39⅞
60	Am. Sugar	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼
250	A., T. & S. F.	112½	112⅝	112½	112⅝
810	Brooklyn R. T.	79⅝	80	79½	79⅝
150	Can. Pacific	233½	233½	232⅝	232⅝
170	Cent. Leather	30	30⅛	30	30
90	Ches. & Ohio	82⅝	82⅝	82	82⅛
860	C., M. & St. P.	123¼	123⅜	122½	122¾
290	Col. Fuel & I.	33¼	33¼	33	33
20	Con. Gas	145⅜	145⅜	145⅜	145⅜
80	Dist. Securities	36	36⅜	35⅞	36⅜
290	Erie	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜
10	Erie 1st pf.	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜
10	Gen. Electric	162¼	162¼	162¼	162¼
30	Gt. North'n pf.	129¼	129¼	128⅜	128⅜
20	Inter.-Met.	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
110	Inter.-Met. pf.	52⅛	52½	52	52⅛
200	Lehigh Valley	178¼	178½	178	178¼
70	Mo., K. & T.	33⅞	34	33⅞	34
510	Mo. Pacific	50	50⅝	50	50⅝
50	Nat. Lead	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
50	N. Y. Central	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜
50	N. Y., O. & W.	43	43	42⅞	42⅞
10	Norf. & West.	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
460	Nor. Pacific	128	128⅜	127⅞	127⅞
10	Pacific Mail	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
220	Pennsylvania	122⅝	122⅝	122⅛	122¼
141	Penn. rights	2 3-16	2 5-16	2⅛	2¼
240	People's Gas	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
40	Pitts. Coal	22	22⅛	22	22⅛
15,420	Reading	159⅛	159⅝	158⅜	158⅜
40	Rep. Steel	29⅞	30	29⅞	30
90	Rep. Steel pf.	93⅝	93⅝	93⅛	93⅝
870	Rock Island	32⅛	32⅛	31⅝	31⅝
410	Southern Pac.	118	118⅛	117⅞	118
70	Southern Ry.	28⅝	29	28⅝	28⅝
90	Tenn. Copper	38⅞	38⅞	38⅜	38⅝
10,250	Union Pacific	183	183⅝	182⅝	183
40	U. S. Rubber	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
29,530	U. S. Steel	78⅛	78⅛	77⅝	77⅞
71	U. S. Steel pf.	119⅛	119⅛	119	119
50	Utah Copper	47⅛	47⅛	47¼	47⅜
810	Va.-Car. Chem.	58⅜	60⅛	58⅞	59⅝
2,190	West. Union	83¼	83⅝	81⅞	81⅞
120	West. Maryland	60⅝	60⅝	60½	60⅝
70,062					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	Comstock	.31½	.32	.31¼	.32
200	Crown Point	.75	.75	.75	.75
500	Mexican	4.50	4.62½	4.50	4.62½
500	Ophir	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40
1,000	Sand. Kendal	.03	.03	.03	.03
300	Sierra Nevada	.57	.57	.57	.57
700	Union Con.	1.49	1.50	1.40	1.50
500	West End	.52	.52	.52	.52
4,600					

Condition of the Treasury.

WASINGTON, May 25.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices	$18,136,315
In banks and Philippine Treasury	34,342,860
The total balance in general fund was	78,895,117
Ordinary receipts yesterday were	2,268,893
With ordinary disbursements of	1,992,000

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $323,823, as against $16,120,674 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

Founded 1873
Tobey & Kirk
WILL SELL:
10 Am. Press Association
10 Bank of Metropolis
10 Battle Creek Coal & Coke 6s
10 Buffalo Gas 1st 5s
10 Childs' (Restaurant) Pfd.
10 Dart Cereal Co.
10 Germania Bank
10 Havana Tobacco 5s
1 Hecker Milling 1st 6s
100 Nat. Boat & Engine Com.
18 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
10 Singer Manufacturing Co.
1 United Lead Deb. 5s

TOBEY & KIRK,
25 Broad St., New York
'Phone: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

A GUARANTEED INCOME
"Continuous dividends denote effective and conservative management and stability of earnings."
We offer for investment in amounts of $100 and upwards a security of unusual merit, the intrinsic value of which is considerably in excess of its present market price.
Dividends on this Company's capital stock have been paid for the past 58 years.
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GENERAL CUT IN STEEL BARS.

Other Prices Not Affected, but There Is an Unsettled Feeling.

Prices of steel bars were reduced unofficially yesterday by practically all of the producers to meet the lower levels at which the Republic Iron and Steel Company proceeded to book orders in line with its announcement of "a more aggressive sales policy." Sales of 25,000 tons of standard bars were reported from Pittsburg yesterday at $1.25 a hundredweight, which is a concession of 15 cents from the price of $1.40, which is still officially quoted by the manufacturers. The $1.25 price is, however, being met wherever business offers.

The attitude of the Steel Corporation was repleted in the action of the Carnegie Steel Company, which promptly met the prices made by the Republic Iron & Steel Company. No cuts were made by the Steel Corporation subsidiary in any of its other products. Two of the leading independents which have openly met the cut are the Jones & Laughlin Company, which is a much larger producer of bars than the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and the Cambria Steel Company.

So far, steel men reported yesterday, there has been no appreciable effect of the cut in bars on new business, although the new orders for 25,000 tons reported is a large booking for one day. Other standard steel products have been sentimentally affected, however, and this unsettling of prices is what is giving steel men concern. A meeting of the leading independents and the Steel Corporation representatives is expected to be held on Monday, when Judge Gary returns from his trip to Chicago, at which the whole situation will be canvassed.

In plates, while the price of $1.40 is held to in making quotations, there is complaint of price concessions wherever the buyer holds out the temptation of a considerable tonnage. The price of $1.40, Pittsburg, is equivalent to $1.56, New York, and there are many advantages which a seller may offer in the way of concessions on shipping charges that amount to price cuts.

John W. Gates, who is credited with having a large part in the breaking away of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, which he controls, from the other producers, has not sailed for Europe as was stated at his office on Wednesday. He will give his testimony before the Stanley Committee which is investigating the Steel Corporation at Washington on Saturday. He is expecting to sail next Tuesday.

Judge Elbert H. Gary has expressed his willingness to appear before the Congressional Committee, and Andrew Carnegie is also a volunteer witness.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

United States 3s at New High Price.

Purchases of the new United States 3 per cent. bonds on the Curb yesterday carried the price up to 103, the highest price at which the bonds have sold. The principal market which has, so far, been established for these bonds on the Curb appears to arise from purchases by institutions which have held other issues of United States bonds and are now shifting their investment into the new bonds, thereby obtaining a higher return on their money. At yesterday's high price of 103, the new bonds will yield an income of 2.836 as figured by the Government actuary. The outstanding 2 per cent. bonds, apart from possible profits on circulation which, of course, can be realized only by National banks, yield at current prices an income of a trifle less than 2 per cent., for the bonds are selling at a fraction over par. A shift from these 2s to the new 3s. shows, therefore, a gain in income of approximately three-fourths of 1 per cent.

⁂

Exports of Manufactures Grow.

The noteworthy feature of the detailed statement of the country's April foreign commerce, issued yesterday, apart from the large excess of exports over imports, is the gain reported in the exports of manufactured products ready for consumption. These amounted in April to $62,343,864, compared with $44,958,169 in the previous April and only $39,130,871 in April, 1909. This shows a gain of almost 40 per cent. last month, compared with April, 1910. For the ten months ended April 30 the exports of manufactures ready for consumption showed the handsome increase of nearly $87,000,000. The only important item of exports in April which showed a decrease was crude material for use in manufacture. Among imports, on the other hand, all divisions showed decreases with the single exception of foodstuffs in natural shape and food animals.

⁂

Security of Mexican Investments.

José Limantour, Mexican Minister of Finance, is said while in New York recently to have given assurances to Americans having money invested in his country that any losses incurred through the activities of the insurrectos would be paid by the Government without quibbling wherever honest proof of damage was submitted. Several New York bankers were given to understand that their claims would not be resisted unless they seemed exorbitant. An investment broker who has been instrumental in placing a large amount of Mexican securities in this country said yesterday that he had sent letters to all of his clients assuring them that if they were disturbed by reports of the insurrection he would find a market for their securities at the price paid him by them, and that from several hundred such letters he had received but two answers accepting his offer.

⁂

Strength of New Issues.

The advance of 4⅝ in the shares of the May Department Stores yesterday draws attention to the upward course of a number of the newly admitted stocks, many of which have been taken in from the outside market. May Department Stores, which sold at 70 at the time of its admission, is now at 77⅛. Other advances among the newcomers are those of United States Industrial Alcohol, from 91 to 97, and Underwood Typewriter, from 63 to 83½. The sharp gains in the last-named, however, was coincident with the beginning of dividends at 4 per cent. Less prominent among the newly listed stocks have been Ray Consolidated and Miami Copper, which, however, are substantially above the opening levels. On Wednesday Standard Milling was transferred from the Curb to the big Exchange, and Inspiration Copper, although not admitted this week, has its application on file with the authorities.

⁂

Gold to Canada.

Additional amounts of gold coin aggregating $1,500,000, were withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury, yesterday, for shipment to Canada. This single day's withdrawals are $600,000 greater than the entire amount sent across the border from the first of 1910 to date. Toward the end of the month, the Canadian banks have to think of their reserve requirements, but the heavy movement this year is more especially a reflection of the activity of funds in Canada, in contrast to the ease of money in these markets. So far this week, there has been sent to Canada $2,600,000, and during May there went $3,600,000. From the first of the year to date, the total sent across the border has been, including yesterday's withdrawals, $5,450,000.

⁂

Stiffer Copper Prices.

One of the effects of the better demand for copper has been, naturally, a firmer tone in the market for the metal. The large inquiries, which were coincident with the settlement of the Standard Oil case and the revival of the movement for a consolidation of the large copper producers, has resulted in heavy sales, which report puts at the large aggregate of 75,000,000 pounds for the last ten-day period. The previous buying movement, which depleted stocks last month, left the selling agencies in a commanding position, with the result that prices have ranged from ⅛ of a cent to ¼ of a cent higher, a large part of the sales of the last few days having been made at 12⅝ cents a pound, against 12⅛ cents, a few weeks ago. The quotation for electrolytic copper is now between 12⅝ and 12¼ cents, though the latter level is not yet the real market.

NORTHERN PACIFIC IN FUNDS.

Sufficient Money on Hand to Complete New Washington Line.

Directors of the Northern Pacific Railway held their last meeting of the Summer yesterday afternoon to ratify routine business already passed upon by the Executive Committee. President Howard Elliott, who has been in New York for the past ten days, will return to St. Paul to-day.

It was learned that the Northern Pacific will not be in the market at this time for new funds to prosecute improvement work in the Northwest. Wall Street has been looking for an issue of bonds on the Spokane, Portland & Seattle road, which is jointly owned by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, but a Director said after yesterday's meeting that the company had sufficient money to carry its new lines in Oregon to completion. The Northern Pacific has much less work under way than the Harriman lines, which are building a new road south from Spokane, and invading the Hill field with other extensions.

Mr. Elliott said that reports from the Northwest continue to indicate a very good crop year, and that business throughout the entire section appears to be improving. The Northern Pacific had about concluded arrangements with the Chicago & Northwestern for a new through passenger train from Chicago to the coast via Minneapolis. The Burlington, another Hill road, already had such an arrangement with the Northern Pacific and had found itself unable to provide accommodations to care for the demand. The Northern Pacific denies that its new train was put on as a result of the St. Paul's announcement of through transcontinental service. The new train will leave Chicago in the evening to supplement the morning train over the Burlington.

OREGON BOND ISSUE BY UNION PACIFIC

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Buy an Issue of $25,000,000 4 Per Cents. to Put Out at 93.

ADVANCE DEMAND FOR THEM

Bonds Are Issued on the Oregon-Washington Line and Are Guaranteed by the Parent Railroad.

After a meeting of Directors of the Union Pacific yesterday it was announced that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had purchased $25,000,000 first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the new Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company. Another $15,000,000 of this issue is in the Union Pacific's treasury and it is expected that the bankers will also acquire them.

The new bonds will be offered simultaneously by Baring Brothers & Co., Limited, in London, and by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. here. They will be put out at 93, and it was said by Wall Street bond men yesterday that at this price their immediate sale was assured. The offering will be made next week through subscriptions and the bonds will be allotted on a pro rata basis. It is understood that at least $5,000,000 will be reserved for London buyers.

Under the mortgage a total of $175,000,000 of these bonds have been authorized, of which $23,000,000 are reserved to retire the consolidated fours of the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company. The new company is a merger of the old Railroad & Navigation Company, the North Coast Railway, and affiliated lines of the Union Pacific.

It was said by a Director yesterday that the Union Pacific's financing in coming years will be done through these bonds, inasmuch as most of the new construction planned lies in the new company's territory. The bonds are a first lien on about 700 miles of road now, and a second lien on 1,100 miles more. They are guaranteed unconditionally both as to interest and principal by the Union Pacific. Eventually they will constitute a first lien upon the entire system. The first mortgage 4s will take the place of convertible issues in future financing.

The bankers have been in receipt of so many inquiries for the new issue that it is expected that the bonds will be heavily oversubscribed. It was said by one of the Directors that while the Union Pacific was not in need of funds at the present time it was thought best to take advantage of a good bond market to provide money against future needs. The sale of the remaining $15,000,000 of the amount taken over by the Union Pacific for advances to the new lines may be arranged in the near future.

CURB BROKER DISCIPLINED.

Suspended for Three Months and Old Sheftels Stocks Are Thrown Out.

Curb brokers had their first example of the workings of the new organization of their market yesterday when the Curb bulletin, which hangs suspended from the Club clock, announced that Louis Levy had been suspended from the privileges of the New York Curb Association for three months. When the Curb brokers organized a few months ago they adopted a constitution and the energies of the governing body were directed toward eliminating doubtful stocks and little attention was paid to the personnel of the association.

The reason given for Levy's suspension, and he enjoys the distinction of being the first member disciplined, was a violation of the regulation requiring that the Secretary be notified of all dissolutions of firms, removals, and changes in addresses. Traders, however, associated the action against him with the removal from the Curb list of Rawhide Coalition and Rawhide Queen, two of the stocks promoted by the old Sheftels firm.

Sheftels has been a frequent visitor in Levy's office, and the latter has been looked upon as the principal trader in the two old promotions of the Sheftels firm which were removed from the Curb yesterday. A Department of Justice official also called upon Levy.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
CANADIAN NORTHERN—			
3d week May	$303,700	$286,600	$17,100
July 1-May 21	13,296,700	11,233,300	2,063,400
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
3d week May	433,400	419,400	14,000
July 1-May 21	20,519,000	20,442,200	76,800
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
2d week May	37,921	37,641	280
July 1-May 14	2,108,078	2,064,251	43,827
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
3d week May	131,000	152,000	*21,000
July 1-May 21	8,009,000	7,686,000	323,000
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
3d week May	488,302	442,881	45,421
July 1-May 21	26,196,055	23,949,282	2,246,773
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
3d week May	1,003,000	957,000	46,000
July 1-May 21	47,367,785	47,362,976	5,809
TEXAS & PACIFIC—			
3d week May	240,304	256,940	*16,636
Jan. 1-May 21	5,480,056	5,864,685	*384,629

*Decrease.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE for April—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	10,401	9,934	9,866
Gross	8,907,748	9,386,630	8,021,626
Exp. and taxes	6,269,220	7,006,515	5,094,516
Net	2,638,528	2,380,115	2,927,110
10 mos. gross	90,440,659	87,442,681	78,292,899
Exp. and taxes	62,220,254	61,514,267	50,151,689
10 mos. net	28,220,405	25,928,414	28,141,210

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for April—

Gross	130,913	120,384	106,411
Expenses	78,036	71,150	64,182
Net	52,877	49,234	42,229
Chgs. and taxes	35,571	33,310	28,552
Surplus	17,306	15,924	13,677
10 mos. gross	1,421,542	1,302,282	1,183,401
Expenses	822,187	726,760	653,439
10 mos. net	599,355	575,522	529,961
Chgs. and taxes	344,264	307,266	280,245
10 mos. surplus	255,091	268,257	249,717

NASHVILLE RAILWAY AND LIGHT CO. for April—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross	161,228	147,519	13,709
Exp. and taxes	94,554	87,993	6,561
Net	66,674	59,526	7,148
Chgs., deprec.	38,262	38,092	170
Surplus	28,412	21,434	6,978
4 mos. gross	631,374	581,833	49,541
Exp. and taxes	372,449	336,291	36,159
4 mos. net	258,924	245,542	13,382
Chgs., deprec.	152,523	152,191	332
4 mos. surplus	106,401	93,351	13,050

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for April—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	7,088	7,050	7,055
Gross	4,804,413	4,773,435	4,229,607
Exp. and taxes	3,458,752	3,470,737	3,097,858
Net	1,345,661	1,302,698	1,131,749
10 mos. gross	50,906,012	48,108,961	44,101,621
Exp. and taxes	35,248,873	33,932,683	31,422,245
10 mos. net	14,657,139	14,176,278	12,678,976

Miscellaneous Earnings.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
T'l rcts. f'm op.	$2,292,650	$2,187,746	$104,904
Exp. priv., deb.	1,196,758	1,145,751	51,007
Total op. rev.	1,095,892	1,041,996	53,896
Total op. exp.	1,122,870	1,019,949	102,921
Deficit	26,978	†22,046	49,024
Taxes	25,535	14,197	11,337
Deficit	52,513	†7,849	60,362
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
T'l rcts. f'm op.	21,916,560	20,891,123	1,025,436
Exp. priv., deb.	11,373,242	10,812,357	560,885
Total op. rev.	10,543,317	10,078,765	464,551
Total op. exp.	9,629,840	8,610,338	1,019,502
Net op. rev.	913,477	1,468,427	*554,950
Taxes	176,879	120,737	56,142
Op. income	736,597	1,347,690	*611,092

*Decrease. †Surplus.

ASSOCIATED OIL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Total rcts.	22,968,155	15,420,531	13,218,083
Exp. and taxes	18,161,920	12,402,185	10,980,796
Net	4,801,235	3,018,346	2,237,287
Int. & sink. fd.	1,131,726	139,029	123,046
Depreciation	1,215,294	717,221	577,670
Total deduc.	2,347,020	856,250	715,716
Surplus	2,454,215	2,162,096	1,521,521

EASTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY for April—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross	90,399	89,029	*1,370
Expenses	100,871	107,591	6,720
Deficit	10,472	18,562	8,090
Gross, 4 mos.	248,156	256,778	7,622
Expenses	308,963	325,467	16,504
Deficit, 4 mos.	65,807	74,689	8,882

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY for April—

Gross	1,527,718	[illegible]	*117,717
Exp. and taxes	933,791	[illegible]	*91,099
Net	593,923	[illegible]	*28,613

*Increase.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—A decided change in sentiment seems to have developed over night with bull enthusiasm in full swing at the close of the session. Less attention seemed to be paid to the May option at the West, which month is gradually being eliminated as a market factor, but encouragement was given to holders by the character of crop advices, particularly from the Southwest.

From the very start of the session, when values were slightly higher, influenced by Liverpool cables, the trade was flooded with messages telling of extreme heat and dry conditions in many parts of the Southwest, also in Nebraska, and even as far north as South Dakota. Some of the claims were sensationally bullish, one authority estimating the final outturn at Oklahoma and Texas at not more than 10,000,000 bushels, whereas those two States last season yielded 44,000,000 bushels. The report that a prominent implement concern of the Southwest had numerous cancellations from farmers was in partial confirmation of the complaints.

As a result of such advices the optimistic dispatches from most sections of the American and Canadian Northwest in conjunction with an absence of complaint from abroad, were ignored and the trend of values continued steadily upward until gains of 1½c per bushel had been registered. Profit taking sales on the scale up were absorbed with little difficulty, buyers displaying confidence, chiefly because of the expectation of little relief over night to the sections complaining, official forecasts being for generally clear weather with not much change in temperature.

The market had been undoubtedly oversold, and its tendency to become congested easily has been in evidence recently. Nevertheless some interests who were extremely bearish heretofore were cautioning in regard to following the bear side pending improved weather in the Southwestern Winter wheat belt. In the meantime cash demand shows no particular improvement, in fact the slow flour business is reflected in a diminution of inquiry. Foreign demand is confined to Manitoba wheat, forty loads having been sold the past few days. Receipts are quite liberal at interior points, and so far this week totaled 2,263,000 bushels, against 1,895,000 bushels last week and 1,666,000 bushels a year ago. Doubtless the manipulation in Chicago resulted in considerable wheat leaving the farms recently, the deliveries being estimated at nearly 6,000,000 bushels to date. Shipments at the interior were 1,249,000 bushels, against 1,381,000 bushels and 1,620,000 bushels respectively. Cash No. 2 red quoted at 98c, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.04; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.08.

CORN.—The independence of farmers in selling corn was mainly instrumental toward the higher level of values during the day, although undoubtedly the ability shown recently by the market to care for the heavier receipts and the strength in other grain were other factors exciting bullish enthusiasm. Cash and export demand is fair, although toward the close a belief that country offerings will increase on a further material bulge led to some profit taking. Interior receipts so far this week total 2,874,000 bushels, against 1,533,000 bushels last week and 1,743,000 bushels a year ago. Shipments were 1,659,000 bushels, against 2,218,000 bushels and 1,682,000 bushels respectively. Exporters took eight loads. Cash No. 2 for export quoted at 61½c.

OATS.—Unusual gains were scored in the market with damage reports as a result of dry hot weather and claims of a decreased acreage this year, bringing about a substantial improvement in outside speculation. Light country offerings were also a factor. Shorts were good buyers and the advance was an uninterrupted one. Cash standards quoted at 41½c, No. 2 white 42c, No. 3 white 41c.

PROVISIONS.—Consumptive demand at present appears sufficient to absorb offerings and the liberal receipts of hogs are failing to cause pressure. A good tone was displayed in the speculative market on this account, although without a doubt the strength of other markets had a sympathetic effect.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
Wheat—				
May	..	..	96⅝	95⅝
July	96¼	95	96⅛	94⅞
September	94⅞	93⅝	94⅝	93½
Corn—				
May	..	..	61½	61
July	..	..	61½	60½

Lard—	Close.	Previous Close, Bid
Spot	$8.27@$8.35	$8.24
June	8.27@ 8.28	8.21
September	8.42@ 8.50	8.34
November	8.16@ 8.20	8.12
January	7.90@ 7.95	7.87

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
Wheat—				
May	90½	89⅜	90¼	89
July	89⅝	87⅝	89⅜	87⅞
September	88¼	86⅝	88⅛	86⅝
December	90⅛	89	90⅛	88⅜
Corn—				
May	54⅜	53⅜	54¼	53¼
July	53⅝	52⅝	53⅜	52½
September	54¼	53⅜	54	53
December	52⅜	51½	52¼	51¼
Oats—				
May	35⅝	34⅝	35⅜	34⅝
July	35⅜	34⅝	35⅜	34¼
September	35⅜	34	35½	33⅞
December	36⅜	35	36⅜	35
Lard—				
May	$8.15	$8.12½	$8.15	$8.10
July	8.25	8.17½	8.22½	8.15
September	8.32½	8.27½	8.30	8.25
Ribs—				
May	7.95	7.90	7.92½	7.90
July	7.97½	7.90	7.97½	7.87½
September	7.92½	7.87½	7.92½	7.82½
Pork—				
May	..	..	14.90	14.75
July	14.92½	14.80	14.90	14.75
September	14.32½	14.20	14.32½	14.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

The covering of a few hundred barrels of May by belated shorts brought about an unusual gain in that option, but otherwise the session was devoid of feature until the close, when some bear hammering and profit taking resulted in a moderate setback. Advices from consumptive quarters are quite encouraging, particularly in regard to the demand from compounders, who appear to be enjoying a good business. Sales of oleostearine were reported at 8¾c, which partially confirms the improvement in the compound lard manufacturing business. The dry weather in sections of the cotton belt is deterring selling in the distant options but, apparently, has not become serious enough to result in important buying orders from the South. Crude quoted at 5.50 to 5.73. Future quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.85@10.00	6.68
May	6.90	6.90	6.85@ 7.50	6.68
June	....	....	6.66@ 6.69	6.69
July	6.72	6.67	6.66@ 6.67	6.70
August	6.76	6.72	6.71@ 6.73	6.75
September	6.75	6.72	6.69@ 6.71	6.73
October	6.30	6.29	6.25@ 6.27	6.30
November	5.97	5.95	5.94@ 5.95	5.97
December	5.95	5.95	5.91@ 5.93	5.94

COTTON.

While there was a difference of opinion as to whether the bulls were reducing their lines or not during yesterday's session, it is apparent that their policy at present is less aggressive, and the support recently in evidence is conspicuous by its absence. During the day the undertone to the market was easier, particularly in regard to the old crop positions, and a slump in July of over 20 points from Wednesday's finals, which brought levels down to over 50 points below the high of the season, attracted considerable attention. It was the general opinion that selling was precipitated by that of prominent longs, while its purpose was thought to be to reduce the trailing long accounts which have recently been encouraged. New crop months were comparatively steadier, there being little disposition to sell these options because of the dry conditions in the Carolinas, Oklahoma, and North Texas. Their current discounts and prospects of an improvement in trade next season, together with the easiness with which an oversold condition is brought about, were other factors lessening the inclination to sell at present.

At the opening of the market the list showed general declines of from 3 to 8 points, the result of rather discouraging Liverpool advices. The foreign markets were unfavorably affected by Continental selling, while private cables also intimated that American selling orders were observed. At present there is little feature to the foreign situation, excepting that conditions at Manchester appear to be more quiet and the numerous bullish cables received until several days ago are conspicuous by their absence. Spinning demand at the American South is also at a low ebb, and while holders are still confident enough to reject lower bids the demand on the last bulge in the future market was not sufficient to have material effect in Southern spot centres. This would tend to indicate a sufficient supply for the present, but whether those in need of cotton can withhold until the new crop becomes available is a debatable question at present.

The tenor of private crop advices continues rather confusing, but the general belief is that with rains in the drought-suffering sections within ten days the crop will be materially benefited. The Journal of Commerce had reports from correspondents that read bearishly on Georgia and Alabama, with an acreage increase in both States estimated at possibly 5 per cent. The condition in the first-named State was placed at 10 points better than a year ago, when it was 79.3, and in Alabama 2 points better, when it was 81.2. The season is said to be generally late. These advices fail to have important market effect, however, being in line with expectations.

Southern spot markets were generally unchanged; locally spot cotton was quiet, 10 decline. Middling uplands, 15.80.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	15.70	15.60	15.64@15.65	15.76
June	....	....	15.64@15.66	15.76
July	15.83	15.62	15.73@15.74	15.85
August	15.22	15.07	15.14@15.15	15.27
September	13.60	13.53	13.55@13.56	13.59
October	13.14	13.09	13.11@13.12	13.15
November	13.05	13.05	13.02@13.04	13.05
December	13.07	13.01	13.03@13.04	13.07
January	13.06	13.00	13.03@13.04	13.07
March	13.12	13.09	13.11@13.13	13.16

Market quiet, 8 to 13 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was quiet, due to holiday abroad, and sales amounted to 30,000 bags. Opening quiet at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Prices rallied and the close was firm, with a net gain of 5 to 15 points. Rio advanced 50 [illegible] Santos was unchanged. Spot coffee unchanged; 12c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	10.70@10.73	10.60
June	..	..	10.70@10.75	10.65
July	10.76	10.64	10.76@10.77	10.65
August	..	..	10.70@10.72	10.60
September	10.66	10.52	10.65@10.66	10.52
October	10.43	10.43	10.49@10.50	10.37
November	..	..	10.49@10.51	10.37
December	10.50	10.30	10.50@10.51	10.37
January	10.30	10.30	10.50@10.51	10.37
February	..	..	10.50@10.51	10.37
March	10.50	10.30	10.49@10.50	10.38
April	10.54	10.54	10.53@10.55	10.38

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 25.—Money was in good demand and discount rates were easy today.

Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange. With Paris closed, business was small in foreign securities and Kaffirs. Home rails and consols declined in the early trading, but the favorable statement of the Bank of England strengthened prices, and the losses were recovered before the closing. Mexican railroad shares were weakened by reports of fresh disturbances in Mexico.

American securities were quiet and featureless during the first hour. Then United States Steel shares eased off, and the rest of the list declined in sympathy. The market was uncertain and declining until late in the session, when Wall Street bid up values and made the closing steady.

Bar silver quiet, 24 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¾@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2 5-16@2⅜ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2 5-16@2⅜ per cent.

Bullion amounting to £270,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day, and £250,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.10; at Lisbon, 10.00.

PARIS, May 25.—Ascension Day was observed here to-day, and the Bourse was closed.

BERLIN, May 25.—The Boerse was closed to-day in observance of Ascension Day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	81 5-16	..	..	..
Consols account	81 5-16	..	..	..
Anaconda	8¼	40¼	40⅜	..
Atchison	115⅝	112⅝	112½	..
Can. Pacific	239¼	232⅝	233⅛	− ⅛
St. Paul	127½	124	123⅞	+ ¼
Erie	33⅝	32⅝	32½	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf.	52¼	50⅞	50⅝	..
Ill. Central	143	139	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	152	148¼	147½	+ ⅜
N. Y. Central	111¼	108¼	108⅞	− ¼
Pennsylvania	62⅝	122¼	122⅜	− ¼
Reading	82	159⅝	159⅝	+ ½
So. Pacific	121⅞	118	118⅛	− ⅛
Union Pacific	188¼	183¼	183	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	79⅝	77⅜	78⅜	− ⅜
U. S. Steel pf.	122½	119¼	119¼	..

Exchange 4.86½.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 25.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£322,000
Circulation increased	102,000
Bullion increased	630,691
Other securities decreased	42,000
Other deposits decreased	622,000
Public deposits increased	1,105,000
Notes reserve increased	568,000

Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 51.77 per cent.; last week it was 51.27 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	11	9	Esperanza	1	10	7½
Tomboy	0	15	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	4	6	Stratton's Ind.	0	2	3

ADDED TO CLEARING HOUSE.

Seven of 18 Trust Companies Applying Have So Far Passed Inspection.

Seven of the eighteen trust companies which have applied to the Clearing House Association for admission to membership under the new provisions of the constitution were taken in at a meeting of that body yesterday afternoon. These are the Astor Trust Company, the Columbia Trust Company, the Brooklyn Trust Company, the Fidelity Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, the Manhattan Trust Company, and the United States Mortgage and Trust Company.

The Fidelity Trust Company's admission is, of course, provisional upon the paying in of the increase in capital from $750,000 to $1,000,000 with a corresponding increase in surplus account just voted by the stockholders. The new Clearing House regulations fix the minimum capitalization of trust companies admitted to membership at $1,000,000. It will require a few weeks to carry out the details of the Fidelity Trust Company capital and surplus increase, and the payment for this purpose of $200 a share will be made on June 15.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following Foreign Trade Opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

6,775. HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.—Consul Garrels of Catania, Italy, reports that, according to a statement in a local paper, advertisements for competitive tenders for the contemplated improvements in the harbor of Catania are to be published not later than the end of the present month. From available information it is ascertained that publication will be made in the Gazetta Officiale del Regno d'Italia at Rome, where plans and specifications will be available in due course.

6,776. CHEMICAL AND MEDICINAL PRODUCTS.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that a business firm in his district has expressed a desire to hear from American manufacturers of chemical and medicinal products, with a view to securing an agency for the country in question.

6,777. IMPORT AND EXPORT AGENT.—A firm of agents in India has written to an American Consulate that it is open to accept agencies for American firms in that market for the sale of F grade resin, tin plate wares, motor cars, and gramaphones. The firm also desires to get in touch with American firms that import Indian produce such as assafetida, mirobolans, nux vomica, cashew nuts, granja tops, &c.

6,778. LOCKS AND HINGES.—An American Consular officer in Italy reports that a business firm in his district is anxious to get in touch with American manufacturers and exporters of locks and hinges, with a view to securing an agency for that country.

6,779. AGENCY FOR IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTS.—A business man in an European country has expressed to an American Consular officer a wish to enter into correspondence with American manufacturers of iron and steel products who desire representation on the Continent.

6,780. MACHINERY FOR MAKING CONCRETE BLOCKS FOR BUILDING.—An American Consular officer in the Levant reports that he has received a request from a local business firm to obtain some illustrated catalogues from American manufacturers of machinery for making concrete building stones of sand, cement, &c. The firm desires, in addition to the catalogues, full particulars, with prices, &c.

6,781. MINERAL WHITE.—A report from an American Consulate in the United Kingdom states that a manufacturing firm in his district has requested the names of manufacturers or exporters of a mineral white originating in the United States, and which is suitable for using with rouge as a silver plate powder.

6,782. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL.—A business man in Italy informs an American Consular officer that he desires to secure the agency for American producers of refined cottonseed oil. He informs the officer that he can furnish desirable references.

6,783. AMERICAN GOODS OF VARIOUS KINDS.—An American Consular officer in Canada reports that a business firm in his district would like to correspond with American manufacturers of the following: Cork tiles, wood mantels, grates, and interiors of iron and brass, marble, polished and cut in slabs, and marble chips for terrazzo pavements.

6,784. PUBLIC WORKS IN CANADA.—Consul General John G. Foster sends from Ottawa a copy of the supplementary estimates of the Canadian Government expenditures for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1912. The total of $17,020,950 embraces harbor works, public buildings, Government laboratories, &c., and serves to remind manufacturers in the United States of the various opportunities to offer such of their wares as may be needed to the Dominion Government. For example, $50,000 more is allotted to the Geological Survey, partly for apparatus; $25,000 for additional equipment at the Printing Bureau in Ottawa, $5,200 for a screw press and drier for Fisheries Bureau, $200,000 additional for new dredging plant in British Columbia, several tower clocks [illegible]

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St. / 28 Bishopsgate. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

SPRINGFIELD RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.

TO THE HOLDERS of Springfield Railway & Light Company First Lien Refunding Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, secured by an Indenture to The New York Trust Company and Horace B. McDaniel, Trustees, dated January 1, 1906:

You and each of you are hereby notified that all and singular the bonds of Springfield Railway & Light Company, secured by an indenture to The New York Trust Company and Horace B. McDaniel, Trustees, dated January 1, 1906, have been drawn for redemption and will become due and payable on July 1, 1911, at their face value and accrued interest to that date, together with a premium of five per cent. (5%) of their face value.

Said bonds with the interest and premium thereon will be payable at the office of The New York Trust Company, in the City of New York, on July 1, 1911, and thereafter all interest on said bonds will cease.

The distinctive numbers of the bonds drawn for redemption are one (1) to four ninety-three (493) and thirteen twenty-six (1326) to fifteen ninety-eight (1598) inclusive.

Dated May 19, 1911.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
By OTTO T. BANNARD, President.
SPRINGFIELD RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY,
By HARRISON WILLIAMS, President.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—*FIFTEENTH YEAR*—
Will you allow us to show you how $100.00 per annum for ten years invested ten years ago is now returning an income of over $100.00 per annum and is represented by securities worth over $3,000.00.
Please call or write for Circular E, describing
CONVERTIBLE BONDS yielding 6.66%
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

WANTED—By a New York Stock Exchange House, also members Cotton Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade, A-1 man as manager of Customers' Room. Only those with own desirable clientele considered. Exceptional opportunity for right man. All replies treated confidentially. Address HH Box 165 Times Downtown.

WE OFFER YOU
a $12,000 1st mtge.—6% Int.
on property at Orange
WORTH $30,000 TO $40,000,
occupied by same owner for 23 years.
Title and all papers guaranteed by a Trust Company with Thirty millions of assets.
Why accept 4% to 5% when you can obtain 6% from a perfect first mortgage? Apply
LACKAWANNA COMPANY,
11 Broadway. New York.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage, dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of June, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $26,847.79. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1911.

6% Gold Coupon Bonds
Due 1920
Interest Payable March 1st and Sept. 1st
On Improved Queens Property
Greater New York Mortgage Co.
1328 Broadway, Manhattan

PARK & TILFORD,
225 5th Av., New York, May 16th, 1911.

Pursuant to the terms of the Indenture entered into with the Lincoln Trust Company, as Trustees, requiring the redemption and cancellation of $40,000, Par Value, Park & Tilford 6% Debenture Bonds on June 1st, 1911, offerings for the sale of this amount of Bonds to Park & Tilford are now invited and will be received up to May 29th, 1911, at this office.

PARK & TILFORD,
By J. R. AGNEW, Treasurer.

Money advanced to responsible merchants and manufacturers on outstanding accounts without notification to customers; charges moderate. A. H. Ferber & Co., 15 William St.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Are you standing still or going forward? Go forward. Open a savings account with $1 or more. And keep it up. Begin now. Write for booklet. A., 38 Park Row, New York.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MADISON TRUST COMPANY,
786 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.
To the Stockholders of Madison Trust Company:

The Board of Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York and the Board of Directors of the Madison Trust Company having made and entered into an agreement under the respective corporate seals of said companies for the merger of said Madison Trust Company into The Equitable Trust Company of New York, and prescribing the terms and conditions thereof and the mode of carrying the same into effect, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Madison Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 786 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 29th of May, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon said agreement of merger entered into by the Directors of the Company with the Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, which agreement will then be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and approval; also to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of the Company taken at a meeting of the Board held on the 12th of May, 1911, concerning the agreement of merger and other matters relating thereto, and also the mode of carrying the same into effect, and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may come before such stockholders for their consideration.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 27th day of May, 1911.

New York, May 12th, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors,
WATKINS CROCKETT, Vice President.
HERMAN J. COOK, Secretary.

Favary Tire & Cushion Company,
132 Nassau Street, New York City.

The second annual adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Favary Tire & Cushion Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 132 Nassau Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on June 22d, 1911, at 4 P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1911.
JOSEPH G. ENGEL, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between JOHN G. KLEIN, ADAM GERHARD, and CHARLES J. KLEIN, under the firm name and style of JOHN G. KLEIN & CO., at the above-named address, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said JOHN G. KLEIN, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at the address above named.

JOHN G. KLEIN,
ADAM GERHARD,
CHARLES J. KLEIN.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE KENTUCKY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Kentucky First Mortgage, or Deed of Trust, dated December 1, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding Kentucky First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds on the first day of June, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1st, 1908, from The Consolidation Coal Company to The Fidelity Trust Company, (Baltimore, Md.,) Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of The Fidelity Trust Company, Trustee, 200 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., or at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the Trustee or of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

105% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to June 1st, 1911, at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 21st day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
President, The Consolidation Coal Co.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 105 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART,
Assistant Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 21st, 1911.

UNITED BREWERIES COMPANY
First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Due August 1st, 1928.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned as Depositary under the Mortgage of United Breweries Company to Otto T. Bannard and M. N. Buckner, as Trustees, will receive tenders up to three P. M. on June 5th, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as described above, sufficient to use the sum of $45,000. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
as Depositary.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 25, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that The Fidelity Trust Company of Kansas City, Missouri, was on May 8th, 1911, appointed Trustee to act with The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, as Trustees, under the First Four and One-half Per Cent. Gold Mortgage, dated July 1st, 1905, of the Kansas City Viaduct & Terminal Railway Company. HOWARD ROSS, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
NEW YORK STATE ARSENAL,
Seventh Av., Corner 35th St.
New York City, May 15, 1911.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at The Adjutant General's Office, 35th St. and 7th Av., New York City, until 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, June 1, 1911, for furnishing clothing for the National Guard, State of New York, as follows:

2,000 Dress Coats.
2,000 Dress Trousers.

These to be delivered at the State Arsenal within six (6) months from date of contract, in such quantities and at such times as may be required by The Adjutant General.

The State reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof not deemed satisfactory.

Specifications of the above-mentioned articles, statement of the requirements to be complied with in submitting proposals for and the rules governing the furnishing of such articles, and blank forms for proposals may be obtained at this Office.

All bids must be sealed and directed to The Adjutant General State of New York, State Arsenal, 35th St. and 7th Av., New York City, and plainly marked, "BIDS FOR UNIFORMS FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD."

WILLIAM VERBECK,
The Adjutant General.

PROPOSALS FOR ORNAMENTS.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, 26th Street and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, May 15, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M., May 29, 1911, and then opened, for altering, furnishing, and delivering metallic ornaments at this depot. The quantities to be subject to not to exceed 50 per cent. increase if desired by this Department. The right is reserved to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference will be given to articles of domestic manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Standard samples can be seen and specifications, blanks for proposals, and full information will be furnished upon application at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Ornaments, to be opened May 29, 1911." LT. COL. CHAUNCEY B. BAKER, Depot Quartermaster.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 2 o'clock P. M., Thursday, June 15, 1911, for furnishing and delivering supplies for the Lighthouse Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912. The supplies needed consist of twenty-seven lots, embracing, respectively, brushes, chimneys, dry goods, engineers' stores, packings, flags, hardware and tools, hose and nozzles, tool steel, steel rod, lamps and lanterns, lumber, mixed paints, paints, oils, shellac, varnish, ship chandlery, tin cans, wicks, window glass, wood and willow ware, blocks, brass sheet and rod, brass and iron castings, sheet metal, and miscellaneous articles, all of which are enumerated in the specifications attached to the form of bid, which may be obtained on application to the Lighthouse Inspector, Third District, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., May 23, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering in this city at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, between June 15, and 30, 1911, the following: 30,000 towels, huck; and 15,000 each of whisk brooms; brushes, hair, shaving, shoe, and tooth; combs; housewifes; razors; soap, toilet; 4-ounce boxes polish, shoe, russet and black; and furnishing and packing cartons for above, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M., June 2, 1911. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores, opened June 2, 1911," and addressed to Col. A. L. Smith, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, May 24, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at the Philadelphia Depot of the Quartermaster's Department, until 11 o'clock, A. M., July 24, 1911, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering at the Philadelphia Depot the following quantities of Olive Drab Woolen Materials: 50,000 yds. 22-oz., Melton finish; 75,000 yds., 16-oz., Melton finish; 50,000 yds. 16-oz., Bedford cord; 175,000 yds. 18-oz., Melton finish. Quantities to be subject to an increase of 50 per cent. if desired by this department. Information, blanks for proposals, &c., will be furnished upon application to the Depot Quartermaster, 26th St. and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, Pa. M. GRAY ZALINSKI, Depot Q. M.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 309 Custom House, Baltimore, Md., May 24, 1911.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Rockhall, Queenstown, Claiborne, and Cambridge Harbors, and Susquehanna, Chester, Choptank, Warwick, Pocomoke, La Trappe, Wicomico, and Manokin Rivers and Tyaskin Creek, Md.; Nanticoke River, Del. & Md., and Broad Creek River, Del., will be received at this office until one o'clock P. M., June 26, 1911, and then publicly opened. Information on application. Thos. L. Casey, Col. Engrs.

PROPOSALS FOR ORNAMENTS.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, 26th St. and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, May 22, 1911. Bidders for ornaments under advertisement issued by this office are informed that time for opening has been postponed from 1 P. M. May 29, 1911, to 1 P. M., June 2, 1911. Lieut. Col. CHAUNCEY B. BAKER, Depot Quartermaster.

Guide for investors in all kinds of securities. Metal and commodities markets accurately reported. Valuable correspondence from great monetary centres. Full quotation lists, range of prices for ten years, railroad earnings at a glance, declared dividends, &c. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Best financial newspaper. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Good binder to hold The Review One Dollar.—Adv.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Philip Lewisohn Buys Mendelssohn Hall — Half Million Dollar Deal in Times Square Section — Investor Buys Big Greenwich Village Loft for $700,000 — Tenement House Activity.

The sale of Mendelssohn Hall, in Fortieth Street near Broadway, by the Clark estate for about $400,000 and a deal involving nearly $700,000 in the Greenwich Village district were the features of interest in the reality market yesterday. Mendelssohn Hall has been bought by Philip Lewisohn. It occupies a plot 80 by 98.9 from 113 to 119 West Fortieth Street and will be replaced by a twelve-story loft similar to the new Tilden building on the east. Frederick Fox & Co. were the brokers, the Clark estate being represented by Tucker, Speyers & Co.

The Greenwich deal involves one of the huge lofts being erected by James H. Cruikshank on the block bounded by Morton, Barrow, Greenwich and Washington Streets, purchased by him from the Trinity Corporation last year. The structure, which is nearing completion, occupies the entire block front on the east side of Washington Street, 200 feet, with a frontage of about 100 feet on both Barrow and Morton Streets. The loft is a nine-story structure and was leased from the plans of Bellas, Hess & Co., now at Broadway, Prince and Crosby Streets, for 21 years at an annual rental of $37,000. The property has been held at $700,000. Mr. Cruikshank has been actively identified with the upbuilding of old Greenwich Village with commercial structures, and the desirability of that location for many kinds of business has been shown by the fact that all of the modern lofts constructed there in recent years have invariably been leased on long terms and most of them sold to investors. The buyer of the Washington Street building is an investor.

$500,000 Deal in Times Sq. Section.

The new twelve story office building, 141, 143 and 145 West Forty-fifth Street, has been sold to an investor by John E. Olson. Known as the Forty-fifth Street Exchange, the building occupies a plot 98.7 by 100.5 and adjoins the Lyceum Theatre property on the East. The site was acquired two years ago by Mr. Olson and the structure erected from plans by Riely Gordon. About $500,000 is said to have been paid for the property.

Starin Estate Sells Dwelling.

The John H. Starin estate has sold 9 West Thirty-eighth Street, a four story dwelling on a lot 25 by 98.9. The adjoining property, 11, was recently sold by the same brokers, the Douglas Robinson-Charles D. Brown Company. The Advocate Realty Company was reported to be the buyer of 11.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Bertha Frank has sold 45 West 130th Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 99.11.

Grant McDonald is reported to have sold 310 West Eighty-sixth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 102.2.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story American basement brick and stone house, on a lot 19 by 100, at 526 Third Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, for the Robert Morgan Realty and Construction Company to a client for occupancy.

East Side Sales.

Charles Buermann & Co. have sold for Julius Tishman to an investor 88 and 90 First Street, a six-story building, on a plot 42 by 100.

The Security Holding Company has sold the three-story tenement, with stores, at the southwest corner of Eldridge and Delancey Streets, on plot 48.11 by 100. Three flats on Ninety-seventh Street, between Second and Third Avenues, were taken in part payment.

Resale of Harlem Apartment.

Henry Schwiebert has resold for the Dwyer & Carey Construction Company the five-story apartment house 205 West 135th Street, which they recently acquired in an exchange transaction.

Bronx.

M. T. Ring has sold for M. Fiala to Gustave A. Wohlfart the two-family house, on lot 25 by 100, at 2,261 Hughes Avenue.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Benedict Parker to the Staten Island Holding Company the southwest corner of Myrtle Avenue and Elizabeth Street, 42 by 100, West New Brighton.

Suburban.

George T. Putney, former proprietor of the Rossmore Hotel, has purchased from C. E. Thompson the Thompson Hotel property, comprising four acres in Platt Avenue, near Central Avenue, Scarsdale, N. Y.

The Columbia Real Estate Company has sold at Grantwood to A. Darling two lots on Jassamine Way, upon which he will erect two houses; to W. Drummond one lot on the west side of Jassamine Way, upon which he will erect a dwelling; to J. McCarthy, one lot on the east side of Jefferson Avenue, and to C. Johns one lot on the east side of Jefferson Avenue.

At Leonia Terrace sales have been made to H. Lapp, a plot 50 by 100, on the north side of Sylvan Avenue, and to H. York, a plot 50 by 100, on the south side of Sylvan Avenue.

Recent Buyers.

Harry Davis is the buyer of the plot, 61.6 by 150, at the southeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 126th Street, sold recently by Bing & Bing.

Nathan Meyers is the buyer of the plot, 125 by 100, on the north side of Cathedral Parkway, 250 feet east of Lenox Avenue.

$225,000 Addition to Lambs' Club.

Plans have been filed for constructing a side extension to the Lambs', on the south side of Forty-fourth Street, 318.9 feet west of Sixth Avenue. The extension will have a frontage of 38.9 feet and a depth of 90 feet, the façade being of marble at the first story and brick and terra cotta above. The first floor will contain the main hall, a grillroom, and a large billiard room. On the second floor will be a music room or a private supper room and an immense dining room. The third floor will contain a cardroom, with a large assembly room. There will be sixty-eight bedrooms for members on the floors from the fifth to the ninth. There will be a roof garden and gymnasium on the tenth floor. Freeman & Hasselman, the architects, estimate the cost of this addition to the club at $225,000.

West End Avenue Apartment.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story apartment house on the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street for Charles E. McManus, at a cost of $600,000. It will be a fireproof elevator structure, with a frontage of 92.4 feet and a depth of 81 feet, and will have a façade of brick, with limestone trimmings. Neville & Bagge are the architects. There will be accommodations for thirty-eight families.

Seventh Avenue Hotel.

Plans have been filed for a three-story hotel on the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-third Street for Frank J. Cassidy, at a cost of $20,000. It will have a frontage of 80.3 feet on the street by 89 feet on the avenue, with a façade of brick and lime stone. Clinton & Russell are the architects.

Stewart Building Alterations.

Plans have been filed for replacing the rear wall of the Stewart building on the east side of Broadway, between Reade and Chambers Streets, which was removed to allow for the construction of the remaining half of the new Emigrant Industrial Bank Building. It will cost Felix Isman, the owner, $12,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

1% AND MODERATE DISBURSEMENTS. Large and small amounts; 4½% interest; quick acceptances. Sugarman & Kahn, 35 Nassau St.

$11,000 to loan on first mortgage at 5% for 3 or 5 years. S 32 Times.

New Williamsburg Apartment.

Shampan & Shampan have been commissioned to draw plans for a six-story apartment house to be erected on South Fourth Street, 84.4 feet west of Grand Street, Brooklyn, for M. B. Evens, proprietor of the department store at 839 and 841 Broadway, Brooklyn. The new house will be known as the Northside. It will be designed in the Gothic style of architecture.

Eliminating Grade Crossings.

The Long Island Railroad reports that it is making rapid progress in adjusting its right of way matters with the property owners through Flushing. Over 50 per cent. of the easements necessary for the retaining walls and the depressed sections of the road between Main Street and Murray Hill has been secured on terms entirely satisfactory to both the railroad company and the property owners.

The adjustments are proceeding so rapidly that the company will probably be able to start the work of constructing the walls for the elimination of the grade crossings within the next thirty days. The railroad people say that this is very gratifying as indicating a better feeling toward the company, while the people of the North Side are more than gratified, as it is an indication that the work of eliminating the grade crossings, extending the double track and electrifying the north shore branches, will proceed rapidly.

Notes.

Justice Bischoff of the Supreme Court has appointed Albert Sanders receiver of the rents of 27 Spring Street and Nos. 212 and 214 Mott Street, a six-story tenement, pending a suit brought by Michael H. Keshin to foreclose a third mortgage of $4,250. The prior mortgages amount to $77,200.

Edgar A. Manning was associate broker in the sale of 11 West Thirty-eighth Street, reported sold by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

D. J. McDonald represented Paterno & Son in the sale of the Senior Arms, reported Wednesday.

H. O. Baker has obtained for Marcus Rosenthal a building loan of $61,500 on the seven-story loft to be erected at 71 and 73 Goerck Street on plot 50 by 96.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Broome St, 460 to 476, s w corner of Greene St, 100x60.2, six-story loft building; executors' sale; bid in at $110,000; also

Washington St, 440, s w corner of Desbrosses St, 21.9x82.3, six-story loft building; executors' sale; bid in at $43,500; also

39th St, 47, n s, 207.1 ft e of 6th Av, 21.5x98.9, four-story dwelling; executors' sale, estate of James Rufus Smith, deceased; bid in at $77,000.

54th St, 337, n s, 222 ft w of 1st Av, 22x100.5, four-story tenement; voluntary sale; bid in at $14,000.

39th St, 14, s s, 286.11 ft w of 5th Av, 22.1x98.9, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale; withdrawn; sold at private sale.

5th Av, 1,045, e s, 68.9 ft s of 86th St, 22x100, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale; withdrawn; sold at private sale.

51st St, 325, n s, 305 ft w of 8th Av, 20x100.5, three-story dwelling; executors' sale, estate of Catharine R. Ryerson, deceased, to Edward H. Gilbert, $20,000.

84th St, 448, s s, 279.2 ft e of 10th Av, 20.10x98.9, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to Harriet S. James, $20,500.

124th St, 121, n s, 225 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, two-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to E. D. Farrell, $27,550.

Sylvania Av, 28, n s, 300 ft e of 1st Av, Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J., 50x140, three-story cottage; voluntary sale, knocked down at $6,700.

Hoe Av, e s, 275 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100, vacant; voluntary sale, to Richard R. Maslen, $1,050.

Franklin Av, 1,100, s e corner of 166th St, 100x31.5, five-story flat; also adjoining five-story flat, 1,098 Franklin Av, 37.5x100.5; voluntary sale, to A. Wilson, $64,700.

Lind Av, 1,142, e s, 181.3 ft s of Union St, or 167th St, 25x150x25x143.9, two-story dwelling; to John J. Lee, $5,000; also

Lind Av, w s, 218.6 ft s of 167th St, 75x100, vacant; to Robert Lee, $7,054; also

Summit Av, w s, 218.6 ft s of 167th St, 168.11x42x irregular, two story dwelling and three-story tenement and vacant; to John J. Lee, $9,500; also

Lind Av, w s, 64.3 ft s of 167th St, 50x100, vacant; partition, to James Lee, $2,800.

Allen St, 172, e s, 75 ft s of Stanton St, 26.6x87.6, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to Meyer Solomon, $29,000.

Hester St, 57, n s, 63.6 ft e of Ludlow St, 24x75, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, adjourned to June 1.

Market St, 72, e s, 100.2 ft n of Cherry St, 23.9x85.8x23.7x90.8, three-story tenement; partition, to William Lustgarten, $8,900.

26th St, 336, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Peter Donald, $20,000.

99th St, 224 and 226, s s, 212.6 ft w of 2d Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Isaac Weil, $34,664.

99th St, 226½ and 228, s s, 175 ft w of 2d Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Ray Weil, $34,664.

145th St, 433 to 437, n s, 325 ft e of Willis Av, 50x100, four-story tenement and two-story dwelling, with two-story dwelling in rear; partition, to the plaintiff, C. A. Luff, $18,500.

Marmion Av, 1,984, e s, 33.3 ft s of 178th St, 33x85.7, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Joseph Seaman, $18,267.

Delafield Av, n w corner of Livingston St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, P. J. McCook, $1,000.

Hoe Av, 1,516 and 1,518, e s, 75 ft n of 172d St, 50x100x irregular; five-story tenement; foreclosure sale to Max Hirsch, $28,082.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

48th St, 14, s s, 225 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, four-story dwelling; executors' sale, estate of Julia M. Stimson, deceased; withdrawn; sold at private sale.

73d St, 122, s s, 192.6 ft w of Lexington Av, 18.6x102.2, three-story and basement dwelling; voluntary sale, to Charles M. McGowan, $48,100.

218th St, s s, 356 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x114, Wakefield; foreclosure sale, to the defendant, Michael Brennan, $3,400.

172d St, 1,008, s s, 75 ft e of Longfellow Av, 25x100, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 31.

172d St, 1,004, s s, 50 ft e of Longfellow Av, 25x100, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 31.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Marmion Av, 1,980, e s, 66.8 ft s of 178th St, 33x85.7, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, W. D. Leonard, $18,627.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Canal St, s w corner of Centre St, for a one-story store, 10x23; city, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost....$2,000

West End Av, s e corner of 84th St, for a twelve-story apartment, 92.4x81; C. E. McManus, 43 East 42d St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost....$600,000

Cathedral Parkway, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, for an open-air moving picture show; A. Berne, 198 Broadway, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost....$2,000

Spring St, 170 to 176, for two six-story brick tenements, 85.6x53; A. D. Paoli, 387 Broome St, owner; Horenburger & Bardes, architects; cost....$50,000

12th St, n s, 106 ft e of 4th St, for a six-story tenement, 54.2x irregular; C. Rubinger, 220 Broadway; H. S. Lion, architect; cost....$60,000

33d St, 159 and 161 West, and 7th Av, 421 and 423, for a three-story hotel, 80.3x89x irregular; F. J. Cassidy, Broadway and 79th St, owner; Clinton & Russell, architects; cost....$20,000

West End Av, n e corner of 64th St, for a six-story garage, 50.2x100; Auto Service Building Co, 60 Wall St, owner; Nast & Springsteen, architects; cost....$50,000

Simpson St, w s, 229.85 ft s of 167th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; James C. Gaffney, 1,148 Tiffany St, owner; Robert E. Lavelle, architect; cost....$48,000

Grand Av, e s, 350 ft s of 192d St, for a one-story frame garage, 20x20; Thomas H. Thorn, 36 West Kingsbridge Road, owner; Serviss & Glew, architects; cost....$1,000

Barkley Av, n w corner of Edgewater Terrace, for a one-story and attic frame dwelling, 18x24; Emma N. Polack, 1,806 Arthur Av, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost....$1,500

181st St, s w corner of Valentine Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 54.1½x90; Rosa Realty Co, 888 Tremont Av, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost....$50,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

17th St, n s, 150 ft e of 4th Av, to two four-story stores and dwellings; J. Kroder & H. Reubel Co, premises, owners; R. Berger, architect....$15,000

89TH ST, n s, 136 ft w of 3d Av, to a two-story and basement convertor station; New York Edison Co, 55 Duane St, owner; W. Weissenberger, Jr., architect; cost....$25,000

Park Av, 1,020; F. H. North, premises, owner; J. F. Burrowes, architect; cost....$5,000

Broadway, e s, Chambers to Reade St, to a seven-story office building; Felix Isman, Inc, premises, owner; G. A. O'Rourke, architect; cost....$12,000

Madison Av, 644 to 650, to four four-story and basement stores, offices, and studios; R. W. Taller, 76 William St, owner; C. F. Rose, architect; cost....$10,000

44th St, s s, 318.9 ft w of 6th Av, to a six-story club; the Lambs, premises, owner; Freeman & Hasselman, architect; cost....$225,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 25.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 158th St, 49.11x100; Middletown Realty Co. to William R. Mason, 15 North Broadway, White Plains, N. Y., (mtg $80,000,) May 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

BRACKEN AV, w s, 25x100; Mary A. Coughlin to Michael Leary, 4,180 Digney Av, all liens, Aug. 24, 1909....$1

BROADWAY, 187, w s; Lena B. Collins and others to Edward F. Seares at Windham, N. H., May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CARPENTER AV, e s, n ½ of Lot 245, map of Washingtonville, 25x100; Michael Wall to Oscar E. J. Helmstadt, 819 East 227th St, May 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CHESTNUT ST, w s, 134 ft from old Boston Post Road, 56x150; Paul M. Crandell, referee, to Jacob Cohen, 1,516 Charlotte St, May 25; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$7,700

COSTER ST, e s, 200 ft s of Spofford Av, 60x100; Coster St, e s, 280 ft s of Spofford Av, 160x100; Felser Realty and Construction Co. to Hunt's Point Estates, 165 Broadway, May 25, (mtg $79,350;) attorney Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$1

DECATUR AV, w s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Lina McGrane to Katie Zorn, 411 East 180th St, (mtg $7,000,) May 17....$100

ELIZABETH ST, part of 156, s e corner of Delancey St, runs e 9.1x w to Elizabeth St x n 1.6 to beginning, gore; Edwin S. Kassing to Elizabeth C. Dessecker, 1,097 Gates Av, Brooklyn, May 12; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row....$1

FORT SCHUYLER ROAD, e s, adjoining land of William H. Wallace, contains 19 363-1,000 acres; Margaret Walsh and another to the Scenic Realty Co., 533 West 43d St; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

FREEMAN ST, n s, 133.8 ft e of Union Av, 20x86.10; Simon Sicher to Emilie Sicher, 241 East 57th St, April 1; attorney, J. J. Weiss, 32 Broadway....$1,000

FAILE ST, 900, e s, 300 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; Frederick McCarthy to Charles P. Kelly, 900 Faile St, (mtg $4,500,) May 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

HOWARD ST, s e corner of Lafayette St, 58.4x—; Selkirk Realty Co. to Inverness Realty Co., 49 Wall St, May 24, (mtg $85,000;) attorney, J. A. Immay, 49 Wall St....$1

LAFAYETTE ST, 237 and 239, e s, 50.2x100; Dominick Abbate to Citizen's Investing Co., 226 Lafayette St, (mtg $50,000,) May 23; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway....$1

LOT 115, Map 401 of Seton homestead, Westchester; Charles A. Meyer to Adolphina Bergstein, 1,324 Edwards Av, May 20; attorney, C. A. Karlson, 213 East 57th St....$100

LOT 51, map of J. J. Gleason, Bronx; Marie Fritzsche to Harlem, R. & P. R. R. Co., at Grand Central Terminal, quitclaim, May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,181

LOTS 60 to 62, 99, and 100, map of 148 lots, Paul estate, at Westchester; Auerbach Realty Co. to Ignatius Steiner, 233 E 72d St, May 24; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$1

LOTS 110, 111, and 285, map of Laconia Park; Melrose Realty Co. to John Scorca, 2,303 Belmont Av, and another, (mtg $1,300,) May 22....$100

LOTS 6 and 7, map of Bruner estate, Bronx; Charles Meisel to Ellis Weisker, 158 East 178th St, (mtg $3,000,) May 25; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$6,300

LOT 80, revised map of Seneca Park; same to Pasquale D'Agente, 104 Greenpoint Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $325,) June 20, 1910....$100

MADISON ST, 181, n s, 24.6x100; Annie Goodman to Samuel Snow, 49 East 123d St, and another, (mtg $31,500,) May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

MOTT AV, 598, e s, 19.6x—; Florence Du Barry to John J. Duffy, 214 10th Av, May 24, (mtg $4,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 50 ft s of Oakland Place, 25x100; David Kraus to Wirth Realty and Construction Co., 862 West St, Bronx, (mtg $3,000,) May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SENECA AV, s e corner of Faile St, 50x100; Charles P. Kelly to Frederick McCarthy, 977 Prospect Av, (mtg $2,200,) May 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SHERIFF ST, e s, 60 ft s of Rivington St, 40x75; Paul Junger to Annie Junger, 1,522 Charlotte St, May 23; party of the second part, 1,522 Charlotte St....$100

TRINITY AV, e s, 202 ft n of 156th St, 50x98.4; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil, 5 Beekman St, and another, (mtg $33,000,) May 24....$100

WADSWORTH AV, n e corner of 178th St, 75x100; Patrick Reddy to William J. Casey, 306 West 107th St, (mtg $25,000,) May 25; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

WALTON AV, n e corner of 163d St, 100.2x35x100.6x23; Walton Av, e s, 120.2 ft n of 163d St, 100x59.8x100.10x34.2; 165th St, s s, 150.5 ft w of Mott Av, 50.6x100.10; Walter P. McCaffray to Dora P. McCaffray, 12 Pineapple St, Brooklyn, March 30; attorney, George S. Scofield, 63 Wall St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arthur J. McCaffray to same, March 30....$100

SAME PROPERTY; William P. McCaffray to same, March 11....$100

WASHINGTON ST, w s, 200 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x45; Melville B. Parker and others to Hall P. McCullough, Bennington, Vt., quitclaim, May 17; attorneys, Stetson, J. & R., 15 Broad St....$1

WASHINGTON AV, 1,728, e s, 25x89.8; Wirth Realty and Construction Co. to David Kraus, 246 West 129th St, (mtg $6,000,) May 25; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St....$100

WILLIS AV, n e corner of Southern Boulevard, 25x irregular x100x165; Edwin R. Maslen to Leo Lehman, 2,021 Broadway, and another, (mtg $30,000,) May 12; attorneys, Olcott, G., B. & McM., 170 Broadway....$1

WEST FARMS ROAD, s e s, 468.7 ft n e of Lyon St, 27.6x239.6; Eugene L. Parodi, referee, to Angus Wilkie, 2,403 Butler Place, April 27; attorney, W. S. Smith, 462 East 167th St....$2,000

3D AV, 3,780, e s, 25x100; Louis Rich to Elkan Kahn, 471 East 140th St, May 22; attorney, Isidore Witkind, 299 Broadway...$100

5TH AV, 2,139, e s, 16.6x75; Morris Meyers to Nicolo Laguisa, 2,067 2d Av, (mtg $9,000,) May 23, attorney, S. N. Tuchman, 320 Broadway....$100

8TH AV, 286, e s, 24.8x100; Oberlin M. Carter and others to Frank W. Hubby, Jr., 31 Nassau St, as receiver appointed in equity cause of the United States of America vs. Oberlin M., Lorenzo D., and I. S. Carter and others, all title, quitclaim, Feb. 18, 1905....$1

30TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of 2d Av, 20x98.9; Lawrence Collins to Kathryn A. Bennett and another, Dec. 24, 1903, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Mrs. K. B. Smith, 233 East 30th St....$1

55TH ST, 508 to 516 West, s s, 100x100.5; 50th St, 352 West, 25x100.5; Hudson St, 599, w s, 28.8x78.6; Daniel Levy and another to Charles S. Fischer and another, 144 East 38th St, Dec. 24, 1910; attorney, George E. Fischer, 146 Sterling Place, Brooklyn....$150

56TH ST, s s, 450 ft w of 7th Av, 50x—; Barney Estate Co. to Margaret Manning, 137 West 56th St, May 25, (mtg $66,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$100

69TH ST, 19 West, n s, 20x60.5; Sterling Realty Co. to Alfred C. Bachman, 265 West 121st St, May 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred C. Bachman to Sterling Realty Co., 203 Broadway, (mtg $30,000,) May 25; attorney, same....$100

71ST ST, n s, 397 ft e of West End Av, 18x102.2; Edmund Harshaw and others to Alfred C. Bachman, 265 West 121st St, May 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$27,000

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred C. Bachman to A. L. Mordecai & Son, 135 Broadway, (mtg $21,000,) May 25; attorney, same....$100

98TH ST, 224 East, s s, 25x100.11; Isaac Sickle and others to Annie Goodman, 181 Madison St, (mtg $23,000,) May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

99TH ST, 14 West, s s, 25x100.11; Bertha Pape and another to Philip Kraus, 159 East 92d St, (mtg $15,500,) May 25; attorney, W. M. Powell, 29 Wall St....$100

177TH ST, s s, 160.8 ft e of Central Av, 25x125; Albert A. Arnheim to Maurice Gantz, 20 East 177th St, (mtg $7,500,) May 23; attorneys, Wilcox & B., 220 Broadway....$100

185TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x75.11; Simon Adler to Seitz Realty Co., 220 East 83d St, May 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Seitz Realty Co. to Matthew Smith, 243 East 20th St, (mtg $4,500,) May 24; same attorney....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ALEXANDER DEVELOPMENT CO. to Saul Olmer and another, 67 Clinton St; Bathgate Av, s e corner of 183d St, 94x238.6, prior mtg $97,800, May 23, due Nov. 23, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Esther Kunstler, 144 Rivington St....$4,000

ARC REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Daly Av, e s, 64.5 ft n of 180th St, 48.8x75.9x49x72, May 24, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 160 Broadway..$22,000

SAME to same; Daly Av, n e corner of 180th St, 64.5x72x65.8x66.6, May 24, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, same....$44,000

SAME to same; 180th St, n s, 66.6 ft e of Daly Av, 42x109.11x42x108.4, May 24, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, same....$32,000

BACHMAN, Alfred C., to Edmund Harshaw et al., executors, at Grove City, Penn.; 71st St, n s, 397 feet east of West End Av, 18x102.2, May 25, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$21,000

BACHMAN, Alfred C., to Mary E. Prior; 69th St, 19 West, 20x100.5, May 25, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$30,000

BAUMGARTEN, Edward, to Julia Neiman, 402 East 69th St; 69th St, 318 East, s s, 16.8x77.4, May 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. Baumgarten, 318 East 169th St....$1,000

BARZAZHINI, Antoinetta, to John Dell' Era, 903 6th Av; Park View Place, e s, 133.5 ft n of 256th St, 75x100, May 24, 3 years; attorney, Bailey & S., 135 Broadway....$2,000

BROAD REALTY CO. to Edward R. Stehl, 317 East 55th St; Kelly St, 744, e s, 25x100, prior mtg $3,000, May 24, due Dec. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St....$1,500

BROHMER, Margaretha M., to Lizzie B. Hickcox, 2,246 Gleason Av; Gleason Av, 2,121, n s, 25x108, April 29, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester, N. Y....$750

BOYLE, Frank, to Sadie B. Clocke, 520 West 183d St; Lots 159, 160, 264, and 265, Map of 73 lots of Haight estate, May 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, T. E. Clocke, 2,022 Boston Road....$1,200

CAROB REALTY CO. to Henry L. Scheuerman and another, 254 West 82d St; 115th St, s s, 225 feet west of Broadway, 50x100.11, prior mortgage $110,000, May 25, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Murzman & F., 25 Broad St....$20,000

CASEY, William J., to Patrick Reddy, 78 West 120th St; Wadsworth Av, northeast corner of 178th St, 75x100, May 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,500

CRAM, John S., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 45th St, 17 East, 20x100.5, May 24, 3 years, as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$60,000

COHEN, Jacob, to Francis Sheppard and another, executors, 2,579 Bainbridge Av; Chestnut St, w s, 134 ft from land of Hanford Scofield, runs n w 150 x n e 50 x s e 150 x s w 56, May 25, 3 years; attorney, Charles P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$5,000

COLUMBIA BUILDING AND THEATRE CO. to Columbia Amusement Co., 701 7th Av; 7th Av, n e corner of 47th St, 100.4x140, prior mtg $125,000, April 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leon Laski, 160 Broadway....$25,000

D'ANDREA CONSTRUCTION CO. to William Osterholz, 342 East 87th St; Prospect Av, w s, 250 ft n of 183d St, 50x95, prior mtg $28,000, May 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St....$3,000

GALIANI, Giosue, to Lawyers' Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; Prospect Av, 2,076, e s, 25x90, May 22, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$3,500

GOODMAN, Annie, to Isaac Sickle, 200 West 112th St, and another; 98th St, 224 East, s s, 25x100.11, prior mtg $17,000, May 24, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$6,000

GREENWICH INVESTING CO. to Jacob Marx, 2,102 Broadway; Greenwich St, e s, 74.5 ft n of Leroy St, 26.4x—, May 25, prior mtg $22,500, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 120 Broadway....$7,000

GREENWICH INVESTING CO. to Sender Jarmulowsky, 18 East 92d St; Hudson St, 503 to 507, w s, 70.3x—, prior mortgage $45,000, May 25, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Clark, 165 East Broadway....$40,000

GREENWICH INVESTING CO. to Edwin L. Meyers, 69 East 80th St; Greenwich St, 625, e s, 26.4x—, May 24, 3 years; attorney, Eugene G. Kremer, 1 Wall St....$22,500

HEILAND, George W., to Ida S. Lamb, Utica, N. Y.; Whittier St, southeast corner of Garrison Av, 100x105, May 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,500

HEIMSTADT, Oscar J., to American Temperance Life Insurance Association, 253 Broadway; Catherine St, e s, n ½ of Lot 245, map of Washingtonville, 25x100, May 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

HICKS, Rosanna T., to Martha T. Kelly at Goshen, N. Y.; 121st St, n s, 205 ft e of 7th Av, 20x100.11, May 24, due Nov. 24, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. H. Kelly, 271 Broadway....$1,500

INRIST, Fannie, to Rebecca M. Lansen, 1,246 Clinton Av; Eagle Av, 687, w s, 19.4x99.4, May 25, 5 years; attorney, L. B. Hasbrouck, 257 Broadway....$6,000

ISRAEL, Minnie, to Samuel Wacht, 470 Wyona St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; St. Ann's Av, 158, w s, 20x80, prior mtg $2,850, May 25, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, O. A. Samuels, 99 Nassau St....$1,500

JANDORF, Frederick S., and Adolph Steiner to Jeanette Monheimer, 1,980 7th Av; Hall Place, e s, 133.1 ft s of 167th St, 29.11x irregular, May 16, 3 years; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$3,500

SAME to Levinson Improvement Co., 406 East 149th St; same property, prior mtg $8,500, May 24, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Arthur O. Ernst, 170 Broadway....$3,000

KEANE, Michael, to Honora V. Cronin, 265 East Kingsbridge Road; Briggs Av, northeast corner of Coles Lane, 70x74.7, May 25, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$5,000

KEARNEY, Edward W., to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; 12th St, n s, 140 ft w of 3d Av, 30x—, May 25, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Strong & C., 40 Wall St....$100,000

KRAUSS, Philip, to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av; 99th St, 14 West, 25x100.11, May 25, 5 years; attorney, W. M. Powell, 29 Wall St....$19,000

McKAY, Mary, to Equitable Life Assurance Society of United States, 120 Broadway; 7th Av, e s, 149.1 ft s of 14th St, 15.5x100, due June 20, 1913, May 24; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway....$9,000

MANNING, Margaret, to Barney Estate Co., 135 Broadway; 56th St, s s, 450 ft w of 6th Av, 50x—, prior mtg $66,000, May 25, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$34,000

MASON, William R., to Middletown Realty Co., 35 Nassau St; Amsterdam Av, s e corner of 158th St, 49.11x100, prior mtg $80,000, May 24, due March 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway....$15,000

NEW NETHERLANDS THEATRE CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, 48th St, 137 to 145 West, 100x—, May 25, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$250,000

ORLANDI, Julio, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; 104th St, 314 East, s s, 25x100.11, May 25, 5 years; attorney, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$10,500

PANZIRONI, Ilario, to Amalie November, 121 St. Nicholas Av; Honeywell Av, w s, 111.7 ft n of 178th St, 25x140.3, May 25, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, November & Jaffe, 170 Broadway....$1,000

PELL, Anne O., to Joseph Buchler, 3,750 Willett Av; 21st St, 107 West, 20x98.9, May 25, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

RECHNITZER, Max, to Alfred C. Grants, 900 Ogden Av; Lots 24 and 25, Parcel 10, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden; Ogden Av, w s, 55 ft s of 164th St, 25x100, prior mtg $11,600, May 24, installments, 6 p. c.; 900 Ogden Av....$1,400

RUMIENSKI, John S., to Theodore J. Chabot, 1,208 Washington Av; Madison Av, n e s, 175.1 ft s e of 2d St, 75x75.10, May 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$4,000

STEINER, Ignatius, to Simon Goldberger, 609 West 127th St; Lots 60, 61, and 62, map of 142 lots Paul estate, 75x100; Lots 99 and 100, same map, 50x110, May 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

SAME to Auerbach Realty Co., 386 Central Park West; same property, prior mtg $2,500, May 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney same..$1,500

SCORCA, Joseph, and Andrea Ascosi to Melrose Realty Co., 4,380 3d Av; Lots 110 and 111 and 298, map of Laconia Park, May 22, installments; address, 4,380 3d Av....$1,400

SCENIC REALTY CO. to Margaret Walsh, Port Chester, N. Y., and another; Fort Schuyler Road, e s, at line between land herein described and land now or late of William H. Wallace, 613.6x irregular, May 24, due Nov. 24, 1914; attorney, William L. Snyder, 5 Beekman St....$110,000

THE TWENTY WEST TWENTY-SECOND Street Realty Co. to Selig Rosenbaum and another, 48 West 85th St; 22d St, s s, 337.11 ft w of 5th Av, 103.10x—, prior mtg $715,000, Oct. 6, 1910, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Rose & P., 128 Broadway....$23,500

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $738,500, Jan. 13, 1911, due, &c, as per bond; attorney same....$23,500

SAME to Hay Foundry and Iron Works and another, 114 East 28th St; 22d St, 20 to 26 West, 103.10x98.9, prior mtg $715,000, March 30, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Carter & H., 154 Nassau St....$151,852

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

BROADWAY, 187, w s, 45.8 ft s of Dey St, 100.2x25.6, Nov. 28, 1910; Lena B. Collins and others, owners, to Bowery Savings Bank; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$20,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 4, 1907; same to same....$30,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 17, 1905; same to same....$90,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 147th St, 25.6x99.11, Feb. 28, 1907; Charles D. Hobbs and Josephine H., his wife, to Alice A. Crandall; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$15,000

CANNON ST, 85, mortgage on machinery, Feb. 18, 1907; Abraham Pasternack to Benjamin Pasternack....$1,000

CENTRE ST, s w corner of Howard St, 100.8x38.1x100.6x36.5, June 13, 1906; Simon P. Emery to C. Amory Stevens and others, trustees; Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$96,500

CUTHBERT AV, n e corner of Odell St, (Spencer Av,) 91.2x29.1x89x48.11, May 26, 1908; Foster Property Builders, a corporation, to the Park Mortgage Co.; Fettretch & S., 41 Park Row....$8,000

DALY AV, n e corner of 180th St, 150.1x21.5x152.1x108.7, June 11, 1909; Arc Realty Co. to Edgar S. Appleby, trustee; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$20,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 178th St, 127.8 ft to centre line of block x100x27.8x100, July 28, 1910; Hargood Realty and Construction Co. owner, 160 Broadway, to the New York Trust Co, 26 Broad St; Frederick A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$150,000

GREENWICH ST, 625, mortgage on machinery, &c., Feb. 23, 1911; Greenwich Investing Co, owner, 69 West 188th St, to Otis Elevator Co; William H. Brady, 17 Battery Place....$1,690

GREENWICH ST, 625, e s, 26.4x63.3x irregular, July 15, 1910; Greenwich Investing Co, owner, 277 West 132d St; Hy. Kuntz, 63 Park Row....$8,000

GREENWICH ST, e s, 74.5 ft n of Le Roy St, 26.4x63.3x irregular, Nov. 17, 1910; same to Atlantic Dock Co; Stephen G. Thomas, 40 Wall St....$10,500

GREENWICH ST, e s, 74.5 ft n of Le Roy St, 26.4x63.3x irregular, July 5, 1910; St. John's Park Realty Co. to Martense B. Story, trustee of Isaac Orr, deceased; Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$6,500

HALL PLACE, e s, 133.1 ft s of 167th St, 50.4x39.6x28x48.7x51.8x30, Feb. 1, 1905; Isabella and Friedericka L. Becker to Johannah Sweeney; Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$2,400

HONEYWELL AV, s e corner of 181st St, 19.8x70.11x irregular, Aug. 13, 1906; Anna Proebsel to Isaac Haft and another; Krakower & P., 309 Broadway....$9,000

PLOT 4, map (1,338) lots Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates, May 20, 1910; Hargood Realty and Construction Co to Charles S. Sykes; W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway....$4,750

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 185th St, 181.6x180.11x130x200.1, Jan. 16, 1906; Nathan J. Cohn to New York Trust Co.; address, 26 Broad St....$24,000

TREMONT ROAD, n s, 150 ft e of Edison Av, 100x59; Tremont Road, n s, 200 ft e of Eldson Av, 50x112/11x59x144.3, July 28, 1908; Oscar L. and Louis L. Lyons to Maurice Kelkhes, as receiver of Aetna Ind. Co., Hartford, Conn.; Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St....$1,625

WHITE PLAINS AV, 109, e s, 92.10 ft n of 1st (now 215th) St, 48x20, Oct. 11, 1904; Adelaide Burlando, owner, 3,641 Willet Av, to Goodwin Brown; Austin & McLanahan, 135 Broadway....$3,200

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, 111, e s, 48x23x48x27.4, Nov. 7, 1904; Adelaide Burlando, owner, to Goodwin Brown; Austin & McL., 135 Broadway....$2,500

2D ST, s s, 225 ft w of 1st Av, 25x73.8x25.1x70.6, June 1, 1907; Leopold Greenberg to Samuel House; Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$3,500

2D AV, 2,196, s e corner of 113th St, 75x25.10, June 26, 1896; Amelia Fechteler to Wilson Marshall, Bridgeport, Conn.; Dutton & K., 203 Broadway....$12,000

5TH AV, 2,008, mortgage on fixtures, Oct. 25, 1907; Frederick H. Schwabenhausen to Hy. Vogt, White Plains, N. Y....$4,500

12TH ST, 123 to 129 East, n s, 80x103.3x irregular, March 16, 1895; Edward Kearney and Cynthia, his wife, and others to the Manhattan Savings Institution; Hoyt & S., 66 Broadway....$70,000

34TH ST, 56 East, s s, 98.9x18.8, May 25, 1908; Hy C. Sturges and Sarah A., his wife, to Charles Garfiel; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$19,000

65TH ST, s s, 210 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.5, April 29, 1905; George V. N. Baldwin to Henry L. Goodwin and another, trustees of Matilda E. Coddington, deceased; Blandy, M. & S., 7 Wall St....$14,000

99TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of West End Av, 100.11x75, June 1, 1910; Jacobs Construction Co. to S. Levy, 24 West 89th St; J. A. Seidman, 61 Park Row....$14,500

104TH ST, 314 East, s s, 100.11x25, May 12, 1905; Julio Orlandi and Anna, his wife, to the Guardian Trust Co. of New York; Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$9,400

121ST ST, n s, 121 ft e of 6th Av, 100.11x20, May 22, 1888; Samuel O. Wright to Germania Life Insurance Co., 50 Union Square; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,000

121ST ST, n s, 121 ft e of 6th Av, 100.11x20, May 22, 1888; S. O. Wright, Rockville Centre, L. I., to Germania Life Insurance Co.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,000

142D ST, s s, 140.7 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 100x25, April 19, 1899; Charles Lane and Lena, his wife, to Franklin M. Ring, as Committee person and estate of Hy Ring, a lunatic; Salter & S., 140 Nassau St....$13,000

161ST ST, 352 East, (and Cauldwell Av, 864,) Aug. 4, 1910; Guy O. Sawyer to George Ehret; E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway....$800

Assignments of Mortgages.

TOWNE, Carrie B., and another, to Viola B. Powers....$1

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST Co. to Adelaide B. Harris....$56,000

STEIN, Henry B., to Max Bernstein....$100

JOSEPH, Fannie, to Gustave Plonsky..$12,000

POWELL, Wilson M., to Mary L. Shear, an interest of....$1,000

COHEN, Solomon, and another, to Louis Jacoby....$1

CLARE, William F., and another, executors, to New York Mortgage and Security Co..$14,093

WOLF, Simson, and another, executors, to Greenwich Savings Bank....$42,000

MACK, H. Lewis, to Fred L. Conroy....$10,000

SIMONSON, Sali, to H. Lewis Mack....$10,000

STOCK, Matilda L., to Willa A. Stock....$1

STOCK, Matilda L., administratrix, to Matilda Stock and others....$1

CONDIT, William L., to German Savings Bank....$58,000

MORSE, M. H., to William T. Whelan..$1,500

HAHNE, Emma, to German Savings Bank....$18,000

IRVING, John T., to Julia Cole....$1

DANZIGER, Virginia, and another, executors, to Herman Cowen....$8,500

CLOCKE, T. Emory, to Melrose Realty Co...$1

LEWIS, Francis D., and another, executors, &c., to Anzonetta D. Anthony....$25,000

BROWN, John A., Jr., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co....$40,000

MASON, Ida, and another, executors, to Ida Mason and another, trustees....$1

EISENBERG, Louis, to Jennie Kamsler....$14,000

MIDDLE-TOWN REALTY CO. to Tillie Wacht....$100

LEVINSON IMPORT CO. to Sophie Newhouse....$100

WEINSTOCK, Mary, to August Funck..$100

CALLENDER, Ada B., to Cyrus F. Wicker..$1

STUMPF, Anthony, to First National Bank of Westwood, N. J....$2,500

TOBIAS, Julius D., to Max Cohen....$5,000

DONALD, Peter, to Anna B. Donald....$1

BOWERY SAVINGS BANK to Mutual Life Insurance Co....$70,000

SECURITY TRUST CO. trustee, to D. F. Sicher....$1,500

STERRETT, Clarence E., to Commonwealth Savings Bank....$12,000

STERRETT, Sarah M., to Clarence E. Sterrett....$13,500

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 1,487, south store floor; Elizabeth K. Dooling to Edwin Baumgarten, 318 East 69th St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; address, 318 East 69th St....$360

AVENUE C, n w corner of 9th St, store and basement; Morris Lipsman to Simon H. Ayer, 145 Avenue C, 3 years from April 1, 1912; attorney, Charles Liebling, 140 Nassau St....$1,500

CAULDWELL AV, 864, corner store and store in rear, cellar, &c.; Philipp Freudenmacher to Guy O. Sawyer, 6 years from Aug. 1, 1910; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St....$1,500

COLUMBUS AV, 795, store and part of basement; Louis Kempner and another, trustees, to David Robinson and another, 508 West 112th St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Robinson & R., 795 Columbus Av..$2,700

GRAND ST, 455 to 459, all; Carrie R. Jaeger to Jacob Magen and another, 208 East 68th St, 10 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Magen Brothers, 459 Grand St....$6,000

GREENWICH ST, 528 and 530, all; estate of John Gray to John Foley, 398 Audubon Av, 8 years from Sept. 1, 1911; address, 528 Greenwich St....$3,325

LENOX AV, s w corner of 116th St, hat check box privilege for halls in Lenox Casino; Lenox Casino Co to Ella M. Coffins and others, 8 East 117th St, 4 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, S. Benaderet, 32 West 100th St....$250

MANHATTAN AV, 152, middle store; Frederick H. Peper to Joseph Weissberg, 153 Manhattan Av, 9 4-12 years; address, 152 Manhattan Av....$720

MULBERRY ST, 240, south store and basement; Thomas Farese to Teodoro Morelli, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Eastern B. Co, 205 Bushwick Av, Brooklyn....$540

1ST AV, 1,878, south store and cellar; John Bain, Jr., to Charles Velchradsky, on premises, 3 years from May 1, 1911....$720

8TH AV, 2,536, n e corner of 135th St, all; Simon E. Bernheimer and another to Dillon J. McDermott, 148 West 94th St, 10 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, D. L. O'Reilly, 277 Broadway....$5,150

10TH AV, 484, store and basement; Albert V. Donellan to Edmound Schaeffer, 535 St. Ann's Av, 5 years from Jan. 15, 1911; address, 500 5th Av....$1,500

19TH ST, 346 West, all; Margaret A. Dowling to Marie Kampmeier, 346 West 19th St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, R. R. Plum, 445 Lewis Av, Brooklyn....$1,400

144TH ST, 367 east, store and basement; Jacob Zitrin to Harry L. Zitrin, 367 East 144th St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$420

Mechanics' Liens.

BAILEY AV, e s, 228.3 ft n of Boston Av, 75x62; Ahneman & Younkheere, Incorporated, against Roma Construction and Engineering Co., owners and contractor....$36

INTERVALE AV, w s, 129 ft s of 167th St, 28.1x39.1; John H. Symmers against Steiner & Jandorf, owners; Leo Levinson, contractor....$110

MARKET ST, e s, 100.2 ft n of Cherry St, 23.9x83.8x23.7x90.8; Charles Boncia & Co. against Mary Murphy, owner and contractor....$625

7TH AV, 420; William T. Otten against Felix J. Donnelly, owner; Hamilton System Co., Incorporated, contractor....$500

22D ST, 38 West; A. Pardi Tile Co. against John Doe, owner; Epstein & Levin, contractors....$525

22D ST, 20 to 26 West; S. H. Pomeroy Co., Incorporated, against the Twenty West Twenty Second Street Realty Co., owner and contractor....$9,000

124TH ST, 401 West; Woolf Peires against Olive Fitzgerald, owner; Levin & Levin Contracting Co., contractor....$4,050

141ST ST, 103 and 105 West; Harlem Wall Paper Co. against Diva Realty Co., owner and contractor....$167

149TH ST, 490 West; Vossnack Lumber & Veneer Co. against Fluri Construction Co., owner and contractor....$652

200TH ST, 243 to 247 East; Willa Luntz against Bedford Boulevard Construction Co., owner and contractor....$340

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

INTERVALE AV, 1,077; Christian Repp against Levinson Improvement Co. et al., April 24, 1911....$675

WEBSTER AV, e s, 158 ft n of 169th St; Carmine Altieri against Bernard Construction Co. et al., May 23, 1911....$500

136TH ST, 614 West; Margaret F. MacSorley against Benjamin Oppenheim et al., Feb. 27, 1911....$46

48TH ST, 137 West; Feinberg & Feinberg against F. T. Nesbit & Co., May 20, 1911, (by bond)....$175

181ST ST, 720, 728, and 736 West; De Ruyter Van Order, Inc., against John M. Linck Construction Co. et al., May 8, 1911, (by bond)....$800

LENOX AV, 111; Louis R. Smith against Harris Young et al., May 19, 1911, (by deposit)....$146

Lis Pendens.

KEARNEY AV, e s, 150 ft n of Fairmount Av, 84.10x100x irregular; Louis Jacobi against Margaretha Van Salsen and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, C. D. W. Rogers.

MAGENTA ST, n s, 55 ft w of Cedar Av, 25x94.10; Antonio Cimino against Raphael Pontano and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, A. Madeo.

MANHATTAN AV, s w corner of 105th St, 19.11x50; Lillie N. Sternberg against Joseph H. Trant, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus.

5TH AV, e s, 33.11 ft s of 181st St, 16.8x75; Edwin A. Polak and others against Nicolo Laguisa, (specific performance;) attorney, E. J. Zwilling.

Building Loan Contract.

HUDSON ST, 503 to 507; Sender Jarmulowsky loans Greenwich Investing Co....$40,000

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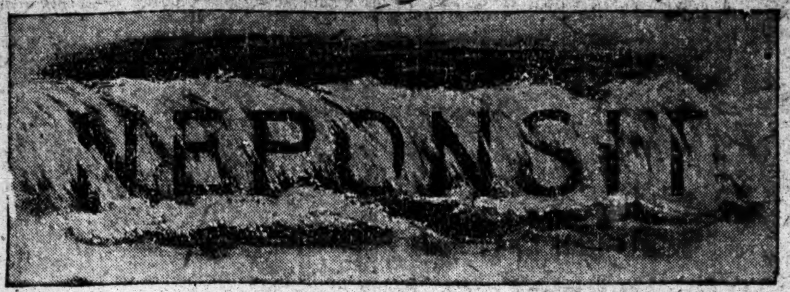

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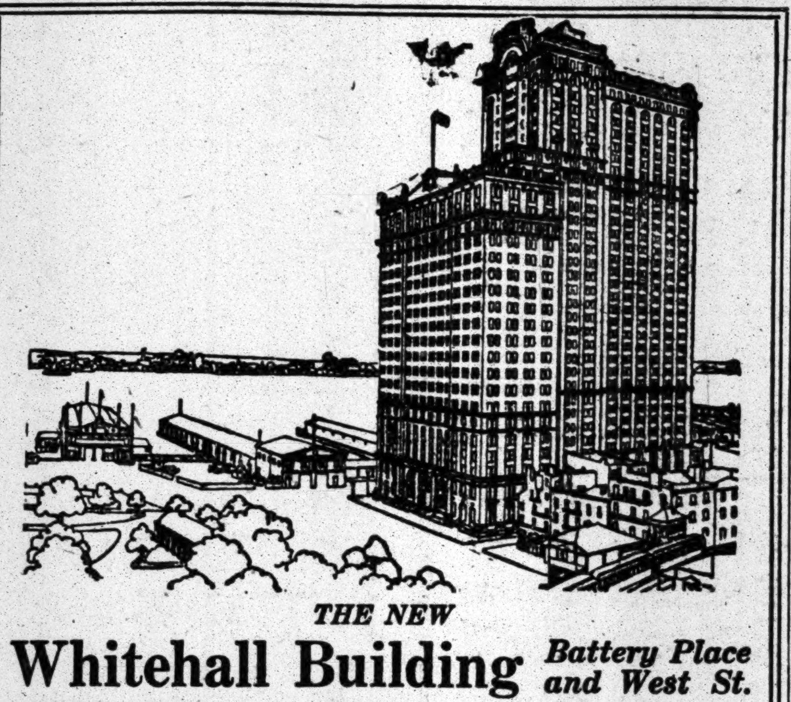

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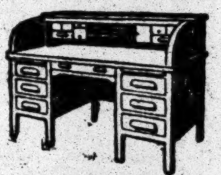

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SPRING LAKE BEACH

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Opens June 17.

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The new fireproof addition is a model for comfort and convenience. The entire house now offers 350 guest rooms, each of which is connected with private bath or has running water. Hotel Dennis is one of the Beach Front Hotels still maintaining an unobstructed ocean view.

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EUROPEAN PLAN. 100 MODERN ROOMS,

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One square from Beach and Penna. R. R. Station. Rooms with bath. Central to all attractions. Bathing from house.

Salesmen's Sample Rooms.

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Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent verandas, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet.

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VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR STEEL PIER.

Fireproof. Sun parlor, private baths, running water; $10, $12, $15 up per week; $2 up per day. Special rates and booklet on application. O. D. PAINTER.

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Ocean Front Annex, Board Walk, Cottages, De Luxe Bathing Pools and Dressing Rooms. Auditorium for conventions, etc. Club and reunion dinners.

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EASTERN POINT.

New London, Conn.

FINEST SEASHORE RESORT IN AMERICA.

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The ideal place to spend DECORATION DAY or the Summer, within 50 minutes of N. Y. City, directly on the water.

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Day Rates, $3.00 up.

Special Rates for June and to families for the season.

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MOST PERFECT SEASHORE SUMMER RESORT.

EVERY ROOM WITH WATER VIEW.

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WILL OPEN MAY 27TH

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Largest, most modern, finest located and the leading hotel in this region. Every convenience. Large, airy rooms en suite with baths and running water. Noted for its cuisine and service. Our dairies, farm and greenhouses supply to the table products "Par Excellence." American plan, also a la carte. Orchestra, social diversions, golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing, etc., on Hotel's grounds. Private Mt. Park, 300 acres of beautiful lawns, walks, waterfalls and profusion of garden and mountain flowers. Bell 'Phone 92. Livery Garage, Saddle Horses. Booklet of views and auto maps over good roads, on application. May, June and season rates. G. FRANK COPE.

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For those who desire the best in appointment, cuisine, service, comfort, and location.

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Karamac Inn, Delaware Water Gap, Pa.

Two days, $8.00; three days, $10, including use of boats. Railroad and all expenses; magnificent scenery, water sports. Booklet.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—DANIEL S. MILLER and another, plaintiffs, against GEORGE J. GOULD and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment for the partition of real property by the sale thereof, dated May 4, 1911, and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on May 5th, 1911, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Sales Rooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, the premises, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Broad Street, distant thirty-one feet six and one-half inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Water Street with the westerly side of Broad Street, running thence westerly through the centre of a party wall, and on a line making on its southerly side an angle of seventy-nine degrees forty-six minutes thirty seconds (79° 46' 30") with the westerly side of Broad Street seventy-four feet four and one-half inches, more or less, to the premises No. 16 Water Street; thence northerly on a line making on its easterly side an angle of ninety degrees thirty-five minutes (90° 35') with the last-mentioned course, twenty-four feet seven inches, and along the easterly wall of said No. 16 Water Street; thence easterly on a line making on its southerly side an angle of eighty-nine degrees forty-three minutes thirty seconds (89° 43' 30") with the last-mentioned course, four feet six and one-half inches; thence southerly on a line making on its westerly side an angle of eighty-nine degrees eleven minutes (89° 11') with the last-mentioned course, one foot and three-eighths of an inch; thence easterly through the centre of another party wall and on a line making on its northerly side an angle of eighty-nine degrees twenty-three minutes (89° 23') with the last-mentioned course, seventy-four feet four and one-half inches to the westerly side of Broad Street, and thence southerly along the said westerly side of Broad Street, twenty-four feet one and one-quarter inches, to the point or place of beginning.

Said premises above described being known as Number 106 Broad Street, in said Borough and City.

Dated New York, May 8, 1911.

WILLIAM FORSTER, Referee.

CANNON & CANNON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, office and Post Office address 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

SALTER & STEINKAMP, Attorneys for Defendants Dwight C. Harris and others.

DAVID H. TAYLOR, Attorney for Defendants Geo. J. Gould and others.

EDWARD R. OTHEMAN, Guardian ad Litem for Infant Defendants Marjorie Gould Drexel and others.

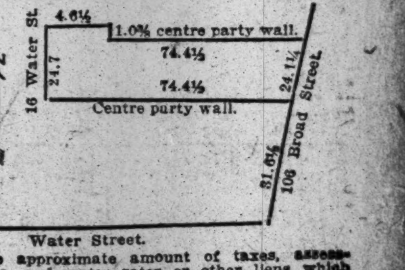
LEONARD & WALKER, Attorneys for Defendants Anna, Duchesse de Talleyrand, and others.

MORTON C. FITCH, Guardian ad Litem for Infant Defendants Boniface de Castellane and others.

COUDERT BROTHERS, Attorneys for Defendant C. B. Samuels.

GRIGGS, BALDWIN & BALDWIN, Attorneys for Defendant Katherine C. Gould.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee on the sale of said 106 Broad Street is eight hundred 75-100 ($800.75) dollars, and interest.

Dated New York, May 8th, 1911.

WILLIAM FORSTER, Referee.

TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

If you fail to leave order with your newsdealer to have The Times sent to your country address, telephone Circulation Department, 1000 Bryant, and your order will receive prompt attention.—Adv.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

EMIL KRAFT, restaurant, 1 Madison Avenue. Petition filed against him by Joseph N. Pugh, $1,582.

JOHN RANDALL.—Judge Hough has appointed S. M. Hitchcock receiver for John Randall, builder, 859 East 156th Street. Bond $3,000.

MORRIS ORNITZ, manager, 115 Eldridge Street, has filed a petition, individually and as a member of the firm of M. Ornitz & Son. Liabilities $4,162; no assets.

IDA HILLMANN, 665 Coster Street. Petition filed against her by Henry Hahenfeld and Mary Hahenfeld, $1,000. Judge Hough appointed Albert Falck receiver; bond $1,000.

PATTECK & BERMAN.—Jacob Patteck and Isadore Berman, comprising the firm of Patteck & Berman, jewelry, 168½ Delancey Street. Schedules show liabilities $5,274 and assets $1,525.

DAVID BRADSPIS.—Judge Hough has appointed H. W. Sykes receiver for David Bradspis, individually and as sole remaining member of the firm of Eagle Plumbing Supply Company, and fixed his bond at $1,000.

SALS & GELLER.—Petition filed against Jacob Sals and Adolph Geller, trading as Sals & Geller and as the New Supply House, 112 and 114 West First Street, Mount Vernon, N. Y., by Bernard Barbrowsky, $3,600; Sarah Barbrowsky, $3,600, and Isidore Kanner, $1,000.

LEANDER K. WOOD, hardware, 59 Main Street, Yonkers, N. Y. Petition filed against him by P. & F. Corbin, $2,306; Charles J. Stebbins & Co., $250, and Sickels-Loder Co., $678. Assets about $9,000; liabilities $14,000. Judge Hough has appointed I. L. Ernst receiver; bond $3,000.

JACOB PFEFFER, 139 Delancey Street, doing business as the Jewish Weekly Trading Company and also President of the Brotherhood Publishing Company. Schedules show liabilities $37,184 and assets $83,200, of which $30,000 is money loaned to the Brotherhood Publishing Company and $45,000 as stock in the same concern.

Out of Town.

BOSTON, May 25.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed against Percy M. Ford, dealer in automobile supplies to-day, by Moses H. Gulesian, who has a claim of $2,060.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arensen, Samuel—A. Schwarz, $1,290.
Arezzo, Vincent, (not summoned,) Claudio and Raphael, (not summoned,) et al.—G. Bruno, $174.
Arbogast, Charles O.—J. G. McCullough, $566.
Benjamin, Ephraim and Israel W.—D. J. Brownstein, et al., $135.
Brick, Isaac, (not summoned,) et al.—L. Bressler, $178.
Bauchwitz, Herman—Monolith Realty Co., $101.
Brody, Moses—American Woolen Co. of New York, $2,153.
Benson, William W.—Alo Realty Co., $555.
Carlin, Robert—G. K. Day, $105.
Catolanotti, Cologero, et al.—State of New York, $1,000.
Clark, Erastus W., et al.—C. F. Boker, $484.
Doliberto, Frank, et al.—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $296.
Duckenfield, John D.—D. K. Bloch, $203.
Edelson, Isaac—L. I. Waxler, $530.
Ehrgott, Oscar H.—Willis Music Co., $125.
Eytinge, Charles S., et al.—T. L. Field, $4,119.
Gallatin, James N.—R. E. Swezey, $258.
Galluccio, Michael, et al.—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $296.
Goldman, Morris—S. Slomon, $380.
Goldman, George, et al.—L. Mizl, $184.
Holmes, Deacon—R. Compton, $141.
Hoffman, Henry—J. Phyfe, $160.
Hartman, Samuel—City of New York, $215.
Hampton, Schuyler S.—City of New York, $113.
Haas, Henry J.—Same, $215.
Hess, Frederick—Same, $215.
Heckman, Charles—Same, $117.
Held, R. Johnson—Same, $118.
Himmel, William—Same, $215.
Himmel, Meyer—Same, $208.
Hogue, Frank A.—Same, $116.
Hoffman, Charles S.—Same, $308.
Hundley, George—Same, $208.
Huston, Samuel J.—Same, $303.
Iliers, Eugene H.—S. Abeloff, $106.
Henry, Fred—New York Edison Co., $133.
Imperatori, Reginald J.—Wilkinson Gaddis & Co., $519.
Ingram, Harry—T. L. Morison, $537.
Ingram, Harry—Same, $126.
Jackson, Frank W.—Greek Currant Co., costs, $121.
Krekey, Clementine—C. F. Flaacke, $384.
Kusmierski, Anthony Z.—B. K. Bloch, $152.
Lynch, Charles P.—S. Sonn et al., $102.
Lack, Herman—S. Sonn et al., $459.
Michel, John S.—J. Meadows et al., costs, $107.
McEvily, John V., et al.—Dimock & Fink Co., $546.
MacMonnoies, Frank, et al.—H. Von Bremen et al., $4,521.
Marks, Meyer, et al.—L. Mizl, $184.
Pancoats, Thomas A.—Industrial Glass Co., $478.
Pirk, Amalia, et al.—Dimock & Fink Co., $546.
Paroubek, Albert J.—A. Kasnowitz, $190.
Perlman, Louis H.—H. Bilowitz et al., $367.
Post, Alfred H., et al.—T. L. Field, $4,119.
Rockwell, Edwin C.—P. & F. Corbin of N. Y., $148.
Russell, Andrew A.—C. C. Jack, $283.
Sidden, Henry—S. I. Elias et al., $279.
Saitta, Philip W.—Anchor Line et al., costs, $111.
Spiegel, Louis—B. Lavendale, $170.
Steiner, Morris, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Stein, William—H. Davidson, $167.
Stone, Elliot, et al.—T. L. Field, $4,119.
Schwartz, Joseph, et al.—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $296.
Strauss, Herman, et al.—Gesellschaft fur Graphische Kunst M. B. H., $536.
Same—Same, $329.
Santacroce, Nicola—H. Kraut, $1,071.
Strauss, Emil—Bennett, Sloan & Co., $451.
Schulman, Abraham—Same, $148.
Tully, Alice L.—M. M. Disbrow, $384.
Von Elm, William, et al.—H. Von Bremen et al., $4,521.
Weinkoff, Michael, et al.—L. Bressler, $178.
White, John F.—E. Osborn et al., $637.
Weinberg, Jacob B., (not summoned,) et al.—Gesellschaft fur Graphische Kunst M. B. H., $536.
Same—Same, $329.
Wharff, Justin W.—Clark Gibby, Inc., $122.
S. E. Kellar Lumber Co.—City of N. Y., $274.
Wolff Cornice and Skylight Works—Dorsett De Marrais Co., $243.
Brook Construction Co.—Barrett Mfg. Co., $112.
William T. Hookey, Inc.—Mfrs. Lumber Co., $527.
W. C. Hamilton Construction Co.—F. C. Haven, $1,182.
Pirk Realty Co. et al.—Dimock & Fink Co., $546.
Zust Motor Co.—H. Carhartt, $1,024.
Johnston Umstead Realty Co.—Monolith Realty Co., $115.
Story Brush Co.—North American Mercantile Agency Co., $19.
Prescott Realty Co.—H. H. Levene, $11,897.
Cerra Realty Construction Co.—I. Greenberger, $883.
American Ice Co.—M. E. V. Murphy, $4,940.
Shurfoot Horse Shoe Corp. et al.—C. F. Boker, $484.
Surefoot Horseshoe Co. et al.—Same, $484.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Schwartz & Co.—W. S. Phippen, April 28, 1911, $123.
Kassel, Joseph L., Max Frindel, Edward Silberstein, and Samuel A. Lerner—Public Bank of New York City, May 16, 1911, $400.
Weiser, Max—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., May 24, 1911, $730.
Lese, Louis—H. Fischel, May 22, 1911, $102.
Same—Same, Dec. 28, 1909, $100.
Same—Same, May 21, 1909, $4,614.
Cairns, George—B. Burgheimer et al., April 3, 1911, $141.
Wilson & Baillie Mfg. Co.—City of New York, Nov. 27, 1908, $248.
Ullmauf, Richard—J. J. Block, May 23, 1911, (vacated,) $2,021.
Corse, John—Tenement House Department, Dec. 10, 1908, $265.
Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co.—J. Schonborn, Oct. 24, 1910, $1,349.
Berger Realty and Construction Co.—New York Telephone Co., April 18, 1911, $135.
Hoadley, Joseph H.—E. H. Crandall, Dec. 29, 1910, $117.
Same—Lenox Garage Co., April 20, 1910, $256.
Montgomery, Caryl A.—C. E. Randrup, March 10, 1911, $122.
Merriless, Thomas P.—Imperial Rubber Co., May 19, 1911, $854.
New York Savings Bank—C. James, March 1, 1911, $140.
Olson, John E.—Herbert L. Brown Co., Jan. 7, 1910, $622.
Derr, Frank J.—H. J. Sophian, March 17, 1911, (vacated,) $481.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Suspended under a criminal charge—Patrolman Reuben R. Huntington, 17th Precinct.

Employment on probation as patrolmen revoked—F. H. Adams, G. J. Blackhall, H. V. Burgess, E. J. Cleary, L. R. Courtenay, T. B. Crumblin, M. P. Dowling, J. T. Fichter, H. Harlegel, M. J. Krusska, M. J. Mannion, M. J. Mathews, J. Murphy, M. J. Naylis, A. Norwig, G. P. Obach, J. E. Prince, C. H. Roth, S. Schaffel, J. E. Stanton, J. T. Sayler, F. W. Trommer, A. Von Frank, A. H. Welsheimer, J. W. Bennett, J. C. Brosnan, G. Chopping, C. Comolli, J. Cronin, W. Dennehy, F. Eich, C. Gutrie, P. A. Healy, M. A. Loughran, S. B. Massam, M. A. Meyer, F. Nau, J. F. Nicol, F. X. Nugent, F. Petrik, J. C. Reid, F. W. Santangelo, K. H. Schlimmermeyer, J. V. Summers, C. A. Stone, P. Tully, H. V. Vroom, J. G. Wolpert.

Resigned—Probationary Patrolman R. T. Clark, School for Recruits.

Fire Department.

Board appointed to test automobile fire engine—Acting Chief John Kenlon, Battalion Chief John P. Howe, Foreman Charles S. Demarest.

Foremen designated Acting Chiefs of Battalion—Timothy W. Crowley, Engine 81; John J. Kelly, No. 1, Hook and Ladder 9; Edward F. O'Connor, Engine 11; John Spencer, Engine 24.

Detail—Foreman Frederick Murray, Engine 57, to Bureau Chief of Department while on sick report.

Suspended without pay—Bookkeeper John J. Burke, Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, Brooklyn and Queens.

Resignation accepted—Bookkeeper John J. Burke, Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, Brooklyn and Queens.

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New Jersey Central
DECORATION DAY OUTINGS
Lake Hopatcong
Also NEXT SUNDAY May 28th **$1**
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Mauch Chunk
$1.50 Leave W. 23rd St. 8.20 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.

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THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO
CONEY ISLAND

Season opens Saturday, May 27th, with full schedule from W. 129th, N. R., and Pier 1, N. R. No Landing at West 23d St.

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SPECIAL TRIPS UP THE HUDSON,
Sunday, May 28th, and Tuesday, May 30th, allowing 2½ hours at **WEST POINT** and 1 hour at **NEWBURGH**
leaves Pier 1, North River, 9:30 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:30 A. M.; Yonkers, 11:00 A. M. ROUND TRIP, 75c.; Yonkers, 50c. Steamer will be limited to one-half its licensed capacity.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
Decoration Day and next Sunday, May 28th
Leave W. 23d St. 8.50, Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Mauch Chunk, $1.50
DECORATION DAY
Leave W. 23d St. 8.20, Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

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[illegible] and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. See the Ocean, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15 P. M., returning 5,

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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To West Point, Newburgh, Po'keepsie and Kingston,
STR. BENJ. B. ODELL, (new)
From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.
SATURDAYS { 1 o'clock P. M.
West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.

STR. BENJ. B. ODELL.
To Fishkill and Newburgh.
SUNDAYS { From ft. Franklin St. 9. A. M.
West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.
Returning, leaves Newburgh 6 P. M.
Dining Room—Excellent Service—Music.
Round Trip from N. Y. 90 Cents.
Illustrated booklet upon request.

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On Great, Swift Day Line Steamer
Hendrick Hudson
To Kingston Point
(The foot of the Catskills)
and Return.
200 Miles for $2.

Leave Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M. Also West Point, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie Excursions. Leaving Desbrosses St. 8:40 and 9:40 A. M.

Decoration Day Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

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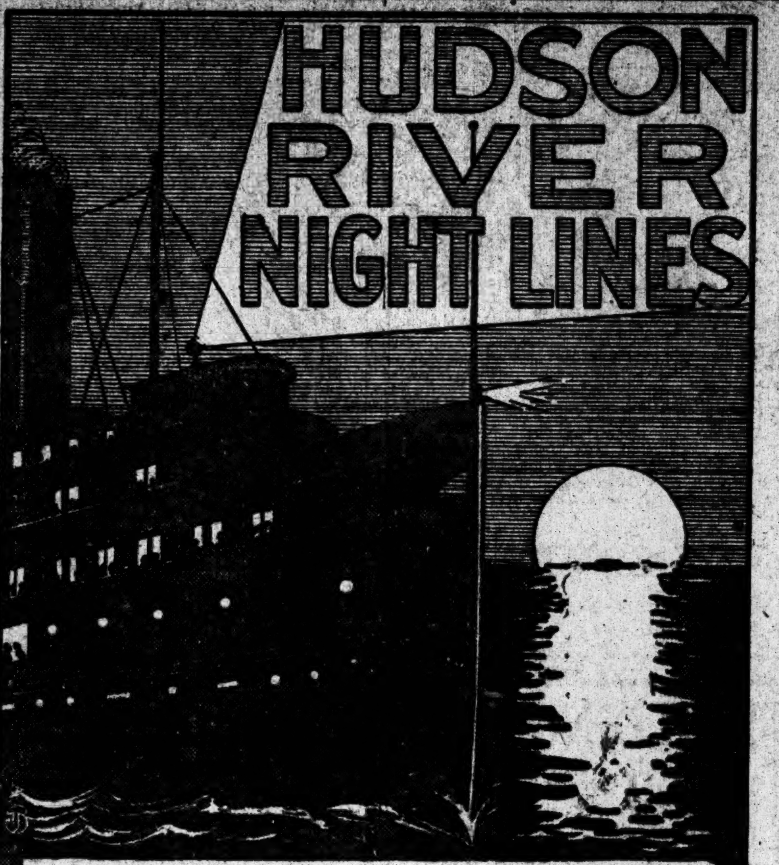

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COAST RESORTS
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Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, etc.
Leave N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot of W. 42d St., week days 9.55 a. m., 12.30, 3.15, 4.15, 7.45 p. m. Sundays 9.30 a.m., 1.00, 7.45 p.m.
Leave N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., foot of Cedar St., week days 10.20 a.m., 1.00, 3.45, 4.45, 8.10 p.m. Sundays 10.00 a.m., 1.30, 8.10 p.m.

The High Grade Sail $1
New York Harbor Round Trip.
New York to Atlantic Highlands.
Passengers can make round trip on steamers leaving W. 42d St., week days at 9.55 a.m., 12.30 and 3.15 p.m. Sun. 9.30 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. Cedar St., week days, 10.20 a.m., 1.00 and 3.45 p.m. Sun. 10 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M. West 129th St. 7:00 P. M., for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate landings and all Mountain Resorts. Special trip over Decoration Day, new Str. "CLERMONT" to Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate landings. $1.50 round trip, to Mountain Resorts $2.75 round trip. Tickets on sale at all agencies and at pier. Send 2c. stamp for Booklet of Summer Hotels and Boarding Houses.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail **$2.90**
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct...... 2.00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.90
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

CAPITAL CITY LINE
50 CENTS TO ALBANY
Fast and Elegant Steamers
FRANK JONES and KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot West 10th St., 5:30 P. M. West 129th St., 6 P. M.
Daily, Sundays Included
'Phone 482-483 Spring.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of the WITHERBY GAS APPLIANCE CO. for authority to change its name to the EASTERN GAS APPLIANCE COMPANY.—Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Witherby Gas Appliance Co., a Domestic Corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of June, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Eastern Gas Appliance Company.

Dated New York, May 10th, 1911.
WITHERBY GAS APPLIANCE CO.,
By JOHN H. BROWN, Treasurer.
ROBERT H. HAHN, Esq., Attorney for Petitioner; Office and P. O. Address, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the voluntary dissolution of EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a domestic corporation.—In the matter of the receivership of Export Lumber Company.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned as receiver of Export Lumber Company, a dissolved corporation, intends to render and present his final accounts as such receiver and to apply for a final settlement thereof and for an order of distribution to the Special Term of the Supreme Court, New York County, Part I. thereof, in the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 16th day of June, 1911, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

Dated 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, May 26th, 1911.
WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 34 Nassau Street, New York City.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St. 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M.; Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
TO
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Sailings Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 20, East River, N. Y.
For full information and booklet apply to
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 B'way, N. Y.

Hudson River Day Line

Steamers leave Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42d St. 9 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:20 A. M., daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for Rondout and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or rail.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 10 Days. Steamers leave New York every other day on even dates, during May, from ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 6 P. M.; stop at Columbia St., Albany (directly adjoining Union Station). Special stop south bound at W. 131st St., N. Y. Tel. 9226 Spring.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Week Days, 4:00 P. M., from ft. Franklin St. For Highland Falls, Newburgh, and intermediate landings, week days, 5:00 P. M.; Sundays, 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Tel. 405 Franklin.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St. daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Germany.
DRESDEN, GERMANY.

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Hotel Bellevue
World renowned, on River Elbe; facing royal palace, opera, cathedral, picture gallery, garage.
Director, R. RONNEFELD.
DRESDEN

GERMANY'S BEST HOTELS.
The Atlantic Kaiserhof, in Berlin, and the Atlantic Hotel in Hamburg. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for booklets.

Switzerland.

BASLE SWITZERLAND HOTEL UNIVERS.
OPP. STATION. LEADING HOTEL.
100 Rooms with Private Bath.

Austria.
CARLSBAD, AUSTRIA.
ZUFRIEDENHEIT HOUSE.
European and American Plan.
Near the springs and half surrounded by [illegible]

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

S. S. PENNSYLVANIA SAILS MAY 27, 9 A. M.
TO HAMBURG via BOULOGNE | She carries only second class in cabin $55 and up.

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CRUISING
'Round the World
On An Ocean Liner

Two Grand Cruises by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND, (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.
$650 and up, including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore. | 110 Days Duration
ANNUAL EVENT "Around the World Cruises" trips in October, 1912, and February, 1913, by the large Cruising Steamship Victoria Luise.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†§PENNSYLVANIA.......May 27, 9 A. M.
CLEVELAND..........June 1, 10 A. M.
¶§PATRICIA..........June 3, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA............June 8, 9 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. §Will call at Boulogne. ¶Second cabin only.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE..........June 3, 11 A. M.
‡S. S. BATAVIA..................June 21
S. S. HAMBURG..................June 27
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

SUMMER CRUISES | To Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, North Cape, etc. Sailing from Hamburg During June, July, and August. | 13 TO 25 DAYS, $62.50 up.

Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT

St. Paul,	May 27, 9:30 A.M.	Cedric,	May 27, 11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha,	May 27, 9:30 A.M.	New York,	June 3, 9:30 A.M.
Vaderland,	May 27, 10:00 A.M.	Minnewaska,	June 3, 10:30 A.M.

★The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul..........May 27; June 24; July 22
New York..........June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadelphia......June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
St. Louis.........June 17; July 15; Aug. 12

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha.........May 27; June 24; July 22
Minnewaska........June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis.......June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka........June 17; July 15; Aug. 12

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Vaderland.........May 27; June 24; July 22
Finland...........June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland.................July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland...........June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.

White Star Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
★OLYMPIC (New).........June 28; July 26
Majestic..........June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
Adriatic..........June 13; July 12 ....
Oceanic...........June 21; July 19; Aug. 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric............May 27; June 24; July 22
Baltic............June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic............June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic............June 17; July 15 ....

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the **MEDITERRANEAN**
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Romanic..June 10, 10 A. M. | Canopic...July 1
Cretic.......June 24, noon | Romanic.July 15

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

London-Paris-Bremen
EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL
TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie - - MAY 30
Kronprinz Wilhelm - - - JUNE 6
George Washington - - - JUNE 8
Kaiser Wilhelm II. - - - - JUNE 13

North German Lloyd
MEDITERRANEAN SAILINGS ON SATURDAYS.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts.,
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Go To Bermuda
$20 UP ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates.
Twin-Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails every Wednesday, 10 a. m.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.

MIDSUMMER TRIPS
To Quebec

via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery; Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River, S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 8th and 22nd, August 5th and 19th, and Sept. 2nd, 10 A. M. Returning from Quebec July 14th and 28th, August 11th and 25th and Sept. 8th.

For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

RUSSIAN AMERICA LINE
Rotterdam London Paris
$60.00 and up, 1st class.
TO ROTTERDAM
27 BROADWAY, N. Y.
New Twin Screw S. S. Kursk, May 27th, July 8th. S. S. Birma, June 24th, Aug. 5th. 8 DAYS to Rotterdam. Send for Booklet.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G. P. Agts.

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Volturno ......June 8 | Uranium......July 6
Campanello...June 22 | Volturno......July 20
Vesely & Co., Gen'l Agts., 13 B'way, N. Y.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

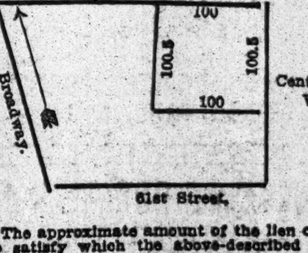
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—WILLIAM R. MORGAN and others, Plaintiffs, against GEORGE H. BARRETT and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 5th day of May, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly line of Sixty-second Street with the westerly line of Central Park West, running thence southerly along the said westerly side of Central Park West one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the centre line of the block; thence running westerly parallel with the southerly side of Sixty-second Street one hundred (100) feet; thence running northerly parallel with the westerly line of Central Park West one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the southerly line of Sixty-second Street; thence running easterly along the southerly line of Sixty-second Street one hundred (100) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 9th, 1911.
A. WELLES STUMP, Referee.
BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 17, 18, 19, and 20 Central Park West:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is three hundred and fifty-six thousand five hundred and thirteen and 89-100 dollars, ($356,513.89,) with interest thereon from the 27th day of April, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred thirty-five and 13-100 dollars, ($335.13,) with interest from May 5th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is three thousand six hundred sixty-four and 19-100 dollars ($3,664.19) and interest.

Dated New York, May 9th, 1911.
A. WELLES STUMP, Referee.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest Fastest Finest Ships
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD

For the convenience of passengers wishing to proceed direct to the Continent during June, special express trains will leave Fishguard for Dover.

Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA May 31, 9 A. M. | MAURETANIA June 14, 9 A. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CARONIA June 3, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA June 7, 10 A. M.
*MADEIRA GIBRALTAR †GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Sailing hour noon.

Pannonia	June 1	July 20	Sept. 7
†Carpathia	June 15	Aug. 3	Sept. 21
*†Saxonia	July 3	Aug. 24	

MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II.) and Third Class Passengers only.

Spend Your Vacation in
BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD
SWEPT BY COOL ATLANTIC BREEZES
Every outdoor recreation. Bathing in the clearest of turquoise waters. Excellent fishing; 1,400 Mile Superb Ocean Voyage
BY THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST MAIL
Twin-Screw S. S. "OCEANA"
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP Including Stateroom Berth & Meals Best Cuisine on the Atlantic **$20 UP**
LARGEST, FASTEST & FINEST STEAMER
14,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT; 535 FT. LONG.
Many staterooms with brass beds; six suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world; Orchestra, Gymnasium, Wireless. Only Bermuda steamer with submarine signals.
EXCURSIONS covering all expenses, four to eleven days, including steamship fare, best hotel accommodations, shore trips, drives, etc., at total cost of **$23 UP**
Beautiful Booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of
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CORONATION FESTIVITIES IN LONDON

Bookings may be arranged for accommodation at London hotels for Coronation week, also seats for viewing the processions on June 22-23.
Special Cruises for viewing the Naval review at Spithead, &c. Special Tours at inclusive rates.

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Weekly Sailings to
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA,
HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA
New Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons).
Next Sailing **Prinz Eitel Friedrich, May 26** AT 12 NOON
KINGSTON, COLON (PANAMA), CARTAGENA, PUERTO COLOMBIA.
Connecting with **PERU - CHILE** To and From PANAMA.
First and second class. Wireless. Spacious and well ventilated rooms; excellent cuisine; broad decks, bilge keels.
Apply to **Hamburg-American Line** 41-45 B'way, New York.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine..June 1 | *La Lorraine..June 22
*La Provence..June 8 | *La Provence..June 29
*La Savoie....June 15 | *La Touraine..July 6
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
*Chicago ....May 27
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West). A few berths left for sailings of S. S. ALICE, June 14; S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, June 17; S. S. ARGENTINA, July 5.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents,
17 Battery Place, New York City.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..May 27, 9 AM | California..June 10, 9 AM
Furnessia...June 3, 1 PM | Columbia...June 17, noon
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
New Illustrated Book of Tours mailed free.
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30 fine tours, $265 upward. Frequent sailings. 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 71 days, all expenses, $400 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911; $1,550 and up.
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Inclusive Tours at Moderate Rates
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.,
22 State St., N. Y.

Shipping and Mails

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:35 | Sun sets..7:19 | Moon rises..2:23

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:45	6:10	11:48	12:00
Governors Island ...	6:00	6:30	12:18	12:20
Hell Gate	7:50	8:20	1:58	2:00

Arrived—Thursday, May 25.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, May 20.
SS Michigan, Antwerp, May 10.
SS Lennox, Algiers, May 9.
SS Foxley, Swansea, May 10.
SS Almirante, Kingston, May 20.
SS Axminster, Manzanillo, May 17.
SS Hilarius, Boston, May 24.
SS Prinzess Irene, Newport News, May 24.
SS Uller, Jucaro, May 17.
SS Navigator, Baracao, May 20.
SS Momus, New Orleans, May 20.
SS Burmese Prince, New Orleans, May 19.
SS Lampasas, Key West, May 21.
SS Madison, Norfolk, May 24.
SS Kalomo, Philadelphia, May 24.
SS Taormina, Philadelphia, May 24.
SS Porto Rico, Baltimore, May 23.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, May 24.
SS Robert C. Clowry, Halifax, May 22.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bayamo, Tampico	—	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville ..	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

St. Paul, Southampton..	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	—	9:00 A.M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg.	—	9:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples...	—	11:00 A.M.
Kursk, Rotterdam	—	—
Minnehaha, London	—	9:30 A.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Chicago, Havre	—	2:00 P.M.
Eastern Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Duca d'Aosta, Naples..	—	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan....	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Orotava, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Korona, Grenada	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Sibiria, Haiti	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Rio de Janeiro, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Bantu, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Sabine, Jacksonville.....	—	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston..	—	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans...	—	12:00 M.
El Cid, Galveston.......	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	—	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Marowijne, Paramaribo.	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk.	—	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Themistocles...........	Palermo	......May 10
Pennsylvania (Danish)..	London	........May 10
Rotterdam (tank).......	Rotterdam	....May 10
Deutschland (tank).....	Hamburg	.....May 11
Concho...................	Galveston	.....May 20
El Rio....................	Galveston	.....May 20
Cleveland................	Hamburg	.....May 16
Nanette..................	Huelva	.......May 8
Maracaibo...............	Curacao	......May 18
Simon Dumois..........	Baracao	......May 18
City of St. Louis.......	Savannah	.....May 23
Perugia..................	Palermo	......May 12

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oceania (Italian)........	Naples	........May 16
New York................	Southampton	..May 20
Lorraine.................	Havre	.........May 20
Pythia....................	Fowey	........May 13
Prins Frederik Hendrik.	Haiti	.........May 22
Canning..................	Barbados	......May 20
Concho...................	Key West	.....May 23
Sant' Anna...............	Palermo	.......May 14

DUE SUNDAY.

Minnewaska..............	London	........May 20
George Washington.....	Bremen	.......May 20
Baltic.....................	Liverpool	.....May 20
Oceania (Aust.).........	Palermo	.......May 17
Zafra......................	Huelva	........May 13
Mexico....................	Progreso	......May 23
Parima....................	St. Thomas	....May 23
Brunswick................	Havana	.......May 23
Vigilancia................	Nassau	........May 25
City of Montgomery.....	Savannah	.....May 25

By Marconi Wireless.

SS New York, incoming from Southampton, was reported 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:50 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday afternoon.

SS Lorraine, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:50 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday afternoon.

SS Cleveland, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 255 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Touraine, outgoing, was reported 175 miles southwest of Brow Head at 8:21 A. M. yesterday; due at Havre about 9 A. M. Friday.

By United Wireless.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 90 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7:30 P. M., 25th.

SS Huron, Jacksonville, was 390 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 25th.

SS Antilles, New Orleans, was 40 m. N. of Tortugas at 7 P. M., 25th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Plymouth, May 25.
SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, at Plymouth, May 25.
SS Noordam, at Plymouth, May 25.
SS Campanello, at Rotterdam, May 23.
SS City of Cardiff, at Genoa, May 22.
SS Hughenden, at Natal, Brazil, May 23.
SS Lutetian, at Havre, May 23.
SS Buenos Aires, at Barcelona, May 22.
SS Argentina, at Fayal, May 24.
SS Scharzfels, at Port Said, May 25.
SS Cuthbert, at Para, May 23.
SS Clyde, at St. Michaels, May 24.

Sailed.

SS Majestic, from Queenstown, May 25.
SS Magdalena, from Southampton, May 24.
SS Manhattan, from Antwerp, May 24.
SS Duca di Genova, from Genoa, May 28.
SS Scottish Prince, from Bahia, May 23.
SS Tevdoro de Larrinaga, from Buenos Aires, May 23.
SS Galileo, from Hull, May 24.

Passed.

SS New York City, New York for Bristol, passed Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook's Island, New Zealand, Australia (via San Francisco)—Maitai	May 26 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, Philippines (via Victoria)—Empress of India..............	May 26 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, Philippines (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	May 31 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China (via Seattle)—Tamba Maru....	June 1 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Philippines (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	June 1 6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, May 9; Yokohama, May 10—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Tamba Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M., May 24. Due in New York on the morning of Monday, May 29.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Warm weather is now general throughout the South and the Mississippi Valley, while abnormally cool weather prevails in the northern Rocky Mountain and plateau region. Freezing temperatures were recorded Thursday morning in Nevada and Oregon, and snow fell in Montana.

Moderate temperature continued in the East. Rains during the last twenty-four hours were light and local, and occurred over New England, New York, the North Rocky Mountain region and the North Pacific States. Elsewhere throughout the country the weather remained fair.

A disturbance that is now over the Rocky Mountain region will move slowly eastward and cause showers by Friday night or Saturday in the Mississippi Valley. Elsewhere throughout the country the weather will be generally fair during the next twenty-four hours.

The temperature will rise somewhat Friday and Saturday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be light, variable.

Steamships departing for European ports Friday will have light, variable winds and overcast weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and New England—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, slowly rising temperature; light, variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday. Saturday fair and warmer; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M......	65	55	4 P. M......	71	72
6 A. M......	67	54	6 P. M......	69	67
9 A. M......	70	66	9 P. M......	64	65
12 M........	68	71	12 P. M......	63	63

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 67; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 58; at 8 P. M. it was 68. Maximum temperature, 74 degrees at 4 A. M.; minimum, 54 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 96 per cent. at 8 A. M., 64 per cent. at 8 P. M.

To Employers.

An Effective Help Wanted advertisement in The New York Times, fifty words for one dollar, will beckon scores of skilled, competent workers to your office or factory.

Don't try to get along with incompetent, uninterested employes when a well-recommended, above-the-average worker will be glad of the chance to serve you if told of the opportunity through an Effective advertisement in The Times.

Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Small sapphire, about one-half inch, Boston express from Milford to Grand Central, taxicab to Ritz-Carlton; suitable reward. Mrs. J. H. Tyson, Riverside, Conn. 'Phone 790—Greenwich.

LOST—Lady's umbrella, gold and ivory handle; monogram "C. M. A."; Gaiety Theatre, evening May 20; reward. Return to Conlon, 266 West 52d.

LOST—Open-face gold watch, monogram in back pertaining to 32d degree in Masonry; liberal reward. Emil Feitel, 542 5th Av., care of Scheer.

LOST—Opal ring in dressing room Parlor Car 4, Pittsfield, afternoon express, May 23. Return to Civic League, 127 Madison Av. Reward.

LOST.—Tan purse, $10, calling cards; Subway, Claremont Av., 122d St., Broadway, on Thursday. Reward. O. A. Smith, 503 West 121st St.

LOST—At corner of 58th St. and 8th Av., package containing United States map and small print; reward. 200 5th Av., Room 724.

LOST—Reward for gold, diamond-studded fob; "M. R. M." Crown Fur Co., 211 6th Av.

LOST—Brooch with 8 chips and pearl; reward. S. Rosenblum, 100 West 52d St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Collie puppy, brown, with white chest, white paws; two or three months old; reward. 123 East 47th St.

LOST—Airedale puppy; license No. 15,417; reward. 784 Carroll St.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, May 16 to May 25.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at Property Clerk's office, 300 Mulberry St., Manhattan: Bunch of keys, five leather automobile curtains, feather boa, ladies' wearing apparel, two pairs of shoes and a handbag, brass time check, key, four wooden poles, brown top baby carriage, painted black, quantity of manila rope, black leather wallet containing quantity of cash and a pocketknife, rubber door mat, gold eyeglasses, gray overcoat, five white and two black plumes, brown leather handbag, opera glass handle, .32 calibre revolver, black velvet handbag, &c., part revolver, gold hunting case watch, lady's green handbag containing rosary beads, knife, keys, and one cent, two ladies' rings, one with blue stone, the other with white stone, lady's yellow breast pin, white stone in centre, black and white striped sack coat and cap, twenty packages of loaded shells, each package containing twenty-five shells, No. 84, gold hunting case watch and a chain, two tire shoes.

FOUND, May 24.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St.: SECOND AVENUE ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, pictures, gloves, shoes, cards, shirt, brush, pipe. THIRD AVENUE ELEVATED—10 umbrellas, purse, handbag, eyeglasses, candy, book, insurance books, belt, plans, plans, &c.; gloves, cap, samples, trousers, sweater, socks, stockings, soap, &c.; paint, wrench, eggs, rhubarb. SIXTH AVENUE ELEVATED—9 umbrellas, tool bag, eggs, handbag, purse, gloves, candy, book, dress, apron, socks, coat, blueprints, ties, shirts, hat, case. NINTH AVENUE ELEVATED—3 umbrellas, watch, satchel, folder, samples, bread, peanuts. SUBWAY—7 umbrellas, spectacles, pin, handbag, purse, ticket, gloves, odd gloves, belt, shirt front, shirt, cap, brushes, record, shovel.

FOUND, May 24.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Handbag, necklace, umbrella, book, five packages.

FOUND, May 25.—CENTRAL R. R. of N. J.—Articles turned in on 24th—Apply, Jersey City—Liberty St. Ferry—Lady's purse, umbrella, book, trowel, shoe, package of laundry; Liberty St. Ferry on the 23d—pair of gloves; Trains on the 23d—Two packages, level.

FOUND, May 25.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Four packages, three umbrellas, ticket, bag grip, rubbers, knife, cravenette pin.

FOUND, May 25.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Four umbrellas, package.

FOUND, May 25.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—13 umbrellas, 12 packages, two coats.

FOUND, May 25.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—On Trains—8 umbrellas, packages, lady's umbrella, overcoat, two envelopes. Lehigh Valley R. R.—Shawl; Cortlandt St. Waiting Room—Roll of music; Cortlandt St. Boat—Umbrella.

FOUND, May 25.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Two umbrellas, pocketbook, check, gray soft hat, pipe and case, handbag, box, drugs, memorandum book.

FOUND, May 25.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—One glove; Long Island Train—Plans, three umbrellas, package, memorandum book, valise, rosary beads, package, three umbrellas; Pennsylvania Train, Pullman—Book, dressing sack, order book, three umbrellas, spectacles.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

Reward will be paid for information concerning Louis Wuest, formerly of Collinwood and Cleveland, Ohio, or his wife or relatives. John F. Murray, 750 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

WILL THE MAN who used to buy his meat from Fred Coulon, Fulton Market, and whose partner had a cure for diabetes, send his address to W. B. S., 263 Times Downtown.

Business Opportunities

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Shirt Business For Sale.—Gross sales, $150,000 for past year; complete plant located in Brooklyn; 100 sewing machines, 15 pressing, and 3 cutting tables; capacity, 900 dozens per week; experienced help in neighborhood. Apply to Newborg & Callan, 2 Rector St., New York City.

Good, reliable business man with $2,000 cash to invest on equal basis with few others in high-class industrial business; special rate for this investment; good salaried, permanent position, with safe contract. Address S 13 Times.

An established real estate office with collection for sale. Inquire between 9 and 12 A. M., 350 East 18th St., real estate office.

Partner wanted, with $2,000, for children's and infants' clothes; prefer the particulars. Write, S 2 Times.

Complete tailoring plant for sale, including lease of loft. Apply from 1 to 5, Lempit Bros., 222 Greene St.

Business Notices

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

An Extraordinary Offer.—Gowns, to order, imported Marquisette, $40; imported Linen, $30; exquisite French models, highest workmanship. Cully, 138 West 48th St.

LADIES' and children's dresses reasonable; out, home preferred. Juliett, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

HOUSECLEANING, whitewashing. Hull, 210 East 74th St. 'Phone 1678 Lenox.

Pianos and Organs

15c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—Steinway Upright in splendid order, cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Knabe Upright, good as new, at low price. 35 West 14th St.

Krakauer Upright piano, in good order, $150. 35 West 14th St.

$50—Evard Upright piano. Great bargain. 35 West 14th St.

Player piano, 88 note; standard make; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York City.

Edgehill Inn, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson.—Near Subway and New York Central. Open all the year. Rates, $12 to $18. An ideal place near New York to spend the Summer. Address Mary E. Huntington.

Staten Island.

CASTLETON AV., 999.—Large, airy rooms; high grounds; trolleys pass door; company privileges; references.

Long Island.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, 2,219 Emmons Av.—Reasonable rates for permanent guests; week-end parties accommodated.

Bensonhurst.—Light, airy rooms overlooking ocean; $5 upward; board $6. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway.

Bensonhurst, 180 Bay 25th St.—French boarding; near station and beach; boating, bathing, fishing.

New York State.

Our delightful tent bungalows give benefits of outdoor life, retain comforts of indoor life; meals in attractive remodeled farmhouse; one mile station; rates moderate; write. Thendara Farm, Goshen, N. Y.

Mt. View Farm.—Charming location; excellent table; $7 week. North Bundy, Kingston, N. Y., R. F. D. No. 1.

New Jersey.

East Orange—Unsurpassed accommodations for one or two gentlemen; fine shade and veranda; every convenience; near trains, trolleys. "Orange," 852 Columbus Av.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 30, possessing tact and a pleasing personality, for a special organization work among school children; one who can travel if necessary preferred; good compensation for right woman. Room 909, 110 West 34th St.

EDUCATED, good appearing woman to call upon old subscribers; good opening. The Century Co., Union Square.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Bright girl, family of three, in suburb of New York. Apply Apartment 42, 541 West 124th St.

HAND BUTTONHOLE MAKERS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced hand buttonhole makers on waists; piece work; bring sample. Apply at office of General Manager.

PHARMACIST.
R. H. MACY & CO. have a vacancy for a licensed drug clerk, (female.) Apply at office of General Manager.

PUPIL NURSES for a city hospital of 50 beds; immediate pay; diploma on graduation. People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

SOLICITOR.—A person qualified to solicit donations for the support of a philanthropic organization now existing in Paterson, N. J.; state experience; liberal commission paid to the proper party. Address Philanthropy, Box 175 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted; college graduate, with reading knowledge of German, and aptitude for proofreading and general office work, as secretary in a scientific institution. Address J. U. Norris, Station Y, New York City, stating training, experience, and references.

WANTED—Woman to take home bundle wash; reference required. Apply at once, Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

WANTED a girl to take out child afternoons; call between 10 and 1. Miss Walsh, 161 West 64th St.

WELL EDUCATED woman of tact and executive ability, having large circle of acquaintances; liberal compensation; experience unnecessary. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Room 46, 20 West 34th St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A SPLENDID OPENING for exceptional men; compensation, $10 to $25. Call after 9 A. M. Curtis Publishing Co., 1,002 Tribune Building, N. Y. City.

BOND SALESMAN.—Rare opportunity to man with ability to reach the small investor with especially attractive legitimate proposition. Allen, Room 1,019, 30 Church St.

BOYS WANTED.—Several bright boys over 16 years of age in large importing house; good opportunity; salary $5 per week. Address Box G 269 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale silk house to take out parcels; advancement first vacancy; pay to start, $4.50; references required. Write N. B., 104 East 14th St.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED.—Cloaks and suits to sell on commission basis. G 208 Times Downtown.

ROTHSCHILD & CO.,
builders of high-class automobile bodies, require the services of Salesmen able to turn in orders. Apply to Sales Manager, 57th St. and 11th Av.

SALESMAN.—Real estate salesman for high-class subdivision on Staten Island; lots $175; high ground overlooking ocean; fine improvements, trolley; excellent opportunity; fine people only; liberal commission; no advances. Refined, 122 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Salesmen calling on the better class of grocers and delicatessen stores in New York and Brooklyn to sell eggs as a side line; good commission to responsible men; answer by letter only. Merker, Sass & Co., 317 Greenwich St.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMEN.—Over 25; energetic; good-paying, steady position; opportunity to those speaking foreign languages; references. Mr. Schuyler, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, high class, to handle water-front property, north shore, 25 minutes from New York; leads furnished to right man. Keith, 60 Liberty St., N. Y.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work; permanent employment. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SALESMAN to visit city and office trade with a popular-priced line of cloaks and suits. S 17 Times.

SALESMEN—Hustlers; new invention; big money to right men. Fried, 148 West 25th St.

SALESMEN for improved auto specialty; easy seller. Write Cramer Co., 1,547 Broadway.

TRUNKS AND BAGS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require the services of an experienced trunk and bag salesman; one capable of marking trunks. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED—A first-class man to take charge of a restaurant, bar, and game rooms of a club in New Jersey, county, 1,000 members; salary and percentage paid to the right party; state experience and give references. Address Club, 210 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—One laboratorian at $4 per diem; a competitive examination will be held June 19, 1911, for the purpose of filling the above position. For further information address Commandant, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Penn.

WANTED.—Chief clerks for branch offices of manufacturing corporation; branches located in Brooklyn and Bronx; applicants must state fully their experience, salary earned, and furnish references. S 25 Times.

WANTED—Competent storeroom clerk for hospital; single man, with experience preferred; must be able to keep accurate record. Apply G 206 Times Downtown.

WANTED—First-class cleanser. Lewandos, Watertown, Mass.

YOUNG MAN wanted by a custom broker; must be quick and correct at figures and understand how to make up customs entries. Custom House Broker, 201 Times Downtown.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

I made $50,000 in five years with a small mail order business; began with $5. Send for free booklet. Tells how. Heacock, 702 Lockport, N. Y.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER AND Typewriter.—Experienced; reliable; highest references. Miss F., 155 East 54th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 61 2d Av.

CAPABLE, competent, refined young widow seeks position as housekeeper. N 228 Times.

CHAMBERMAID, highly recommended by lady closing house, would assist waitress. Call Friday morning at 117 East 69th St, or 'phone Plaza 4808.

EDUCATED, refined young lady desires position, care children, Summer; musical; good disposition; fond of children; highest references; understands sickness. S 27 Times.

MASSEUSE and NURSE.—Graduate of Massage Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid patient; good sewer; highest reference. Djerf, 515 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desires position; six years' experience; capable, conscientious, punctual; employer's interest studied; best references; $15. Address D 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Neat, bright, willing girl; six months' experience; $6; rapid, accurate; good education; no agency. Miss Salzano, G 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English stenographer wants position; can take dictation in Spanish in shorthand or direct on machine; expects decent pay. S 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, business college graduate, good education, desires position where good work will bring advancement. Viola Atkins, 339 West 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Four years' experience; understands office work; good speller; references. G 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; experienced, bright, and reliable; $8; best references. Ambitious, G 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; technical dictation; no clock watcher; can be depended upon. G 259 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ATTORNEY, age 29, graduate Yale, 5 years' experience, desires location legal department of railroad or corporation; credentials above par. Address S 23 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up, balances books regular intervals. Strickland, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, 28, French, careful driver, wishes position in private family; good reference. Lavignette, 217 West 111th St.

CHAUFFEUR-mechanic wishes position private family; best references; city, country. Martin, 22 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 21; city or country; drive any car; best references. Friedman, 653 E. 5th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position. P. Gunter, 220 Suydam St., Brooklyn.

JAPANESE, young, competent, desires to take entire charge of bachelor's quarters. Hayashi, 798 Lexington Av.

MANAGER, with executive ability and broad business experience, transportation, and commercial, seeks connection in responsible capacity; record and references will bear closest investigation. Address N 148 Times.

POSITION wanted as outside salesman; 13 years' experience; A1 references. P 2 Times.

WANTED—Manufacturers' line to sell jobbers and department stores in Chicago; have room to carry stock if desired. Eckhardt, 59 East Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG MAN, aged 20, desires position with publishing or business house where there will be an opportunity for advancement; has high school education and about two years' experience in large publishing house, in trades, mail order, purchasing, and collection departments. Address J. S. Hennesey, 1,397 Jessup Place, Bronx, New York.

YOUNG Southern business man, 24 years old, with experience gained with good houses in home city, wants to gain an opening in New York and work up to larger opportunity; good education; knows and wants hard work and expects it; does not expect full salary at once. S 18 Times.

YOUNG MAN seeks future with business man desiring to place responsibilities on thoroughly experienced, capable, college graduate 24; good personality. W. T., 337 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 24, with knowledge of English, being free from 12 to 5 P. M., desires position as salesman or collector; satisfactory references. Greek, N 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wants work in country store or small concern; outside job preferred; can do anything; honest, energetic, willing. S 34 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, business experience, desires position with chance to advance. G 268 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 8425 John

Domestic.

COLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—First-class help; references investigated. Telephone 8875 Madison.

COMPETENT help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK, Swedish, thoroughly competent, take entire charge of kitchen; excellent references; $60. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished; city, country. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. 6370—Harlem.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 WEST 134TH.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; telephone 6916 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, well-kept, homelike rooms; substantial board; fine location; references.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Cool rooms; elegant surroundings; excellent table; Summer rates.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first class; references.

57TH ST., 319-321 WEST, "The Adrienne."—Large and small handsomely furnished rooms, singly or en suite, with or without private bath, for respectable parties desiring a cool, quiet home in the city; personal attention; gives table guests excellent cuisine and the house a homelike atmosphere; Summer rates; all conveniences. Telephone 682 Columbus to-day.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Finely furnished, medium room; large closets; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool room; gentlemen preferred; fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; 'PHONE 4418—COL.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Table board given female for assistance 2 hours a day in private boarding house.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, suite or separately; board optional; select.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-floor room; private bathroom; telephone in room; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Two large front rooms; also hall room; parlor dining room; references.

72D, 172 WEST.—Handsome rooms, with and without bath; superior house and table; references.

72D ST., 269 WEST.—Very desirable large and small rooms, with board; every convenience; table guests; references.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Summer rates; Jewish.

74th ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; table guests; home cooking; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large room; private bath; hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table guests; transients; reasonable.

79TH, 135 WEST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; Summer rates; excellent cooking.

79TH ST., 137 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms, with board; satisfaction.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Fine parlor floor; private bath; private entrance; front room; reference.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

81ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable room for gentlemen; strictly high-class board; satisfactory references necessary.

81ST. 118 WEST.—Double, single rooms; one and two flights; L, Subway; references required.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; private bath; parquet floors; electric lights; Summer rates.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room; references.

83D ST., 23 WEST.—Splendid accommodation at Summer rates in high-grade Jewish house.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Large single rooms; homelike; near Park, Subway, elevated; parlor dining.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; near Park; parlor dining; meals optional; telephone.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Coolest spot for Summer; cheerful rooms; near Park and "L"; Summer rates; French cuisine.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; near Park and "L" station; telephone; table guests.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large room; excellent cooking; select location; convenient to "L" and Subway.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (Riverside.)—Handsome front rooms; southern exposure; coolest section in city; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; excellent table; Summer rates.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; 'phone.

104TH ST., 257, (West End Av.)—Rooms; table guests; telephone; references.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; just east of Columbia University Library; beautiful double, single room; choice table board; private house.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large room, private bath; excellent table; Broadway Subway; telephone Morningside—8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly decorated apartment; southern cooking daintily served.

126TH ST., 149 WEST.—Refined home; American family; Southerners accommodated; superior board; references; table guests.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Laarge front room, three windows; cool; conveniences; American family; gentleman; telephone.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms; lavatory, all conveniences, telephone; references; Summer rates; table guests.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

157TH ST. SUBWAY, (Washington Heights.)—Delightful rooms overlooking Hudson; vacancies; 'phone 202 Audubon.

A gentleman and daughter owning their own home on West 86th St., will rent, with board, a large front room to gentlemen. 'Phone 2022—Riverside.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

Accommodations for one or two congenial men in large apartment with two bachelors; best of meals; competent housekeeper. Bachelors, N 98 Times.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—600 West 169th St.; can accommodate couple appreciating high-class home, with large, sunny room; two closets; private bath. Field.

WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d St.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station and surface cars; beautiful vine-covered house; finest location N. Y.; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

WEST END AV., 936, (Lancaster.)—Desirable accommodations family or gentlemen; cool rooms overlooking Hudson.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

21ST ST., 145 EAST. (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; transients accommodated; park privilege; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (The Naylor.)—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Rooms with board; references; table guests.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small rooms, with or without board, in handsome private house; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 694-696; 23 East 63d.—Rooms, suites, separate; private baths; board optional.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; modern improvements; telephone; Summer rates.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Light, pleasant rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

15TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large and small neat rooms; porcelain bath on floor; reasonable; reference.

38TH, 52 WEST.—Unusually attractive large and small rooms; moderate rental to permanent guests.

39TH ST., 10 WEST.—Room in very desirable house for gentleman only; breakfast optional.

43D ST., 250 WEST.—One flight, front and back parlor, with kitchenette, all connecting. Edwardr.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large rooms, centrally located, one block from Broadway.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, cool parlor floor; private bath; kitchenette; moderate rates.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms; single or en suite; also medium sized; telephone; reasonable.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large front room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. 'Phone 8124—Schuyler.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

78TH ST., 135 WEST.—Handsome suite, or singly, bath, electricity, telephone; Summer rates; references; private.

79TH ST., 172 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water; elevator apartment; exclusive; gentleman only; reference.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, newly furnished front room, with bath; private family; reasonable rates.

82D ST., 327, (Riverside Drive.)—Front room; second floor; dressing room connecting; shower; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, well furnished front room; running water; first-class house; 'phone.

82D, 113 WEST.—Large front room; Summer rates.

83D ST., 106 WEST.—Front parlor; 3 windows; one or two gentlemen; business women; well furnished; newly decorated; other rooms; $2.50. Tandy.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool, large, airy rooms; special rates; Summer transients. 1,344 Riverside.

84TH ST., 207 WEST.—Beautiful front and back parlor, all improvements; independence. Fusenhim.

87TH ST., 127 WEST.—Pleasant room with all modern conveniences; reasonable; gentleman; references; private house.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Newly decorated front rooms; select house; all conveniences; Summer rates; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Medium and single rooms on bath room floor; terms reasonable.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Spacious well-furnished front parlor suite; private entrance; references; reasonable. Scholes.

93D ST., 85 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; first, second floor; "L" block; telephone; moderate.

95TH ST., 73 WEST.—Beautiful back parlor; suitable for doctor; all conveniences; electric lights.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, light, pleasant room; private bath; private house.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large front room; beautifully furnished; also smaller room; elevator; references. Gurnee.

114TH, 508 WEST, Apartment 62.—Beautiful, large, cool room; new elevator apartment; very reasonable.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large front room; southerly room; small room; kitchen; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Large, light room, private; all conveniences; Subway; Summer rate. Apartment 54.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner; newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive outside rooms with or without kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

123D ST., 541 WEST.—Comfortable, airy, light room; conveniences; phone; Broadway Subway; $3. Hunt.

123D, 526 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms, running water; $2 and $3. Shannon.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Outside, airy, clean, independent; elevator, telephone; moderate; near Subway. Apartment 26.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—Light, square room; piano, telephone, elevator, electricity; $3. Apartment 34.

228TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large front furnished room; four windows; near Subway. Phone 746—J Marble.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, Corner of 127th.—Elegantly furnished suites; four, five, six rooms, elevator apartment; lowest Summer rates; $8 weekly upward; beautifully furnished; room, bath, kitchen, $4-$6.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; beautiful dining room; home cooking.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 52.—Wanted young man to share parlor suite overlooking park; $3.50. Brown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, at 127th St., The Madrid.—Large, cool room for Summer, $5. 'Phone 7028 Morningside. Apartment 2B.

BEAUTIFUL ROOM, near Riverside; refined, small family. Call Phone 848—River.

East Side.

17TH, 113 EAST, Near Union Square.—Large, light front room, 1 flight; large closets.

21ST ST., 21 EAST.—Neatly furnished rooms; modern improvements; elevator; excellent home; transients accommodated; $5.

21ST ST., 149 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, handsomely furnished room, one flight; park privilege; $7.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Keep Kool, bachelor's quarters; swimming pool, showers free; $5 weekly up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming large room first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Large and small rooms; Summer price; references; gentlemen only; private house.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; select house; references; breakfast optional.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large rooms, newly furnished; running water; reasonable.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; ideal Summer location; very reasonable; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

LEXINGTON AV., 803, Corner 62d.—Magnificent, airy rooms; single, suites; newly furnished; exceptionally clean; running water, bath, references. 'Phone 6879 Plaza.

LEXINGTON AV., 441.—Two rooms, comfortably furnished, all conveniences, $3 to $5; opposite Grand Central Terminal.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 66.—Comfortable single room; fine location; superior house; convenient Subway; private; $2.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE desires room, (piano,) private family; Park and Madison Avs.; state terms. G 266 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

To sublet for $40, an attractive $83 apartment of 7 rooms; Madison Court, 1,361 Madison Av. A. Lubetkin.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Cottage on Lake Champlain to rent by season or for a term of years; thoroughly furnished; telephone, refrigerator, water filter, oil burner, cool cellar, rowboat. Apply George H. Saxe, Chazy, N. Y., on Lake Champlain.

An attractive cottage for the Summer; six bedrooms, two bathrooms; ten minutes' walk from station; $150 per month. Apply 18 Fernwood Road, Summit, N. J.

Furnished home for 2 years or longer; 10 rooms; bath, stable; 30 miles from New York. Address or call 310 Church St., Boonton, N. J.

BERKSHIRE HILLS furnished houses to let for Summer. S. G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

New Rochelle, 315 Pelham Road; 14 rooms, three baths; for Summer. 'Phone 6170 Cort.

For Sale

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

For Sale—Mahogany oval library table, mahogany dressing table, weathered oak dining room set consisting of buffet, glass cabinet, table, and six chairs. Apply between 12 noon and 2 o'clock, Apartment third front east, 312 West 109th St.

Slightly used office furniture from Carnegie Trust Company, desks, chairs, tables, adding machines, typewriters, filing cabinets, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, neostyles, bookcases. Nathan's, 4 White St.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin. 358 Broadway.

Electrical folding machine for circulars; cost $178; sell $100; used two months. S 12 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

FINE COOL WELL-FURNISHED apartment; open on three sides; overlooking New York Bay and the Narrows, on bluff at St. George, S. I.; elevator, telephone, roof garden; three tennis courts and large private park and garage; seven rooms and bath. S 28 Times.

Furnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath; handsomely furnished; elevator service; all improvements; sublet from June to October. M. J. Jacobus, 301 St. Nicholas Av., cor. 125th St.

From June 15 to Sept. 15 or longer; 7 light rooms; elevator, electric light; fully furnished; reduced rental. Apply mornings, Cooke, 201 West 87th St.

Will sacrifice beautiful 8-room apartment, June to October; attractively furnished; cool and spacious. Burnley, 422 West End Av., (corner 80th St.)

164th St, 601 West.—Four-room elevator apartment; all conveniences; piano; every window Hudson view; $50 per month; responsible adults. Bosse.

85th St., Near Drive.—Handsomely furnished, exquisitely clean; cool, airy, light; 8 rooms and bath; low rent to desirable party until Oct. Tel. 9286—River.

Beautifully furnished apartment; four rooms; outside; elevator; $45. Goldsmith, 92 Morningside Ave. 'Phone, 792 Morningside.

Best Summer location; 7 rooms; highest class; large reduction. Telephone 673 Morningside. Apartment 23.

112th, 601 West, (Claremont Hall.)—Six outside rooms and bath, completely furnished. Apartment 5E.

Overlooking Central Park.—Six rooms, all modern conveniences; near "L" station. Saunder, 3 West 92d St.

Sublet June-Sept.; two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Apt. 1, Claremont View, 617 West 127th St.

60th St., 22 West.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartments at Summer rates of 2 and 3 rooms, furnished, and 3 and 4 rooms, unfurnished, in high-class apartment hotel. SCHUYLER ARMS, 307 West 98th St.

Unusually attractive; near Columbia; 7 rooms; 20% reduction to October; renewal. Apartment 23, 430 West 116th St. Telephone 673 Morningside.

115th St., 422 West.—Corner five or six room apartment; housekeeping; gentlemen; reasonable; inquire janitor.

84th St., 130 West.—Seven rooms; all improvements; near elevated, Subway; $45-$55. Janitor.

East Side.

91ST ST., 114 EAST. Single flat, parlor floor, 7 exceptionally attractive, large, light rooms; dining room beautiful parquet floor; improvements; $45.

Staten Island.

Apartments to let overlooking the bay; five minutes to ferry; all improvements; furnished or unfurnished; private yacht landing and bathing; no rent. Inquire 144 East 58th St.

Country Houses, Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

A modern cottage of 8 rooms with all improvements; magnificent view of Long Island Sound; in the exclusive town of Greenwich, Conn.; 3 minutes from station, 45 minutes from Grand Central; for sale or rent. Bargain. E. A. L., 1,730 Broadway, New York.

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Storage Sale.—New $2,500 automobiles, 4-passenger, $1,200; 5-passenger, $1,400; 7-passenger, $1,500. Tooker Storage and Forwarding Co., 28th St. and 11th Av.

TRUCKS! TRUCKS!—Alco, Atlas, Saurer, Mack, Kelley, others. New, used. Guaranteed. Frederick Smith, 230 West 58th.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted, $900. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

Packard, $1,500; excellent condition; must sacrifice immediately; fine opportunity. E 12 Times.

1910 CHALMERS rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

Automobile Supplies

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES AND SUPPLIES.
Don't pay Broadway prices for your automobile tires, tubes, and all other accessories; we can save you from 20 to 40 per cent. retailing at jobbers' prices; come in and get our prices before buying; dust coats $1.25 up. Hayes Rubber Co., 57 Warren St. Write for Bargain Catalogue.
ANCHOR TIRE CO., A. H. KASNER,
111 Chambers St. Tel. 1119 Worth.
AUTOMOBILE TIRES! AUTOMOBILE TIRES!
RELIABLE TIRES at most reasonable prices.
The First Tire House in N. Y.

Tops and slip covers for auto cars, cushions made and repaired at your residence. Auto Upholstering and Repair Co., 175 East 96th St. Tel. 6227 Lenox.

Automobiles to Rent

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
PEERLESS CAR.
PEERLESS RENTAL SERVICE.
'Phone 2893 Columbus.

PACKARD AUTO RENTING GARAGE.
124 West 50th. 'Phone 409 Columbus.
BEST SERVICE. LOWEST RATES.

Automobile Instruction

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

"Know Your Car."—A complete practical course in the theory, care, and management of motor cars given in "Homan's Self-Propelled Vehicles," the standard handbook, fully illustrated; price $2, (postpaid;) specimen pages free. Audel Co., publishers, 63 5th Av., New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM SCHARRATH and WALTER A. STERNBERG, doing business under the firm name and style of WILLIAM SCHARRATH, Bankrupts.

The undersigned, receiver in bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupts, hereby advertises for sealed bids to be delivered at the office of the undersigned, No. 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before May 31st, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. on said day, for all of the merchandise belonging to the above-entitled bankrupts. The said merchandise may be inspected at the bankrupts' place of business, No. 67 East 9th Street, Manhattan, New York City, from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M., and will be sold in bulk to the person putting in the highest sealed bid therefor at the time and in the manner above provided; such bids will be opened at 10:30 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, May 31st, 1911, at the office of the undersigned; such bid must be signed by the proposed bidder and must contain an unequivocal offer plainly stating the price of such offer. A certified check of five (5%) per cent. of the amount of such bid must accompany the bid, such check being made out to the undersigned as receiver of the above-named bankrupts. In no event will a bid be accepted for less than the full appraised price of such merchandise. Checks for unaccepted offers will be returned to the bidders.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1911.

ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS,
Receiver in Bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupts, 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM VON WALDEN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, June 2d, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of pianos, phonographs and records, Victor talking machines, piano stools, fixtures, etc.

TAYLOR MORE, Receiver.
HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES A. O'DONNELL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, May 26, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 332 6th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a general stock of cutlery, razors, knives, manicure outfits, safe, showcases, cashier's desk, safety razors of various makes.

WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
FRANK SCHWARTZ, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HELENE S. RESSMEYER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction at his warehouse, 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on June 7th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., the Trustee's right, title, and interest in and to the property belonging to the above-named bankrupt's estate, consisting of outstanding accounts, insurance policy, and parcel of land situated at Pine Grove, Suffolk County.

Dated New York, May 26th, 1911.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee,
67 Wall Street, New York City.
ROBERT G. PERRY, Trustee, 55 John Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTURO ALDONI, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, June 1st, 1911, by order of the court, at 2:30 P. M., at 64 Macdougal St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of bottled liquors, casks of whisky and wine, barrels of wine, counters, shelving, cashier's desk, fixtures, etc.

WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
FRANK SCHWARTZ, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM SMITH & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named alleged bankrupts will be sold under the direction of Langdon P. Marvin, the trustee, at public auction, by Charles M. Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 11 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in offices situated on the fifth floor of said building, on the 26th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and at such times and places to which said sale may be adjourned. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: A large stock of 14 karat and 10 karat gold chains and silver chains of all descriptions. The said property may be inspected at the above premises on any business day prior to the sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of the appraised value.

Dated May 16, 1911.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Attorneys for the Trustee, 52 William St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

Please take notice that the above sale has been adjourned to May 31st at 2:30 o'clock at the same place.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN ERTISCHEK, also known as HERMAN ERTISCHEK, Bankrupt.—No. 13,963.

To the creditors of Hyman Ertischek, also known as Herman Ertischek of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1910, the said Hyman Ertischek, also known as Herman Ertischek, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, in the eighth day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, May 22, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO 14,816.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ADOLPH F. BLEIWEISS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Adolph F. Bleiweiss was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver St., Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 25th, 1911.

NO. 15,084.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN J. KAHLEY, individually and as a member of the firm of JOS. L. HUTLE & CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said John J. Kahley, individually and as a member of the firm of Jos. L. Hutle & Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 25th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,490.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB GINSBURG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Jacob Ginsburg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, Beaver Building, 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 25th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,532.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MAX HOFMANN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Max Hofmann was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 25th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,561.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS WEINSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Louis Weinstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver St., Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 25th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NICOLA SIRAGUSA, Bankrupt.—No. 14,913.

To the creditors of Nicola Siragusa of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Nicola Siragusa was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eighth day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, May 22d, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 14,938.—FREDERICK V. WEIL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick V. Weil, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 18th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 26th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 18th, 1911.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review consulted by investors. Best guide to bond, stock, produce, and metal markets. Reliable quotations of every security dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Holder for The Review mailed for One Dollar.—Adv.

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	More of those $2.50 French Cuff Shirts	$1.65
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	Athletic Shirts, Knee Drawers and Union Suits	50c to $6.00
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MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS	Everybody who tries the Bankok Hat finds it the Ideal Summer Headwear	$5.00 to $10.00
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11 to 1 A. M. CABARET SHOW
First Midnight Entertainment in America—10 SENSATIONAL NOVELTIES, including Three French Stars:
MARTHE LENCLUD..............Venus-Apache
SIMONE DE BERYL...........Posing Parisienne
JANETTE DENARBER......French Eva Tanguay
and ADELAIDE & HUGHES.
⁂ Matinee to-morrow. Luncheon from 12:30, then (from 2:15) 2 Revues and Ballet. Tea De Luxe at 4 o'clock intermission.
SPECIAL—Decoration Day Luncheon Matinee Tuesday from 12:30.
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New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Tues. & Wed.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe,
THE PINK LADY
EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY.

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LAST 3 WEEKS of the Year's Greatest Operatic Triumph. Mat. next Tuesday, Decoration Day.
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"EXCUSE ME"
AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Tues. 2:30.
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GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD
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Beginning Mon., May 29, EVERYWOMAN WILL MOVE FROM HERALD SQUARE TO LYRIC THEATRE AND CONTINUE THROUGHOUT THE SUMMER. EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY.

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JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play, AS A MAN THINKS.

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LAST WEEK HERE. WILL MOVE TO THE LYRIC THEATRE FOR THE SUMMER BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY, MAY 29TH.
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The Great Daly's Theatre Success, with a superb cast, including JOHN SLAVIN.
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All are on new straight flat lasts English cut. Flat shank and broad flat heel.
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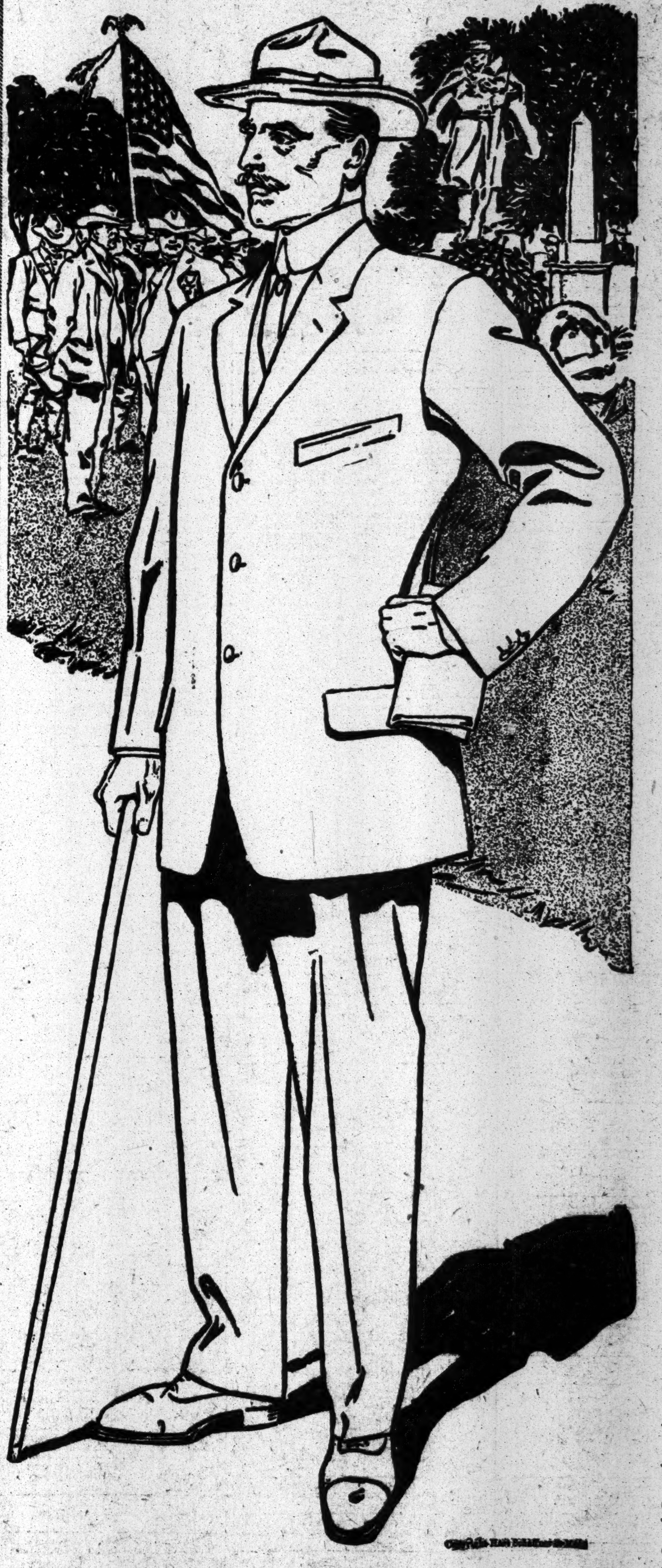

Holiday Clothes

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